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#### HOUSE BILL 1184

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State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Representative Appelwick

Read first time 01/16/95. Referred to Committee on Law and Justice.

1 AN ACT Relating to the uniform partnership act; adding a new 2 chapter to Title 25 RCW; creating new sections; repealing RCW 3 25.04.010, 25.04.020, 25.04.030, 25.04.040, 25.04.050, 25.04.060, 25.04.110, 25.04.120, 4 25.04.070, 25.04.080, 25.04.090, 25.04.100, 25.04.130, 25.04.140, 25.04.150, 25.04.160, 5 25.04.170, 25.04.180, 25.04.190, 25.04.200, 25.04.210, 25.04.220, 25.04.230, 25.04.240, 6 7 25.04.250, 25.04.260, 25.04.270, 25.04.280, 25.04.290, 25.04.300, 8 25.04.310, 25.04.320, 25.04.330, 25.04.340, 25.04.350, 25.04.360, 25.04.370, 25.04.380, 25.04.390, 25.04.400, 25.04.410, 25.04.420, and 25.04.430; and providing an effective date. 10

11 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

12 ARTICLE 1

13 GENERAL PROVISIONS

- 14 Section 101 Definitions.
- 15 Section 102 Knowledge and notice.
- 16 Section 103 Effect of partnership agreement--Nonwaivable
- 17 provisions.
- 18 Section 104 Supplemental principles of law.
- 19 Section 105 Execution, filing, and recording of statements.

p. 1 HB 1184

1 Section 106 Law governing internal relations.

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- 2 Section 107 Partnership subject to amendment or repeal of chapter.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 101.** DEFINITIONS. In this chapter:
- 4 (1) "Business" includes every trade, occupation, and profession.
  - (2) "Debtor in bankruptcy" means a person who is the subject of:
- 6 (a) An order for relief under Title 11 of the United States Code or 7 a comparable order under a successor statute of general application; or
- 8 (b) A comparable order under federal, state, or foreign law 9 governing insolvency.
- 10 (3) "Distribution" means a transfer of money or other property from 11 a partnership to a partner in the partner's capacity as a partner or to 12 the partner's transferee.
- 13 (4) "Partnership" means an association of two or more persons to 14 carry on as coowners a business for profit formed under section 202 of 15 this act, predecessor law, or comparable law of another jurisdiction.
- 16 (5) "Partnership agreement" means the agreement, whether written, 17 oral, or implied, among the partners concerning the partnership, 18 including amendments to the partnership agreement.
- 19 (6) "Partnership at will" means a partnership in which the partners 20 have not agreed to remain partners until the expiration of a definite 21 term or the completion of a particular undertaking.
- (7) "Partnership interest" or "partner's interest in the partnership" means all of a partner's interests in the partnership, including the partner's transferable interest and all management and other rights.
- (8) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, association, joint venture, government, governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality, or any other legal or commercial entity.
- 30 (9) "Property" means all property, real, personal, or mixed, 31 tangible or intangible, or any interest therein.
- 32 (10) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of 33 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, or any territory or insular 34 possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.
- 35 (11) "Statement" means a statement of partnership authority under 36 section 303 of this act, a statement of denial under section 304 of 37 this act, a statement of dissociation under section 704 of this act, a

- 1 statement of dissolution under section 805 of this act, a statement of
- 2 merger under section 907 of this act, or an amendment or cancellation
- 3 of any of the foregoing.
- 4 (12) "Transfer" includes an assignment, conveyance, lease,
- 5 mortgage, deed, and encumbrance.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 102. KNOWLEDGE AND NOTICE. (1) A person knows
- 7 a fact if the person has actual knowledge of it.
- 8 (2) A person has notice of a fact if the person:
- 9 (a) Knows of it;

- 10 (b) Has received a notification of it; or
- 11 (c) Has reason to know it exists from all of the facts known to the 12 person at the time in question.
- 13 (3) A person notifies or gives a notification to another by taking 14 steps reasonably required to inform the other person in ordinary 15 course, whether or not the other person learns of it.
  - (4) A person receives a notification when the notification:
- 17 (a) Comes to the person's attention; or
- 18 (b) Is duly delivered at the person's place of business or at any 19 other place held out by the person as a place for receiving 20 communications.
- (5) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (6) of this section, 21 a person other than an individual knows, has notice, or receives a 22 23 notification of a fact for purposes of a particular transaction when 24 the individual conducting the transaction knows, has notice, or 25 receives a notification of the fact, or in any event when the fact would have been brought to the individual's attention if the person had 26 27 exercised reasonable diligence. The person exercises reasonable diligence if it maintains reasonable routines for communicating 28 29 significant information to the individual conducting the transaction 30 and there is reasonable compliance with the routines. Reasonable diligence does not require an individual acting for the person to 31 32 communicate information unless the communication is part of the 33 individual's regular duties or the individual has reason to know of the 34 transaction and that the transaction would be materially affected by the information. 35
- 36 (6) A partner's knowledge, notice, or receipt of a notification of 37 a fact relating to the partnership is effective immediately as 38 knowledge by, notice to, or receipt of a notification by the

p. 3 HB 1184

- 1 partnership, except in the case of a fraud on the partnership committed
- 2 by or with the consent of that partner.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 103.** EFFECT OF PARTNERSHIP AGREEMENT--
- 4 NONWAIVABLE PROVISIONS. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection
- 5 (2) of this section, relations among the partners and between the
- 6 partners and the partnership are governed by the partnership agreement.
- 7 To the extent the partnership agreement does not otherwise provide,
- 8 this chapter governs relations among the partners and between the
- 9 partners and the partnership.
- 10 (2) The partnership agreement may not:
- 11 (a) Vary the rights and duties under section 105 of this act except
- 12 to eliminate the duty to provide copies of statements to all of the
- 13 partners;
- 14 (b) Unreasonably restrict the right of access to books and records
- 15 under section 403(2) of this act;
- 16 (c) Eliminate the duty of loyalty under section 404(2) or 603(2)(c)
- 17 of this act, but:
- 18 (i) The partnership agreement may identify specific types or
- 19 categories of activities that do not violate the duty of loyalty, if
- 20 not manifestly unreasonable; or
- 21 (ii) All of the partners or a number or percentage specified in the
- 22 partnership agreement may authorize or ratify, after full disclosure of
- 23 all material facts, a specific act or transaction that otherwise would
- 24 violate the duty of loyalty;
- 25 (d) Unreasonably reduce the duty of care under section 404(3) or
- 26 603(2)(c) of this act;
- (e) Eliminate the obligation of good faith and fair dealing under
- 28 section 404(4) of this act, but the partnership agreement may
- 29 prescribe the standards by which the performance of the obligation is
- 30 to be measured, if the standards are not manifestly unreasonable;
- 31 (f) Vary the power to dissociate as a partner under section 602(1)
- 32 of this act, except to require the notice under section 601(1) of this
- 33 act to be in writing;
- 34 (g) Vary the right of a court to expel a partner in the events
- 35 specified in section 601(5) of this act;
- 36 (h) Vary the requirement to wind up the partnership business in
- 37 cases specified in section 801 (4), (5), or (6) of this act; or
- 38 (i) Restrict the rights of third parties under this chapter.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 104. SUPPLEMENTAL PRINCIPLES OF LAW. (1)
  Unless displaced by particular provisions of this chapter, the
  principles of law and equity supplement this chapter.
- 4 (2) If an obligation to pay interest arises under this chapter and 5 the rate is not specified, the rate is that specified in the 6 appropriate Washington statute.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 105. EXECUTION, FILING, AND RECORDING OF STATEMENTS. (1) A statement may be filed in the office of the secretary of state. A certified copy of a statement that is filed in an office in another state may be filed in the office of the secretary of state. Either filing has the effect provided in this chapter with respect to partnership property located in or transactions that occur in this state.
- (2) A certified copy of a statement that has been filed in the office of the secretary of state and recorded in the office for recording transfers of real property has the effect provided for recorded statements in this chapter. A recorded statement that is not a certified copy of a statement filed in the office of the secretary of state does not have the effect provided for recorded statements in this chapter.
- (3) A statement filed by a partnership must be executed by at least two partners. Other statements must be executed by a partner or other person authorized by this chapter. An individual who executes a statement as, or on behalf of, a partner or other person named as a partner in a statement shall personally declare under penalty of perjury that the contents of the statement are accurate.
- 27 (4) A person authorized by this chapter to file a statement may 28 amend or cancel the statement by filing an amendment or cancellation 29 that names the partnership, identifies the statement, and states the 30 substance of the amendment or cancellation.
- 31 (5) A person who files a statement pursuant to this section shall 32 promptly send a copy of the statement to every nonfiling partner and to 33 any other person named as a partner in the statement. Failure to send 34 a copy of a statement to a partner or other person does not limit the 35 effectiveness of the statement as to a person not a partner.
- 36 (6) The secretary of state may collect a fee for filing or 37 providing a certified copy of a statement. The officer responsible for

p. 5 HB 1184

- 1 recording transfers of real property may collect a fee for recording a
- 2 statement.
- 3 NEW SECTION. Sec. 106. LAW GOVERNING INTERNAL RELATIONS. The law
- 4 of the jurisdiction in which a partnership has its chief executive
- 5 office governs relations among the partners and between the partners
- 6 and the partnership.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 107.** PARTNERSHIP SUBJECT TO AMENDMENT OR REPEAL
- 8 OF CHAPTER. A partnership governed by this chapter is subject to any
- 9 amendment to or repeal of this chapter.
- 10 ARTICLE 2
- 11 NATURE OF PARTNERSHIP
- 12 Section 201 Partnership as entity.
- 13 Section 202 Formation of partnership.
- 14 Section 203 Partnership property.
- 15 Section 204 When property is partnership property.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 201.** PARTNERSHIP AS ENTITY. A partnership is
- 17 an entity distinct from its partners.
- 18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 202.** FORMATION OF PARTNERSHIP. (1) Except as
- 19 otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, the association
- 20 of two or more persons to carry on as coowners a business for profit
- 21 forms a partnership, whether or not the persons intend to form a
- 22 partnership.
- 23 (2) An association formed under a statute other than this chapter,
- 24 a predecessor statute, or a comparable statute of another jurisdiction
- 25 is not a partnership under this chapter.
- 26 (3) In determining whether a partnership is formed, the following
- 27 rules apply:
- 28 (a) Joint tenancy, tenancy in common, tenancy by the entireties,
- 29 joint property, common property, or part ownership does not by itself
- 30 establish a partnership, even if the coowners share profits made by the
- 31 use of the property.

нв 1184 р. 6

- 1 (b) The sharing of gross returns does not by itself establish a 2 partnership, even if the persons sharing them have a joint or common 3 right or interest in property from which the returns are derived.
- 4 (c) A person who receives a share of the profits of a business is 5 presumed to be a partner in the business, unless the profits were 6 received in payment:
  - (i) Of a debt by installments or otherwise;
- 8 (ii) For services as an independent contractor or of wages or other 9 compensation to an employee;
- 10 (iii) Of rent;

- 11 (iv) Of an annuity or other retirement benefit to a beneficiary, 12 representative, or designee of a deceased or retired partner;
- (v) Of interest or other charge on a loan, even if the amount of payment varies with the profits of the business, including a direct or indirect present or future ownership of the collateral, or rights to income, proceeds, or increase in value derived from the collateral; or (vi) For the sale of the goodwill of a business or other property by installments or otherwise.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 203. PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY. Property acquired by a partnership is property of the partnership and not of the partners individually.
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 204.** WHEN PROPERTY IS PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY.
- 23 (1) Property is partnership property if acquired in the name of:
- 24 (a) The partnership; or
- (b) One or more partners with an indication in the instrument transferring title to the property of the person's capacity as a partner or of the existence of a partnership but without an indication of the name of the partnership.
- 29 (2) Property is acquired in the name of the partnership by a 30 transfer to:
- 31 (a) The partnership in its name; or
- 32 (b) One or more partners in their capacity as partners in the 33 partnership, if the name of the partnership is indicated in the 34 instrument transferring title to the property.
- 35 (3) Property is presumed to be partnership property if purchased 36 with partnership assets, even if not acquired in the name of the 37 partnership or of one or more partners with an indication in the

p. 7 HB 1184

- 1 instrument transferring title to the property of the person's capacity 2 as a partner or of the existence of a partnership.
- 3 (4) Property acquired in the name of one or more of the partners, 4 without an indication in the instrument transferring title to the 5 property of the person's capacity as a partner or of the existence of 6 a partnership and without use of partnership assets, is presumed to be 7 separate property, even if used for partnership purposes.

#### 8 ARTICLE 3 9 RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO PERSONS DEALING WITH PARTNERSHIP 10 Section 301 Partner agent of partnership. 11 Section 302 Transfer of partnership property. 12 Section 303 Statement of partnership authority. 13 Section 304 Statement of denial. 14 Section 305 15 Partnership liable for partner's actionable conduct. 16 Section 306 Partner's liability. Section 307 Actions by and against partnership and partners. 17

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. PARTNER AGENT OF PARTNERSHIP. Subject to the effect of a statement of partnership authority under section 303 of this act:

Liability of purported partner.

- (1) Each partner is an agent of the partnership for the purpose of 22 its business. An act of a partner, including the execution of an 23 24 instrument in the partnership name, for apparently carrying on in the ordinary course the partnership business or business of the kind 25 26 carried on by the partnership binds the partnership, unless the partner had no authority to act for the partnership in the particular matter 27 and the person with whom the partner was dealing knew or had received 28 29 a notification that the partner lacked authority.
- (2) An act of a partner which is not apparently for carrying on in the ordinary course the partnership business or business of the kind carried on by the partnership binds the partnership only if the act was authorized by the other partners.
- 34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 302.** TRANSFER OF PARTNERSHIP PROPERTY.
- 35 (1) Partnership property may be transferred as follows:

HB 1184 p. 8

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Section 308

1 (a) Subject to the effect of a statement of partnership authority 2 under section 303 of this act, partnership property held in the name of 3 the partnership may be transferred by an instrument of transfer 4 executed by a partner in the partnership name.

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- (b) Partnership property held in the name of one or more partners with an indication in the instrument transferring the property to them of their capacity as partners or of the existence of a partnership, but without an indication of the name of the partnership, may be transferred by an instrument of transfer executed by the persons in whose name the property is held.
- 11 (c) Partnership property held in the name of one or more persons 12 other than the partnership, without an indication in the instrument 13 transferring the property to them of their capacity as partners or of 14 the existence of a partnership, may be transferred by an instrument of 15 transfer executed by the persons in whose name the property is held.
- 16 (2) A partnership may recover partnership property from a 17 transferee only if it proves that execution of the instrument of 18 initial transfer did not bind the partnership under section 301 of this 19 act and:
- (a) As to a subsequent transferee who gave value for property transferred under subsection (1)(a) or (b) of this section, proves that the subsequent transferee knew or had received a notification that the person who executed the instrument of initial transfer lacked authority to bind the partnership; or
- (b) As to a transferee who gave value for property transferred under subsection (1)(c) of this section, proves that the transferee knew or had received a notification that the property was partnership property and that the person who executed the instrument of initial transfer lacked authority to bind the partnership.
- 30 (3) A partnership may not recover partnership property from a 31 subsequent transferee if the partnership would not have been entitled 32 to recover the property, under subsection (2) of this section, from any 33 earlier transferee of the property.
- 34 (4) If a person holds all of the partners' interests in the 35 partnership, all of the partnership property vests in that person. The 36 person may execute a document in the name of the partnership to 37 evidence vesting of the property in that person and may file or record 38 the document.

p. 9 HB 1184

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 303.** STATEMENT OF PARTNERSHIP AUTHORITY. (1)
- 2 A partnership may file a statement of partnership authority, which:
  - (a) Must include:

- 4 (i) The name of the partnership;
- 5 (ii) The street address of its chief executive office and of one 6 office in this state, if there is one;
- 7 (iii) The names and mailing addresses of all of the partners or of 8 an agent appointed and maintained by the partnership for the purpose of 9 subsection (2) of this section; and
- 10 (iv) The names of the partners authorized to execute an instrument 11 transferring real property held in the name of the partnership; and
- 12 (b) May state the authority, or limitations on the authority, of 13 some or all of the partners to enter into other transactions on behalf 14 of the partnership and any other matter.
- 15 (2) If a statement of partnership authority names an agent, the 16 agent shall maintain a list of the names and mailing addresses of all 17 of the partners and make it available to any person on request for good 18 cause shown.
- 19 (3) If a filed statement of partnership authority is executed 20 pursuant to section 105(3) of this act and states the name of the 21 partnership but does not contain all of the other information required 22 by subsection (1) of this section, the statement nevertheless operates 23 with respect to a person not a partner as provided in subsections (4) 24 and (5) of this section.
- (4) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (7) of this section, a filed statement of partnership authority supplements the authority of a partner to enter into transactions on behalf of the partnership as follows:
- (a) Except for transfers of real property, a grant of authority contained in a filed statement of partnership authority is conclusive in favor of a person who gives value without knowledge to the contrary, so long as and to the extent that a limitation on that authority is not then contained in another filed statement. A filed cancellation of a limitation on authority revives the previous grant of authority.
- 35 (b) A grant of authority to transfer real property held in the name 36 of the partnership contained in a certified copy of a filed statement 37 of partnership authority recorded in the office for recording transfers 38 of that real property is conclusive in favor of a person who gives 39 value without knowledge to the contrary, so long as and to the extent

- that a certified copy of a filed statement containing a limitation on that authority is not then of record in the office for recording transfers of that real property. The recording in the office for recording transfers of that real property of a certified copy of a filed cancellation of a limitation on authority revives the previous grant of authority.
- 7 (5) A person not a partner is deemed to know of a limitation on the 8 authority of a partner to transfer real property held in the name of 9 the partnership if a certified copy of the filed statement containing 10 the limitation on authority is of record in the office for recording 11 transfers of that real property.
- (6) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (4) and (5) of this section and sections 704 and 805 of this act, a person not a partner is not deemed to know of a limitation on the authority of a partner merely because the limitation is contained in a filed statement.
- 16 (7) Unless earlier canceled, a filed statement of partnership 17 authority is canceled by operation of law five years after the date on 18 which the statement, or the most recent amendment, was filed with the 19 secretary of state.
- 20 NEW SECTION. Sec. 304. STATEMENT OF DENIAL. A partner or other 21 person named as a partner in a filed statement of partnership authority 22 or in a list maintained by an agent pursuant to section 303(2) of this 23 act may file a statement of denial stating the name of the partnership and the fact that is being denied, which may include denial of a 24 25 person's authority or status as a partner. A statement of denial is a limitation on authority as provided in section 303 (4) and (5) of this 26 27 act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 305. PARTNERSHIP LIABLE FOR PARTNER'S ACTIONABLE CONDUCT. (1) A partnership is liable for loss or injury caused to a person, or for a penalty incurred, as a result of a wrongful act or omission, or other actionable conduct, of a partner acting in the ordinary course of business of the partnership or with authority of the partnership.
- 34 (2) If, in the course of the partnership's business or while acting 35 with authority of the partnership, a partner receives or causes the 36 partnership to receive money or property of a person not a partner, and

p. 11 HB 1184

- 1 the money or property is misapplied by a partner, the partnership is
- 2 liable for the loss.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 306.** PARTNER'S LIABILITY. (1) Except as
- 4 otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section, all partners are
- 5 liable jointly and severally for all obligations of the partnership
- 6 unless otherwise agreed by the claimant or provided by law.
- 7 (2) A person admitted as a partner into an existing partnership is
- 8 not personally liable for any partnership obligation incurred before
- 9 the person's admission as a partner.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 307.** ACTIONS BY AND AGAINST PARTNERSHIP AND
- 11 PARTNERS. (1) A partnership may sue and be sued in the name of the
- 12 partnership.
- 13 (2) An action may be brought against the partnership and any or all
- 14 of the partners in the same action or in separate actions.
- 15 (3) A judgment against a partnership is not by itself a judgment
- 16 against a partner. A judgment against a partnership may not be
- 17 satisfied from a partner's assets unless there is also a judgment
- 18 against the partner.
- 19 (4) A judgment creditor of a partner may not levy execution against
- 20 the assets of the partner to satisfy a judgment based on a claim
- 21 against the partnership unless:
- 22 (a) A judgment based on the same claim has been obtained against
- 23 the partnership and a writ of execution on the judgment has been
- 24 returned unsatisfied in whole or in part;
- 25 (b) The partnership is a debtor in bankruptcy;
- 26 (c) The partner has agreed that the creditor need not exhaust
- 27 partnership assets;
- 28 (d) A court grants permission to the judgment creditor to levy
- 29 execution against the assets of a partner based on a finding that
- 30 partnership assets subject to execution are clearly insufficient to
- 31 satisfy the judgment, that exhaustion of partnership assets is
- 32 excessively burdensome, or that the grant of permission is an
- 33 appropriate exercise of the court's equitable powers; or
- 34 (e) Liability is imposed on the partner by law or contract
- 35 independent of the existence of the partnership.

нв 1184 р. 12

(5) This section applies to any partnership liability or obligation resulting from a representation by a partner or purported partner under section 308 of this act.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 308. LIABILITY OF PURPORTED PARTNER. (1) If a 4 person, by words or conduct, purports to be a partner, or consents to 5 being represented by another as a partner, in a partnership or with one 6 7 or more persons not partners, the purported partner is liable to a person to whom the representation is made, if that person, relying on 8 9 the representation, enters into a transaction with the actual or purported partnership. If the representation, either by the purported 10 11 partner or by a person with the purported partner's consent, is made in 12 a public manner, the purported partner is liable to a person who relies upon the purported partnership even if the purported partner is not 13 14 aware of being held out as a partner to the claimant. If partnership 15 liability results, the purported partner is liable with respect to that 16 liability as if the purported partner were a partner. partnership liability results, the purported partner is liable with 17 18 respect to that liability jointly and severally with any other person 19 consenting to the representation.
  - (2) If a person is thus represented to be a partner in an existing partnership, or with one or more persons not partners, the purported partner is an agent of persons consenting to the representation to bind them to the same extent and in the same manner as if the purported partner were a partner, with respect to persons who enter into transactions in reliance upon the representation. If all of the partners of the existing partnership consent to the representation, a partnership act or obligation results. If fewer than all of the partners of the existing partnership consent to the representation, the person acting and the partners consenting to the representation are jointly and severally liable.
- 31 (3) A person is not liable as a partner merely because the person 32 is named by another in a statement of partnership authority.
- 33 (4) A person does not continue to be liable as a partner merely 34 because of a failure to file a statement of dissociation or to amend a 35 statement of partnership authority to indicate the partner's 36 dissociation from the partnership.

p. 13 HB 1184

1 (5) Except as otherwise provided in subsections (1) and (2) of this 2 section, persons who are not partners as to each other are not liable 3 as partners to other persons.

#### 4 ARTICLE 4

# 5 RELATIONS OF PARTNERS TO EACH OTHER AND TO PARTNERSHIP

- 6 Section 401 Partner's rights and duties.
- 7 Section 402 Distributions in kind.
- 8 Section 403 Partner's rights and duties with respect to information.
- 10 Section 404 General standards of partner's conduct.
- 11 Section 405 Actions by partnership and partners.
- 12 Section 406 Continuation of partnership beyond definite term or
- particular undertaking.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 401. PARTNER'S RIGHTS AND DUTIES. (1) Each partner is deemed to have an account that is:
- (a) Credited with an amount equal to the money plus the value of any other property, net of the amount of any liabilities, the partner contributes to the partnership and the partner's share of the
- 19 partnership profits; and
- (b) Charged with an amount equal to the money plus the value of any other property, net of the amount of any liabilities, distributed by the partnership to the partner and the partner's share of the partnership losses.
- (2) Each partner is entitled to an equal share of the partnership profits and is chargeable with a share of the partnership losses in proportion to the partner's share of the profits.
- (3) A partnership shall reimburse a partner for payments made and indemnify a partner for liabilities incurred by the partner in the ordinary course of the business of the partnership or for the preservation of its business or property.
- 31 (4) A partnership shall reimburse a partner for an advance to the 32 partnership beyond the amount of capital the partner agreed to 33 contribute.
- 34 (5) A payment or advance made by a partner which gives rise to a 35 partnership obligation under subsection (3) or (4) of this section

- 1 constitutes a loan to the partnership which accrues interest from the 2 date of the payment or advance.
- 3 (6) Each partner has equal rights in the management and conduct of 4 the partnership business.
- 5 (7) A partner may use or possess partnership property only on 6 behalf of the partnership.
- 7 (8) A partner is not entitled to remuneration for services 8 performed for the partnership, except for reasonable compensation for 9 services rendered in winding up the business of the partnership.
- 10 (9) A person may become a partner only with the consent of all of 11 the partners.
- 12 (10) A difference arising as to a matter in the ordinary course of 13 business of a partnership may be decided by a majority of the partners.
- 14 An act outside the ordinary course of business of a partnership and an
- 15 amendment to the partnership agreement may be undertaken only with the
- 16 consent of all of the partners.
- 17 (11) This section does not affect the obligations of a partnership 18 to other persons under section 301 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 402. DISTRIBUTIONS IN KIND. A partner has no right to receive, and may not be required to accept, a distribution in kind.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 403. PARTNER'S RIGHTS AND DUTIES WITH RESPECT TO INFORMATION. (1) A partnership shall keep its books and records, if any, at its chief executive office.
- 25 (2) A partnership shall provide partners and their agents and attorneys access to its books and records. It shall provide former 26 partners and their agents and attorneys access to books and records 27 28 pertaining to the period during which they were partners. The right of access provides the opportunity to inspect and copy books and records 29 during ordinary business hours. A partnership may impose a reasonable 30 31 charge, covering the costs of labor and material, for copies of 32 documents furnished.
- (3) Each partner and the partnership shall furnish to a partner, and to the legal representative of a deceased partner or partner under legal disability:
- 36 (a) Without demand, any information concerning the partnership's 37 business and affairs reasonably required for the proper exercise of the

p. 15 HB 1184

- 1 partner's rights and duties under the partnership agreement or this 2 chapter; and
- 3 (b) On demand, any other information concerning the partnership's 4 business and affairs, except to the extent the demand or the 5 information demanded is unreasonable or otherwise improper under the 6 circumstances.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 404. GENERAL STANDARDS OF PARTNER'S CONDUCT.
- 8 (1) The only fiduciary duties a partner owes to the partnership and the
- 9 other partners are the duty of loyalty and the duty of care set forth
- 10 in subsections (2) and (3) of this section.

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- 11 (2) A partner's duty of loyalty to the partnership and the other 12 partners is limited to the following:
- 13 (a) To account to the partnership and hold as trustee for it any 14 property, profit, or benefit derived by the partner in the conduct and 15 winding up of the partnership business or derived from a use by the 16 partner of partnership property, including the appropriation of a 17 partnership opportunity;
- (b) To refrain from dealing with the partnership in the conduct or winding up of the partnership business as or on behalf of a party having an interest adverse to the partnership; and
- 21 (c) To refrain from competing with the partnership in the conduct 22 of the partnership business before the dissolution of the partnership.
  - (3) A partner's duty of care to the partnership and the other partners in the conduct and winding up of the partnership business is limited to refraining from engaging in grossly negligent or reckless conduct, intentional misconduct, or a knowing violation of law.
- 27 (4) A partner shall discharge the duties to the partnership and the 28 other partners under this chapter or under the partnership agreement 29 and exercise any rights consistently with the obligation of good faith 30 and fair dealing.
- 31 (5) A partner does not violate a duty or obligation under this 32 chapter or under the partnership agreement merely because the partner's 33 conduct furthers the partner's own interest.
- 34 (6) A partner may lend money to and transact other business with 35 the partnership, and as to each loan or transaction, the rights and 36 obligations of the partner are the same as those of a person who is not 37 a partner, subject to other applicable law.

- 1 (7) This section applies to a person winding up the partnership 2 business as the personal or legal representative of the last surviving 3 partner as if the person were a partner.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 405. ACTIONS BY PARTNERSHIP AND PARTNERS. (1)
  A partnership may maintain an action against a partner for a breach of
  the partnership agreement, or for the violation of a duty to the
  partnership, causing harm to the partnership.
- 8 (2) A partner may maintain an action against the partnership or 9 another partner for legal or equitable relief, with or without an 10 accounting as to partnership business, to:
- 11 (a) Enforce the partner's rights under the partnership agreement;

- (b) enforce the partner's rights under this chapter, including:
- (i) The partner's rights under section 401, 403, or 404 of this act;
- (ii) The partner's right on dissociation to have the partner's interest in the partnership purchased pursuant to section 701 of this act or enforce any other right under article 6 or 7 of this chapter; or
- (iii) The partner's right to compel a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business under section 801 of this act or enforce any other right under article 8 of this chapter; or
- (c) Enforce the rights and otherwise protect the interests of the partner, including rights and interests arising independently of the partnership relationship.
- 24 (3) The accrual of, and any time limitation on, a right of action 25 for a remedy under this section is governed by other law. A right to 26 an accounting upon a dissolution and winding up does not revive a claim 27 barred by law.
- 28 NEW SECTION. Sec. 406. CONTINUATION OF PARTNERSHIP BEYOND 29 DEFINITE TERM OR PARTICULAR UNDERTAKING. (1) If a partnership for a definite term or particular undertaking is continued, without an 30 express agreement, after the expiration of the term or completion of 31 the undertaking, the rights and duties of the partners remain the same 32 33 as they were at the expiration or completion, so far as is consistent with a partnership at will. 34
- 35 (2) If the partners, or those of them who habitually acted in the 36 business during the term or undertaking, continue the business without

p. 17 HB 1184

- 1 any settlement or liquidation of the partnership, they are presumed to
- 2 have agreed that the partnership will continue.

3 ARTICLE 5

## 4 TRANSFEREES AND CREDITORS OF PARTNER

- 5 Section 501 Partner not coowner of partnership property.
- 6 Section 502 Partner's transferable interest in partnership.
- 7 Section 503 Transfer of partner's transferable interest.
- 8 Section 504 Partner's transferable interest subject to charging
- 9 order.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 501.** PARTNER NOT COOWNER OF PARTNERSHIP
- 11 PROPERTY. A partner is not a coowner of partnership property and has
- 12 no interest in partnership property which can be transferred, either
- 13 voluntarily or involuntarily.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 502.** PARTNER'S TRANSFERABLE INTEREST IN
- 15 PARTNERSHIP. The only transferable interest of a partner in the
- 16 partnership is the partner's share of the profits and losses of the
- 17 partnership and the partner's right to receive distributions. The
- 18 interest is personal property.
- 19 NEW SECTION. Sec. 503. TRANSFER OF PARTNER'S TRANSFERABLE
- 20 INTEREST. (1) A transfer, in whole or in part, of a partner's
- 21 transferable interest in the partnership:
- 22 (a) Is permissible;
- 23 (b) Does not by itself cause the partner's dissociation or a
- 24 dissolution and winding up of the partnership business; and
- 25 (c) Does not, as against the other partners or the partnership,
- 26 entitle the transferee, during the continuance of the partnership, to
- 27 participate in the management or conduct of the partnership business,
- 28 to require access to information concerning partnership transactions,
- 29 or to inspect or copy the partnership books or records.
- 30 (2) A transferee of a partner's transferable interest in the
- 31 partnership has a right:
- 32 (a) To receive, in accordance with the transfer, distributions to
- 33 which the transferor would otherwise be entitled;

нв 1184 р. 18

- 1 (b) To receive upon the dissolution and winding up of the 2 partnership business, in accordance with the transfer, the net amount 3 otherwise distributable to the transferor; and
- 4 (c) To seek under section 801(6) of this act a judicial determination that it is equitable to wind up the partnership business.
- 6 (3) In a dissolution and winding up, a transferee is entitled to an 7 account of partnership transactions only from the date of the latest 8 account agreed to by all of the partners.
- 9 (4) Upon transfer, the transferor retains the rights and duties of 10 a partner other than the interest in distributions transferred.
- 11 (5) A partnership need not give effect to a transferee's rights 12 under this section until it has notice of the transfer.
- 13 (6) A transfer of a partner's transferable interest in the 14 partnership in violation of a restriction on transfer contained in the 15 partnership agreement is ineffective as to a person having notice of 16 the restriction at the time of transfer.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 504. PARTNER'S TRANSFERABLE INTEREST SUBJECT TO 17 18 CHARGING ORDER. (1) On application by a judgment creditor of a partner 19 or of a partner's transferee, a court having jurisdiction may charge the transferable interest of the judgment debtor to satisfy the 20 The court may appoint a receiver of the share of the 21 distributions due or to become due to the judgment debtor in respect of 22 23 the partnership and make all other orders, directions, accounts, and 24 inquiries the judgment debtor might have made or which the 25 circumstances of the case may require.
- (2) A charging order constitutes a lien on the judgment debtor's transferable interest in the partnership. The court may order a foreclosure of the interest subject to the charging order at any time.

  The purchaser at the foreclosure sale has the rights of a transferee.
- 30 (3) At any time before foreclosure, an interest charged may be 31 redeemed:
- 32 (a) By the judgment debtor;
- 33 (b) with property other than partnership property, by one or more 34 of the other partners; or
- 35 (c) With partnership property, by one or more of the other partners 36 with the consent of all of the partners whose interests are not so 37 charged.

p. 19 HB 1184

- 1 (4) This chapter does not deprive a partner of a right under 2 exemption laws with respect to the partner's interest in the 3 partnership.
- 4 (5) This section provides the exclusive remedy by which a judgment 5 creditor of a partner or partner's transferee may satisfy a judgment 6 out of the judgment debtor's transferable interest in the partnership.

# 7 ARTICLE 6

#### 8 PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION

- 9 Section 601 Events causing partner's dissociation.
- 10 Section 602 Partner's power to dissociate -- Wrongful dissociation.
- 11 Section 603 Effect of partner's dissociation.
- 12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 601. EVENTS CAUSING PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION. A
- 13 partner is dissociated from a partnership upon the occurrence of any of
- 14 the following events:
- 15 (1) The partnership's having notice of the partner's express will
- 16 to withdraw as a partner or on a later date specified by the partner;
- 17 (2) An event agreed to in the partnership agreement as causing the
- 18 partner's dissociation;
- 19 (3) The partner's expulsion pursuant to the partnership agreement;
- 20 (4) The partner's expulsion by the unanimous vote of the other
- 21 partners if:
- 22 (a) It is unlawful to carry on the partnership business with that
- 23 partner;
- 24 (b) There has been a transfer of all or substantially all of that
- 25 partner's transferable interest in the partnership, other than a
- 26 transfer for security purposes, or a court order charging the partner's
- 27 interest, which has not been foreclosed;
- 28 (c) Within ninety days after the partnership notifies a corporate
- 29 partner that it will be expelled because it has filed a certificate of
- 30 dissolution or the equivalent, its charter has been revoked, or its
- 31 right to conduct business has been suspended by the jurisdiction of its
- 32 incorporation, there is no revocation of the certificate of dissolution
- 33 or no reinstatement of its charter or its right to conduct business; or
- 34 (d) A partnership that is a partner has been dissolved and its
- 35 business is being wound up;

- 1 (5) On application by the partnership or another partner, the 2 partner's expulsion by judicial determination because:
- 3 (a) The partner engaged in wrongful conduct that adversely and 4 materially affected the partnership business;
- 5 (b) The partner willfully or persistently committed a material 6 breach of the partnership agreement or of a duty owed to the 7 partnership or the other partners under section 404 of this act; or
- 8 (c) The partner engaged in conduct relating to the partnership 9 business which makes it not reasonably practicable to carry on the 10 business in partnership with the partner;
- 11 (6) The partner's:

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- (a) Becoming a debtor in bankruptcy;
  - (b) Executing an assignment for the benefit of creditors;
- (c) Seeking, consenting to, or acquiescing in the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of that partner or of all or substantially all of that partner's property; or
- (d) Failing, within ninety days after the appointment, to have vacated or stayed the appointment of a trustee, receiver, or liquidator of the partner or of all or substantially all of the partner's property obtained without the partner's consent or acquiescence, or failing within ninety days after the expiration of a stay to have the appointment vacated;
  - (7) In the case of a partner who is an individual:
- 24 (a) The partner's death;
- 25 (b) The appointment of a guardian or general conservator for the 26 partner; or
- (c) A judicial determination that the partner has otherwise become incapable of performing the partner's duties under the partnership agreement;
- 30 (8) In the case of a partner that is a trust or is acting as a 31 partner by virtue of being a trustee of a trust, distribution of the 32 trust's entire transferable interest in the partnership, but not merely 33 by reason of the substitution of a successor trustee;
- (9) In the case of a partner that is an estate or is acting as a partner by virtue of being a personal representative of an estate, distribution of the estate's entire transferable interest in the partnership, but not merely by reason of the substitution of a successor personal representative; or

p. 21 HB 1184

- 1 (10) Termination of a partner who is not an individual,
- 2 partnership, corporation, trust, or estate.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 602. PARTNER'S POWER TO DISSOCIATE--WRONGFUL
- 4 DISSOCIATION. (1) A partner has the power to dissociate at any time,
- 5 rightfully or wrongfully, by express will pursuant to section 601(1) of
- 6 this act.
- 7 (2) A partner's dissociation is wrongful only if:
- 8 (a) It is in breach of an express provision of the partnership 9 agreement; or
- 10 (b) In the case of a partnership for a definite term or particular
- 11 undertaking, before the expiration of the term or the completion of the
- 12 undertaking:
- (i) The partner withdraws by express will, unless the withdrawal
- 14 follows within ninety days after another partner's dissociation by
- 15 death or otherwise under section 601 (6) through (10) of this act or
- 16 wrongful dissociation under this subsection;
- 17 (ii) The partner is expelled by judicial determination under
- 18 section 601(5) of this act;
- 19 (iii) The partner is dissociated by becoming a debtor in
- 20 bankruptcy; or
- 21 (iv) In the case of a partner who is not an individual, trust other
- 22 than a business trust, or estate, the partner is expelled or otherwise
- 23 dissociated because it willfully dissolved or terminated.
- 24 (3) A partner who wrongfully dissociates is liable to the
- 25 partnership and to the other partners for damages caused by the
- 26 dissociation. The liability is in addition to any other obligation of
- 27 the partner to the partnership or to the other partners.
- 28 NEW SECTION. Sec. 603. EFFECT OF PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION. (1) If
- 29 a partner's dissociation results in a dissolution and winding up of the
- 30 partnership business, article 8 of this chapter applies; otherwise,
- 31 article 7 of this chapter applies.
- 32 (2) Upon a partner's dissociation:
- 33 (a) The partner's right to participate in the management and
- 34 conduct of the partnership business terminates, except as otherwise
- 35 provided in section 803 of this act;
- 36 (b) The partner's duty of loyalty under section 404(2)(c) of this
- 37 act terminates; and

1 (c) The partner's duty of loyalty under section 404(2) (a) and (b)
2 of this act and duty of care under section 404(3) of this act continue
3 only with regard to matters arising and events occurring before the
4 partner's dissociation, unless the partner participates in winding up
5 the partnership's business pursuant to section 803 of this act.

6 ARTICLE 7

# 7 PARTNER'S DISSOCIATION WHEN BUSINESS NOT WOUND UP

- 8 Section 701 Purchase of dissociated partner's interest.
- 9 Section 702 Dissociated partner's power to bind partnership.
- 10 Section 703 Dissociated partner's liability to other persons.
- 11 Section 704 Statement of dissociation.

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- 12 Section 705 Continued use of partnership name.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 701. PURCHASE OF DISSOCIATED PARTNER'S INTEREST. (1) If a partner is dissociated from a partnership without resulting in a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business under section 801 of this act, the partnership shall cause the dissociated partner's interest in the partnership to be purchased for a buyout price determined pursuant to subsection (2) of this section.
  - (2) The buyout price of a dissociated partner's interest is the amount that would have been distributable to the dissociating partner under section 807(2) of this act if, on the date of dissociation, the assets of the partnership were sold at a price equal to the greater of the liquidation value or the value based on a sale of the entire business as a going concern without the dissociated partner and the partnership were wound up as of that date. Interest must be paid from the date of dissociation to the date of payment.
- (3) Damages for wrongful dissociation under section 602(2) of this act, and all other amounts owing, whether or not presently due, from the dissociated partner to the partnership, must be offset against the buyout price. Interest must be paid from the date the amount owed becomes due to the date of payment.
- 32 (4) A partnership shall indemnify a dissociated partner whose 33 interest is being purchased against all partnership liabilities, 34 whether incurred before or after the dissociation, except liabilities 35 incurred by an act of the dissociated partner under section 702 of this 36 act.

p. 23 HB 1184

- 1 (5) If no agreement for the purchase of a dissociated partner's 2 interest is reached within one hundred twenty days after a written 3 demand for payment, the partnership shall pay, or cause to be paid, in 4 cash to the dissociated partner the amount the partnership estimates to 5 be the buyout price and accrued interest, reduced by any offsets and 6 accrued interest under subsection (3) of this section.
- 7 (6) If a deferred payment is authorized under subsection (8) of 8 this section, the partnership may tender a written offer to pay the 9 amount it estimates to be the buyout price and accrued interest, 10 reduced by any offsets under subsection (3) of this section, stating 11 the time of payment, the amount and type of security for payment, and 12 the other terms and conditions of the obligation.
- 13 (7) The payment or tender required by subsection (5) or (6) of this section must be accompanied by the following:
- 15 (a) A statement of partnership assets and liabilities as of the 16 date of dissociation;
- 17 (b) The latest available partnership balance sheet and income 18 statement, if any;
- 19 (c) An explanation of how the estimated amount of the payment was 20 calculated; and
- 21 (d) Written notice that the payment is in full satisfaction of the 22 obligation to purchase unless, within one hundred twenty days after the 23 written notice, the dissociated partner commences an action to 24 determine the buyout price, any offsets under subsection (3) of this 25 section, or other terms of the obligation to purchase.
- 26 (8) A partner who wrongfully dissociates before the expiration of 27 a definite term or the completion of a particular undertaking is not entitled to payment of any portion of the buyout price until the 28 29 expiration of the term or completion of the undertaking, unless the 30 partner establishes to the satisfaction of the court that earlier payment will not cause undue hardship to the business of the 31 partnership. A deferred payment must be adequately secured and bear 32 33 interest.
- (9) A dissociated partner may maintain an action against the partnership, pursuant to section 405(2)(b)(ii) of this act, to determine the buyout price of that partner's interest, any offsets under subsection (3) of this section, or other terms of the obligation to purchase. The action must be commenced within one hundred twenty days after the partnership has tendered payment or an offer to pay or

within one year after written demand for payment if no payment or offer 1 2 to pay is tendered. The court shall determine the buyout price of the dissociated partner's interest, any offset due under subsection (3) of 3 4 this section, and accrued interest, and enter judgment for any additional payment or refund. If deferred payment is authorized under 5 subsection (8) of this section, the court shall also determine the 6 7 security for payment and other terms of the obligation to purchase. 8 The court may assess reasonable attorneys' fees and the fees and 9 expenses of appraisers or other experts for a party to the action, in 10 amounts the court finds equitable, against a party that the court finds 11 acted arbitrarily, vexatiously, or not in good faith. The finding may 12 be based on the partnership's failure to tender payment or an offer to pay or to comply with subsection (7) of this section. 13

NEW SECTION. Sec. 702. DISSOCIATED PARTNER'S POWER TO BIND AND 14 15 LIABILITY TO PARTNERSHIP. (1) For two years after a partner 16 dissociates without resulting in a dissolution and winding up of the partnership business, the partnership, including a 17 18 partnership under article 9 of this chapter, is bound by an act of the 19 dissociated partner which would have bound the partnership under section 301 of this act before dissociation only if at the time of 20 21 entering into the transaction the other party:

- 22 (a) Reasonably believed that the dissociated partner was then a 23 partner;
  - (b) Did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; and

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- 25 (c) Is not deemed to have had knowledge under section 303(5) of this act or notice under section 704(3) of this act.
- (2) A dissociated partner is liable to the partnership for any damage caused to the partnership arising from an obligation incurred by the dissociated partner after dissociation for which the partnership is liable under subsection (1) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 703. DISSOCIATED PARTNER'S LIABILITY TO OTHER PERSONS. (1) A partner's dissociation does not of itself discharge the partner's liability for a partnership obligation incurred before dissociation. A dissociated partner is not liable for a partnership obligation incurred after dissociation, except as otherwise provided in subsection (2) of this section.

p. 25 HB 1184

- 1 (2) A partner who dissociates without resulting in a dissolution 2 and winding up of the partnership business is liable as a partner to 3 the other party in a transaction entered into by the partnership, or a 4 surviving partnership under article 9 of this chapter, within two years 5 after the partner's dissociation, only if at the time of entering into 6 the transaction the other party:
- 7 (a) Reasonably believed that the dissociated partner was then a 8 partner;
  - (b) Did not have notice of the partner's dissociation; and

- 10 (c) Is not deemed to have had knowledge under section 303(5) of 11 this act or notice under section 704(3) of this act.
- 12 (3) By agreement with the partnership creditor and the partners 13 continuing the business, a dissociated partner may be released from 14 liability for a partnership obligation.
- 15 (4) A dissociated partner is released from liability for a 16 partnership obligation if a partnership creditor, with notice of the 17 partner's dissociation but without the partner's consent, agrees to a 18 material alteration in the nature or time of payment of a partnership 19 obligation.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 704. STATEMENT OF DISSOCIATION. (1) A dissociated partner or the partnership may file a statement of dissociation stating the name of the partnership and that the partner is dissociated from the partnership.
- (2) A statement of dissociation is a limitation on the authority of a dissociated partner for the purposes of section 303 (4) and (5) of this act.
- (3) For the purposes of sections 702(1)(c) and 703(2)(c) of this act, a person not a partner is deemed to have notice of the dissociation ninety days after the statement of dissociation is filed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 705. CONTINUED USE OF PARTNERSHIP NAME.
  Continued use of a partnership name, or a dissociated partner's name as
  part thereof, by partners continuing the business does not of itself
  make the dissociated partner liable for an obligation of the partners
  or the partnership continuing the business.

35 **ARTICLE 8**36 **WINDING UP PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS** 

1	Section 80	01 Events	causing	dissolut	ion and	l winding	up of		
2	partnership business.								
3	Section 80	)2 Partner	Partnership continues after dissolution.						
4	Section 80	03 Right to	Right to wind up partnership business.						
5	Section 80	)4 Partner	Partner's power to bind partnership after dissolution.						
6	Section 80	)5 Statemen	Statement of dissolution.						
7	Section 80	06 Partner	s liab	llity to	other	partners	after		
8	dissolution.								
9	Section 80	07 Settleme	ent of	accounts	and co	ntributions	among		
10	0 partners.								

NEW SECTION. Sec. 801. EVENTS CAUSING DISSOLUTION AND WINDING UP OF PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS. A partnership is dissolved, and its business must be wound up, only upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

- (1) In a partnership at will, the partnerships having notice from a partner, other than a partner who is dissociated under section 601 (2) through (10) of this act, of that partner's express will to withdraw as a partner, or on a later date specified by the partner;
- 19 (2) In a partnership for a definite term or particular undertaking:
- (a) The expiration of ninety days after a partner's dissociation by death or otherwise under section 601 (6) through (10) of this act or wrongful dissociation under section 602(2) of this act, unless before that time a majority in interest of the remaining partners, including partners who have rightfully dissociated pursuant to section 602(2)(b)(i) of this act, agree to continue the partnership;
- 26 (b) The express will of all of the partners to wind up the 27 partnership business; or
- 28 (c) The expiration of the term or the completion of the 29 undertaking;
- 30 (3) An event agreed to in the partnership agreement resulting in 31 the winding up of the partnership business;
- 32 (4) An event that makes it unlawful for all or substantially all of 33 the business of the partnership to be continued, but a cure of 34 illegality within ninety days after notice to the partnership of the 35 event is effective retroactively to the date of the event for purposes 36 of this section;
- 37 (5) On application by a partner, a judicial determination that:

p. 27 HB 1184

- 1 (a) The economic purpose of the partnership is likely to be 2 unreasonably frustrated;
- 3 (b) Another partner has engaged in conduct relating to the 4 partnership business which makes it not reasonably practicable to carry 5 on the business in partnership with that partner; or
- 6 (c) It is not otherwise reasonably practicable to carry on the 7 partnership business in conformity with the partnership agreement; or
- 8 (6) On application by a transferee of a partner's transferable 9 interest, a judicial determination that it is equitable to wind up the 10 partnership business:
- 11 (a) After the expiration of the term or completion of the 12 undertaking, if the partnership was for a definite term or particular 13 undertaking at the time of the transfer or entry of the charging order 14 that gave rise to the transfer; or
- (b) At any time, if the partnership was a partnership at will at the time of the transfer or entry of the charging order that gave rise to the transfer.
- 18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 802.** PARTNERSHIP CONTINUES AFTER DISSOLUTION.
- 19 (1) Subject to subsection (2) of this section, a partnership continues
- 20 after dissolution only for the purpose of winding up its business. The
- 21 partnership is terminated when the winding up of its business is
- 22 completed.
- 23 (2) At any time after the dissolution of a partnership and before
- 24 the winding up of its business is completed, all of the partners,
- 25 including any dissociating partner other than a wrongfully dissociating
- 26 partner, may waive the right to have the partnership's business wound
- 27 up and the partnership terminated. In that event:
- 28 (a) The partnership resumes carrying on its business as if
- 29 dissolution had never occurred, and any liability incurred by the
- 30 partnership or a partner after the dissolution and before the waiver is
- 31 determined as if dissolution had never occurred; and
- 32 (b) The rights of a third party accruing under section 804(1) of
- 33 this act or arising out of conduct in reliance on the dissolution
- 34 before the third party knew or received a notification of the waiver
- 35 may not be adversely affected.
- 36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 803.** RIGHT TO WIND UP PARTNERSHIP BUSINESS.
- 37 (1) After dissolution, a partner who has not wrongfully dissociated may

- participate in winding up the partnership's business, but 1 2 application of any partner, partner's legal representative, transferee, the superior court in the county in which the mailing 3 4 address of the partnership is located, for good cause shown, may order judicial supervision of the winding up.
- (2) The legal representative of the last surviving partner may wind 6 7 up a partnership's business.

- 8 (3) A person winding up a partnership's business may preserve the 9 partnership business or property as a going concern for a reasonable 10 time, prosecute and defend actions and proceedings, whether civil, criminal, or administrative, settle and close the partnership's 11 business, dispose of and transfer the partnership's property, discharge 12 13 the partnership's liabilities, distribute the assets of the partnership pursuant to section 807 of this act, settle disputes by mediation or 14 15 arbitration, and perform other necessary acts.
- 16 NEW SECTION. Sec. 804. PARTNER'S POWER TO BIND PARTNERSHIP AFTER Subject to section 805 of this act, a partnership is 17 DISSOLUTION. 18 bound by a partner's act after dissolution that:
- 19 (1) Is appropriate for winding up the partnership business; or
- (2) Would have bound the partnership under section 301 of this act 20 21 before dissolution, if the other party to the transaction did not have 22 notice of the dissolution.
- 23 NEW SECTION. Sec. 805. STATEMENT OF DISSOLUTION. (1) After 24 dissolution, a partner who has not wrongfully dissociated may file a 25 statement of dissolution stating the name of the partnership and that the partnership has dissolved and is winding up its business. 26
- 27 (2) A statement of dissolution cancels a filed statement of 28 partnership authority for the purposes of section 303(4) of this act 29 and is a limitation on authority for the purposes of section 303(5) of this act. 30
- (3) For the purposes of sections 301 and 804 of this act, a person 31 32 not a partner is deemed to have notice of the dissolution and the 33 limitation on the partners' authority as a result of the statement of dissolution ninety days after it is filed. 34
- 35 (4) After filing and, if appropriate, recording a statement of dissolution, a dissolved partnership may file and, if appropriate, 36 37 record a statement of partnership authority which will operate with

- 1 respect to a person not a partner as provided in section 303 (4) and
- 2 (5) of this act in any transaction, whether or not the transaction is
- 3 appropriate for winding up the partnership business.
- 4 NEW SECTION. Sec. 806. PARTNER'S LIABILITY TO OTHER PARTNERS
- 5 AFTER DISSOLUTION. (1) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (2)
- 6 of this section, after dissolution a partner is liable to the other
- 7 partners for the partner's share of any partnership liability incurred
- 8 under section 804 of this act.
- 9 (2) A partner who, with knowledge of the dissolution, incurs a
- 10 partnership liability under section 804(2) of this act by an act that
- 11 is not appropriate for winding up the partnership business is liable to
- 12 the partnership for any damage caused to the partnership arising from
- 13 the liability.
- 14 NEW SECTION. Sec. 807. SETTLEMENT OF ACCOUNTS AND CONTRIBUTIONS
- 15 AMONG PARTNERS. (1) In winding up a partnership's business, the assets
- 16 of the partnership, including the contributions of the partners
- 17 required by this section, must be applied to discharge its obligations
- 18 to creditors, including, to the extent permitted by law, partners who
- 19 are creditors. Any surplus must be applied to pay in cash the net
- 20 amount distributable to partners in accordance with their right to
- 21 distributions under subsection (2) of this section.
- 22 (2) Each partner is entitled to a settlement of all partnership
- 23 accounts upon winding up the partnership business. In settling
- 24 accounts among the partners, the profits and losses that result from
- 25 the liquidation of the partnership assets must be credited and charged
- 26 to the partners' accounts. The partnership shall make a distribution
- 27 to a partner in an amount equal to any excess of the credits over the
- 28 charges in the partner's account. A partner shall contribute to the
- 29 partnership an amount equal to any excess of the charges over the
- 30 credits in the partner's account.
- 31 (3) If a partner fails to contribute, all of the other partners
- 32 shall contribute, in the proportions in which those partners share
- 33 partnership losses, the additional amount necessary to satisfy the
- 34 partnership obligations. A partner or partner's legal representative
- 35 may recover from the other partners any contributions the partner makes
- 36 to the extent the amount contributed exceeds that partner's share of
- 37 the partnership obligations.

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- 1 (4) After the settlement of accounts, each partner shall 2 contribute, in the proportion in which the partner shares partnership 3 losses, the amount necessary to satisfy partnership obligations that 4 were not known at the time of the settlement.
- 5 (5) The estate of a deceased partner is liable for the partner's 6 obligation to contribute to the partnership.
- 7 (6) An assignee for the benefit of creditors of a partnership or a 8 partner, or a person appointed by a court to represent creditors of a 9 partnership or a partner, may enforce a partner's obligation to 10 contribute to the partnership.

#### 11 ARTICLE 9

## 12 CONVERSIONS AND MERGERS

- 13 Section 901 Definitions.
- 14 Section 902 Conversion of partnership to limited partnership.
- 15 Section 903 Conversion of limited partnership to partnership.
- 16 Section 904 Effect of conversion--Entity unchanged.
- 17 Section 905 Merger of partnerships.
- 18 Section 906 Effect of merger.
- 19 Section 907 Statement of merger.
- 20 Section 908 Nonexclusive.
- 21 NEW SECTION. Sec. 901. DEFINITIONS. In this article:
- 22 (1) "General partner" means a partner in a partnership and a 23 general partner in a limited partnership.
- 24 (2) "Limited partner" means a limited partner in a limited 25 partnership.
- 26 (3) "Limited partnership" means a limited partnership created under
- 27 chapter 25.10 RCW, predecessor law, or comparable law of another
- 28 jurisdiction.
- 29 (4) "Partner" includes both a general partner and a limited 30 partner.
- 31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 902.** CONVERSION OF PARTNERSHIP TO LIMITED
- 32 PARTNERSHIP. (1) A partnership may be converted to a limited
- 33 partnership pursuant to this section.
- 34 (2) The terms and conditions of a conversion of a partnership to a
- 35 limited partnership must be approved by all of the partners or by a

p. 31 HB 1184

- 1 number or percentage specified for conversion in the partnership 2 agreement.
- 3 (3) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the 4 partnership shall file a certificate of limited partnership in the 5 jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is to be formed. The 6 certificate must include:
- 7 (a) A statement that the partnership was converted to a limited 8 partnership from a partnership;
  - (b) Its former name; and

- 10 (c) A statement of the number of votes cast by the partners for and 11 against the conversion and, if the vote is less than unanimous, the 12 number or percentage required to approve the conversion under the 13 partnership agreement.
- 14 (4) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of limited 15 partnership is filed or at any later date specified in the certificate.
- 16 (5) A general partner who becomes a limited partner as a result of 17 the conversion remains liable as a general partner for an obligation incurred by the partnership before the conversion takes effect. If the 18 19 other party to a transaction with the limited partnership reasonably 20 believes when entering the transaction that the limited partner is a general partner, the limited partner is liable for an obligation 21 incurred by the limited partnership within ninety days after the 22 conversion takes effect. The limited partner's liability for all other 23 24 obligations of the limited partnership incurred after the conversion 25 takes effect is that of a limited partner as provided in chapter 25.10 26 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 903. CONVERSION OF LIMITED PARTNERSHIP TO 28 PARTNERSHIP. (1) A limited partnership may be converted to a 29 partnership pursuant to this section.
- 30 (2) Notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in a limited 31 partnership agreement, the terms and conditions of a conversion of a 32 limited partnership to a partnership must be approved by all of the 33 partners.
- 34 (3) After the conversion is approved by the partners, the limited 35 partnership shall cancel its certificate of limited partnership.
- 36 (4) The conversion takes effect when the certificate of limited 37 partnership is canceled.

- (5) A limited partner who becomes a general partner as a result of the conversion remains liable only as a limited partner for an obligation incurred by the limited partnership before the conversion takes effect. The partner is liable as a general partner for an obligation of the partnership incurred after the conversion takes effect.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 904.** EFFECT OF CONVERSION--ENTITY UNCHANGED.
- 8 (1) A partnership or limited partnership that has been converted
- 9 pursuant to this article is for all purposes the same entity that
- 10 existed before the conversion.
- 11 (2) When a conversion takes effect:
- 12 (a) All property owned by the converting partnership or limited 13 partnership remains vested in the converted entity;
- 14 (b) All obligations of the converting partnership or limited 15 partnership continue as obligations of the converted entity; and
- 16 (c) An action or proceeding pending against the converting 17 partnership or limited partnership may be continued as if the 18 conversion had not occurred.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 905. MERGER OF PARTNERSHIPS. (1) Pursuant to a plan of merger approved as provided in subsection (3) of this section, a partnership may be merged with one or more partnerships or limited partnerships.
- 23 (2) The plan of merger must set forth:

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- 24 (a) The name of each partnership or limited partnership that is a 25 party to the merger;
- 26 (b) The name of the surviving entity into which the other 27 partnerships or limited partnerships will merge;
- (c) Whether the surviving entity is a partnership or a limited partnership and the status of each partner;
  - (d) The terms and conditions of the merger;
- 31 (e) The manner and basis of converting the interests of each party
- 32 to the merger into interests or obligations of the surviving entity, or
- 33 into money or other property in whole or part; and
- 34 (f) The street address of the surviving entity's chief executive 35 office.
  - (3) The plan of merger must be approved:

p. 33 HB 1184

- 1 (a) In the case of a partnership that is a party to the merger, by 2 all of the partners, or a number or percentage specified for merger in 3 the partnership agreement; and
- 4 (b) In the case of a limited partnership that is a party to the 5 merger, by the vote required for approval of a merger by the law of the 6 state or foreign jurisdiction in which the limited partnership is 7 organized and, in the absence of such a specifically applicable law, by 8 all of the partners, notwithstanding a provision to the contrary in the 9 partnership agreement.
- 10 (4) After a plan of merger is approved and before the merger takes 11 effect, the plan may be amended or abandoned as provided in the plan.
  - (5) The merger takes effect on the later of:

- 13 (a) The approval of the plan of merger by all parties to the 14 merger, as provided in subsection (3) of this section;
- 15 (b) The filing of all documents required by law to be filed as a 16 condition to the effectiveness of the merger; or
- 17 (c) Any effective date specified in the plan of merger.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 906. EFFECT OF MERGER. (1) When a merger takes 19 effect:
- 20 (a) The separate existence of every partnership or limited 21 partnership that is a party to the merger, other than the surviving 22 entity, ceases;
- (b) All property owned by each of the merged partnerships or limited partnerships vests in the surviving entity;
- 25 (c) All obligations of every partnership or limited partnership 26 that is a party to the merger become the obligations of the surviving 27 entity; and
- (d) An action or proceeding pending against a partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger may be continued as if the merger had not occurred, or the surviving entity may be substituted as a party to the action or proceeding.
- 32 (2) The secretary of state of this state is the agent for service 33 of process in an action or proceeding against a surviving foreign 34 partnership or limited partnership to enforce an obligation of a 35 domestic partnership or limited partnership that is a party to a 36 merger. The surviving entity shall promptly notify the secretary of 37 state of the mailing address of its chief executive office and of any 38 change of address. Upon receipt of process, the secretary of state

нв 1184 р. 34

- shall mail a copy of the process to the surviving foreign partnership or limited partnership.
- 3 (3) A partner of the surviving partnership or limited partnership 4 is liable for:
- 5 (a) All obligations of a party to the merger for which the partner 6 was personally liable before the merger;
- 7 (b) all other obligations of the surviving entity incurred before 8 the merger by a party to the merger, but those obligations may be 9 satisfied only out of property of the entity; and
- 10 (c) All obligations of the surviving entity incurred after the 11 merger takes effect, but those obligations may be satisfied only out of 12 property of the entity if the partner is a limited partner.
- 13 (4) If the obligations incurred before the merger by a party to the merger are not satisfied out of the property of the surviving 14 15 partnership or limited partnership, the general partners of that party 16 immediately before the effective date of the merger shall contribute 17 the amount necessary to satisfy that party's obligations to the surviving entity, in the manner provided in section 807 of this act or 18 19 in chapter 25.10 RCW of the jurisdiction in which the party was formed, 20 as the case may be, as if the merged party were dissolved.
- 21 (5) A partner of a party to a merger who does not become a partner 22 of the surviving partnership or limited partnership is dissociated from 23 the entity, of which that partner was a partner, as of the date the 24 merger takes effect. The surviving entity shall cause the partner's 25 interest in the entity to be purchased under section 701 of this act or 26 another statute specifically applicable to that partner's interest with 27 respect to a merger. The surviving entity is bound under section 702 of this act by an act of a general partner dissociated under this 28 subsection, and the partner is liable under section 703 of this act for 29 30 transactions entered into by the surviving entity after the merger 31 takes effect.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 907. STATEMENT OF MERGER. (1) After a merger, the surviving partnership or limited partnership may file a statement that one or more partnerships or limited partnerships have merged into the surviving entity.
- 36 (2) A statement of merger must contain:
- 37 (a) The name of each partnership or limited partnership that is a 38 party to the merger;

p. 35 HB 1184

- 1 (b) The name of the surviving entity into which the other 2 partnerships or limited partnership were merged;
- 3 (c) The street address of the surviving entity's chief executive 4 office and of an office in this state, if any; and
- 5 (d) Whether the surviving entity is a partnership or a limited 6 partnership.
- 7 (3) Except as otherwise provided in subsection (4) of this section, 8 for the purposes of section 302 of this act, property of the surviving 9 partnership or limited partnership which before the merger was held in 10 the name of another party to the merger is property held in the name of 11 the surviving entity upon filing a statement of merger.
- (4) For the purposes of section 302 of this act, real property of the surviving partnership or limited partnership which before the merger was held in the name of another party to the merger is property held in the name of the surviving entity upon recording a certified copy of the statement of merger in the office for recording transfers of that real property.
- (5) A filed and, if appropriate, recorded statement of merger, 18 19 executed and declared to be accurate pursuant to section 105(3) of this 20 act, stating the name of a partnership or limited partnership that is a party to the merger in whose name property was held before the merger 21 and the name of the surviving entity, but not containing all of the 22 23 other information required by subsection (2) of this section, operates 24 with respect to the partnerships or limited partnerships named to the 25 extent provided in subsections (3) and (4) of this section.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 908.** NONEXCLUSIVE. This article is not exclusive. Partnerships or limited partnerships may be converted or merged in any other manner provided by law.

## 29 ARTICLE 10

#### 30 MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

- 31 Section 1001 Uniformity of application and construction.
- 32 Section 1002 Short title.
- 33 Section 1003 Severability.
- 34 Section 1004 Effective date.
- 35 Section 1005 Applicability.
- 36 Section 1006 Savings clause.
- 37 Section 1007 Repeals.

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1001.** UNIFORMITY OF APPLICATION AND
- 2 CONSTRUCTION. This act shall be applied and construed to effectuate
- 3 its general purpose to make uniform the law with respect to the subject
- 4 of this act among states enacting it.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1002.** SHORT TITLE. This act may be cited as
- 6 the uniform partnership act of 1996.
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1003. SEVERABILITY. If any provision of this
- 8 act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid,
- 9 the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 10 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- 11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1004.** EFFECTIVE DATE. This act shall take
- 12 effect July 1, 1996.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1005. APPLICABILITY. (1) Before July 1, 1996,
- 14 this chapter governs only a partnership formed:
- 15 (a) After the effective date of this act, unless that partnership
- 16 is continuing the business of a dissolved partnership under RCW
- 17 25.04.410, section 25.04.410, chapter 15, Laws of 1955; and
- 18 (b) Before the effective date of this act, that elects, as provided
- 19 by subsection (2) of this section, to be governed by this chapter.
- 20 (2) After July 1, 1996, this chapter governs all partnerships.
- 21 (3) Before July 1, 1996, a partnership voluntarily may elect, in
- 22 the manner provided in its partnership agreement or by law for amending
- 23 the partnership agreement, to be governed by this chapter. The
- 24 provisions of this chapter relating to the liability of the
- 25 partnership's partners to third parties apply to limit those partners'
- 26 liability to a third party who had done business with the partnership
- 27 within one year preceding the partnership's election to be governed by
- 28 this chapter, only if the third party knows or has received a
- 29 notification of the partnership's election to be governed by this
- 30 chapter.
- 31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1006.** SAVINGS CLAUSE. This act does not affect
- 32 an action or proceeding commenced or right accrued before this act
- 33 takes affect.

p. 37 HB 1184

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NEW SECTION. Sec. 1007. REPEALS. The following acts or parts of
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    acts are each repealed:
3
        (1) RCW 25.04.010 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.010;
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        (2) RCW 25.04.020 and 1985 c 8 s 2;
5
        (3) RCW 25.04.030 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.030;
        (4) RCW 25.04.040 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.040;
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7
        (5) RCW 25.04.050 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.050;
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        (6) RCW 25.04.060 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.060;
9
        (7) RCW 25.04.070 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 154 s 24 & 1955 c 15 s
    25.04.070;
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11
        (8) RCW 25.04.080 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.080;
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        (9) RCW 25.04.090 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.090;
        (10) RCW 25.04.100 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.100;
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14
        (11) RCW 25.04.110 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.110;
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        (12) RCW 25.04.120 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.120;
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        (13) RCW 25.04.130 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.130;
        (14) RCW 25.04.140 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.140;
17
        (15) RCW 25.04.150 and 1985 c 8 s 3;
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19
        (16) RCW 25.04.160 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.160;
        (17) RCW 25.04.170 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.170;
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        (18) RCW 25.04.180 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.180;
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        (19) RCW 25.04.190 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.190;
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        (20) RCW 25.04.200 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.200;
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24
        (21) RCW 25.04.210 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.210;
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        (22) RCW 25.04.220 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.220;
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        (23) RCW 25.04.230 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.230;
27
        (24) RCW 25.04.240 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.240;
28
        (25) RCW 25.04.250 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 154 s 25 & 1955 c 15 s
29
    25.04.250;
30
        (26) RCW 25.04.260 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.260;
31
        (27) RCW 25.04.270 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.270;
32
        (28) RCW 25.04.280 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.280;
        (29) RCW 25.04.290 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.290;
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34
        (30) RCW 25.04.300 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.300;
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        (31) RCW 25.04.310 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.310;
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        (32) RCW 25.04.320 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.320;
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        (33) RCW 25.04.330 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.330;
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        (34) RCW 25.04.340 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.340;
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HB 1184 p. 38

(35) RCW 25.04.350 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.350;

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- (36) RCW 25.04.360 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.360; 1 2 (37) RCW 25.04.370 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.370; (38) RCW 25.04.380 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.380; 3 4 (39) RCW 25.04.390 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.390; (40) RCW 25.04.400 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.400; 5 (41) RCW 25.04.410 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.410; 6 7 (42) RCW 25.04.420 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.420; and 8 (43) RCW 25.04.430 and 1955 c 15 s 25.04.430.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1008.** CODIFICATION DIRECTIONS. Sections 101 10 through 1006 of this act shall constitute a new chapter in Title 25 11 RCW.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 1009. CAPTIONS NOT LAW. Captions as used in this act constitute no part of the law.

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p. 39 HB 1184