#### CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2488

Chapter 230, Laws of 1994

53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

# CHILD SUPPORT ENFORCEMENT PROVISIONS REVISED--PATERNITY DETERMINATION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/9/94

Passed by the House March 9, 1994 Yeas 96 Nays 0

BRIAN EBERSOLE

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate March 1, 1994 Yeas 48 Nays 0 CERTIFICATE

I, Marilyn Showalter, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2488 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

JOEL PRITCHARD

MARILYN SHOWALTER

President of the Senate

FILED

Approved April 1, 1994

April 1, 1994 - 10:25 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY
Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

Chief Clerk

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#### SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2488

### AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1994 Regular Session

## State of Washington 53rd Legislature 1994 Regular Session

**By** House Committee on Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Appelwick, Forner and Karahalios; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Read first time 02/04/94.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to child support enforcement operations; amending
- 2 RCW 26.09.105, 26.09.120, 26.18.070, 26.18.100, 26.18.110, 26.18.140,
- 3 26.18.170, 26.23.045, 26.23.050, 26.23.060, 26.23.100, 26.26.040,
- 4 26.26.100, 26.26.150, 26.26.165, 74.20A.056, 74.20A.240, and
- 5 74.20A.300; reenacting and amending RCW 26.23.120 and 74.20A.080;
- 6 adding a new section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a new section to
- 7 chapter 74.20 RCW; and prescribing penalties.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 9 **Sec. 1.** RCW 26.09.105 and 1989 c 416 s 1 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 (1) In entering or modifying a support order under this chapter,
- 12 the court shall require either or both parents to maintain or provide
- 13 health insurance coverage except as provided in subsection (2) of this
- 14 section, for any child named in the order if:
- 15 (a) Coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes
- 16 available to that parent through employment or is union-related; and
- 17 (b) The cost of such coverage does not exceed twenty-five percent
- 18 of the obligated parent's basic child support obligation.

- 1 (2) The court shall consider the best interests of the child and 2 have discretion to order health insurance coverage when entering or 3 modifying a support order under this chapter if the cost of such 4 coverage exceeds twenty-five percent of the obligated parent's basic 5 support obligation.
- 6 (3) The parents shall maintain such coverage required under this 7 section until:
  - (a) Further order of the court;

- 9 (b) The child is emancipated, if there is no express language to 10 the contrary in the order; or
- 11 (c) Health insurance is no longer available through the parents' 12 employer or union and no conversion privileges exist to continue 13 coverage following termination of employment.
- (4) A parent who is required to extend health insurance coverage to a child under this section is liable for any covered health care costs for which the parent receives direct payment from an insurer.
- 17 (5) This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of 18 the court to enter or modify support orders containing provisions for 19 payment of uninsured health expenses, health care costs, or insurance 20 premiums which are in addition to and not inconsistent with this 21 section.
- 22 (6) A parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage shall 23 provide proof of such coverage <u>or proof that such coverage is</u> 24 <u>unavailable</u> within twenty days of the entry of the order((<del>, or within</del> 25 twenty days of the date such coverage becomes available,)) to:
  - (a) The physical custodian; or
- (b) The department of social and health services if the parent has been notified or ordered to make support payments to the Washington state support registry.
- (7) Every order requiring a parent to provide health care or insurance coverage shall be entered in compliance with RCW 26.23.050 and be subject to direct enforcement as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW.
- 34 (8) "Health insurance coverage" as used in this section does not 35 include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.
- 36 **Sec. 2.** RCW 26.09.120 and 1989 c 360 s 11 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

- 1 (1) The court shall order support payments, including spousal 2 maintenance if child support is ordered, to be made to the Washington 3 state support registry, or the person entitled to receive the payments 4 under an ((alternate payment plan)) order approved by the court as 5 provided in RCW 26.23.050.
- 6 (2) Maintenance payments, when ordered in an action where there is 7 no dependent child, may be ordered to be paid to the person entitled to 8 receive the payments, or the clerk of the court as trustee for 9 remittance to the persons entitled to receive the payments.
- 10 (3) If support or maintenance payments are made to the clerk of 11 court, the clerk:
- (a) Shall maintain records listing the amount of payments, the date when payments are required to be made, and the names and addresses of the parties affected by the order;
- 15 (b) May by local court rule accept only certified funds or cash as 16 payment; and
- 17 (c) Shall accept only certified funds or cash for five years in all 18 cases after one check has been returned for nonsufficient funds or 19 account closure.
- 20 (4) The parties affected by the order shall inform the registry 21 through which the payments are ordered to be paid of any change of 22 address or of other conditions that may affect the administration of 23 the order.
- 24 **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.18.070 and 1993 c 426 s 6 are each amended to read 25 as follows:
- 26 (1) A petition or motion seeking a mandatory wage assignment in an action under RCW 26.18.040 may be filed by an obligee if the obligor 28 is:
- 29 <u>(a) Subject to a support order allowing immediate income</u> 30 <u>withholding; or</u>
- 31 <u>(b) More than fifteen days past due in child support or spousal</u>
  32 maintenance payments in an amount equal to or greater than the
  33 obligation payable for one month.
- 34 <u>(2)</u> The petition or motion shall include a sworn statement by the 35 obligee, stating the facts authorizing the issuance of the wage 36 assignment order, including:
- 37 (a) That the obligor, stating his or her name and residence, is:

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- 1 (i) Subject to a support order allowing immediate income 2 withholding; or
- 3 (ii) More than fifteen days past due in child support or spousal 4 maintenance payments in an amount equal to or greater than the 5 obligation payable for one month;
- 6 (b) A description of the terms of the order requiring payment of 7 support or spousal maintenance, and the amount past due, if any;
  - (c) The name and address of the obligor's employer;
- 9 (d) That notice by personal service or any form of mail requiring 10 a return receipt, has been provided to the obligor at least fifteen days prior to the obligee seeking a mandatory wage assignment, unless 11 12 the order for support or maintenance states that the obligee may seek 13 a mandatory wage assignment without notice to the obligor; and
- 14 (e) In cases not filed by the state, whether the obligee has 15 received public assistance from any source and, if the obligee has 16 received public assistance, that the department of social and health 17 services has been notified in writing of the pending action.
- $((\frac{2}{2}))$  (3) If the court in which a mandatory wage assignment is 18 19 sought does not already have a copy of the support or maintenance order 20 in the court file, then the obligee shall attach a copy of the support or maintenance order to the petition or motion seeking the wage 21 22 assignment.
- 23 Sec. 4. RCW 26.18.100 and 1993 c 426 s 8 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- 25 The wage assignment order shall be substantially in the following form: 26
- 27 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE 28 STATE OF WASHINGTON IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF . . . . . . . . . 29 30 31 Obliqee No. . . . 32
- 33 WAGE ASSIGNMENT 34 Obligor ORDER
- 35 . . . . . . . . . ,

vs.

36 Employer

Τ	THE	STAT	F. Ob.	WA	SH.	LNG	T.ON	.I.C	):	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
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5 The above-named obligee claims that the above-named obligor is subject to a support order requiring immediate income withholding or is 6 7 more than fifteen days past due in either child support or spousal maintenance payments, or both, in an amount equal to or greater than 8 9 the child support or spousal maintenance payable for one month. 10 amount of the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt as of this date is . . . . dollars, the amount of arrearage payments 11 specified in the support or spousal maintenance order (if applicable) 12 13 is . . . . . dollars per . . . . . , and the amount of the current 14 and continuing support or spousal maintenance obligation under the order is . . . . . dollars per . . . . . 15

You are hereby commanded to answer this order by filling in the attached form according to the instructions, and you must mail or deliver the original of the answer to the court, one copy to the Washington state support registry, one copy to the obligee or obligee's attorney, and one copy to the obligor within twenty days after service of this wage assignment order upon you.

If you possess any earnings or other remuneration for employment due and owing to the obligor, then you shall do as follows:

- 24 (1) Withhold from the obligor's earnings or remuneration each 25 month, or from each regular earnings disbursement, the lesser of:
- 26 (a) The sum of the accrued support or spousal maintenance debt and 27 the current support or spousal maintenance obligation;
- 28 (b) The sum of the specified arrearage payment amount and the 29 current support or spousal maintenance obligation; or
- 30 (c) Fifty percent of the disposable earnings or remuneration of the 31 obligor.
- 32 (2) The total amount withheld above is subject to the wage 33 assignment order, and all other sums may be disbursed to the obligor.
- 34 (3) Upon receipt of this wage assignment order you shall make 35 immediate deductions from the obligor's earnings or remuneration and 36 remit to the Washington state support registry or other address 37 specified below the proper amounts at each regular pay interval.

- You shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts from nonexempt earnings or remuneration of the obligor until notified by:
- 3 (a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or 4 terminated;  $\underline{\text{or}}$
- 5 (b) The ((Washington state support registry, office of support
  6 enforcement)) addressee specified in the wage assignment order under
  7 this section that the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt
  8 has been paid((; or
- 9 (c) The court that has entered an order delaying, modifying, or 10 terminating the wage assignment order and has approved an alternate 11 payment plan as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2))).

12 You shall promptly notify the court and the ((Washington state support registry)) addressee specified in the wage assignment order 13 under this section if and when the employee is no longer employed by 14 you, or if the obligor no longer receives earnings or remuneration from 15 If you no longer employ the employee, the wage assignment order 16 17 shall remain in effect for one year after the employee has left your employment or you are no longer in possession of any earnings or 18 19 remuneration owed to the employee, whichever is later. You shall continue to hold the wage assignment order during that period. 20 employee returns to your employment during the one-year period you 21 shall immediately begin to withhold the employee's earnings according 22 to the terms of the wage assignment order. If the employee has not 23 24 returned to your employment within one year, the wage assignment will 25 cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year period, unless 26 you still owe the employee earnings or other remuneration.

You shall deliver the withheld earnings or remuneration to the Washington state support registry or other address stated below at each regular pay interval.

You shall deliver a copy of this order to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible. This wage assignment order has priority over any other wage assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or garnishment for child support or spousal maintenance, or order to withhold or deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW.

35 WHETHER OR NOT YOU OWE ANYTHING TO THE OBLIGOR, YOUR FAILURE TO
36 ANSWER AS REQUIRED MAY MAKE YOU LIABLE FOR OBLIGOR'S CLAIMED
37 SUPPORT OR SPOUSAL MAINTENANCE DEBT TO THE OBLIGEE OR SUBJECT
38 TO CONTEMPT OF COURT.

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	NOTICE TO OBLIGOR: TOO HAVE A RIGHT TO REQUEST A HEARING IN TH	ı.P.											
2	SUPERIOR COURT THAT ISSUED THIS WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER, TO REQUEST THA												
3	THE COURT QUASH, MODIFY, OR TERMINATE THE WAGE ASSIGNMENT ORDER.												
4	DATED THIS day of , 19												
5													
6	Obligee, Judge/Court Commissioner												
7	or obligee's attorney												
8	Send withheld payments to:	•											
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- 12 **Sec. 5.** RCW 26.18.110 and 1993 c 426 s 9 are each amended to read 13 as follows:
- (1) An employer upon whom service of a wage assignment order has been made shall answer the order by sworn affidavit within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall state whether the obligor is employed by or receives earnings or other remuneration from the employer, whether the employer will honor the wage assignment order, and whether there are either multiple child support or spousal maintenance attachments, or both, against the obligor.
- 21 (2) If the employer possesses any earnings or remuneration due and 22 owing to the obligor, the earnings subject to the wage assignment order 23 shall be withheld immediately upon receipt of the wage assignment 24 order. The withheld earnings shall be delivered to the Washington 25 state support registry or, if the wage assignment order is to satisfy 26 a duty of spousal maintenance, to the addressee specified in the 27 assignment at each regular pay interval.
- 28 (3) The employer shall continue to withhold the ordered amounts 29 from nonexempt earnings or remuneration of the obligor until notified 30 by:
- 31 (a) The court that the wage assignment has been modified or 32 terminated; or
- 33 (b) The Washington state support registry or obligee that the accrued child support or spousal maintenance debt has been paid, provided the wage assignment order contains the language set forth under RCW 26.18.100(3)(b). The employer shall promptly notify the ((Washington state support registry)) addressee specified in the

- 1 <u>assignment</u> when the employee is no longer employed. If the employer no
- 2 longer employs the employee, the wage assignment order shall remain in
- 3 effect for one year after the employee has left the employment or the
- 4 employer has been in possession of any earnings or remuneration owed to
- 5 the employee, whichever is later. The employer shall continue to hold
- 6 the wage assignment order during that period. If the employee returns
- 7 to the employer's employment during the one-year period the employer
- 8 shall immediately begin to withhold the employee's earnings or
- 9 remuneration according to the terms of the wage assignment order. If
- 10 the employee has not returned within one year, the wage assignment
- 11 shall cease to have effect at the expiration of the one-year period,
- 12 unless the employer continues to owe remuneration for employment to the
- 13 obligor((<del>; or</del>
- 14 (c) The court that has entered an order delaying, modifying, or
- 15 terminating the wage assignment order and has approved an alternate
- 16 payment plan as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2))).
- 17 (4) The employer may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of
- 18 the employee's earnings after withholding under the wage assignment
- 19 order, even if the remainder is exempt under RCW 26.18.090. The
- 20 processing fee may not exceed (a) ten dollars for the first
- 21 disbursement made by the employer to the Washington state support
- 22 registry; and (b) one dollar for each subsequent disbursement to the
- 23 clerk.
- 24 (5) An order for wage assignment for support for a dependent child
- 25 entered under this chapter shall have priority over any other wage
- 26 assignment or garnishment, except for another wage assignment or
- 27 garnishment for child support, or order to withhold and deliver under
- 28 chapter 74.20A RCW. An order for wage assignment for spousal
- 29 maintenance entered under this chapter shall have priority over any
- 30 other wage assignment or garnishment, except for a wage assignment,
- 31 garnishment, or order to withhold and deliver under chapter 74.20A RCW
- 32 for support of a dependent child, and except for another wage
- 33 assignment or garnishment for spousal maintenance.
- 34 (6) An employer who fails to withhold earnings as required by a
- 35 wage assignment issued under this chapter may be held liable to the
- 36 obligee for one hundred percent of the support or spousal maintenance
- 37 debt, or the amount of support or spousal maintenance moneys that
- 38 should have been withheld from the employee's earnings whichever is the
- 39 lesser amount, if the employer:

- 1 (a) Fails or refuses, after being served with a wage assignment 2 order, to deduct and promptly remit from the unpaid earnings the 3 amounts of money required in the order;
- 4 (b) Fails or refuses to submit an answer to the notice of wage 5 assignment after being served; or
- 6 (c) Is unwilling to comply with the other requirements of this 7 section.

8 Liability may be established in superior court. Awards in superior 9 court shall include costs, interest under RCW 19.52.020 and 4.56.110, 10 and reasonable attorneys' fees.

- 11 (7) No employer who complies with a wage assignment issued under 12 this chapter may be liable to the employee for wrongful withholding.
- 13 (8) No employer may discharge, discipline, or refuse to hire an 14 employee because of the entry or service of a wage assignment issued 15 and executed under this chapter. If an employer discharges, 16 disciplines, or refuses to hire an employee in violation of this 17 section, the employee or person shall have a cause of action against the employer. The employer shall be liable for double the amount of 18 19 damages suffered as a result of the violation and for costs and 20 reasonable attorneys' fees, and shall be subject to a civil penalty of not more than two thousand five hundred dollars for each violation. 21 The employer may also be ordered to hire, rehire, or reinstate the 22 23 aggrieved individual.
  - (9) For wage assignments payable to the Washington state support registry, an employer may combine amounts withheld from various employees into a single payment to the Washington state support registry, if the payment includes a listing of the amounts attributable to each employee and other information as required by the registry.

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- 29 (10) An employer shall deliver a copy of the wage assignment order 30 to the obligor as soon as is reasonably possible.
- 31 **Sec. 6.** RCW 26.18.140 and 1993 c 426 s 11 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, in a hearing to quash, modify, or terminate the wage assignment order, the court may grant relief only upon a showing that the wage assignment order causes extreme hardship or substantial injustice. Satisfaction by the obligor of all past due payments subsequent to the issuance of the wage assignment order is not grounds to quash, modify, or terminate

- 1 the wage assignment order. If a wage assignment order has been in
- 2 operation for twelve consecutive months and the obligor's support or
- 3 spousal maintenance obligation is current, the court may terminate the
- 4 order upon motion of the obligor unless the obligee can show good cause
- 5 as to why the wage assignment order should remain in effect.
- 6 (2) The court may enter an order delaying, modifying, or
- 7 terminating the wage assignment order and order the obligor to make
- 8 payments directly to the obligee ((if the court approves an alternate
- 9 payment plan)) as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2).
- 10 **Sec. 7.** RCW 26.18.170 and 1993 c 426 s 14 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 (1) Whenever an obligor parent who has been ordered to provide
- 13 health insurance coverage for a dependent child fails to provide such
- 14 coverage or lets it lapse, the department or the obligee may seek
- 15 enforcement of the coverage order as provided under this section.
- 16 (2)(a) If the obligor parent's order to provide health insurance
- 17 coverage contains language notifying the obligor that failure to
- 18 provide such coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable may
- 19 result in direct enforcement of the order and orders payments through,
- 20 or has been submitted to, the Washington state support registry for
- 21 enforcement, then the department may, without further notice to the
- 22 obligor, send a notice of enrollment to the obligor's employer or union
- 23 by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 24 The notice shall require the employer or union to enroll the child
- 25 in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (3) of this
- 26 section.
- 27 (b) If the obligor parent's order to provide health insurance
- 28 coverage does not order payments through, and has not been submitted
- 29 to, the Washington state support registry for enforcement:
- 30 (i) The obligee may, without further notice to the obligor send a
- 31 certified copy of the order requiring health insurance coverage to the
- 32 obligor's employer or union by certified mail, return receipt
- 33 requested; and
- 34 (ii) The obligee shall attach a notarized statement to the order
- 35 declaring that the order is the latest order addressing coverage
- 36 entered by the court and require the employer or union to enroll the
- 37 child in the health insurance plan as provided in subsection (3) of
- 38 this section.

- 1 (3) Upon receipt of an order that provides for health insurance 2 coverage, or a notice of enrollment:
- 3 (a) The obligor's employer or union shall answer the party who sent 4 the order or notice within thirty-five days and confirm that the child:
  - (i) Has been enrolled in the health insurance plan;

- (ii) Will be enrolled in the next open enrollment period; or
- 7 (iii) Cannot be covered, stating the reasons why such coverage 8 cannot be provided;
- 9 (b) The employer or union shall withhold any required premium from 10 the obligor's income or wages;
  - (c) If more than one plan is offered by the employer or union, and each plan may be extended to cover the child, then the child shall be enrolled in the obligor's plan. If the obligor's plan does not provide coverage which is accessible to the child, the child shall be enrolled in the least expensive plan otherwise available to the obligor parent;
  - (d) The employer or union shall provide information about the name of the health insurance coverage provider or insurer and the extent of coverage available to the obligee or the department and shall make available any necessary claim forms or enrollment membership cards.
  - (4) If the order for coverage contains no language notifying the obligor that failure to provide health insurance coverage or proof that such coverage is unavailable may result in direct enforcement of the order, the department or the obligee may serve a written notice of intent to enforce the order on the obligor by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by personal service. If the obligor fails to provide written proof that such coverage has been obtained or applied for or fails to provide proof that such coverage is unavailable within twenty days of service of the notice, ((or within twenty days of coverage becoming available)) the department or the obligee may proceed to enforce the order directly as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
  - (5) If the obligor ordered to provide health insurance coverage elects to provide coverage that will not be accessible to the child because of geographic or other limitations when accessible coverage is otherwise available, the department or the obligee may serve a written notice of intent to purchase health insurance coverage on the obligor by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall also specify the type and cost of coverage.

- 1 (6) If the department serves a notice under subsection (5) of this 2 section the obligor shall, within twenty days of the date of service:
  - (a) File an application for an adjudicative proceeding; or
  - (b) Provide written proof to the department that the obligor has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.
  - (7) If the obligee serves a notice under subsection (5) of this section, within twenty days of the date of service the obligor shall provide written proof to the obligee that the obligor has either applied for, or obtained, coverage accessible to the child.
  - (8) If the obligor fails to respond to a notice served under subsection (5) of this section to the party who served the notice, the party who served the notice may purchase the health insurance coverage specified in the notice directly. The amount of the monthly premium shall be added to the support debt and be collectible without further notice. The amount of the monthly premium may be collected or accrued until the obligor provides proof of the required coverage.
  - (9) The signature of the obligee or of a department employee shall be a valid authorization to the coverage provider or insurer for purposes of processing a payment to the child's health services provider. An order for health insurance coverage shall operate as an assignment of all benefit rights to the obligee or to the child's health services provider, and in any claim against the coverage provider or insurer, the obligee or the obligee's assignee shall be subrogated to the rights of the obligor. Notwithstanding the provisions of this section regarding assignment of benefits, this section shall not require a health care service contractor authorized under chapter 48.44 RCW or a health maintenance organization authorized under chapter 48.46 RCW to deviate from their contractual provisions and restrictions regarding reimbursement for covered services. If the coverage is terminated, the employer shall mail a notice of termination to the department or the oblique at the oblique's last known address within thirty days of the termination date.
- 33 (10) This section shall not be construed to limit the right of the 34 obligor or the obligee to bring an action in superior court at any time 35 to enforce, modify, or clarify the original support order.
- 36 (11) Nothing in this section shall be construed to require a health 37 maintenance organization, or health care service contractor, to extend 38 coverage to a child who resides outside its service area.

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- (12) If an obligor fails to pay his or her portion of any 1 deductible required under the health insurance coverage or fails to pay 2 his or her portion of medical expenses incurred in excess of the 3 4 coverage provided under the plan, the department or the obligee may 5 enforce collection of the obligor's portion of the deductible or the additional medical expenses through a wage assignment order. 6 The 7 amount of the deductible or additional medical expenses shall be added 8 to the support debt and be collectible without further notice if the 9 obligor's share of the amount of the deductible or additional expenses 10 is reduced to a sum certain in a court order.
- 11 **Sec. 8.** RCW 26.23.045 and 1989 c 360 s 33 are each amended to read 12 as follows:
- 13 (1) The office of support enforcement, Washington state support 14 registry, shall provide support enforcement services under the 15 following circumstances:
- 16 (a) Whenever public assistance under RCW 74.20.330 is paid;
- 17 (b) Whenever a request for nonassistance support enforcement 18 services under RCW 74.20.040(2) is received;
- 19 (c) Whenever a request for support enforcement services under RCW 20 74.20.040(3) is received;
- 21 (d) When a support order which contains language directing a 22 responsible parent to make support payments to the Washington state 23 support registry under RCW 26.23.050 is submitted;
- (e) When a support order is forwarded to the Washington state support registry by the clerk of a superior court under RCW 26 26.23.050(5);
- 27 (f) When the obligor submits a support order or support payment to 28 the Washington state support registry.
- (2) The office of support enforcement shall continue to provide support enforcement services for so long as and under such conditions as the department shall establish by regulation or until the superior court enters an order ((approving an alternate payment plan)) removing the requirement that the obligor make support payments to the
- 34 Washington state support registry as provided for in RCW
- 35 26.23.050((<del>(1)</del>))<u>(2)</u>.
- 36 **Sec. 9.** RCW 26.23.050 and 1993 c 207 s 1 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

- (1) ((Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the superior court shall include in all superior court orders which establish or modify a support obligation:
- (a) A provision which orders and directs that the responsible parent make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;
- (b) A statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 RCW or chapter 74.20A RCW may be taken, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- (i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
- (ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and
- (c) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to submit

  an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the child.
  - (2) The court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments or, for orders entered on or after July 1, 1990, direct that the issuance of a notice of payroll deduction or other income withholding actions be delayed until a support payment is past due if the court approves an alternate payment plan. The parties to the order must agree to such a plan and the plan must contain reasonable assurances that payments will be made in a regular and timely manner. The court may approve such a plan and modify or terminate the payroll deduction or other income withholding action at the time of entry of the order or at a later date upon motion and agreement of the parties. If the order directs payment to the person entitled to receive the payments instead of to the Washington state support registry, the order shall include a statement that the order may be submitted to the registry if a support payment is past due. If the order directs delayed issuance of the notice of payroll deduction or other income withholding action, the order shall include a statement that such action may be taken, without further notice, at any time after a support payment is past due. The provisions of this subsection do not apply if the department is providing public assistance under Title 74 RCW.)) If the office of support enforcement is providing support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, or if a party is applying for support enforcement services by signing the application form on the bottom of the support order, the superior court

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- 1 shall include in all court orders that establish or modify a support
  2 obligation:
- 3 (a) A provision that orders and directs the responsible parent to 4 make all support payments to the Washington state support registry;
- (b) A statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW may be taken, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- 9 <u>(i) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that</u>
  10 <u>there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and</u>
  11 that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or
- 12 <u>(ii) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the</u>
  13 court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and
- 14 <u>(c) A statement that the receiving parent might be required to</u>
  15 <u>submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the</u>
  16 <u>child.</u>
- As used in this subsection and subsection (3) of this section,

  "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" means a

  written determination of why implementing immediate wage withholding

  would not be in the child's best interests and, in modification cases,

  proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.
- (2) In all other cases not under subsection (1) of this section, the court may order the responsible parent to make payments directly to the person entitled to receive the payments, to the Washington state support registry, or may order that payments be made in accordance with an alternate arrangement agreed upon by the parties.
- 27 <u>(a) The superior court shall include in all orders under this</u> 28 subsection that establish or modify a support obligation:
- (i) A statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW may be taken, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the court order, unless:
- 33 <u>(A) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that</u>
  34 <u>there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding and</u>
  35 that withholding should be delayed until a payment is past due; or
- 36 (B) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the 37 court that provides for an alternate arrangement; and

1 <u>(ii) A statement that the receiving parent may be required to</u>
2 <u>submit an accounting of how the support is being spent to benefit the</u>
3 <u>child.</u>

As used in this subsection, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" is any reason that the court finds appropriate.

- 6 (b) The superior court may order immediate or delayed income 7 withholding as follows:
- 8 (i) Immediate income withholding may be ordered if the responsible 9 parent has earnings. If immediate income withholding is ordered under this subsection, all support payments shall be paid to the Washington 10 state support registry. The superior court shall issue a mandatory 11 wage assignment order as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW when the 12 support order is signed by the court. The parent entitled to receive 13 14 the transfer payment is responsible for serving the employer with the order and for its enforcement as set forth in chapter 26.18 RCW. 15
  - (ii) If immediate income withholding is not ordered, the court shall require that income withholding be delayed until a payment is past due. The support order shall contain a statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income-withholding action under chapter 26.18 or 74.20A RCW may be taken, without further notice to the responsible parent, after a payment is past due.
  - (c) If a mandatory wage withholding order under chapter 26.18 RCW is issued under this subsection and the office of support enforcement provides support enforcement services under RCW 26.23.045, the existing wage withholding assignment is prospectively superseded upon the office of support enforcement's subsequent service of an income withholding notice.
  - (3) The office of administrative hearings and the department of social and health services shall require that all support obligations established as administrative orders include a provision which orders and directs that the responsible parent shall make all support payments to the Washington state support registry. All administrative orders shall also state that a notice of payroll deduction may be issued, or other income withholding action taken without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of the order, unless:
- 36 (a) One of the parties demonstrates, and the presiding officer 37 finds, that there is good cause not to require immediate income 38 withholding; or

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- 1 (b) The parties reach a written agreement that is approved by the 2 presiding officer that provides for an alternate agreement.
- 3 (4) If the support order does not include the provision ordering 4 and directing that all payments be made to the Washington state support registry and a statement that a notice of payroll deduction may be 5 issued if a support payment is past due or at any time after the entry 6 of the order, the office of support enforcement may serve a notice on 7 8 the responsible parent stating such requirements and authorizations. 9 Service may be by personal service or any form of mail requiring a 10 return receipt.
- 11 (5) Every support order shall state:

- (a) ((That payment shall be made to the Washington state support registry or in accordance with the alternate payment plan approved by the court)) The address where the support payment is to be sent;
- (b) That a notice of payroll deduction may be issued or other income withholding action under chapter 26.18 ((RCW)) or ((chapter)) 74.20A RCW may be taken, without further notice to the responsible parent at any time after entry of an order by the court, unless:
- 19 (i) ((The court approves an alternate payment plan under subsection 20 (2) of this section;
- 21 (ii))) One of the parties demonstrates, and the court finds, that 22 there is good cause not to require immediate income withholding; or
- 23 ((<del>(iii)</del>)) <u>(ii)</u> The parties reach ((<del>an alternate</del>)) <u>a written</u> 24 agreement that is approved by the court that provides for an alternate 25 arrangement;
- 26 (c) The income of the parties, if known, or that their income is 27 unknown and the income upon which the support award is based;
  - (d) The support award as a sum certain amount;
- 29 (e) The specific day or date on which the support payment is due;
- 30 (f) The social security number, residence address, and name and 31 address of the employer of the responsible parent;
- 32 (g) The social security number and residence address of the 33 physical custodian except as provided in subsection (6) of this 34 section;
- (h) The names, dates of birth, and social security numbers, if any, of the dependent children;
- (i) In cases requiring payment to the Washington state support registry, that the parties are to notify the Washington state support registry of any change in residence address. The responsible parent

- shall notify the registry of the name and address of his or her current employer, whether he or she has access to health insurance coverage at reasonable cost and, if so, the health insurance policy information;
- 4 (j) That any parent owing a duty of child support shall be obligated to provide health insurance coverage for his or her child if coverage that can be extended to cover the child is or becomes available to that parent through employment or is union-related as provided under RCW 26.09.105;
- 9 (k) That if proof of health insurance coverage <u>or proof that the</u>
  10 <u>coverage is unavailable</u> is not provided within twenty days, the obligee
  11 or the department may seek direct enforcement of the coverage through
  12 the obligor's employer or union without further notice to the obligor
  13 as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW; and
- 14 (1) The reasons for not ordering health insurance coverage if the 15 order fails to require such coverage.
  - (6) The physical custodian's address:
  - (a) Shall be omitted from an order entered under the administrative procedure act. When the physical custodian's address is omitted from an order, the order shall state that the custodian's address is known to the office of support enforcement.
  - (b) A responsible parent ((whose support obligation has been determined by such administrative order)) may request the physical custodian's residence address by submission of a request for disclosure under RCW 26.23.120 to the office of support enforcement.
- 25 (7) The superior court clerk, the office of administrative 26 hearings, and the department of social and health services shall, within five days of entry, forward to the Washington state support 27 registry, a true and correct copy of all superior court orders or 28 29 administrative orders establishing or modifying a support obligation 30 which provide that support payments shall be made to the support registry. If a superior court order entered prior to January 1, 1988, 31 directs the responsible parent to make support payments to the clerk, 32 the clerk shall send a true and correct copy of the support order and 33 34 the payment record to the registry for enforcement action when the 35 clerk identifies that a payment is more than fifteen days past due. The office of support enforcement shall reimburse the clerk for the 36 37 reasonable costs of copying and sending copies of court orders to the registry at the reimbursement rate provided in Title IV-D of the social 38 39 security act.

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- 1 (8) Receipt of a support order by the registry or other action 2 under this section on behalf of a person or persons who have not made 3 a written application for support enforcement services to the office of 4 support enforcement and who are not recipients of public assistance is 5 deemed to be a request for ((support enforcement)) payment services ((under RCW 74.20.040 to the fullest extent permitted under federal 1aw)) only.
- 8 (9) After the responsible parent has been ordered or notified to 9 make payments to the Washington state support registry ((in accordance 10 with subsection (1), (3), or (4) of)) under this section, the responsible parent shall be fully responsible for making all payments 11 to the Washington state support registry and shall be subject to 12 13 payroll deduction or other income withholding action. The responsible parent shall not be entitled to credit against a support obligation for 14 15 any payments made to a person or agency other than to the Washington 16 state support registry except as provided under RCW 74.20.101. A civil 17 action may be brought by the payor to recover payments made to persons or agencies who have received and retained support moneys paid contrary 18 19 to the provisions of this section.
  - (((10) As used in this section, "good cause not to require immediate income withholding" means a written determination of why implementing immediate income withholding would not be in the child's best interests and, in modification cases, proof of timely payment of previously ordered support.))

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- 25 **Sec. 10.** RCW 26.23.060 and 1991 c 367 s 40 are each amended to 26 read as follows:
- 27 (1) The office of support enforcement may issue a notice of payroll 28 deduction:
- 29 (a) As authorized by a support order that contains the income 30 withholding notice provisions in RCW 26.23.050 or a substantially 31 similar notice; or
- 32 (b) After service of a notice containing an income withholding 33 provision under this chapter or chapter 74.20A RCW.
- 34 (2) The office of support enforcement shall serve a notice of 35 payroll deduction upon a responsible parent's employer or upon the 36 employment security department for the state in possession of or owing 37 any benefits from the unemployment compensation fund to the responsible

parent pursuant to Title 50 RCW by personal service or by any form of 1 2 mail requiring a return receipt.

- (3) Service of a notice of payroll deduction upon an employer or 3 4 employment security department requires the employer or employment 5 security department to immediately make a mandatory payroll deduction the responsible parent's unpaid disposable earnings 6 7 unemployment compensation benefits. The employer or employment 8 security department shall thereafter deduct each pay period the amount 9 stated in the notice divided by the number of pay periods per month. 10 The payroll deduction each pay period shall not exceed fifty percent of 11 the responsible parent's disposable earnings.
- 12 (4) A notice of payroll deduction for support shall have priority 13 over any wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal 14 process.
- 15 (5) The notice of payroll deduction shall be in writing and 16 include:
  - (a) The name and social security number of the responsible parent;
- (b) The amount to be deducted from the responsible parent's 18 19 disposable earnings each month, or alternate amounts and frequencies as 20 may be necessary to facilitate processing of the payroll deduction;
- (c) A statement that the total amount withheld shall not exceed 21 22 fifty percent of the responsible parent's disposable earnings; and
- 23 (d) The address to which the payments are to be mailed or 24 delivered.
- 25 (6) An informational copy of the notice of payroll deduction shall 26 be mailed to the last known address of the responsible parent by 27 regular mail.
- (7) An employer or employment security department that receives a 28 notice of payroll deduction shall make immediate deductions from the 29 30 responsible parent's unpaid disposable earnings and remit proper 31 amounts to the Washington state support registry on each date the responsible parent is due to be paid. 32
- 33 (8) An employer, or the employment security department, upon whom 34 a notice of payroll deduction is served, shall make an answer to the office of support enforcement within twenty days after the date of service. The answer shall confirm compliance and institution of the 36 payroll deduction or explain the circumstances if no payroll deduction 37 is in effect. The answer shall also state whether the responsible 38 parent is employed by or receives earnings from the employer or 39

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- receives unemployment compensation benefits from the employment 1 security department, whether the employer or employment security 2 department anticipates paying earnings or ((employment [unemployment])) 3 4 unemployment compensation benefits and the amount of earnings. If the responsible parent is no longer employed, or receiving earnings from 5 the employer, the answer shall state the present employer's name and 6 7 address, if known. If the responsible parent is no longer receiving unemployment compensation benefits from the employment 8 9 department, the answer shall state the present employer's name and 10 address, if known.
- 11 (9) The employer or employment security department may deduct a 12 processing fee from the remainder of the responsible parent's earnings 13 after withholding under the notice of payroll deduction, even if the 14 remainder is exempt under RCW 26.18.090. The processing fee may not 15 exceed: (a) Ten dollars for the first disbursement made to the 16 Washington state support registry; and (b) one dollar for each 17 subsequent disbursement to the registry.
- (10) The notice of payroll deduction shall remain in effect until 18 19 released by the office of support enforcement, the court enters an 20 order terminating the notice and approving an alternate ((payment plan)) arrangement under RCW 26.23.050(2), or one year has expired 21 22 since the employer has employed the responsible parent or has been in 23 possession of or owing any earnings to the responsible parent or the 24 employment security department has been in possession of or owing any 25 unemployment compensation benefits to the responsible parent.
- 26 **Sec. 11.** RCW 26.23.100 and 1991 c 367 s 42 are each amended to 27 read as follows:
- (1) The responsible parent subject to a payroll deduction pursuant to this chapter, may file a motion in superior court to quash, modify, or terminate the payroll deduction.
- (2) Except as provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section, the court may grant relief only upon a showing: (a) That the payroll deduction causes extreme hardship or substantial injustice; or (b) that the support payment was not past due under the terms of the order when the notice of payroll deduction was served on the employer.
- 36 (3) Satisfaction by the obligor of all past due payments subsequent 37 to the issuance of the notice of payroll deduction is not grounds to 38 quash, modify, or terminate the notice of payroll deduction.

- 1 (4) If a notice of payroll deduction has been in operation for 2 twelve consecutive months and the obligor's support obligation is 3 current, upon motion of the obligor, the court may order the office of 4 support enforcement to terminate the payroll deduction, unless the 5 obligee can show good cause as to why the payroll deduction should 6 remain in effect.
- 7 (5) Subsection (2) of this section shall not prevent the court from 8 ordering an alternative ((payment plan)) arrangement as provided under 9 RCW 26.23.050(2).
- 10 **Sec. 12.** RCW 26.23.120 and 1989 c 360 s 17 and 1989 c 175 s 78 are 11 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
  - (1) Any information or records concerning individuals who owe a support obligation or for whom support enforcement services are being provided which are obtained or maintained by the Washington state support registry, the office of support enforcement, or under chapter 74.20 RCW shall be private and confidential and shall only be subject to public disclosure as provided in subsection (2) of this section.
  - (2) The secretary of the department of social and health services shall adopt rules which specify the individuals or agencies to whom this information and these records may be disclosed, the purposes for which the information may be disclosed, and the procedures to obtain the information or records. The rules adopted under this section shall provide for disclosure of the information and records, under appropriate circumstances, which shall include, but not be limited to:
- 25 (a) When authorized or required by federal statute or regulation 26 governing the support enforcement program;
  - (b) To the person the subject of the records or information, unless the information is exempt from disclosure under RCW 42.17.310;
- (c) To government agencies, whether state, local, or federal, and including <u>federally recognized tribes</u>, law enforcement agencies, prosecuting agencies, and the executive branch, if the ((<del>records or information are needed</del>)) <u>disclosure is necessary</u> for child support enforcement purposes;
- 34 (d) To the parties in a judicial or adjudicative proceeding upon a 35 specific written finding by the presiding officer that the need for the 36 information outweighs any reason for maintaining the privacy and 37 confidentiality of the information or records;

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1 (e) To private persons, <u>federally recognized tribes</u>, or 2 organizations if the disclosure is necessary to permit private 3 contracting parties to assist in the management and operation of the 4 department;

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- (f) Disclosure of address and employment information to the parties
  to ((a court order for support)) an action for purposes relating to
  ((the establishment, enforcement, or modification of the)) a child
  support order;
- 9 (g) Disclosure of information or records when necessary to the 10 efficient administration of the support enforcement program or to the 11 performance of functions and responsibilities of the support registry 12 and the office of support enforcement as set forth in state and federal 13 statutes; or
- 14 (h) Disclosure of the information or records when authorized under 15 RCW 74.04.060.
- 16 (3) Prior to disclosing the physical custodian's address under 17 subsection  $((\frac{1}{1}))$  (2)(f) of this section, a notice shall be mailed, if appropriate under the circumstances, to the physical custodian at the 18 19 physical custodian's last known address. The notice shall advise the 20 physical custodian that a request for disclosure has been made and will be complied with unless the department receives a copy of a court order 21 which enjoins the disclosure of the information or restricts or limits 22 23 the requesting party's right to contact or visit the physical custodian 24 or the child, or the custodial parent requests a hearing to contest the 25 disclosure. The administrative law judge shall determine whether the 26 address of the custodial parent should be disclosed based on the same 27 standard as a claim of "good cause" as defined in 42 U.S.C. Sec. 602 (a)(26)(c). 28
- 29 (4) Nothing in this section shall be construed as limiting or restricting the effect of RCW  $42.17.260(({+5}))({6})$ . Nothing in this 31 section shall be construed to prevent the disclosure of information and records if all details identifying an individual are deleted or the 33 individual consents to the disclosure.
- (5) It shall be unlawful for any person or agency in violation of this section to solicit, publish, disclose, receive, make use of, or to authorize, knowingly permit, participate in or acquiesce in the use of any lists of names for commercial or political purposes or the use of any information for purposes other than those purposes specified in

- 1 this section. A violation of this section shall be a gross
- 2 misdemeanor as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 13.** A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW
- 4 to read as follows:
- 5 In any action brought under this chapter, if the requirements of
- 6 civil rule 55 are met, the superior court shall enter an order of
- 7 default.
- 8 **Sec. 14.** RCW 26.26.040 and 1990 c 175 s 2 are each amended to read
- 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) A man is presumed to be the natural father of a child for all
- 11 intents and purposes if:
- 12 (a) He and the child's natural mother are or have been married to
- 13 each other and the child is born during the marriage, or within three
- 14 hundred days after the marriage is terminated by death, annulment,
- 15 declaration of invalidity, divorce, or dissolution, or after a decree
- 16 of separation is entered by a court; or
- 17 (b) Before the child's birth, he and the child's natural mother
- 18 have attempted to marry each other by a marriage solemnized in apparent
- 19 compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or could be
- 20 declared invalid, and the child is born within three hundred days after
- 21 the termination of cohabitation;
- 22 (c) After the child's birth, he and the child's natural mother have
- 23 married, or attempted to marry, each other by a marriage solemnized in
- 24 apparent compliance with law, although the attempted marriage is or
- 25 could be declared invalid, and
- 26 (i) He has acknowledged his paternity of the child in writing filed
- 27 with the registrar of vital statistics,
- 28 (ii) With his consent, he is named as the child's father on the
- 29 child's birth certificate, or
- 30 (iii) He is obligated to support the child under a written
- 31 voluntary promise or by court order;
- 32 (d) While the child is under the age of majority, he receives the
- 33 child into his home and openly holds out the child as his child;
- 34 (e) He acknowledges his paternity of the child pursuant to RCW
- 35 70.58.080 or in a writing filed with the state office of vital
- 36 statistics, which shall promptly inform the mother of the filing of the
- 37 acknowledgment, if she does not dispute the acknowledgment within a

- reasonable time after being informed thereof, in a writing filed with the registrar of vital statistics. In order to enforce rights of residential time, custody, and visitation, a man presumed to be the father as a result of filing a written acknowledgement must seek appropriate judicial orders under this title; ((or))
- 6 (f) The United States immigration and naturalization service made 7 or accepted a determination that he was the father of the child at the 8 time of the child's entry into the United States and he had the 9 opportunity at the time of the child's entry into the United States to 10 admit or deny the paternal relationship; or
- 11 <u>(g) Genetic testing indicates a ninety-eight percent or greater</u> 12 <u>probability of paternity</u>.
- (2) A presumption under this section may be rebutted in an 13 appropriate action only by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence. 14 15 two or more presumptions arise which conflict with each other, the 16 presumption which on the facts is founded on the 17 considerations of policy and logic controls. The presumption is rebutted by a court decree establishing paternity of the child by 18 19 another man.
- 20 **Sec. 15.** RCW 26.26.100 and 1984 c 260 s 32 are each amended to 21 read as follows:
- 22 (1) The court may, and upon request of a party shall, require the 23 child, mother, and any alleged father who has been made a party to 24 submit to blood tests or genetic tests of blood, tissues, or other If an alleged father objects to a proposed order 25 bodily fluids. requiring him to submit to paternity blood or genetic tests, the court 26 may require the party making the allegation of possible paternity to 27 provide sworn testimony, by affidavit or otherwise, stating the facts 28 upon which the allegation is based. 29 The court shall order blood or 30 genetic tests if it appears that a reasonable possibility exists that the requisite sexual contact occurred. The tests shall be performed by 31 an expert in paternity blood or genetic testing appointed by the court. 32 33 The expert's verified report identifying the blood or genetic 34 characteristics observed is admissible in evidence in any hearing or trial in the parentage action, if (a) the alleged or presumed father 35 36 has had the opportunity to gain information about the security, validity, and interpretation of the tests and the qualifications of any 37 38 experts, and (b) the report is accompanied by an affidavit from the

- expert which describes the expert's qualifications as an expert and analyzes and interprets the results. Verified documentation of the chain of custody of the blood <u>or genetic</u> samples tested is admissible to establish the chain of custody. The court may consider published sources as aids to interpretation of the test results.
- 6 (2)(a) Any objection to genetic testing results must be made in 7 writing and served upon the opposing party, within twenty days before 8 any hearing at which such results may be introduced into evidence.
- 9 <u>(b) If an objection is not made as provided in this subsection, the</u>
  10 <u>test results are admissible as evidence of paternity without the need</u>
  11 <u>for foundation testimony or other proof of authenticity or accuracy.</u>
- (3) The court, upon request by a party, shall order that additional 12 13 blood or genetic tests be performed by the same or other experts qualified in paternity blood or genetic testing, if the party 14 15 requesting additional tests advances the full costs of the additional 16 testing within a reasonable time. The court may order additional 17 testing without requiring that the requesting party advance the costs only if another party agrees to advance the costs or if the court 18 19 finds, after hearing, that (a) the requesting party is indigent, and 20 (b) the laboratory performing the initial tests recommends additional testing or there is substantial evidence to support a finding as to 21 paternity contrary to the initial blood or genetic test results. 22 23 court may later order any other party to reimburse the party who 24 advanced the costs of additional testing for all or a portion of the 25 costs.
- 26  $((\frac{3}{3}))$  (4) In all cases, the court shall determine the number and qualifications of the experts.
- 28 **Sec. 16.** RCW 26.26.150 and 1987 c 435 s 28 are each amended to 29 read as follows:
- 30 (1) If existence of the father and child relationship is declared, or paternity or a duty of support has been acknowledged or adjudicated 31 32 under this chapter or under prior law, the obligation of the father may be enforced in the same or other proceedings by the mother, the child, 33 34 the state of Washington, the public authority that has furnished or may furnish the reasonable expenses of pregnancy, confinement, education, 35 36 support, or funeral, or by any other person, including a private agency, to the extent he has furnished or is furnishing these expenses. 37

- 1 (2) The court shall order support payments to be made to the
- 2 Washington state support registry, or the person entitled to receive
- 3 the payments under an alternate ((payment plan)) arrangement approved
- 4 by the court as provided in RCW 26.23.050(2).
- 5 (3) All remedies for the enforcement of judgments apply.
- 6 **Sec. 17.** RCW 26.26.165 and 1989 c 416 s 4 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 (1) In entering or modifying a support order under this chapter,
- 9 the court shall require either or both parents to maintain or provide
- 10 health insurance coverage for any dependent child as provided under RCW
- 11 26.09.105.
- 12 (2) This section shall not be construed to limit the authority of
- 13 the court to enter or modify support orders containing provisions for
- 14 payment of uninsured health expenses, health costs, or insurance
- 15 premiums which are in addition to and not inconsistent with this
- 16 section. "Health insurance coverage" as used in this section does not
- 17 include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.
- 18 (3) A parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage shall
- 19 provide proof of such coverage or proof that such coverage is
- 20 <u>unavailable</u> within twenty days of the entry of the order((, or within
- 21 twenty days of the date such coverage becomes available,)) to:
- 22 (a) The physical custodian; or
- 23 (b) The department of social and health services if the parent has
- 24 been notified or ordered to make support payments to the Washington
- 25 state support registry.
- 26 (4) Every order requiring a parent to provide health insurance
- 27 coverage shall be entered in compliance with RCW 26.23.050 and be
- 28 subject to direct enforcement as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW.
- 29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 74.20 RCW
- 30 to read as follows:
- 31 When the department appears or participates in an adjudicative
- 32 proceeding under chapter 26.23 or 74.20A RCW it shall:
- 33 (1) Act in furtherance of the state's financial interest in the
- 34 matter;
- 35 (2) Act in the best interests of the children of the state;
- 36 (3) Facilitate the resolution of the controversy; and

- 1 (4) Make independent recommendations to ensure the integrity and 2 proper application of the law and process.
- In the proceedings the department does not act on behalf or as an agent or representative of an individual.
- **Sec. 19.** RCW 74.20A.056 and 1989 c 55 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
  - (1) If an alleged father has signed an affidavit acknowledging paternity which has been filed with the state office of vital statistics, the office of support enforcement may serve a notice and finding of parental responsibility on him. Service of the notice shall be in the same manner as a summons in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested. The notice shall have attached to it a copy of the affidavit or certification of birth record information advising of the existence of a filed affidavit, provided by the center for health statistics, and shall state that:
- (a) The alleged father may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding at which he will be required to appear and show cause why the amount stated in the finding of financial responsibility as to support is incorrect and should not be ordered;
  - (b) An alleged father may request that a blood test be administered to determine whether such test would exclude him from being a natural parent and, if not excluded, may subsequently request that the office of support enforcement initiate an action in superior court to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship; and
  - (c) If the alleged father does not request that a blood test be administered or file an application for an adjudicative proceeding, the amount of support stated in the notice and finding of parental responsibility shall become final, subject only to a subsequent determination under RCW 26.26.060 that the parent-child relationship does not exist.
- (2) An alleged father who objects to the amount of support requested in the notice may file an application for an adjudicative proceeding up to twenty days after the date the notice was served. An application for an adjudicative proceeding may be filed within one year of service of the notice and finding of parental responsibility without the necessity for a showing of good cause or upon a showing of good cause thereafter. An adjudicative proceeding under this section shall be pursuant to RCW 74.20A.055. The only issues shall be the amount of

- 1 the accrued debt, the amount of the current and future support 2 obligation, and the reimbursement of the costs of blood tests if 3 advanced by the department.
- 4 (3) If the application for an adjudicative proceeding is filed 5 within twenty days of service of the notice, collection action shall be 6 stayed pending a final decision by the department. If no application 7 is filed within twenty days:
- 8 (a) The amounts in the notice shall become final and the debt 9 created therein shall be subject to collection action; and
- (b) Any amounts so collected shall neither be refunded nor returned if the ((parent)) alleged father is later found not to be ((the father)) a responsible parent.
- (4) An alleged father who denies being a responsible parent may 13 request that a blood test be administered at any time. The request for 14 15 testing shall be in writing and served on the office of support enforcement personally or by registered or certified mail. 16 17 request for testing is made, the department shall arrange for the test and, pursuant to rules adopted by the department, may advance the cost 18 19 of such testing. The department shall mail a copy of the test results 20 by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the alleged father's last known address. 21
- 22 (5) If the test excludes the alleged father from being a natural parent, the office of support enforcement shall file a copy of the results with the state office of vital statistics and shall dismiss any pending administrative collection proceedings based upon the affidavit in issue. The state office of vital statistics shall remove the alleged father's name from the birth certificate.

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- (6) The alleged father may, within twenty days after the date of receipt of the test results, request the office of support enforcement to initiate an action under RCW 26.26.060 to determine the existence of the parent-child relationship. If the office of support enforcement initiates a superior court action at the request of the alleged father and the decision of the court is that the alleged father is a natural parent, the alleged father shall be liable for court costs incurred.
- (7) If the alleged father does not request the office of support enforcement to initiate a superior court action, or if the alleged father fails to appear and cooperate with blood testing, the notice of parental responsibility shall become final for all intents and purposes

- 1 and may be overturned only by a subsequent superior court order entered
- 2 under RCW 26.26.060.
- 3 **Sec. 20.** RCW 74.20A.080 and 1989 c 360 s 10 and 1989 c 175 s 154 4 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 5 (1) The secretary may issue to any person, firm, corporation,
- 6 association, political subdivision, ((or)) department of the state, or
- 7 agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States, an order
- 8 to withhold and deliver property of any kind, including but not
- 9 restricted to earnings which are or might become due, owing, or
- 10 belonging to the debtor, when the secretary has reason to believe that
- 11 there is in the possession of such person, firm, corporation,
- 12 association, political subdivision, ((or)) department of the state, or
- 13 agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States property
- 14 which is or might become due, owing, or belonging to said debtor. Such
- 15 order to withhold and deliver may be issued:
- 16 (a) When a support payment is past due, if a responsible parent's 17 support order:
- 18 (i) Contains language directing the parent to make support payments
- 19 to the Washington state support registry; and
- 20 (ii) Includes a statement that other income-withholding action
- 21 under this chapter may be taken without further notice to the
- 22 responsible parent, as provided for in RCW 26.23.050(1);
- 23 (b) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support debt under
- 24 RCW 74.20A.040;
- 25 (c) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of
- 26 parental responsibility under RCW 74.20A.056;
- 27 (d) Twenty-one days after service of a notice of support owed under
- 28 RCW 26.23.110;
- 29 (e) Twenty-one days after service of a notice and finding of
- 30 financial responsibility under RCW 74.20A.055; or
- 31 (f) When appropriate under RCW 74.20A.270.
- 32 (2) The order to withhold and deliver shall:
- 33 (a) State the amount of the support debt accrued;
- 34 (b) State in summary the terms of RCW 74.20A.090 and 74.20A.100;
- 35 (c) Be served in the manner prescribed for the service of a summons
- 36 in a civil action or by certified mail, return receipt requested.
- 37 (3) Any person, firm, corporation, association, political
- 38 subdivision, ((or)) department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or

- instrumentality of the United States upon whom service has been made is
  hereby required to:
- 3 (a) Answer said order to withhold and deliver within twenty days, 4 exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and shall 5 make true answers to the matters inquired of therein; and
- 6 (b) Provide further and additional answers when requested by the 7 secretary.
- 8 (4) Any such person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, ((<del>or</del>)) department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States in possession of any property which may be subject to the claim of the department of social and health services shall:
- 13 (a)(i) Immediately withhold such property upon receipt of the order 14 to withhold and deliver; and
- 15 (ii) Deliver the property to the secretary as soon as the twenty-16 day answer period expires;
- (iii) Continue to withhold earnings payable to the debtor at each succeeding disbursement interval as provided for in RCW 74.20A.090, and deliver amounts withheld from earnings to the ((obligee within ten days of)) secretary on the date earnings are payable to the debtor;
- 21 (iv) Inform the secretary of the date the amounts were withheld as 22 requested under this section; or
- (b) Furnish to the secretary a good and sufficient bond, satisfactory to the secretary, conditioned upon final determination of liability.
- 26 (5) <u>An order to withhold and deliver served under this section</u>
  27 <u>shall not expire until:</u>
  - (a) Released in writing by the office of support enforcement;
- 29 (b) Terminated by court order; or

- 30 (c) The person or entity receiving the order to withhold and 31 deliver does not possess property of or owe money to the debtor for any 32 period of twelve consecutive months following the date of service of 33 the order to withhold and deliver.
- (6) Where money is due and owing under any contract of employment, express or implied, or is held by any person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, or department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States subject to withdrawal by the debtor, such money shall be delivered by remittance payable to the order of the secretary.

1 (((6))) (7) Delivery to the secretary of the money or other 2 property held or claimed shall satisfy the requirement and serve as 3 full acquittance of the order to withhold and deliver.

((<del>7)</del> The state warrants and represents that:

- 5 (a) It shall defend and hold harmless for such actions persons 6 delivering money or property to the secretary pursuant to this chapter; 7 and
- (b) It shall defend and hold harmless for such actions persons withholding money or property pursuant to this chapter)) (8) A person, firm, corporation, or association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States that complies with the order to withhold and deliver under this chapter is not civilly liable to the debtor for complying with the order to withhold and deliver under this chapter.
- ((\(\frac{(\(\frac{8}{}\)\)}{\)})) (9) The secretary may hold the money or property delivered under this section in trust for application on the indebtedness involved or for return, without interest, in accordance with final determination of liability or nonliability.
- 19  $((\frac{(9)}{)})$  (10) Exemptions contained in RCW 74.20A.090 apply to orders 20 to withhold and deliver issued under this section.
  - $((\frac{10}{10}))$  (11) The secretary shall also, on or before the date of service of the order to withhold and deliver, mail or cause to be mailed ((by certified mail)) a copy of the order to withhold and deliver to the debtor at the debtor's last known post office address, or, in the alternative, a copy of the order to withhold and deliver shall be served on the debtor in the same manner as a summons in a civil action on or before the date of service of the order or within two days thereafter. The copy of the order shall be mailed or served together with a concise explanation of the right to petition for judicial review. This requirement is not jurisdictional, but, if the copy is not mailed or served as in this section provided, or if any irregularity appears with respect to the mailing or service, the superior court, in its discretion on motion of the debtor promptly made and supported by affidavit showing that the debtor has suffered substantial injury due to the failure to mail the copy, may set aside the order to withhold and deliver and award to the debtor an amount equal to the damages resulting from the secretary's failure to serve on or mail to the debtor the copy.

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 $((\frac{11}{11}))$  (12) An order to withhold and deliver issued in accordance with this section has priority over any other wage assignment ((or)), garnishment, attachment, or other legal process, except for another wage assignment, garnishment, attachment, or other legal process for child support.

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6  $((\frac{12}{12}))$  (13) The office of support enforcement shall notify any 7 person, firm, corporation, association, or political subdivision, 8 ((<del>or</del>)) department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or 9 instrumentality of the United States required to withhold and deliver 10 the earnings of a debtor under this action that they may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the debtor's earnings, even if the 11 remainder would otherwise be exempt under RCW 74.20A.090. 12 processing fee shall not exceed ten dollars for the first disbursement 13 to the department and one dollar for each subsequent disbursement under 14 15 the order to withhold and deliver.

16 Sec. 21. RCW 74.20A.240 and 1985 c 276 s 12 are each amended to read as follows: 17

18 Any person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision ((or)), department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States employing a person owing a support debt or obligation, shall honor, according to its terms, a duly 21 executed assignment of earnings presented by the secretary as a plan to 22 23 satisfy or retire a support debt or obligation. This requirement to 24 honor the assignment of earnings and the assignment of earnings itself 25 shall be applicable whether said earnings are to be paid presently or in the future and shall continue in force and effect until released in writing by the secretary. Payment of moneys pursuant to an assignment 27 of earnings presented by the secretary shall serve as full acquittance under any contract of employment((, and the state warrants and represents it shall defend and hold harmless such action taken pursuant to said assignment of earnings)). A person, firm, corporation, association, political subdivision, department of the state, or agency, subdivision, or instrumentality of the United States that complies with 34 the assignment of earnings under this chapter is not civilly liable to the debtor for complying with the assignment of earnings under this 35 36 chapter. The secretary shall be released from liability for improper receipt of moneys under an assignment of earnings upon return of any 37 38 moneys so received.

- An assignment of earnings presented by the secretary in accordance with this section has priority over any other wage assignment ((or)), garnishment, attachment, or other legal process except for another wage assignment ((or)), garnishment, attachment, or other legal process for support moneys.
- The employer may deduct a processing fee from the remainder of the debtor's earnings, even if the remainder would be exempt under RCW 74.20A.090. The processing fee shall not exceed ten dollars from the first disbursement to the department and one dollar for each subsequent disbursement under the assignment of earnings.
- 11 **Sec. 22.** RCW 74.20A.300 and 1989 c 416 s 6 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a support order is entered or modified under this chapter, the department shall require the responsible parent to maintain or provide health insurance coverage for any dependent child as provided under RCW 26.09.105.
- 17 (2) "Health insurance coverage" as used in this section does not 18 include medical assistance provided under chapter 74.09 RCW.
- 19 (3) A parent ordered to provide health insurance coverage shall 20 provide proof of such coverage or proof that such coverage is 21 unavailable to the department within twenty days of the entry of the 22 order((, or within fifteen days of the date such coverage becomes 23 available)).
- (4) Every order requiring a parent to provide health insurance coverage shall be entered in compliance with RCW 26.23.050 and be subject to direct enforcement as provided under chapter 26.18 RCW.

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