

FINAL BILL REPORT

SSB 5660

C 20 L 95

Synopsis as Enacted

Brief Description: Providing for heating oil liability protection.

Sponsors: Senate Committee on Financial Institutions & Housing (originally sponsored by Senators Prentice, Hale, Snyder, Sellar, Fraser, Kohl and Winsley).

Senate Committee on Financial Institutions & Housing

Senate Committee on Ways & Means

House Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance

Background: In 1989, the Legislature created the Pollution Liability Insurance Agency (PLIA). This agency was created in response to the requirements of the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) that owners and operators of petroleum underground storage tanks demonstrate financial responsibility for the cleanup of contamination resulting from spills or releases of petroleum.

After reviewing several proposals to assist the owners and operators of underground storage tanks with the financial responsibility requirements, the Legislature adopted the PLIA reinsurance program. The PLIA program provides reinsurance to commercial insurance companies, which in turn provide pollution liability insurance to underground storage tank owners and operators in Washington.

The state's reinsurance program's objective is to improve the availability and affordability of pollution liability insurance for owners and operators of underground storage tanks by selling reinsurance at a price significantly below the private market price for similar insurance. The discount is passed to owners and operators of underground storage tanks through reduced insurance premiums and increased availability of insurance.

PLIA program and administrative expenses are paid from the pollution liability insurance agency trust account. To fund the program, the Legislature imposed a petroleum products tax of 0.50 percent on the first possession of any petroleum product in the state. The tax applies to the wholesale value of the petroleum product. Petroleum products exported for use and sale outside the state as fuel, and those products packaged for sale to ultimate consumers are exempt from taxation. Collection of the tax ceases whenever the account balance exceeds \$15 million and resumes when the balance drops below \$7.5 million. The state has not collected the tax since July 1992.

PLIA expires on June 1, 1995.

Summary: A program to provide pollution liability insurance for heating oil tanks is created in the Pollution Liability Insurance Agency (PLIA). This program is to be a reinsurance program which makes liability insurance available and affordable to heating oil tank owners.

To fund the program, a pollution liability insurance fee is imposed on heating oil purchased within the state. The fee is based on the rate of six tenths of one cent per gallon of heating oil purchased. The fee is collected by the Department of Licensing for deposit into the heating oil liability trust account. The fund is used to purchase an insurance policy that provides for corrective action costs, third party liability damages and defense costs, and administrative expenses. The insurance is limited to \$60,000 per occurrence.

The exemption from licensing for persons using special fuel solely for heating purposes is removed. Special fuel is all fuel except for motor vehicles.

PLIA must report to the Legislature annually on the Heating Oil Pollution Liability Protection Program. The Heating Oil Liability Protection Program expires June 1, 2001.

Votes on Final Passage:

Senate	45	1
House	85	10

Effective: July 23, 1995