HOUSE BILL REPORT SHB 2605

As Passed House:

February 6, 1996

Title: An act relating to importation of Macrocystis seaweed.

Brief Description: Allowing importation of Macrocystis seaweed for the use in the herring spawn-on-kelp fishery.

Sponsors: By Committee on Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Linville, Fuhrman, L. Thomas, Thompson, Regala, Basich, Quall, Hatfield, B. Thomas, Stevens, Sheldon and Buck).

Brief History:

Committee Activity:

Natural Resources: 1/30/96, 1/31/96 [DPS].

Floor Activity:

Passed House: 2/6/96, 98-0.

HOUSE COMMITTEE ON NATURAL RESOURCES

Majority Report: The substitute bill be substituted therefor and the substitute bill do pass. Signed by 13 members: Representatives Fuhrman, Chairman; Buck, Vice Chairman; Pennington, Vice Chairman; Regala, Assistant Ranking Minority Member; Beeksma; Elliot; Hatfield; Jacobsen; Keiser; Sheldon; Stevens; L. Thomas and Thompson.

Staff: Rick Anderson (786-7114).

Background: Seaweed is used extensively by fish populations for protection and for spawning. Studies have shown that removal of seaweed, especially kelp, has a detrimental effect on salmon production. Macrocystis is a type of seaweed used in the herring spawn on kelp fishery.

Legislation enacted in 1993 limited the entry into the herring spawn on kelp fishery. This legislation limited the total number of license holders to five for this fishery. Specified license holders are eligible to bid for the limited entry licenses on an annual basis. Persons in the herring spawn on kelp fishery typically harvest the tops of the Macrocystis plant, place it in a net, and introduce herring into the net. The herring eggs are then harvested from the seaweed, processed, and marketed. Due to the

limited availability of Macrocystis in this state, the plant is generally imported from Canada for this fishery.

State law prohibits importation of seaweed species of Macrocystis after July 1, 1995, for use in the herring spawn on kelp fishery.

Summary of Bill: The generic prohibition against importing Macrocystis for use in the herring spawn on kelp fishery is removed. The Department of Fish and Wildlife is authorized to ban the importation of Macrocystis in specific areas where the presence of fish or shellfish diseases would make it likely that the disease would be imported along with the Macrocystis. The department is required to incorporate this importation policy into its policy for fish and shellfish disease control.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Not requested.

Effective Date: Ninety days after adjournment of session in which bill is passed.

Testimony For: Kelp imported from Canada is vital for the continued non-tribal participation in the herring spawn on kelp fishery. Stringent regulations exist to ensure that the imported kelp will not cause disease problems.

Testimony Against: None.

Testified: Representative Kelli Linville, prime sponsor; Don Stuart, Salmon for Washington; Gene Vitalich, commercial fisherman; Jim Glenovich, commercial fisherman (pro); and Cyreis Schmitt, Department of Fish and Wildlife.