CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1578

Chapter 31, Laws of 1993

53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS--SUPERVISION AND MONITORING OF OFFENDERS--REVISED RESPONSIBILITIES

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/25/93

Passed by the House March 11, 1993 Yeas 96 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 27, 1993 Yeas 39 Nays 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Alan Thompson, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL** 1578 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

R. LORRAINE WOJAHN

President of the Senate

ALAN THOMPSON

Chief Clerk

Approved April 14, 1993

FILED

April 14, 1993 - 10:18 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1578

Passed Legislature - 1993 Regular Session

State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1993 Regular Session

By House Committee on (originally sponsored by Representatives L. Johnson, Morris, G. Cole, Padden, Riley, Edmondson, Mastin, Johanson, Jones, Basich, King, Valle, Campbell, Long, Shin, Springer, Karahalios, Roland, Rayburn, Conway, Kremen, Ogden, Cothern and H. Myers; by request of Department of Corrections)

Read first time 03/03/93.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the clarification of responsibility to monitor
- 2 criminally insane offenders, track sentences, clarify tolling
- 3 provisions, and charge offenders for special services; amending RCW
- 4 10.98.110, 9.94A.170, 10.77.010, 10.77.020, 10.77.150, 10.77.160,
- 5 10.77.165, 10.77.180, 10.77.190, 10.77.200, and 10.77.210; reenacting
- 6 and amending RCW 9.94A.120; and prescribing penalties.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 **Sec. 1.** RCW 10.98.110 and 1987 c 462 s 2 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) The department shall maintain records to track felony cases
- 11 ((following convictions in Washington state)) for convicted felons
- 12 <u>sentenced either to a term of confinement exceeding one year or ordered</u>
- 13 under the supervision of the department and felony cases under the
- 14 jurisdiction of ((Washington state)) the department pursuant to
- 15 interstate compact agreements.
- 16 (2) Tracking shall begin at the time the department receives a
- 17 ((disposition)) judgment and sentence form from a prosecuting attorney
- 18 and shall include the collection and updating of felons' criminal

- records from ((conviction)) the time of sentencing through ((completion of sentence)) discharge.
- 3 (3) The department of corrections shall collect information for 4 tracking felons from its offices and from information provided by 5 county clerks, the Washington state patrol identification and criminal 6 history section, the office of financial management, and any other 7 public or private agency that provides services to help individuals 8 complete their felony sentences.
- 9 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9.94A.170 and 1988 c 153 s 9 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- (1) A term of confinement, including community custody, ordered in 11 12 a sentence pursuant to this chapter shall be tolled by any period of time during which the offender has absented him or herself from 13 confinement without the prior approval of the entity in whose custody 14 15 the offender has been placed. A term of partial confinement shall be tolled during any period of time spent in total confinement pursuant to 16 a new conviction or pursuant to sanctions for violation of sentence 17 18 conditions on a separate felony conviction.
- 19 (2) A term of supervision, including postrelease supervision 20 ordered in a sentence pursuant to this chapter shall be tolled by any 21 period of time during which the offender has absented himself or 22 herself from supervision without prior approval of the entity under 23 whose supervision the offender has been placed.
- (3) Any period of supervision shall be tolled during any period of time the offender is in confinement for any reason. However, if an offender is detained pursuant to RCW 9.94A.207 or 9.94A.195 and is later found not to have violated a condition or requirement of supervision, time spent in confinement due to such detention shall not toll to period of supervision.
- (4) For confinement <u>or supervision</u> sentences, the date for the tolling of the sentence shall be established by the entity responsible for the confinement <u>or supervision</u>. ((For sentences involving supervision, the date for the tolling of the sentence shall be established by the court, based on reports from the entity responsible for the supervision.))
- 36 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1992 c 145 s 7, 1992 c 75 s 2, and 1992 c 45 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

- When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.
- 3 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (5), and (7) of this 4 section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range 5 for the offense.
- 6 (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence 7 range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this 8 chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying 9 an exceptional sentence.
- 10 (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the 11 court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings 12 of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range 13 shall be a determinate sentence.
- 14 (4) An offender convicted of the crime of murder in the first 15 degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault in the 16 first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the 17 offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to 18 19 kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in 20 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 21 less than five years, and shall not be eligible for furlough, work 22 release or other authorized leave of absence from the correctional 23 24 facility during such minimum five-year term except for the purpose of 25 commitment to an inpatient treatment facility. The foregoing minimum 26 terms of total confinement are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in subsection (2) of this section. 27
- (5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the 28 29 imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a 30 sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a 31 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses. 32 The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision, 33 34 which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the 35 36 following:
 - (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;

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- 1 (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or 2 inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for 3 that offense;
- 4 (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational 5 training;
- 6 (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the 7 court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the 8 offender's address or employment;
- 9 (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 10 officer; or
- 11 (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 12 in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.
- 13 (6) If a sentence range has not been established for the defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which 14 15 may include not more than one year of confinement, community service work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or 16 17 other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, 18 19 considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 20 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
 - (7)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.
- The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used.
- 33 The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
- The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A
- 36 proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a
- 37 minimum:

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38 (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;

- 1 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 2 description of planned treatment modalities;
- 3 (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living 4 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members 5 and others;
 - (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

8 The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state 9 shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability 10 to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the 11 motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination 12 ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which 13 case the state shall pay the cost.

- (ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether 14 15 the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special 16 sexual offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's 17 opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex 18 19 offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then 20 impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eight years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of 21 the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension: 22
- 23 (A) The court shall place the defendant on community supervision 24 for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is 25 greater; and
- 26 (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three 27 years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if 28 29 available. A community mental health center may not be used for such 30 treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex The offender shall not change sex offender 31 offender treatment. treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the 32 33 prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the 34 35 prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose 36 37 other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, 38

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- 1 crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform 2 any one or more of the following:
 - (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 4 (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 5 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in 6 the offender's address or employment;
- 7 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 8 officer;
- 9 (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 10 in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination 11 thereof; or
- 12 (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling 13 required as a result of the offender's crime.
- (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress
- 19 in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at
- 20 sentencing.

- (iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment 21 22 termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for 23 completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, 24 the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall 25 submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the 26 defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including 27 proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request 28 and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability 29 30 of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to 31 be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. 32 33 treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community supervision, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) 34 35 extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community supervision. 36
- (v) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during the period of community supervision and order execution of the sentence if: (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended

- sentence, or (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period of community supervision shall be credited to the offender if the suspended sentence is revoked.
- (vi) Except as provided in (a)(vii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.
- 9 (vii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex 10 offender pursuant to this subsection (7) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court 11 finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or 12 plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the 13 certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available 14 for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the 15 16 offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with 17 this subsection (7) and the rules adopted by the department of health.
- For purposes of this subsection, "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.

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(b) When an offender is convicted of any felony sex offense committed before July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, order the offender committed for up to thirty days to the custody of the secretary of social and health services for evaluation and report to the court on the offender's amenability to treatment at these facilities. If the secretary of social and health services cannot begin the evaluation within thirty days of the court's order of commitment, the offender shall be transferred to the state for confinement pending an opportunity to be evaluated at the appropriate facility. The court shall review the reports and may order that the term of confinement imposed be served in the sexual offender treatment program at the location determined by the secretary of social and health services or the secretary's designee, only if the report indicates that the offender is amenable to the treatment program provided at these facilities. The offender shall be transferred to the

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- state pending placement in the treatment program. Any offender who has escaped from the treatment program shall be referred back to the
- 3 sentencing court.

following:

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- If the offender does not comply with the conditions of the treatment program, the secretary of social and health services may refer the matter to the sentencing court. The sentencing court shall commit the offender to the department of corrections to serve the
- 9 If the offender successfully completes the treatment program before 10 the expiration of the term of confinement, the court may convert the 11 balance of confinement to community supervision and may place 12 conditions on the offender including crime-related prohibitions and 13 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the
- 15 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the offender's address or employment;
- 19 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 20 officer;
- 21 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

balance of the term of confinement.

- If the offender violates any of the terms of community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of the community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.
- 26 After June 30, 1993, this subsection (b) shall cease to have 27 effect.
- 28 (c) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after 29 July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than 30 one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own 31 motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the 32 department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable 33 to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment 34 program within a correctional facility operated by the department.
- Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program before the expiration of his <u>or her</u> term of confinement, the department of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the

offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the following:

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 4 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 5 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in 6 the offender's address or employment;
- 7 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 8 officer;
- 9 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.

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If the offender violates any of the terms of his <u>or her</u> community supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance of his <u>or her</u> community supervision term in confinement in the custody of the department of corrections.

Nothing in (c) of this subsection shall confer eligibility for such programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (c) does not apply to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.

- (d) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed 18 19 prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they 20 are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be 21 amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a 22 treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the 23 24 department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to 25 available funds.
- 26 (8)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total 27 confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense 28 29 committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the 30 second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW 31 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly 32 weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter 33 34 69.50 or 69.52 RCW, committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender 35 to a one-year term of community placement beginning either upon 36 37 completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in 38 39 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an

- 1 offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of
- 2 confinement then the community placement portion of the sentence shall
- 3 consist entirely of such community custody to which the offender may
- 4 become eligible, in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any
- 5 period of community custody actually served shall be credited against
- 6 the community placement portion of the sentence.
- 7 (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement
- 8 to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense
- 9 categorized as a sex offense or serious violent offense committed on or
- 10 after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the
- 11 sentence, sentence the offender to community placement for two years or
- 12 up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW
- 13 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. The community placement
- 14 shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at
- 15 such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu
- 16 of earned early release in accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).
- 17 When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the
- 18 statutory maximum period of confinement then the community placement
- 19 portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of the community custody
- 20 to which the offender may become eligible, in accordance with RCW
- 21 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served
- 22 shall be credited against the community placement portion of the
- 23 sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of
- 24 community placement for offenders sentenced pursuant to this section
- 25 shall include the following conditions:
- 26 (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with
- 27 the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- 28 (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved
- 29 education, employment, and/or community service;
- 30 (iii) The offender shall not consume controlled substances except
- 31 pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- 32 (iv) An offender in community custody shall not unlawfully possess
- 33 controlled substances;
- 34 (v) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the
- 35 department of corrections; and
- 36 (vi) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to
- 37 the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period
- 38 of community placement.

- 1 (c) The court may also order any of the following special 2 conditions:
- 3 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified 4 geographical boundary;
- 5 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 6 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 7 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 8 counseling services;
 - (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol; or

- 10 (v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions.
- (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.
- (9) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered intermittent sentences as space permits.
- (10) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial 21 obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal 22 financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a 23 24 specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. 25 Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of 26 monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 27 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's 28 29 compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 30 supervised by the department. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no later than ten years after the last date of release from 31 confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence 32 Independent of the department, the party or entity to 33 was entered. 34 whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the authority to 35 utilize any other remedies available to the party or entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this section makes the 36 37 department, the state, or any of its employees, agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the 38 39 payment of these legal financial obligations. If an order includes

- restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.
- 3 (11) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a 4 court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or 5 community supervision or community placement which exceeds the 6 statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 7 All offenders sentenced to terms (12)involving community 8 supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial 9 obligation shall be under the supervision of the secretary of the 10 department of corrections or such person as the secretary may designate and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the secretary including 11 reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining 12 13 within prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections officer of any change in the offender's address or 14 15 employment, and paying the supervision fee assessment. The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after 16 the effective date of this act, including electronic monitoring, day 17 reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's 18 19 ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay. 20
 - (13) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.
- 31 (14) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all 32 confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was 33 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being 34 sentenced.
- 35 (15) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) 36 governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or 37 concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in 38 subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the 39 defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6).

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- (16) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement or placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in the record if it does not order restitution.
 - (17) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision or community placement.
- 15 (18) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require 16 the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a 17 program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of 18 work crew and home detention.
- 19 (19) All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the 20 department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid 21 where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any 22 other payments of monetary obligations.
- 23 **Sec. 4.** RCW 10.77.010 and 1989 c 420 s 3 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- 25 As used in this chapter:

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- (1) A "criminally insane" person means any person who has been acquitted of a crime charged by reason of insanity, and thereupon found to be a substantial danger to other persons or to present a substantial likelihood of committing felonious acts jeopardizing public safety or security unless kept under further control by the court or other persons or institutions.
- 32 (2) "Indigent" means any person who is financially unable to obtain 33 counsel or other necessary expert or professional services without 34 causing substantial hardship to the person or his or her family.
- 35 (3) "Secretary" means the secretary of the department of social and 36 health services or his or her designee.
- 37 (4) "Department" means the state department of social and health 38 services.

- 1 (5) "Treatment" means any currently standardized medical or mental 2 health procedure including medication.
- 3 (6) "Incompetency" means a person lacks the capacity to understand 4 the nature of the proceedings against him or her or to assist in his or 5 her own defense as a result of mental disease or defect.
- 6 (7) No condition of mind proximately induced by the voluntary act 7 of a person charged with a crime shall constitute "insanity".
- 8 (8) "Furlough" means an authorized leave of absence for a resident of a state institution operated by the department designated for the custody, care, and treatment of the criminally insane, consistent with an order of conditional release from the court under this chapter, without any requirement that the resident be accompanied by, or be in the custody of, any law enforcement or institutional staff, while on such unescorted leave.
- 15 (9) "Developmental disability" means the condition defined in RCW 16 71A.10.020(2).
- (10) "Developmental disabilities professional" means a person who has specialized training and three years of experience in directly treating or working with persons with developmental disabilities and is a psychiatrist or psychologist, or a social worker, and such other developmental disabilities professionals as may be defined by rules adopted by the secretary.
- (11) "Habilitative services" means those services provided by 23 program personnel to assist persons in acquiring and maintaining life 24 25 skills and in raising their levels of physical, mental, social, and 26 vocational functioning. Habilitative services include education, training for employment, and therapy. The habilitative process shall 27 be undertaken with recognition of the risk to the public safety 28 presented by the individual being assisted as manifested by prior 29 30 charged criminal conduct.
- 31 (12) "Psychiatrist" means a person having a license as a physician 32 and surgeon in this state who has, in addition, completed three years 33 of graduate training in psychiatry in a program approved by the 34 American medical association or the American osteopathic association 35 and is certified or eligible to be certified by the American board of 36 psychiatry and neurology.
- 37 (13) "Psychologist" means a person who has been licensed as a 38 psychologist pursuant to chapter 18.83 RCW.

- 1 (14) "Social worker" means a person with a master's or further 2 advanced degree from an accredited school of social work or a degree 3 deemed equivalent under rules adopted by the secretary.
- 4 (15) "Individualized service plan" means a plan prepared by a 5 developmental disabilities professional with other professionals as a 6 team, for an individual with developmental disabilities, which shall 7 state:
- 8 (a) The nature of the person's specific problems, prior charged 9 criminal behavior, and habilitation needs;
- 10 (b) The conditions and strategies necessary to achieve the purposes 11 of habilitation;
- 12 (c) The intermediate and long-range goals of the habilitation 13 program, with a projected timetable for the attainment;
- 14 (d) The rationale for using this plan of habilitation to achieve 15 those intermediate and long-range goals;
- 16 (e) The staff responsible for carrying out the plan;
- (f) Where relevant in light of past criminal behavior and due consideration for public safety, the criteria for proposed movement to less-restrictive settings, criteria for proposed eventual discharge from involuntary confinement, and a projected possible date for discharge from involuntary confinement; and
- 22 (g) The type of residence immediately anticipated for the person 23 and possible future types of residences.
- 24 **Sec. 5.** RCW 10.77.020 and 1974 ex.s. c 198 s 2 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
- (1) At any and all stages of the proceedings pursuant to this 26 27 chapter, any person subject to the provisions of this chapter shall be entitled to the assistance of counsel, and if the person is indigent 28 29 the court shall appoint counsel to assist him or her. A person may 30 waive his or her right to counsel; but such waiver shall only be effective if a court makes a specific finding that he or she is or was 31 competent to so waive. In making such findings, the court shall be 32 33 guided but not limited by the following standards: Whether the person 34 attempting to waive the assistance of counsel, does so understanding:
 - (a) The nature of the charges;

- (b) The statutory offense included within them;
- 37 (c) The range of allowable punishments thereunder;

- (d) Possible defenses to the charges and circumstances 1 in 2 mitigation thereof; and
- 3 (e) All other facts essential to a broad understanding of the whole 4 matter.
- 5 (2) Whenever any person is subjected to an examination pursuant to any provision of this chapter, he or she may retain an expert or 6 7 professional person to perform an examination in his or her behalf. In 8 the case of a person who is indigent, the court shall upon his or her 9 request assist the person in obtaining an expert or professional person 10 to perform an examination or participate in the hearing on his or her 11 An expert or professional person obtained by an indigent 12 person pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall be compensated 13 for his or her services out of funds of the department, in an amount determined by it to be fair and reasonable. 14
- (3) Whenever any person has been committed under any provision of this chapter, or ordered to undergo alternative treatment following his 16 17 or her acquittal of a crime charged by reason of insanity, such commitment or treatment cannot exceed the maximum possible penal 19 sentence for any offense charged for which ((he)) the person was acquitted by reason of insanity. If at the end of that period the person has not been finally discharged and is still in need of or treatment, civil commitment proceedings 22 commitment be 23 instituted, if appropriate.
 - (4) Any time the defendant is being examined by court appointed experts or professional persons pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, ((he)) the defendant shall be entitled to have his or her attorney present. The defendant may refuse to answer any question if he or she believes his or her answers may tend to incriminate him or her or form links leading to evidence of an incriminating nature.
- 30 Sec. 6. RCW 10.77.150 and 1982 c 112 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: 31
- (1) Persons examined pursuant to RCW 10.77.140, as now or hereafter 32 33 amended, may make application to the secretary for conditional release. 34 The secretary shall, after considering the reports of experts or professional persons conducting the examination pursuant to RCW 35 36 10.77.140, forward to the court of the county which ordered ((his)) the person's commitment the person's application for conditional release as 37 38 well as ((his)) the secretary's recommendations concerning the

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application and any proposed terms and conditions upon which ((he)) the secretary reasonably believes the person can be conditionally released. Conditional release may also contemplate partial release for work,

training, or educational purposes.

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- (2) The court of the county which ordered ((his)) the person's 5 commitment, upon receipt of an application for conditional release with 6 7 the secretary's recommendation for conditional release, shall within 8 thirty days schedule a hearing. The court may schedule a hearing on 9 applications recommended for disapproval by the secretary. 10 prosecuting attorney shall represent the state at such hearings and shall have the right to have the patient examined by an expert or 11 professional person of ((his)) the prosecuting attorney's choice. 12 13 the committed person is indigent, and he or she so requests, the court shall appoint a qualified expert or professional person to examine 14 ((him)) the person on his or her behalf. The issue to be determined at 15 16 such a hearing is whether or not the person may be released 17 conditionally without substantial danger to other persons, or substantial likelihood of committing felonious acts jeopardizing public 18 19 safety or security. The court, after the hearing, shall rule on the secretary's recommendations, and if it disapproves of conditional 20 release, may do so only on the basis of substantial evidence. 21 court may modify the suggested terms and conditions on which the person 22 is to be conditionally released. Pursuant to the determination of the 23 24 court after hearing, the committed person shall thereupon be released 25 on such conditions as the court determines to be necessary, or shall be 26 remitted to the custody of the secretary. If the order of conditional release includes a requirement for the committed person to report to a 27 community corrections officer, the order shall also specify that the 28 29 conditionally released person shall be under the supervision of the 30 secretary of corrections or such person as the secretary of corrections 31 may designate and shall follow explicitly the instructions of the 32 secretary of corrections including reporting as directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within prescribed geographical 33 34 boundaries, and notifying the community corrections officer prior to making any change in the offender's address or employment. 35
 - (3) If the court determines that receiving regular or periodic medication or other medical treatment shall be a condition of the committed person's release, then the court shall require him or her to report to a physician or other ((person)) medical or mental health

- 1 <u>practitioner</u> for the medication or treatment. In addition to
- 2 submitting any report required by RCW 10.77.160, the physician or other
- 3 ((person)) medical or mental health practitioner shall immediately upon
- 4 the released person's failure to appear for the medication or treatment
- 5 report the failure to the court $((and))_{\perp}$ to the prosecuting attorney of
- 6 the county in which the released person was committed, and to the
- 7 supervising community corrections officer.
- 8 (4) Any person, whose application for conditional release has been
- 9 denied, may reapply after a period of six months from the date of
- 10 denial.
- 11 **Sec. 7.** RCW 10.77.160 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 117 s 16 are each
- 12 amended to read as follows:
- When a conditionally released person is required by the terms of
- 14 his <u>or her</u> conditional release to report to a physician, ((probation
- 15 officer, or other such person)) department of corrections community
- 16 corrections officer, or medical or mental health practitioner on a
- 17 regular or periodic basis, the ((doctor, probation)) <u>physician</u>,
- 18 <u>department of corrections community corrections</u> officer, <u>medical or</u>
- 19 mental health practitioner, or other such person shall monthly, for the
- 20 first six months after release and semiannually thereafter, or as
- 21 otherwise directed by the court, submit to the court, the secretary,
- 22 the institution from which released, and to the prosecuting attorney of
- 23 the county in which the person was committed, a report stating whether
- 24 the person is adhering to the terms and conditions of his or her
- 25 conditional release.
- 26 Sec. 8. RCW 10.77.165 and 1990 c 3 s 107 are each amended to read
- 27 as follows:
- In the event of an escape by a person committed under this chapter
- 29 from a state institution or the disappearance of such a person on
- 30 conditional release to the department of social and health services,
- 31 the superintendent, or in the event of a disappearance of such a person
- 32 on conditional release to the department of corrections, the community
- 33 <u>corrections officer</u> shall ((notify)), as appropriate, notify local law
- 34 enforcement officers, other governmental agencies, the person's
- 35 relatives, and any other appropriate persons about information
- 36 necessary for the public safety or to assist in the apprehension of the

- person. The notice provisions of this section are in addition to those 1 2 provided in RCW 10.77.205.
- 3 Sec. 9. RCW 10.77.180 and 1974 ex.s. c 198 s 14 are each amended 4 to read as follows:
- 5 Each person conditionally released pursuant to RCW 10.77.150, as now or hereafter amended, shall have his or her case reviewed by the 6 7 court which conditionally released him or her no later than one year after such release and no later than every two years thereafter, such 8 time to be scheduled by the court. Review may occur in a shorter time 9 or more frequently, if the court, in its discretion, on its own motion, 10 or on motion of the person, the secretary of social and health 11 services, the secretary of corrections, medical or mental health 12 practitioner, or the prosecuting attorney, so determines. 13 The sole 14 question to be determined by the court is whether the person shall 15 continue to be conditionally released. The court in making its determination shall be aided by the periodic reports filed pursuant to 16 RCW 10.77.140, as now or hereafter amended, and RCW 10.77.160, and the 17 18 opinions of the secretary of social and health services and other 19 experts or professional persons.
- Sec. 10. RCW 10.77.190 and 1982 c 112 s 2 are each amended to read 20 21 as follows:
- 22 (1) Any person submitting reports pursuant to RCW 10.77.160, the 23 secretary, or the prosecuting attorney may petition the court to, or 24 the court on its own motion may schedule an immediate hearing for the purpose of modifying the terms of conditional release if the petitioner or the court believes the released person is failing to adhere to the 27 terms and conditions of his or her conditional release or is in need of additional care and treatment.

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(2) If the prosecuting attorney, the secretary of social and health services, the secretary of corrections, or the court, after examining the report filed with them pursuant to RCW 10.77.160, or based on other information received by them, reasonably believes that a conditionally released person is failing to adhere to the terms and conditions of his or her conditional release the court or secretary of social and health services or the secretary of corrections may order that the conditionally released person be apprehended and taken into custody until such time as a hearing can be scheduled to determine the facts

and whether or not the person's conditional release should be revoked 1 or modified. The court shall be notified before the close of the next 2 judicial day of the apprehension. Both the prosecuting attorney and 3 4 the conditionally released person shall have the right to request an 5 immediate mental examination of the conditionally released person. If the conditionally released person is indigent, the court or secretary 6 7 of social and health services or the secretary of corrections shall, 8 upon request, assist him or her in obtaining a qualified expert or

professional person to conduct the examination.

- (3) The court, upon receiving notification of the apprehension, 10 11 shall promptly schedule a hearing. The issue to be determined is whether the conditionally released person did or did not adhere to the 12 13 terms and conditions of his or her release. Pursuant to the determination of the court upon such hearing, the conditionally 14 15 released person shall either continue to be conditionally released on the same or modified conditions or his or her conditional release shall 16 17 be revoked and he or she shall be committed subject to release only in accordance with provisions of this chapter. 18
- 19 **Sec. 11.** RCW 10.77.200 and 1989 c 420 s 11 are each amended to 20 read as follows:
- 21 (1) Upon application by the committed or conditionally released 22 person, the secretary shall determine whether or not reasonable grounds 23 exist for final discharge. <u>In making this determination</u>, the secretary 24 may consider the reports filed under RCW 10.77.060, 10.77.110, 25 10.77.140, and 10.77.160, and other reports and evaluations provided by professionals familiar with the case. If the secretary approves the 26 final discharge he or she then shall authorize said person to petition 27 28 the court.
- (2) The petition shall be served upon the court and the prosecuting 29 attorney. The court, upon receipt of the petition for final discharge, 30 shall within forty-five days order a hearing. Continuance of the 31 hearing date shall only be allowed for good cause shown. 32 The prosecuting attorney shall represent the state, and shall have the 33 34 right to have the petitioner examined by an expert or professional person of ((his)) the prosecuting attorney's choice. If the petitioner 35 36 is indigent, and the person so requests, the court shall appoint a qualified expert or professional person to examine him or her. 37 petitioner is developmentally disabled, the examination shall be 38

- performed by a developmental disabilities professional. The hearing 1 shall be before a jury if demanded by either the petitioner or the 2 prosecuting attorney. The burden of proof shall be upon the petitioner 3 4 to show by a preponderance of the evidence that the petitioner ((may be 5 finally discharged without substantial danger to other persons, and without presenting)) no longer presents, as a result of a mental 6 7 disease or defect, a substantial danger to other persons, or a 8 substantial likelihood of committing felonious acts jeopardizing public 9 safety or security, unless kept under further control by the court or 10 other persons or institutions.
- (3) Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the patient 11 from petitioning the court for final discharge or conditional release 12 from the institution in which he or she is committed. The issue to be 13 determined on such proceeding is whether the petitioner, as a result of 14 15 a mental disease or defect, is a substantial danger to other persons, or presents a substantial likelihood of committing felonious acts 16 jeopardizing public safety or security, unless kept under further 17 control by the court or other persons or institutions. 18
- Nothing contained in this chapter shall prohibit the committed person from petitioning for release by writ of habeas corpus.
- 21 **Sec. 12.** RCW 10.77.210 and 1990 c 3 s 108 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

23 Any person involuntarily detained, hospitalized, or committed 24 pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall have the right to 25 adequate care and individualized treatment. The person who has custody of the patient or is in charge of treatment shall keep records 26 detailing all medical, expert, and professional care and treatment 27 received by a committed person, and shall keep copies of all reports of 28 29 periodic examinations of the patient that have been filed with the secretary pursuant to this chapter. Except as provided in RCW 30 10.77.205 and 4.24.550 regarding the release of information concerning 31 insane offenders who are acquitted of sex offenses and subsequently 32 33 committed pursuant to this chapter, all records and reports made 34 pursuant to this chapter, shall be made available only upon request, to the committed person, to his or her attorney, to his or her personal 35 36 physician, to the supervising community corrections officer, to the prosecuting attorney, to the court, to the protection and advocacy 37 agency, or other expert or professional persons who, upon proper 38

- 1 showing, demonstrates a need for access to such records. All records
- 2 and reports made pursuant to this chapter shall also be made available,
- 3 upon request, to the department of corrections or the indeterminate
- 4 sentence review board if the person was on parole ((or)), probation, or
- 5 <u>community supervision</u> at the time of detention, hospitalization, or
- 6 commitment or the person is subsequently convicted for the crime for
- 7 which he or she was detained, hospitalized, or committed pursuant to
- 8 this chapter.

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