HOUSE BILL 1573

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Representatives L. Thomas, Mielke, Blanton, Wolfe, Rust, Horn and Dellwo

Read first time 01/31/95. Referred to Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance.

AN ACT Relating to heating oil pollution liability; amending RCW 2 82.38.090; adding a new section to chapter 70.148 RCW; adding a new 3 chapter to Title 70 RCW; and providing an expiration date.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. It is the intent of the legislature to establish a temporary regulatory program to assist owners and operators б The legislature finds that it is in the best 7 of heating oil tanks. interests of all citizens for heating oil tanks to be operated safely 8 9 and for tank leaks or spills to be dealt with expeditiously. The 10 legislature further finds that it is necessary to protect tank owners from the financial hardship related to damaged heating oil tanks. 11 The 12 problem is especially acute because owners and operators of heating oil 13 tanks used for space heating have been unable to obtain pollution liability insurance or insurance has been unaffordable. 14

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. This chapter may be known and cited as the
 16 Washington state heating oil pollution liability protection act.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. Unless the context clearly requires 2 otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this 3 chapter.

4 (1) "Accidental release" means a sudden or nonsudden release of 5 heating oil, occurring after the effective date of this act, from 6 operating a heating oil tank that results in bodily injury, property 7 damage, or a need for corrective action, neither expected nor intended 8 by the owner or operator.

9 (2) "Bodily injury" means bodily injury, sickness, or disease 10 sustained by a person, including death at any time, resulting from the 11 injury, sickness, or disease.

(3)(a) "Corrective action" means those actions reasonably required 12 13 to be undertaken by the insured to remove, treat, neutralize, contain, or clean up an accidental release in order to comply with a statute, 14 15 ordinance, rule, regulation, directive, order, or similar legal 16 requirement, in effect at the time of an accidental release, of the 17 United States, the state of Washington, or a political subdivision of the United States or the state of Washington. "Corrective action" 18 19 includes, where agreed to in writing, in advance by the insurer, action to remove, treat, neutralize, contain, or clean up an accidental 20 release to avert, reduce, or eliminate the liability of the insured for 21 corrective action, bodily injury, or property damage. "Corrective 22 23 action" also includes actions reasonably necessary to monitor, assess, 24 and evaluate an accidental release.

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(b) "Corrective action" does not include:

26 (i) Replacement or repair of heating oil tanks or other 27 receptacles;

(ii) Replacement or repair of piping, connections, and valves oftanks or other receptacles; or

(iii) Testing for a suspected accidental release if the results ofthe testing indicate that there has been no accidental release.

(4) "Defense costs" include the costs of legal representation,
expert fees, and related costs and expenses incurred in defending
against claims or actions brought by or on behalf of:

(a) The United States, the state of Washington, or a political
 subdivision of the United States or state of Washington to require
 corrective action or to recover costs of corrective action; or

(b) A third party for bodily injury or property damage caused by anaccidental release.

(5) "Director" means the director of the Washington state pollution
 liability insurance agency or the director's appointed representative.
 (6) "Heating oil" means stove oil, diesel fuel, kerosene, or any
 other petroleum product used for space heating in oil-fired furnaces,
 heaters, and boilers. It does not include heating for industrial
 processing or generation of electrical energy.

7 (7) "Heating oil tank" means a tank and its connecting pipes, 8 whether above or below ground, or in a basement, with pipes connected 9 to the tank for space heating of human living or working space on the 10 premises where the tank is located. "Heating oil tank" does not 11 include a decommissioned or abandoned heating oil tank, or a tank used 12 solely for industrial process heating purposes or generation of 13 electrical energy.

14 (8) "Occurrence" means an accident, including continuous or 15 repeated exposure to conditions, that results in a release from a 16 heating oil tank.

(9) "Owner or operator" means a person in control of, or havingresponsibility for, the daily operation of a heating oil tank.

(10) "Pollution liability insurance agency" means the Washingtonstate pollution liability insurance agency.

21 (11) "Property damage" means:

(a) Physical injury to, destruction of, or contamination of
tangible property, including the loss of use of the property resulting
from the injury, destruction, or contamination; or

(b) Loss of use of tangible property that has not been physically injured, destroyed, or contaminated but has been evacuated, withdrawn from use, or rendered inaccessible because of an accidental release.

(12) "Release" means a spill, leak, emission, escape, or leachinginto the environment.

30 (13) "Remedial action costs" means reasonable costs that are 31 attributable to or associated with a remedial action.

32 (14) "Tank" means a stationary device, designed to contain an 33 accumulation of heating oil, that is constructed primarily of 34 nonearthen materials such as concrete, steel, fiberglass, or plastic 35 that provides structural support.

(15) "Third-party liability" means the liability of a heating oil
 tank owner to another person due to property damage or personal injury
 that results from a leak or spill.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. The director shall:

(1) Design a program for providing pollution liability insurance
for heating oil tanks that provides needed coverage and aggregate
limits, and protects the state of Washington from unwanted or
unanticipated liability for accidental release claims;

6 (2) Administer, implement, and enforce the provisions of this 7 chapter. To assist in administration of the program, the director is 8 authorized to appoint up to two employees who are exempt from the civil 9 service law, chapter 41.06 RCW, and who shall serve at the pleasure of 10 the director;

(3) Administer the heating oil pollution liability trust account,as established under section 7 of this act;

13 (4) Employ and discharge, at his or her discretion, agents, 14 attorneys, consultants, companies, organizations, and employees as 15 deemed necessary, and to prescribe their duties and powers, and fix 16 their compensation;

17 (5) Adopt rules under chapter 34.05 RCW as necessary to carry out18 the provisions of this chapter;

19 (6) Design and from time to time revise a reinsurance contract 20 providing coverage to an insurer or insurers meeting the requirements 21 of this chapter. The director is authorized to provide reinsurance 22 through the pollution liability insurance agency trust account;

(7) Solicit bids from insurers and select an insurer to provide pollution liability insurance for third-party bodily injury and property damage, and corrective action to owners and operators of heating oil tanks;

(8) Monitor the success of the program and periodically make such
 reports and recommendations to the legislature as the director deems
 appropriate;

30 (9) Register, and design a means of accounting for, operating 31 heating oil tanks.

32 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. (1) In selecting an insurer to provide 33 pollution liability insurance coverage to owners and operators of 34 heating oil tanks used for space heating, the director shall evaluate 35 bids based upon criteria established by the director that shall 36 include:

37 (a) The insurer's ability to underwrite pollution liability38 insurance;

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(b) The insurer's ability to settle pollution liability claims
 quickly and efficiently;

3 (c) The insurer's estimate of underwriting and claims adjustment 4 expenses;

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(d) The insurer's estimate of premium rates for providing coverage;

6 (e) The insurer's ability to manage and invest premiums; and

7 (f) The insurer's ability to provide risk management guidance to 8 insureds.

9 (2) The director shall select the bidder most qualified to provide 10 insurance consistent with this chapter and need not select the bidder 11 submitting the least expensive bid. The director may consider bids by 12 groups of insurers and management companies who propose to act in 13 concert in providing coverage and who otherwise meet the requirements 14 of this chapter.

(3) Owners and operators of heating oil tanks, or sites containing heating oil tanks where a preexisting release has been identified or where the owner or operator knows of a preexisting release are eligible for coverage under the program subject to the following conditions:

(a) The owner or operator must have a plan for proceeding withcorrective action; and

(b) If the owner or operator files a claim with the insurer, the owner or operator has the burden of proving that the claim is not related to a preexisting release until the owner or operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the director that corrective action has been completed.

26 NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) The activities and operations of the program are exempt from the provisions and requirements of Title 48 RCW 27 and to the extent of their participation in the program, the activities 28 29 and operations of the insurer selected by the director to provide 30 liability insurance coverage to owners and operators of heating oil tanks are exempt from the requirements of Title 48 RCW except for: 31 32 (a) Chapter 48.03 RCW pertaining to examinations; 33 (b) RCW 48.05.250 pertaining to annual reports; 34 (c) Chapter 48.12 RCW pertaining to assets and liabilities; (d) Chapter 48.13 RCW pertaining to investments; 35

36 (e) Chapter 48.30 RCW pertaining to deceptive, false, or fraudulent37 acts or practices; and

38 (f) Chapter 48.92 RCW pertaining to liability risk retention.

1 (2) To the extent of their participation in the program, the 2 insurer selected by the director to provide liability insurance 3 coverage to owners and operators of heating oil tanks shall not 4 participate in the Washington insurance guaranty association nor shall 5 the association be liable for coverage provided to owners and operators 6 of heating oil tanks issued in connection with the program.

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The heating oil pollution liability trust account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All 8 receipts from the pollution liability insurance fee collected under 9 section 8 of this act and reinsurance premiums shall be deposited into 10 the account. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the 11 purposes set out under this chapter. Only the director or the 12 director's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. 13 The 14 account is subject to allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but 15 no appropriation is required for expenditures. Any residue in the account shall be transferred at the end of the biennium to the 16 pollution liability insurance agency trust account. 17

18 (2) Money in the account may be used by the director for the19 following purposes:

20 (a) Corrective action costs;

21 (b) Third-party liability claims;

22 (c) Costs associated with claims administration;

(d) Purchase of an insurance policy to cover all registered heatingoil tanks, and reinsurance of the policy; and

(e) Administrative expenses of the program, including personnel,equipment, and supplies.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. (1) A pollution liability insurance fee 28 shall be imposed on all heating oil purchased within the state. The 29 fee shall be based on the rate of six one-hundredths of one cent per 30 gallon of heating oil purchased.

(2) The pollution liability insurance fee shall be collected by the
 department of licensing from special fuel dealers with payment of the
 special fuel dealer tax.

34 (3) The fee proceeds shall be used for the specific regulatory35 purposes of this chapter.

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<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. The following shall be confidential and exempt under chapter 42.17 RCW, subject to the conditions set forth in this section:

4 (1) All examination and proprietary reports and information obtained by the director and the director's staff in soliciting bids 5 from insurers and in monitoring the insurer selected by the director б 7 may not be made public or otherwise disclosed to any person, firm, 8 corporation, agency, association, governmental body, or other entity. 9 (2) All information obtained by the director or the director's 10 staff related to registration of heating oil tanks to be insured may not be made public or otherwise disclosed to any person, firm, 11 corporation, agency, association, governmental body, or other entity. 12 13 (3) The director may furnish all or part of examination reports prepared by the director or by any person, firm, corporation, 14 15 association, or other entity preparing the reports on behalf of the

16 director to:

17 (a) The Washington state insurance commissioner;

(b) A person or organization officially connected with the insurer
 as officer, director, attorney, auditor, or independent attorney or
 independent auditor; and

(c) The attorney general in his or her role as legal advisor to thedirector.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 10. Nothing contained in this chapter shall 24 authorize any commercial conduct which is prohibited by RCW 19.86.020 25 through 19.86.060, and no section of this chapter shall be deemed to be 26 an implied repeal of any of those sections of the Revised Code of 27 Washington.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **sec. 11.** The director shall report by December 31 of 29 each year to the legislature on the status of the regulatory program 30 under this chapter.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 70.148 32 RCW to read as follows:

33 The director shall provide reinsurance through the pollution 34 liability insurance program trust account to the heating oil pollution 35 liability protection program under sections 1 through 11 of this act.

1 **Sec. 13.** RCW 82.38.090 and 1994 c 262 s 23 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 It shall be unlawful for any person to act as a special fuel dealer 4 or a special fuel user in this state unless such person is the holder 5 of an uncanceled special fuel dealer's or a special fuel user's license 6 issued to him or her by the department.

7 A special fuel dealer's license authorizes a person to deliver 8 previously untaxed special fuel into the fuel supply tanks of motor 9 vehicles, collect the special fuel tax on behalf of the state at the time of delivery, and remit the taxes collected to the state as 10 provided herein. A licensed special fuel dealer may also deliver 11 untaxed special fuel into bulk storage facilities of a licensed special 12 13 fuel user or dealer without collecting the special fuel tax. Special fuel dealers, when making deliveries of special fuel into bulk storage 14 15 to any person not holding a valid special fuel license, must collect 16 the special fuel tax at time of delivery, unless the person to whom the 17 delivery is made is specifically exempted from the tax as provided herein. 18

19 A special fuel user's license authorizes a person to purchase 20 special fuel into bulk storage for use in motor vehicles either on or off the public highways of this state without payment of the special 21 fuel tax at time of purchase. Holders of special fuel licenses are all 22 23 subject to the bonding, reporting, tax payment, and record-keeping 24 provisions of this chapter. All purchases of special fuel by a 25 licensed special fuel user directly into the fuel supply tank of a 26 motor vehicle are subject to the special fuel tax at time of purchase. 27 Special authorization may be given to farmers, logging companies, and construction companies to purchase special fuel directly into the 28 29 supply tanks of nonhighway equipment or into portable slip tanks for 30 nonhighway use without payment of the special fuel tax. ((Persons 31 utilizing special fuel for heating purposes only are not required to be licensed.)) 32

33 Special fuel users operating motor vehicles in interstate commerce 34 having two axles and a gross vehicle weight or registered gross vehicle 35 weight not exceeding twenty-six thousand pounds are not required to be 36 licensed. Special fuel users operating motor vehicles in interstate 37 commerce having two axles and a gross vehicle weight or registered 38 gross vehicle weight exceeding twenty-six thousand pounds, or having 39 three or more axles regardless of weight, or a combination of vehicles,

1 when the combination exceeds twenty-six thousand pounds gross vehicle 2 weight, must comply with the licensing and reporting requirements of 3 this chapter. A copy of the license must be carried in each motor 4 vehicle entering this state from another state or province.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Sections 1 through 11 of this act shall 6 expire June 1, 2005.

7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** Sections 1 through 11 of this act shall 8 constitute a new chapter in Title 70 RCW.

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