CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1389

Chapter 164, Laws of 1993

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

OFFENDER WORK CREWS--PERFORMANCE OF CIVIC IMPROVEMENT TASKS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/25/93

Passed by the House March 13, 1993 Yeas 92 Nays 1

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 8, 1993 Yeas 46 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL** 1389 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

ALAN THOMPSON

Chief Clerk

Approved April 30, 1993

FILED

April 30, 1993 - 2:17 p.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1389

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on Corrections (originally sponsored by Representative Riley)

Read first time 03/03/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to work crews for offenders; and reenacting and
- 2 amending RCW 9.94A.030.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1992 c 145 s 6 and 1992 c 75 s 1 are 5 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 6 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 7 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 8 (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or
- 9 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of
- 10 corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring
- 11 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal
- 12 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and,
- 13 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the
- 14 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account.
- 15 (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.
- 16 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the
- 17 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in
- 18 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence
- 19 conditions.

- 1 (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence 2 of confinement in lieu of earned early release time served in the 3 community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and 4 activities by the department of corrections.
- 5 (5) "Community placement" means that period during which the offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release. Community placement may consist of entirely community custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two.
- 12 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without compensa-13 tion, performed for the benefit of the community by the offender.
- (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 14 15 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 16 17 For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed pursuant to RCW 18 19 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact for out-of-state 20 supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of probation and should be 21 22 considered the same as probation by other states.
- 23 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in 24 this section.
- (9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and 27 acceptance of a plea of guilty.
- (10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 28 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington 29 30 for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as 31 assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 32 33 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the 34 35 offender as a result of a felony conviction.
- 36 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 37 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 38 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 39 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to

- 1 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 2 affirmative conduct.
- 3 (12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior 4 convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere.
- 5 The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether
- 6 the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms
- 7 thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the
- 8 length of incarceration.

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- 9 (b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions 10 for sex offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an 11 offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal 12 history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(6)(a); (ii) the defendant was 13 fifteen years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; 14 15 and (iii) with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three 16 years of age at the time the offense for which he or she is being 17 18 sentenced was committed.
 - (13) "Department" means the department of corrections.
- 20 (14) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states with exactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total 21 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 22 23 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 24 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 25 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of 26 confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 27 determinate sentence.
- (15) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 28 individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 29 30 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 31 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 32 33 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to 34 35 satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 36 37 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, 38 39 or Title 74 RCW.

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- 1 (16) "Drug offense" means:
- 2 (a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of 3 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a 4 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);
- 5 (b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates 6 to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a 7 controlled substance; or
- 8 (c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 9 of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a) 10 of this subsection.
- 11 (17) "Escape" means:
- (a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough (RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW 72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or
- 17 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 18 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 19 under (a) of this subsection.
- 20 (18) "Felony traffic offense" means:
- 21 (a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW 22 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit-23 and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or
 - (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 27 (19) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific 28 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.
- 29 (20)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 30 this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 31 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 32 classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or the selling 33 for profit (([of])) of any controlled substance or counterfeit 34 35 substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering tops of marihuana, and except as provided in (b) of this 36 37 subsection, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, federal court, or another state, and who has never participated 38

in a program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

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- 1 (b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication 2 for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a 3 previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses.
- 4 (21) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent 5 offense.
- "Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 6 (22)established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is 7 less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by 8 the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 9 10 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and 11 "defendant" are used interchangeably.
- 12 (23) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 13 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or 14 15 work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in 16 17 Partial confinement includes work release, home the community. detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention 18 19 as defined in this section.
- 20 (24) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's 21 community placement that is not community custody.
 - (25) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.
- 26 (26) "Serious traffic offense" means:

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- (a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or
- 32 (b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for 33 an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a 34 serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 35 (27) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offense 36 and means:
- 37 (a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the 38 second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first 39 degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first

- 1 degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to 2 commit one of these felonies; or
- 3 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 4 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious 5 violent offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 6 (28) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary 7 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.
- 8 (29) "Sex offense" means:
- 9 (a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW 10 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal 11 attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such 12 crimes;
- 13 (b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW 14 9.94A.127; or
- 15 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 16 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 17 offense under (a) of this subsection.
- 18 (30) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 19 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 20 sexual gratification.
- 21 (31) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 22 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 23 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 24 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.
- 25 (32) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 26 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 27 a direct result of the crime charged.
 - (33) "Violent offense" means:
- (a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter 29 30 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 31 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the 32 33 first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 34 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, 35 arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in 36 37 the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while 38

under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by 1 RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner;

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- (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior 3 4 to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent 5 offense in (a) of this subsection; and
 - (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.
- 9 (34) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting 10 of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. 11 12 ((The civic improvement tasks shall be performed on public property or 13 on private property owned or operated by nonprofit entities, except that, for emergency purposes only, work crews may perform snow removal 14 15 on any private property.)) The civic improvement tasks shall have 16 minimal negative impact on existing private industries or the labor 17 force in the county where the service or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect employment opportunities for people 18 19 with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops 20 as defined in RCW 82.04.385. Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under contract by a county or the state 21 are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a 22 sex offense as defined in subsection (29) of this section are not 23 24 eligible for the work crew program.
 - (35)"Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.
- (36) "Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 30 31 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private residence subject to electronic surveillance. Home detention may not 32 be imposed for offenders convicted of a violent offense, any sex 33 offense, any drug offense, reckless burning in the first or second 34 degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050, assault in the third 35 degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031, assault of a child in the third 36 37 degree, unlawful imprisonment as defined in RCW 9A.40.040, or harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020. Home detention may be imposed 38 39 for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance (RCW

- 1 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403) if the offender fulfills the participation conditions set forth in this subsection and is monitored for drug use by treatment alternatives to street crime (TASC) or a comparable court or agency-referred program.
- (a) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of 6 7 burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.52.030 8 residential burglary conditioned upon the offender: (i) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program, (ii) having no 9 10 convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions 11 for burglary or residential burglary, (iii) having no convictions for 12 13 a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense, (iv) having no 14 prior charges of escape, and (v) fulfilling the other conditions of the 15 home detention program. 16
- 17 (b) Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned upon: (i) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or 18 19 attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, 20 or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors normally in the custody of the offender, (ii) abiding by the rules of 21 the home detention program, and (iii) compliance with court-ordered 22 legal financial obligations. The home detention program may also be 23 made available to offenders whose charges and convictions do not 24 25 otherwise disqualify them if medical or health-related conditions, 26 concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, 27 other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's 28 incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical 29 30 or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the 31 rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered restitution. 32

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Passed the Senate April 8, 1993.

Approved by the Governor April 30, 1993.

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