HOUSE BILL 1088

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Representatives Hatfield, Ballasiotes, Kessler, Poulsen, Sheldon, Schoesler, Brumsickle, Blanton, Campbell, Pennington, Costa, Sherstad and Benton

Read first time 01/12/95. Referred to Committee on Corrections.

1 AN ACT Relating to sex offenders; amending RCW 9.94A.030, 2 9A.44.130, and 9A.44.140; and creating a new section.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. In order to eliminate a potential ambiguity 5 over the scope of the term "sex offense," this act clarifies that for general purposes the definition of "sex offense" does not include any б 7 misdemeanors or gross misdemeanors. For purposes of the registration of sex offenders pursuant to RCW 9A.44.130, however, the definition of 8 9 "sex offense" is expanded to include those gross misdemeanors that 10 constitute attempts, conspiracies, and solicitations to commit class C felonies. 11

12 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.030 and 1994 c 261 s 16 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

14 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 15 this section apply throughout this chapter.

16 (1) "Collect," or any derivative thereof, "collect and remit," or 17 "collect and deliver," when used with reference to the department of 18 corrections, means that the department is responsible for monitoring

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1 and enforcing the offender's sentence with regard to the legal 2 financial obligation, receiving payment thereof from the offender, and, 3 consistent with current law, delivering daily the entire payment to the 4 superior court clerk without depositing it in a departmental account. 5 (2) "Commission" means the sentencing guidelines commission.

6 (3) "Community corrections officer" means an employee of the 7 department who is responsible for carrying out specific duties in 8 supervision of sentenced offenders and monitoring of sentence 9 conditions.

10 (4) "Community custody" means that portion of an inmate's sentence 11 of confinement in lieu of earned early release time served in the 12 community subject to controls placed on the inmate's movement and 13 activities by the department of corrections.

(5) "Community placement" means that period during which the 14 15 offender is subject to the conditions of community custody and/or postrelease supervision, which begins either upon completion of the 16 17 term of confinement (postrelease supervision) or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early 18 19 release. Community placement may consist of entirely community 20 custody, entirely postrelease supervision, or a combination of the two. 21 (6) "Community service" means compulsory service, without 22 compensation, performed for the benefit of the community by the 23 offender.

24 (7) "Community supervision" means a period of time during which a 25 convicted offender is subject to crime-related prohibitions and other 26 sentence conditions imposed by a court pursuant to this chapter or RCW 27 16.52.200(6) or 46.61.524. For first-time offenders, the supervision may include crime-related prohibitions and other conditions imposed 28 pursuant to RCW 9.94A.120(5). For purposes of the interstate compact 29 30 for out-of-state supervision of parolees and probationers, RCW 9.95.270, community supervision is the functional equivalent of 31 probation and should be considered the same as probation by other 32 33 states.

34 (8) "Confinement" means total or partial confinement as defined in35 this section.

(9) "Conviction" means an adjudication of guilt pursuant to Titles
 10 or 13 RCW and includes a verdict of guilty, a finding of guilty, and
 acceptance of a plea of guilty.

(10) "Court-ordered legal financial obligation" means a sum of 1 2 money that is ordered by a superior court of the state of Washington 3 for legal financial obligations which may include restitution to the 4 victim, statutorily imposed crime victims' compensation fees as assessed pursuant to RCW 7.68.035, court costs, county or interlocal 5 drug funds, court-appointed attorneys' fees, and costs of defense, 6 7 fines, and any other financial obligation that is assessed to the 8 offender as a result of a felony conviction. Upon conviction for 9 vehicular assault while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 10 any drug, RCW 46.61.522(1)(b), or vehicular homicide while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, RCW 46.61.520(1)(a), 11 12 legal financial obligations may also include payment to a public agency 13 of the expense of an emergency response to the incident resulting in the conviction, subject to the provisions in RCW 38.52.430. 14

15 (11) "Crime-related prohibition" means an order of a court 16 prohibiting conduct that directly relates to the circumstances of the 17 crime for which the offender has been convicted, and shall not be 18 construed to mean orders directing an offender affirmatively to 19 participate in rehabilitative programs or to otherwise perform 20 affirmative conduct.

(12)(a) "Criminal history" means the list of a defendant's prior convictions, whether in this state, in federal court, or elsewhere. The history shall include, where known, for each conviction (i) whether the defendant has been placed on probation and the length and terms thereof; and (ii) whether the defendant has been incarcerated and the length of incarceration.

27 (b) "Criminal history" shall always include juvenile convictions for sex offenses and shall also include a defendant's other prior 28 29 convictions in juvenile court if: (i) The conviction was for an 30 offense which is a felony or a serious traffic offense and is criminal history as defined in RCW 13.40.020(9); (ii) the defendant was fifteen 31 years of age or older at the time the offense was committed; and (iii) 32 with respect to prior juvenile class B and C felonies or serious 33 traffic offenses, the defendant was less than twenty-three years of age 34 35 at the time the offense for which he or she is being sentenced was committed. 36

37 (13) "Department" means the department of corrections.

(14) "Determinate sentence" means a sentence that states withexactitude the number of actual years, months, or days of total

1 confinement, of partial confinement, of community supervision, the 2 number of actual hours or days of community service work, or dollars or 3 terms of a legal financial obligation. The fact that an offender 4 through "earned early release" can reduce the actual period of 5 confinement shall not affect the classification of the sentence as a 6 determinate sentence.

7 (15) "Disposable earnings" means that part of the earnings of an 8 individual remaining after the deduction from those earnings of any 9 amount required by law to be withheld. For the purposes of this 10 definition, "earnings" means compensation paid or payable for personal 11 services, whether denominated as wages, salary, commission, bonuses, or 12 otherwise, and, notwithstanding any other provision of law making the 13 payments exempt from garnishment, attachment, or other process to satisfy a court-ordered legal financial obligation, specifically 14 15 includes periodic payments pursuant to pension or retirement programs, 16 or insurance policies of any type, but does not include payments made 17 under Title 50 RCW, except as provided in RCW 50.40.020 and 50.40.050, or Title 74 RCW. 18

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(16) "Drug offense" means:

(a) Any felony violation of chapter 69.50 RCW except possession of
 a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a
 controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403);

(b) Any offense defined as a felony under federal law that relates
to the possession, manufacture, distribution, or transportation of a
controlled substance; or

(c) Any out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws
of this state would be a felony classified as a drug offense under (a)
of this subsection.

29 (17) "Escape" means:

(a) Escape in the first degree (RCW 9A.76.110), escape in the
second degree (RCW 9A.76.120), willful failure to return from furlough
(RCW 72.66.060), willful failure to return from work release (RCW
72.65.070), or willful failure to be available for supervision by the
department while in community custody (RCW 72.09.310); or

35 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 36 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as an escape 37 under (a) of this subsection.

38 (18) "Felony traffic offense" means:

(a) Vehicular homicide (RCW 46.61.520), vehicular assault (RCW
 46.61.522), eluding a police officer (RCW 46.61.024), or felony hit and-run injury-accident (RCW 46.52.020(4)); or

4 (b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 5 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a felony 6 traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

7 (19) "Fines" means the requirement that the offender pay a specific8 sum of money over a specific period of time to the court.

9 (20)(a) "First-time offender" means any person who is convicted of a felony (i) not classified as a violent offense or a sex offense under 10 this chapter, or (ii) that is not the manufacture, delivery, or 11 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance 12 classified in schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or the selling 13 14 for profit of any controlled substance or counterfeit substance classified in schedule I, RCW 69.50.204, except leaves and flowering 15 16 tops of marihuana, and except as provided in (b) of this subsection, who previously has never been convicted of a felony in this state, 17 federal court, or another state, and who has never participated in a 18 19 program of deferred prosecution for a felony offense.

(b) For purposes of (a) of this subsection, a juvenile adjudication for an offense committed before the age of fifteen years is not a previous felony conviction except for adjudications of sex offenses.

(21) "Most serious offense" means any of the following felonies or
 a felony attempt to commit any of the following felonies, as now
 existing or hereafter amended:

(a) Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or
criminal solicitation of or criminal conspiracy to commit a class A
felony;

- 29 (b) Assault in the second degree;
- 30 (c) Assault of a child in the second degree;
- 31 (d) Child molestation in the second degree;
- 32 (e) Controlled substance homicide;
- 33 (f) Extortion in the first degree;
- 34 (g) Incest when committed against a child under age fourteen;
- 35 (h) Indecent liberties;
- 36 (i) Kidnapping in the second degree;
- 37 (j) Leading organized crime;
- 38 (k) Manslaughter in the first degree;
- 39 (1) Manslaughter in the second degree;

1 (m) Promoting prostitution in the first degree;

2 (n) Rape in the third degree;

3 (o) Robbery in the second degree;

4 (p) Sexual exploitation;

5 (q) Vehicular assault;

6 (r) Vehicular homicide, when proximately caused by the driving of 7 any vehicle by any person while under the influence of intoxicating 8 liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of 9 any vehicle in a reckless manner;

10 (s) Any other class B felony offense with a finding of sexual 11 motivation, as "sexual motivation" is defined under this section;

12 (t) Any other felony with a deadly weapon verdict under RCW 13 9.94A.125;

(u) Any felony offense in effect at any time prior to December 2, 15 1993, that is comparable to a most serious offense under this subsection, or any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a most serious offense under this subsection.

19 (22) "Nonviolent offense" means an offense which is not a violent20 offense.

21 (23)"Offender" means a person who has committed a felony 22 established by state law and is eighteen years of age or older or is 23 less than eighteen years of age but whose case has been transferred by 24 the appropriate juvenile court to a criminal court pursuant to RCW 25 13.40.110. Throughout this chapter, the terms "offender" and 26 "defendant" are used interchangeably.

(24) "Partial confinement" means confinement for no more than one 27 year in a facility or institution operated or utilized under contract 28 by the state or any other unit of government, or, if home detention or 29 30 work crew has been ordered by the court, in an approved residence, for a substantial portion of each day with the balance of the day spent in 31 Partial confinement includes work release, home 32 the community. 33 detention, work crew, and a combination of work crew and home detention 34 as defined in this section.

35 (25) "Persistent offender" is an offender who:

36 (a) Has been convicted in this state of any felony considered a37 most serious offense; and

(b) Has, before the commission of the offense under (a) of thissubsection, been convicted as an offender on at least two separate

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1 occasions, whether in this state or elsewhere, of felonies that under 2 the laws of this state would be considered most serious offenses and 3 would be included in the offender score under RCW 9.94A.360; provided 4 that of the two or more previous convictions, at least one conviction 5 must have occurred before the commission of any of the other most 6 serious offenses for which the offender was previously convicted.

7 (26) "Postrelease supervision" is that portion of an offender's8 community placement that is not community custody.

9 (27) "Restitution" means the requirement that the offender pay a 10 specific sum of money over a specific period of time to the court as 11 payment of damages. The sum may include both public and private costs. 12 The imposition of a restitution order does not preclude civil redress.

13 (28) "Serious traffic offense" means:

(a) Driving while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.502), actual physical control while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug (RCW 46.61.504), reckless driving (RCW 46.61.500), or hit-and-run an attended vehicle (RCW 46.52.020(5)); or

(b) Any federal, out-of-state, county, or municipal conviction for
an offense that under the laws of this state would be classified as a
serious traffic offense under (a) of this subsection.

(29) "Serious violent offense" is a subcategory of violent offenseand means:

(a) Murder in the first degree, homicide by abuse, murder in the
second degree, assault in the first degree, kidnapping in the first
degree, or rape in the first degree, assault of a child in the first
degree, or an attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to
commit one of these felonies; or

(b) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that
under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a serious
violent offense under (a) of this subsection.

32 (30) "Sentence range" means the sentencing court's discretionary33 range in imposing a nonappealable sentence.

34 (31) "Sex offense" means:

(a) A felony that is a violation of chapter 9A.44 RCW or RCW
 9A.64.020 or 9.68A.090 or <u>a felony</u> that is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a
 criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to
 commit such crimes;

(b) A felony with a finding of sexual motivation under RCW
 9.94A.127; or

3 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 4 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a sex 5 offense under (a) of this subsection.

6 (32) "Sexual motivation" means that one of the purposes for which 7 the defendant committed the crime was for the purpose of his or her 8 sexual gratification.

9 (33) "Total confinement" means confinement inside the physical 10 boundaries of a facility or institution operated or utilized under 11 contract by the state or any other unit of government for twenty-four 12 hours a day, or pursuant to RCW 72.64.050 and 72.64.060.

(34) "Transition training" means written and verbal instructions and assistance provided by the department to the offender during the two weeks prior to the offender's successful completion of the work ethic camp program. The transition training shall include instructions in the offender's requirements and obligations during the offender's period of community custody.

19 (35) "Victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, 20 psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as 21 a direct result of the crime charged.

22 (36) "Violent offense" means:

(a) Any of the following felonies, as now existing or hereafter 23 24 amended: Any felony defined under any law as a class A felony or an 25 attempt to commit a class A felony, criminal solicitation of or 26 criminal conspiracy to commit a class A felony, manslaughter in the first degree, manslaughter in the second degree, indecent liberties if 27 28 committed by forcible compulsion, kidnapping in the second degree, 29 arson in the second degree, assault in the second degree, assault of a 30 child in the second degree, extortion in the first degree, robbery in the second degree, vehicular assault, and vehicular homicide, when 31 proximately caused by the driving of any vehicle by any person while 32 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by 33 RCW 46.61.502, or by the operation of any vehicle in a reckless manner; 34 35 (b) Any conviction for a felony offense in effect at any time prior to July 1, 1976, that is comparable to a felony classified as a violent 36 37 offense in (a) of this subsection; and

1 (c) Any federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that 2 under the laws of this state would be a felony classified as a violent 3 offense under (a) or (b) of this subsection.

4 (37) "Work crew" means a program of partial confinement consisting 5 of civic improvement tasks for the benefit of the community of not less than thirty-five hours per week that complies with RCW 9.94A.135. The 6 7 civic improvement tasks shall have minimal negative impact on existing 8 private industries or the labor force in the county where the service 9 or labor is performed. The civic improvement tasks shall not affect 10 employment opportunities for people with developmental disabilities contracted through sheltered workshops as defined in RCW 82.04.385. 11 12 Only those offenders sentenced to a facility operated or utilized under 13 contract by a county or the state are eligible to participate on a work crew. Offenders sentenced for a sex offense as defined in subsection 14 15 (31) of this section are not eligible for the work crew program.

16 (38) "Work ethic camp" means an alternative incarceration program 17 designed to reduce recidivism and lower the cost of corrections by 18 requiring offenders to complete a comprehensive array of real-world job 19 and vocational experiences, character-building work ethics training, 20 life management skills development, substance abuse rehabilitation, 21 counseling, literacy training, and basic adult education.

(39) "Work release" means a program of partial confinement available to offenders who are employed or engaged as a student in a regular course of study at school. Participation in work release shall be conditioned upon the offender attending work or school at regularly defined hours and abiding by the rules of the work release facility.

"Home detention" means a program of partial confinement 27 (40) 28 available to offenders wherein the offender is confined in a private 29 residence subject to electronic surveillance. Home detention may not 30 be imposed for offenders convicted of a violent offense, any sex offense, any drug offense, reckless burning in the first or second 31 degree as defined in RCW 9A.48.040 or 9A.48.050, assault in the third 32 degree as defined in RCW 9A.36.031, assault of a child in the third 33 34 degree, unlawful imprisonment as defined in RCW 9A.40.040, or harassment as defined in RCW 9A.46.020. Home detention may be imposed 35 for offenders convicted of possession of a controlled substance (RCW 36 37 69.50.401(d)) or forged prescription for a controlled substance (RCW 69.50.403) if the offender fulfills the participation conditions set 38 39 forth in this subsection and is monitored for drug use by treatment

alternatives to street crime (TASC) or a comparable court or agency referred program.

3 (a) Home detention may be imposed for offenders convicted of 4 burglary in the second degree as defined in RCW 9A.52.030 or 5 residential burglary conditioned upon the offender: (i) Successfully completing twenty-one days in a work release program, (ii) having no 6 7 convictions for burglary in the second degree or residential burglary 8 during the preceding two years and not more than two prior convictions 9 for burglary or residential burglary, (iii) having no convictions for 10 a violent felony offense during the preceding two years and not more 11 than two prior convictions for a violent felony offense, (iv) having no 12 prior charges of escape, and (v) fulfilling the other conditions of the 13 home detention program.

(b) Participation in a home detention program shall be conditioned 14 15 upon: (i) The offender obtaining or maintaining current employment or 16 attending a regular course of school study at regularly defined hours, 17 or the offender performing parental duties to offspring or minors normally in the custody of the offender, (ii) abiding by the rules of 18 19 the home detention program, and (iii) compliance with court-ordered 20 legal financial obligations. The home detention program may also be made available to offenders whose charges and convictions do not 21 otherwise disqualify them if medical or health-related conditions, 22 concerns or treatment would be better addressed under the home 23 24 detention program, or where the health and welfare of the offender, 25 other inmates, or staff would be jeopardized by the offender's 26 incarceration. Participation in the home detention program for medical 27 or health-related reasons is conditioned on the offender abiding by the rules of the home detention program and complying with court-ordered 28 29 restitution.

30 Sec. 3. RCW 9A.44.130 and 1994 c 84 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

32 (1) Any adult or juvenile residing in this state who has been found 33 to have committed or has been convicted of any sex offense shall 34 register with the county sheriff for the county of the person's 35 residence.

(2) The person shall provide the county sheriff with the following
information when registering: (a) Name; (b) address; (c) date and
place of birth; (d) place of employment; (e) crime for which convicted;

1 (f) date and place of conviction; (g) aliases used; and (h) social
2 security number.

3 (3)(a) Sex offenders shall register within the following deadlines.
4 For purposes of this section the term "conviction" refers to adult
5 convictions and juvenile adjudications for sex offenses:

(i) SEX OFFENDERS IN CUSTODY. Sex offenders who committed a sex 6 7 offense on, before, or after February 28, 1990, and who, on or after 8 July 28, 1991, are in custody, as a result of that offense, of the 9 state department of corrections, the state department of social and 10 health services, a local division of youth services, or a local jail or juvenile detention facility, must register within twenty-four hours 11 from the time of release with the county sheriff for the county of the 12 13 person's residence. The agency that has jurisdiction over the offender shall provide notice to the sex offender of the duty to register. 14 15 Failure to register within twenty-four hours of release constitutes a violation of this section and is punishable as provided in subsection 16 17 (7) of this section.

(ii) SEX OFFENDERS NOT IN CUSTODY BUT UNDER STATE OR LOCAL 18 19 JURISDICTION. Sex offenders, who, on July 28, 1991, are not in custody 20 but are under the jurisdiction of the indeterminate sentence review board or under the department of correction's active supervision, as 21 defined by the department of corrections, the state department of 22 social and health services, or a local division of youth services, for 23 24 sex offenses committed before, on, or after February 28, 1990, must 25 register within ten days of July 28, 1991. A change in supervision 26 status of a sex offender who was required to register under this subsection (3)(a)(ii) as of July 28, 1991, shall not relieve the 27 offender of the duty to register or to reregister following a change in 28 29 residence. The obligation to register shall only cease pursuant to RCW 30 9A.44.140.

(iii) SEX OFFENDERS WHO ARE CONVICTED BUT NOT CONFINED. Sex offenders who are convicted of a sex offense on or after July 28, 1991, for a sex offense that was committed on or after February 28, 1990, but who are not sentenced to serve a term of confinement immediately upon sentencing, shall report to the county sheriff to register immediately upon completion of being sentenced.

(iv) SEX OFFENDERS WHO ARE NEW RESIDENTS OR RETURNING WASHINGTON
 RESIDENTS. Sex offenders who move to Washington state from another
 state that are not under the jurisdiction of the state department of

corrections, the indeterminate sentence review board, or the state 1 department of social and health services at the time of moving to 2 Washington, must register within thirty days of establishing residence 3 4 or reestablishing residence if the person is a former Washington 5 resident. The duty to register under this subsection applies to sex offenders convicted under the laws of another state, federal statutes, 6 7 or Washington state for offenses committed on or after February 28, 8 1990. Sex offenders from other states who, when they move to 9 Washington, are under the jurisdiction of the department of 10 corrections, the indeterminate sentence review board, or the department of social and health services must register within twenty-four hours of 11 moving to Washington. The agency that has jurisdiction over the 12 offender shall notify the offender of the registration requirements 13 14 before the offender moves to Washington.

(b) Failure to register within the time required under this section constitutes a per se violation of this section and is punishable as provided in subsection (7) of this section. The county sheriff shall not be required to determine whether the person is living within the county.

20 (c) An arrest on charges of failure to register, service of an information, or a complaint for a violation of this section, or 21 arraignment on charges for a violation of this section, constitutes 22 actual notice of the duty to register. Any person charged with the 23 24 crime of failure to register under this section who asserts as a 25 defense the lack of notice of the duty to register shall register immediately following actual notice of the duty through arrest, 26 service, or arraignment. Failure to register as required under this 27 subsection (c) constitutes grounds for filing another charge of failing 28 29 to register. Registering following arrest, service, or arraignment on 30 charges shall not relieve the offender from criminal liability for 31 failure to register prior to the filing of the original charge.

(d) The deadlines for the duty to register under this section do
not relieve any sex offender of the duty to register under this section
as it existed prior to July 28, 1991.

(4) If any person required to register pursuant to this section changes his or her residence address within the same county, the person must send written notice of the change of address to the county sheriff within ten days of establishing the new residence. If any person required to register pursuant to this section moves to a new county, 1 the person must register with the county sheriff in the new county 2 within ten days of establishing the new residence. The person must 3 also send written notice within ten days of the change of address in 4 the new county to the county sheriff with whom the person last 5 registered.

6 (5) The county sheriff shall obtain a photograph of the individual 7 and shall obtain a copy of the individual's fingerprints.

8 (6) "Sex offense" for the purpose of RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200, 9 43.43.540, 70.48.470, and 72.09.330 means any offense defined as a sex 10 offense by RCW 9.94A.030 <u>as well as any gross misdemeanor that is,</u> 11 <u>under chapter 9A.28 RCW, a criminal attempt, criminal solicitation, or</u> 12 <u>criminal conspiracy to commit an offense that is classified as a sex</u> 13 <u>offense under RCW 9.94A.030</u>.

(7) A person who knowingly fails to register as required by this 14 15 section is guilty of a class C felony if the crime for which the 16 individual was convicted was a class A felony or a federal or out-of-17 state conviction for an offense that under the laws of this state would be a class A felony. If the crime was other than a class A felony or 18 19 a federal or out-of-state conviction for an offense that under the laws 20 of this state would be a class A felony, violation of this section is 21 a gross misdemeanor.

22 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9A.44.140 and 1991 c 274 s 3 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

24 (1) The duty to register under RCW 9A.44.130 shall end:

(a) For a person convicted of a class A felony: Such person may
only be relieved of the duty to register under subsection (2) or (3) of
this section.

(b) For a person convicted of a class B felony: Fifteen years after the last date of release from confinement, if any, (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to the conviction, or entry of the judgment and sentence, if the person has spent fifteen consecutive years in the community without being convicted of any new offenses.

34 (c) For a person convicted of a class C felony <u>or an attempt</u>,
 35 <u>solicitation</u>, <u>or conspiracy to commit a class C felony</u>: Ten years
 36 after the last date of release from confinement, if any, (including
 37 full-time residential treatment) pursuant to the conviction, or entry

of the judgment and sentence, if the person has spent ten consecutive
 years in the community without being convicted of any new offenses.

3 (2) Any person having a duty to register under RCW 9A.44.130 may 4 petition the superior court to be relieved of that duty. The petition 5 shall be made to the court in which the petitioner was convicted of the offense that subjects him or her to the duty to register, or, in the 6 7 case of convictions in other states, to the court in Thurston county. 8 The prosecuting attorney of the county shall be named and served as the 9 respondent in any such petition. The court shall consider the nature 10 of the registrable offense committed, and the criminal and relevant noncriminal behavior of the petitioner both before and after 11 conviction, and may consider other factors. Except as provided in 12 subsection (3) of this section, the court may relieve the petitioner of 13 the duty to register only if the petitioner shows, with clear and 14 15 convincing evidence, that future registration of the petitioner will not serve the purposes of RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200, 43.43.540, 16 46.20.187, 70.48.470, and 72.09.330. 17

(3) An offender having a duty to register under RCW 9A.44.130 for 18 19 a sex offense committed when the offender was a juvenile may petition the superior court to be relieved of that duty. 20 The court shall consider the nature of the registrable offense committed, and the 21 22 criminal and relevant noncriminal behavior of the petitioner both before and after adjudication, and may consider other factors. 23 The 24 court may relieve the petitioner of the duty to register for a sex 25 offense that was committed while the petitioner was fifteen years of 26 age or older only if the petitioner shows, with clear and convincing 27 evidence, that future registration of the petitioner will not serve the purposes of RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200, 43.43.540, 46.20.187, 70.48.470, 28 29 and 72.09.330. The court may relieve the petitioner of the duty to 30 register for a sex offense that was committed while the petitioner was under the age of fifteen if the petitioner (a) has not been adjudicated 31 of any additional sex offenses during the twenty-four months following 32 the adjudication for the sex offense giving rise to the duty to 33 register, and (b) the petitioner proves by a preponderance of the 34 35 evidence that future registration of the petitioner will not serve the purposes of RCW 9A.44.130, 10.01.200, 43.43.540, 46.20.187, 70.48.470, 36 37 and 72.09.330.

1 (4) Unless relieved of the duty to register pursuant to this 2 section, a violation of RCW 9A.44.130 is an ongoing offense for 3 purposes of the statute of limitations under RCW 9A.04.080.

4 (5) Nothing in RCW 9.94A.220 relating to discharge of an offender 5 shall be construed as operating to relieve the offender of his or her 6 duty to register pursuant to RCW 9A.44.130.

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