S-1745.2		
0 1/10.4		

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5219

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Smith, Roach, C. Anderson, Long, Haugen, McCaslin, Spanel, Drew, Winsley, Kohl and Sheldon)

Read first time 02/17/95.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to domestic violence; amending RCW 26.50.030, 26.50.035, 26.50.040, 26.50.050, 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.080,
- 3 26.50.090, 26.50.095, 26.50.100, 26.50.110, 26.50.115, 26.50.125,
- 4 10.99.020, 10.99.030, 10.99.040, 26.09.050, 26.09.060, 26.09.300,
- 5 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.10.220, 26.26.130, 26.26.137, 4.24.130,
- 6 10.14.080, and 26.50.150; reenacting and amending RCW 26.50.010 and
- 7 10.31.100; adding new sections to chapter 26.50 RCW; adding a new
- 8 section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 10.14
- 9 RCW; creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.
- 10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 11 Sec. 1. RCW 26.50.010 and 1992 c 111 s 7 and 1992 c 86 s 3 are
- 12 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 13 As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the
- 14 meanings given them:
- 15 (1) "Domestic violence" means: (a) Physical harm, bodily injury,
- 16 assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily
- 17 injury or assault, between family or household members; ((or)) (b)
- 18 sexual assault of one family or household member by another; or (c)

p. 1 SSB 5219

- stalking as defined in RCW 9A.46.110 of one family or household member
 by another family or household member.
- (2) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, 3 4 persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been 5 married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by 6 blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or 7 older who are presently residing together or who have resided together 8 in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons 9 10 sixteen years of age or older with whom a respondent sixteen years of 11 age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have 12 a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents 13 and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren.
- 14 (3) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a romantic 15 nature. Factors that the court may consider in making this 16 determination include: (a) The length of time the relationship has 17 existed; (b) the nature of the relationship; and (c) the frequency of 18 interaction between the parties.
- 19 (4) "Court" includes the superior, district, and municipal courts 20 of the state of Washington.
- 21 (5) "Judicial day" does not include Saturdays, Sundays, or legal 22 holidays.
- 23 (6) "Electronic monitoring" means a program in which a person's 24 presence at a particular location is monitored from a remote location 25 by use of electronic equipment.
- 26 (7) "Essential personal effects" means those items necessary for a 27 person's immediate health, welfare, and livelihood. "Essential 28 personal effects" includes but is not limited to clothing, cribs, 29 bedding, documents, medications, and personal hygiene items.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Any order available under this chapter may be issued in actions under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. If an order for protection is issued in an action under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW, the order shall be issued on the forms mandated by RCW 26.50.035(1). An order issued in accordance with this subsection is fully enforceable and shall be enforced under the provisions of this chapter.

- (2) If a party files an action under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 1 RCW, an order issued previously under this chapter between the same 2 3 parties may be consolidated by the court under that action and cause 4 number. Any order issued under this chapter after consolidation shall contain the original cause number and the cause number of the action 5 under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. Relief under this chapter 6 7 shall not be denied or delayed on the grounds that the relief is 8 available in another action.
- 9 **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.50.030 and 1992 c 111 s 2 are each amended to read 10 as follows:
- 11 There shall exist an action known as a petition for an order for 12 protection in cases of domestic violence.
- (1) A petition for relief shall allege the existence of domestic violence, and shall be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath stating the specific facts and circumstances from which relief is sought. Petitioner and respondent shall disclose the existence of any other litigation concerning the custody or residential placement of a child of the parties as set forth in RCW 26.27.090.
- (2) A petition for relief may be made regardless of whether or not there is a pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or other action between the parties except in cases where the court realigns petitioner and respondent in accordance with RCW $26.50.060((\frac{3}{3}))(\frac{4}{3})$.
- 23 (3) Within ninety days of receipt of the master copy from the 24 administrator for the courts, all court clerk's offices shall make 25 available the standardized forms, instructions, and informational brochures required by RCW 26.50.035 and shall fill in and keep current 26 specific program names and telephone numbers for community resources. 27 Any assistance or information provided by clerks under this section 28 29 does not constitute the practice of law and clerks are not responsible for incorrect information contained in a petition. 30
- (4) ((A)) No filing fee ((of twenty dollars shall)) may be charged for proceedings under this section. ((No filing fee may be charged for: (a) A petition filed in an existing action or under an existing acuse number brought under this chapter in the jurisdiction where the relief is sought; or (b) the transfer of a case from district or municipal court to superior court under RCW 26.50.020(2).)) Forms and instructional brochures shall be provided free of charge.

p. 3 SSB 5219

- 1 (5) A person is not required to post a bond to obtain relief in any 2 proceeding under this section.
- 3 **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.50.035 and 1993 c 350 s 2 are each amended to read 4 as follows:
- (1) By July 1, 1994, the administrator for the courts shall develop 5 and prepare instructions and informational brochures required under RCW 6 7 26.50.030(4), standard petition and order for protection forms, and a court staff handbook on domestic violence and the protection order 8 9 process. The standard petition and order for protection forms must be used after September 1, 1994, for all petitions filed and orders issued 10 under this chapter. The instructions, brochures, forms, and handbook 11 12 shall be prepared in consultation with interested persons, including a representative of the state domestic violence coalition, judges, and 13 14 law enforcement personnel.
- 15 (a) The instructions shall be designed to assist petitioners in 16 completing the petition, and shall include a sample of standard 17 petition and order for protection forms.
- (b) The informational brochure shall describe the use of and the process for obtaining a protection order, a no-contact order as provided by RCW 10.99.040, a restraining order as provided by RCW 26.09.060, and an antiharassment protection order as provided by chapter 10.14 RCW.
 - (c) The order for protection form shall include, in a conspicuous location, notice of criminal penalties resulting from violation of the order, and the following statement: "You can be arrested even if the person or persons who obtained the order invite or allow you to violate the order's prohibitions. The respondent has the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order's provisions. Only the court can change the order upon written application."
- 30 (d) The court staff handbook shall allow for the addition of a 31 community resource list by the court clerk.
- (2) All court clerks shall obtain a community resource list from a domestic violence program, defined in RCW 70.123.020, serving the county in which the court is located. The community resource list shall include the names and telephone numbers of domestic violence programs serving the community in which the court is located, including law enforcement agencies, domestic violence agencies, sexual assault agencies, legal assistance programs, interpreters, multicultural

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

programs, and batterers' treatment programs. The court shall make the 1 community resource list available as part of or in addition to the informational brochures described in subsection (1) of this section.

2

3

32 33

34

35 36

37

38

- 4 (3) The administrator for the courts shall distribute a master copy the petition and order forms, instructions, and informational 5 brochures to all court clerks and shall distribute a master copy of the 6 7 petition and order forms to all superior, district, and municipal 8 courts.
- 9 (4) For purposes of this section, "court clerks" means court 10 administrators in courts of limited jurisdiction and elected court clerks. 11
- ((The administrator for the courts shall arrange for 12 (5) translation of the instructions and informational brochures required by 13 14 this section, which shall contain a sample of the standard petition and 15 order for protection forms, into Spanish, Vietnamese, Laotian, Cambodian, and Chinese, and shall distribute a master copy of the 16 translated instructions and informational brochures to all court clerks 17 by January 1, 1995.)) The administrator for the courts shall determine 18 19 the significant non-English-speaking or limited English-speaking populations in the state. The administrator shall then arrange for 20 translation of the instructions and informational brochures required by 21 this section, which shall contain a sample of the standard petition and 22 order for protection forms, into the languages spoken by those 23 24 significant non-English-speaking populations and shall distribute a 25 master copy of the translated instructions and informational brochures 26 to all court clerks by January 1, 1997.
- (6) The administrator for the courts shall update the instructions, 27 brochures, standard petition and order for protection forms, and court 28 29 staff handbook when changes in the law make an update necessary.
- 30 **Sec. 5.** RCW 26.50.040 and 1985 c 303 s 4 are each amended to read as follows: 31
 - (((1) Persons seeking relief under this chapter may file an application for leave to proceed in forma pauperis on forms supplied by the court. If the court determines that a petitioner lacks the funds to pay the costs of filing, the petitioner shall be granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis and no filing fee or any other court related fees shall be charged by the court to the petitioner for relief sought under this chapter. If the petitioner is granted leave to proceed in

- forma pauperis, then no fees for service may be charged to the 1 2 petitioner.
- (2) For the purpose of determining whether a petitioner has the 3 4 funds available to pay the costs of filing an action under this 5 chapter, the income of the household or family member named as the respondent is not considered.)) No fees for filing or service of 6 7 process may be charged by a public agency to petitioners seeking relief 8 under this chapter. Petitioners shall be provided the necessary number of certified copies at no cost. 9
- 10 **Sec. 6.** RCW 26.50.050 and 1992 c 143 s 1 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall order a hearing which 12 shall be held not later than fourteen days from the date of the order. 13 14 The court may schedule a hearing by telephone pursuant to local court rule, to reasonably accommodate a disability, or in exceptional 15 circumstances to protect a petitioner from further acts of domestic 16 violence. The court shall require assurances of the petitioner's 17 18 identity before conducting a telephonic hearing. Except as provided in RCW 26.50.085 and section 16 of this act, personal service shall be 19 made upon the respondent not less than five court days prior to the 20 If timely personal service cannot be made, the court shall 21 22 set a new hearing date and shall either require additional attempts at 23 obtaining personal service or permit service by publication as provided

in RCW 26.50.085 or service by mail as provided in section 16 of this act. If the court permits service by publication or by mail, the court

shall set the hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the

protection pending the hearing as provided in RCW 26.50.070 ((and)),

The court may issue an ex parte order for

- 30 **Sec. 7.** RCW 26.50.060 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 457 are each amended to read as follows:
- 32 (1) Upon notice and after hearing, the court may provide relief as 33 follows:
- (a) Restrain the respondent from committing acts of domestic 34 35 violence;

SSB 5219 p. 6

26.50.085, and section 16 of this act.

24

25

26

27

28 29

31

date of the order.

- 1 (b) Exclude the respondent from the dwelling which the parties 2 share ((or)), from the residence, workplace, or school of the 3 petitioner, or from the daycare or school of a child;
- 4 (c) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provision with regard to minor children of the parties. However, parenting plans as specified in chapter 26.09 RCW shall not be required under this chapter;
 - (d) Order the respondent to participate in batterers' treatment;
- 9 (e) Order other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of 10 the petitioner and other family or household members sought to be 11 protected, including orders or directives to a peace officer, as 12 allowed under this chapter;
- 13 (f) Require the respondent to pay the ((filing fee and)) <u>administrative</u> court costs((, including)) <u>and</u> service fees, 14 15 established by the county or municipality incurring the expense and to 16 reimburse the petitioner for costs incurred in bringing the action, including a reasonable attorney's fee((. If the petitioner has been 17 granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, the court may require the 18 19 respondent to pay the filing fee and costs, including services fees, to 20 the county or municipality incurring the expense));
- 21 (g) Restrain the respondent from having any contact with the victim 22 of domestic violence or the victim's children or members of the 23 victim's household;
 - (h) Require the respondent to submit to electronic monitoring. The order shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The order also may include a requirement that the respondent pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the respondent to pay for electronic monitoring; ((and))
 - (i) Consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800;
- (j) Order possession and use of essential personal effects. The court shall list the essential personal effects with sufficient specificity to make it clear which property is included; and
 - (k) Order use of a vehicle.

24

25

26

27

28

2930

34

35

3637

3839

(2) ((Any relief granted by the order for protection, other than a judgment for costs, shall be for a fixed period not to exceed one year)) If ((the)) a restraining order restrains the respondent from contacting the respondent's minor children the restraint shall be for a fixed period not to exceed one year. This limitation is not

p. 7 SSB 5219

applicable to orders for protection issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 1 With regard to other relief, if the petitioner has 2 or 26.26 RCW. petitioned for relief on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the 3 4 petitioner's family or household members or minor children ((that are not also the respondent's minor children)), and the court finds that 5 the respondent is likely to resume acts of domestic violence against 6 7 the petitioner or the petitioner's family or household members or minor 8 children when the order expires, the court may either $((\frac{a}{b}))$ grant 9 relief for a fixed period ((not to exceed one year; (b) grant relief 10 for a fixed period in excess of one year;)) or (((c))) enter a permanent order of protection. 11

If the petitioner has petitioned for relief on behalf of the respondent's minor children, the court shall advise the petitioner that if the petitioner wants to continue protection for a period beyond one year the petitioner may either petition for renewal pursuant to the provisions of this chapter or may seek relief pursuant to the provisions of chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW.

(3) If the court grants an order for a fixed time period, the petitioner may apply for renewal of the order by filing a petition for renewal at any time within the three months before the order expires. The petition for renewal shall state the reasons why the petitioner seeks to renew the protection order. Upon receipt of the petition for renewal the court shall order a hearing which shall be not later than fourteen days from the date of the order. Except as provided in RCW 26.50.085, personal service shall be made on the respondent not less than five days before the hearing. If timely service cannot be made the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either require additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by publication as provided in RCW 26.50.085. If the court permits service by publication, the court shall set the new hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the date of the order. If the order expires because timely service cannot be made the court shall grant an ex parte order of protection as provided in RCW 26.50.070. The court shall grant the petition for renewal unless the respondent proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the respondent will not resume acts of domestic violence against the petitioner or the petitioner's children or family or household members when the order expires. court may renew the protection order for another fixed time period or may enter a permanent order as provided in this section. The court may

SSB 5219 p. 8

12 13

14 15

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

34

35

3637

38 39

- 1 award court costs, service fees, and reasonable attorneys' fees as 2 provided in subsection (1)(f) of this section.
- (4) In providing relief under this chapter, the court may realign the designation of the parties as "petitioner" and "respondent" where the court finds that the original petitioner is the abuser and the original respondent is the victim of domestic violence and may issue an exparte temporary order for protection in accordance with RCW 26.50.070 on behalf of the victim until the victim is able to prepare a petition for an order for protection in accordance with RCW
- 11 (5) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, no order 12 for protection shall grant relief to any party except upon notice to 13 the respondent and hearing pursuant to a petition or counter-petition 14 filed and served by the party seeking relief in accordance with RCW 15 26.50.050.

26.50.030.

- 16 (6) The court order shall specify the date the order expires if 17 any. The court order shall also state whether the court issued the 18 protection order following personal service or service by publication 19 and whether the court has approved service by publication of an order 20 issued under this section.
- 21 (7) If the court declines to issue an order for protection or 22 declines to renew an order for protection, the court shall state in 23 writing on the order the particular reasons for the court's denial.
- 24 **Sec. 8.** RCW 26.50.070 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 458 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
- (1) Where an application under this section alleges that irreparable injury could result from domestic violence if an order is not issued immediately without prior notice to the respondent, the court may grant an ex parte temporary order for protection, pending a full hearing, and grant relief as the court deems proper, including an order:
- 32 (a) Restraining any party from committing acts of domestic 33 violence;
- 34 (b) Excluding any party from the dwelling shared or from the 35 residence of the other until further order of the court;
- 36 (c) Restraining any party from interfering with the other's custody 37 of the minor children or from removing the children from the 38 jurisdiction of the court;

p. 9 SSB 5219

- 1 (d) Restraining any party from having any contact with the victim 2 of domestic violence or the victim's children or members of the 3 victim's household; and
 - (e) Considering the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

- 5 (2) Irreparable injury under this section includes but is not 6 limited to situations in which the respondent has recently threatened 7 petitioner with bodily injury or has engaged in acts of domestic 8 violence against the petitioner.
- 9 (3) The court shall hold an ex parte hearing in person or by 10 telephone on the day the petition is filed or on the following judicial 11 day.
- (4) An ex parte temporary order for protection shall be effective 12 13 for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days or twenty-four days if the court has permitted service by publication under RCW 26.50.085 or 14 15 by mail under section 16 of this act. The ex parte order may be reissued. A full hearing, as provided in this chapter, shall be set 16 17 for not later than fourteen days from the issuance of the temporary order or not later than twenty-four days if service by publication or 18 19 by mail is permitted. Except as provided in RCW 26.50.050 ((and)), 26.50.085, and section 16 of this act, the respondent shall be 20 personally served with a copy of the ex parte order along with a copy 21 of the petition and notice of the date set for the hearing. 22
- 23 (5) Any order issued under this section shall contain the date and 24 time of issuance and the expiration date and shall be entered into a 25 state-wide judicial information system by the clerk of the court within 26 one judicial day after issuance.
- 27 (6) If the court declines to issue an exparte temporary order for 28 protection the court shall state the particular reasons for the court's 29 denial. The court's denial of a motion for an exparte order of 30 protection shall be filed with the court.
- 31 **Sec. 9.** RCW 26.50.080 and 1984 c 263 s 9 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) When an order is issued under this chapter upon request of the petitioner, the court may order a peace officer to accompany the petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of ((the dwelling or residence,)) those items indicated in the order or to otherwise assist in the execution of the order of protection. The order shall list all items that are to be included with sufficient

- 1 specificity to make it clear which property is included. Orders issued
- 2 under this chapter shall include a designation of the appropriate law
- 3 enforcement agency to execute, serve, or enforce the order.
- 4 (2) Upon order of a court, a peace officer shall accompany the
- 5 petitioner in an order of protection and assist in placing the
- 6 petitioner in possession of all items listed in the order and to
- 7 otherwise assist in the execution of the order.
- 8 **Sec. 10.** RCW 26.50.090 and 1992 c 143 s 6 are each amended to read 9 as follows:
- 10 (1) An order issued under this chapter shall be personally served 11 upon the respondent, except as provided in subsections (6) and (8) of 12 this section.
- 13 (2) The sheriff of the county or the peace officers of the 14 municipality in which the respondent resides shall serve the respondent 15 personally unless the petitioner elects to have the respondent served 16 by a private party.
- 17 (3) If service by a sheriff or municipal peace officer is to be
 18 used, the clerk of the court shall have a copy of any order issued
 19 under this chapter forwarded on or before the next judicial day to the
 20 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order for service
 21 upon the respondent. Service of an order issued under this chapter
 22 shall take precedence over the service of other documents unless they
 23 are of a similar emergency nature.
- 24 (4) If the sheriff or municipal peace officer cannot complete 25 service upon the respondent within ten days, the sheriff or municipal 26 peace officer shall notify the petitioner. The petitioner shall 27 provide information sufficient to permit notification.
- 28 (5) Returns of service under this chapter shall be made in 29 accordance with the applicable court rules.
- 30 (6) If an order entered by the court recites that the respondent 31 appeared in person before the court, the necessity for further service 32 is waived and proof of service of that order is not necessary.
- (7) ((Except in cases where the petitioner is granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis,)) Municipal police departments serving documents as required under this chapter may collect from respondents ordered to pay fees under RCW 26.50.060 the same fees for service and mileage authorized by RCW 36.18.040 to be collected by sheriffs.

p. 11 SSB 5219

- 1 (8) If the court previously entered an order allowing service (($\frac{by}{y}$)
- 2 publication)) of the notice of hearing and temporary order of
- 3 protection by publication pursuant to RCW 26.50.085 or by mail pursuant
- 4 to section 16 of this act, the court may permit service by publication
- 5 or by mail of the order of protection issued under RCW 26.50.060.
- 6 Service by publication must comply with the requirements of RCW
- 7 26.50.085 and service by mail must comply with the requirements of
- 8 section 16 of this act. The court order must state whether the court
- 9 permitted service by publication or by mail.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 11.** A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW
- 11 to read as follows:
- 12 (1) Pursuant to chapter 2.42 RCW, an interpreter shall be appointed
- 13 for any party who, because of a hearing or speech impairment, cannot
- 14 readily understand or communicate in spoken language.
- 15 (2) Pursuant to chapter 2.43 RCW, an interpreter shall be appointed
- 16 for any party who cannot readily speak or understand the English
- 17 language.
- 18 (3) The interpreter shall translate or interpret for the party in
- 19 preparing forms, participating in the hearing and court-ordered
- 20 assessments, and translating any orders.
- 21 **Sec. 12.** RCW 26.50.095 and 1992 c 143 s 5 are each amended to read
- 22 as follows:
- 23 Following completion of service by publication as provided in RCW
- 24 26.50.085 or by mail as provided in section 16 of this act, if the
- 25 respondent fails to appear at the hearing, the court may issue an order
- 26 of protection as provided in RCW 26.50.060. That order must be served
- 27 pursuant to RCW 26.50.090, and forwarded to the appropriate law
- 28 enforcement agency pursuant to RCW 26.50.100.
- 29 **Sec. 13.** RCW 26.50.100 and 1992 c 143 s 7 are each amended to read
- 30 as follows:
- 31 (1) A copy of an order for protection granted under this chapter
- 32 shall be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next
- 33 judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the
- 34 order.
- 35 Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall
- 36 forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence

- information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order shall remain in the computer for the period stated in the order. The law enforcement agency shall only expunge ((expired)) from the computer-based criminal intelligence information system orders ((from the computer system)) that are expired, vacated, or superseded. Entry into the law
- 7 enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law 8 enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully 9 enforceable in any county in the state.
- 10 (2) The information entered into the computer-based <u>criminal</u>
 11 <u>intelligence information</u> system shall include notice to law enforcement
 12 whether the order was personally served or served by publication.
- 13 **Sec. 14.** RCW 26.50.110 and 1992 c 86 s 5 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 (1) Whenever an order for protection is granted under this chapter 16 and the respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the restraint provisions or of a provision excluding the 17 18 person from a residence, workplace, school, or daycare is a gross 19 misdemeanor. Upon conviction, and in addition to any other penalties provided by law, the court may require that the respondent submit to 20 electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the 21 electronic monitoring services, and the terms under which the 22 23 monitoring shall be performed. The order also may include a 24 requirement that the respondent pay the costs of the monitoring. The 25 court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring. 26
 - (2) A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into custody a person whom the peace officer has probable cause to believe has violated an order issued under this chapter that restrains the person or excludes the person from a residence, workplace, school, or daycare, if the person restrained knows of the order. Presence of the order in the law enforcement computer-based criminal intelligence information system is not the only means of establishing knowledge of the order.

28 29

30

31

3233

34

37

38

- 35 (3) A violation of an order for protection shall also constitute 36 contempt of court, and is subject to the penalties prescribed by law.
 - (4) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this chapter and that does not amount to assault in the first or second

p. 13 SSB 5219

- degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this chapter that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony.
- 5 (5) Upon the filing of an affidavit by the petitioner or any peace 6 officer alleging that the respondent has violated an order for 7 protection granted under this chapter, the court may issue an order to 8 the respondent, requiring the respondent to appear and show cause 9 within fourteen days why the respondent should not be found in contempt 10 of court and punished accordingly. The hearing may be held in the court of any county or municipality in which the petitioner or 11 respondent temporarily or permanently resides at the time of the 12 13 alleged violation.
- 14 **Sec. 15.** RCW 26.50.115 and 1992 c 143 s 8 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- (1) When the court issues an ex parte order pursuant to RCW 26.50.070 or an order of protection ordered issued pursuant to RCW 26.50.060, the court shall advise the petitioner that the respondent may not be subjected to the penalties set forth in RCW 26.50.110 for a violation of the order unless the respondent knows of the order.
- (2) When a peace officer investigates a report of an alleged 21 violation of an order for protection issued under this chapter the 22 23 officer shall attempt to determine whether the respondent knew of the 24 existence of the protection order. ((If the officer determines that 25 the respondent did not or probably did not know about the protection order, the officer shall make reasonable efforts to obtain a copy of 26 27 the protection order and serve it on the respondent during the investigation.)) If the law enforcement officer determines that the 28 29 respondent did not or probably did not know about the protection order and the officer is provided a current copy of the order, the officer 30 shall serve the order on the respondent if the respondent is present. 31 If the respondent is not present, the officer shall make reasonable 32 33 efforts to serve a copy of the order on the respondent. If the officer serves the respondent with the petitioner's copy of the order, the 34 35 officer shall give petitioner a receipt indicating that petitioner's 36 copy has been served on the respondent.
- 37 (3) Presentation of an unexpired, certified copy of a protection 38 order is sufficient for a law enforcement officer to enforce the terms

- 1 of the order regardless of the presence of the order in the law
- 2 <u>enforcement computer-based criminal intelligence information system.</u>
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) In circumstances justifying service by publication under RCW 5 26.50.085(1), if the serving party files an affidavit stating facts 6 7 from which the court determines that service by mail is just as likely to give actual notice as service by publication and that the serving 8 9 party is unable to afford the cost of service by publication, the court may order that service be made by mail. Such service shall be made by 10 any person over eighteen years of age, who is competent to be a 11 12 witness, other than a party, by mailing copies of the order and other process to the party to be served at his or her last known address or 13 14 any other address determined by the court to be appropriate. 15 copies shall be mailed, postage prepaid, one by ordinary first class mail and the other by a form of mail requiring a signed receipt showing 16
- 19 (2) Proof of service under this section shall be consistent with 20 court rules for civil proceedings.

address of the sender.

when and to whom it was delivered. The envelopes must bear the return

- (3) Service under this section may be used in the same manner and shall have the same jurisdictional effect as service by publication for purposes of this chapter. Service shall be deemed complete upon the mailing of two copies as prescribed in this section.
- 25 **Sec. 17.** RCW 26.50.125 and 1992 c 143 s 9 are each amended to read 26 as follows:
- The court may permit service by publication <u>or by mail</u> under this chapter only if the petitioner pays the cost of publication <u>or mailing</u> unless the county legislative authority allocates funds for service of process by publication <u>or by mail</u> for <u>indigent</u> petitioners ((who are granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis)).
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW to read as follows:
- To prevent the issuance of competing protection orders in different courts and to give courts needed information for issuance of orders, the judicial information system shall be available in each district,

p. 15 SSB 5219

- 1 municipal, and superior court by July 1, 1997, and shall include a 2 database containing the following information:
- 3 (1) The names of the parties and the cause number for every order 4 of protection issued under this title, every criminal no-contact order 5 issued under chapter 10.99 RCW, every antiharassment order issued under 6 chapter 10.14 RCW, every dissolution action under chapter 26.09 RCW, 7 every third-party custody action under chapter 26.10 RCW, and every 8 parentage action under chapter 26.10 RCW;
- 9 (2) A criminal history of the parties; and
- 10 (3) Other relevant information necessary to assist courts in 11 issuing orders under this chapter as determined by the judicial 12 information system committee.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW to read as follows:
- 15 (1) Before granting an order under this chapter directing 16 residential placement of a child or restraining or limiting a party's 17 contact with a child, the court shall consult the judicial information 18 system, if available, to determine the pendency of other proceedings 19 involving the residential placement of any child of the parties for 20 whom residential placement has been requested.
- 21 (2) Jurisdictional issues regarding out-of-state proceedings 22 involving the custody or residential placement of any child of the 23 parties shall be governed by the uniform child custody jurisdiction 24 act, chapter 26.27 RCW.
 - Sec. 20. RCW 10.31.100 and 1993 c 209 s 1 and 1993 c 128 s 5 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a felony shall have the authority to arrest the person without a warrant. A police officer may arrest a person without a warrant for committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor only when the offense is committed in the presence of the officer, except as provided in subsections (1) through (10) of this section.

33 (1) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 34 person has committed or is committing a misdemeanor or gross 35 misdemeanor, involving physical harm or threats of harm to any person 36 or property or the unlawful taking of property or involving the use or 37 possession of cannabis, or involving the acquisition, possession, or

SSB 5219 p. 16

25

2627

28

29

30

31

32

consumption of alcohol by a person under the age of twenty-one years 1 under RCW 66.44.270 shall have the authority to arrest the person. 2

3

4

5

8

9

10

11

34

35

36

- (2) A police officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
- 6 (a) An order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under RCW 10.99.040(2), 10.99.050, 26.09.060, 26.44.063, chapter 26.26 7 RCW, or chapter 26.50 RCW restraining the person and the person has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or excluding the person from a residence or, in the case of an order issued under RCW 26.44.063, imposing any other restrictions or conditions upon the person; or 12
- 13 (b) The person is ((eighteen)) sixteen years or older and within 14 the preceding four hours has assaulted ((that person's spouse, former 15 spouse, or a person eighteen years or older with whom the person resides or has formerly resided)) a family or household member as 16 defined in RCW 10.99.020 and the officer believes: (i) A felonious 17 assault has occurred; (ii) an assault has occurred which has resulted 18 19 in bodily injury to the victim, whether the injury is observable by the responding officer or not; or (iii) that any physical action has 20 occurred which was intended to cause another person reasonably to fear 21 imminent serious bodily injury or death. Bodily injury means physical 22 pain, illness, or an impairment of physical condition. 23 24 officer has probable cause to believe that spouses, former spouses, or 25 other persons who reside together or formerly resided together have 26 assaulted each other, the officer is not required to arrest both 27 persons. The officer shall arrest the person whom the officer believes to be the primary physical aggressor. In making this determination, 28 29 the officer shall make every reasonable effort to consider: (i) The 30 intent to protect victims of domestic violence under RCW 10.99.010; (ii) the comparative extent of injuries inflicted or serious threats 31 creating fear of physical injury; and (iii) the history of domestic 32 violence between the persons involved. 33
 - (3) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a violation of any of the following traffic laws shall have the authority to arrest the person:
- 37 (a) RCW 46.52.010, relating to duty on striking an unattended car 38 or other property;

p. 17 SSB 5219

- 1 (b) RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of injury to or death 2 of a person or damage to an attended vehicle;
- 3 (c) RCW 46.61.500 or 46.61.530, relating to reckless driving or 4 racing of vehicles;
- 5 (d) RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to persons under the 6 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;
- 7 (e) RCW 46.20.342, relating to driving a motor vehicle while 8 operator's license is suspended or revoked;
- 9 (f) RCW 46.61.525, relating to operating a motor vehicle in a 10 negligent manner.
- 11 (4) A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of a motor 12 vehicle accident may arrest the driver of a motor vehicle involved in 13 the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe that the 14 driver has committed in connection with the accident a violation of any 15 traffic law or regulation.
- 16 (5) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 17 person has committed or is committing a violation of RCW ((88.12.100)) 18 88.12.025 shall have the authority to arrest the person.
 - (6) An officer may act upon the request of a law enforcement officer in whose presence a traffic infraction was committed, to stop, detain, arrest, or issue a notice of traffic infraction to the driver who is believed to have committed the infraction. The request by the witnessing officer shall give an officer the authority to take appropriate action under the laws of the state of Washington.
- (7) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing any act of indecent exposure, as defined in RCW 9A.88.010, may arrest the person.
- (8) A police officer may arrest and take into custody, pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that an order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under chapter 10.14 RCW and the person has violated the terms of that order.
- 33 (9) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 34 person has, within twenty-four hours of the alleged violation, 35 committed a violation of RCW 9A.50.020 may arrest such person.
- 36 (10) A police officer having probable cause to believe that a 37 person illegally possesses or illegally has possessed a firearm or 38 other dangerous weapon on private or public elementary or secondary 39 school premises shall have the authority to arrest the person.

19

20

21

22

23

24

- For purposes of this subsection, the term "firearm" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the term "dangerous weapon" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.250 and 9.41.280(1) (c) through (e).
- 4 (11) Except as specifically provided in subsections (2), (3), (4), 5 and (6) of this section, nothing in this section extends or otherwise

affects the powers of arrest prescribed in Title 46 RCW.

6

26

- 7 (12) No police officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 8 making an arrest pursuant to RCW 10.31.100 (2) or (8) if the police 9 officer acts in good faith and without malice.
- 10 **Sec. 21.** RCW 10.99.020 and 1994 c 121 s 4 are each amended to read 11 as follows:
- 12 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 13 this section apply throughout this chapter.
- 14 (1) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, 15 persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by 16 blood or marriage, ((and)) adult persons who are presently residing 17 18 together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen 19 years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating 20 relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a 21 respondent sixteen years of age or older has or has had a dating 22 23 relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child 24 relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents 25 and grandchildren.
 - (2) "Dating relationship" has the same meaning as in RCW 26.50.010.
- 27 (3) "Domestic violence" includes but is not limited to any of the 28 following crimes when committed by one family or household member 29 against another:
- 30 (a) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011);
- 31 (b) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021);
- 32 (c) Assault in the third degree (RCW 9A.36.031);
- 33 (d) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041);
- 34 (e) Reckless endangerment in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.045);
- 35 (f) Reckless endangerment in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.050);
- 36 (g) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070);
- 37 (h) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020);
- (i) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030);

p. 19 SSB 5219

```
1 (j) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070);
```

- (k) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080);
- 3 (1) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070);
- 4 (m) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080);
- 5 (n) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090);
- 6 (o) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020);
- 7 (p) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030);
- 8 (q) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040);
- 9 (r) Violation of the provisions of a restraining order restraining 10 the person or excluding the person from a residence (RCW 26.09.300);
- (s) Violation of the provisions of a protection order <u>or no-contact</u> order restraining the person or excluding the person from a residence (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, ((or)) 26.50.130, or 10.99.040);
- 14 (t) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040);
- 15 (u) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050); ((and))
- 16 (v) Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025); and
- 17 <u>(w) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110)</u>.

- 18 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ $\underline{(4)}$ "Victim" means a family or household member who has 19 been subjected to domestic violence.
- 20 **Sec. 22.** RCW 10.99.030 and 1993 c 350 s 3 are each amended to read 21 as follows:
- (1) All training relating to the handling of domestic violence complaints by law enforcement officers shall stress enforcement of criminal laws in domestic situations, availability of community resources, and protection of the victim. Law enforcement agencies and community organizations with expertise in the issue of domestic violence shall cooperate in all aspects of such training.
- (2) The criminal justice training commission shall implement by 28 29 January 1, 1997, a course of instruction for the training of law 30 enforcement officers in Washington in the handling of domestic violence complaints. The basic law enforcement curriculum of the criminal 31 justice training commission shall include at least twenty hours of 32 33 basic training instruction on the law enforcement response to domestic violence. The course of instruction, the learning and performance 34 objectives, and the standards for the training shall be developed by 35 36 the commission and focus on enforcing the criminal laws, safety of the 37 victim, and holding the perpetrator accountable for the violence. The 38 curriculum shall include training on the extent and prevalence of

- 1 domestic violence, the importance of criminal justice intervention,
- 2 techniques for responding to incidents that minimize the likelihood of
- 3 officer injury and that promote victim safety, investigation and
- 4 interviewing skills, evidence gathering and report writing, assistance
- 5 to and services for victims and children, verification and enforcement
- 6 of court orders, liability, and any additional provisions that are
- 7 necessary to carry out the intention of this subsection.
- 8 (3) The criminal justice training commission shall develop and
- 9 update annually an in-service training program to familiarize law
- 10 <u>enforcement officers with the domestic violence laws.</u> The program
- 11 shall include techniques for handling incidents of domestic violence
- 12 that minimize the likelihood of injury to the officer and that promote
- 13 the safety of all parties. The commission shall make the training
- 14 program available to all law enforcement agencies in the state.
- 15 (4) Development of the training in subsections (2) and (3) of this
- 16 <u>section shall be conducted in conjunction with agencies having a</u>
- 17 primary responsibility for serving victims of domestic violence with
- 18 emergency shelter and other services, and representatives to the state-
- 19 wide organization providing training and education to these
- 20 organizations and to the general public.
- 21 $((\frac{2}{1}))$ The primary duty of peace officers, when responding to
- 22 a domestic violence situation, is to enforce the laws allegedly
- 23 violated and to protect the complaining party.
- $((\frac{3}{3}))$ (6)(a) When a peace officer responds to a domestic violence
- 25 call and has probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed,
- 26 the peace officer shall exercise arrest powers with reference to the
- 27 criteria in RCW 10.31.100. The officer shall notify the victim of the
- 28 victim's right to initiate a criminal proceeding in all cases where the
- 29 officer has not exercised arrest powers or decided to initiate criminal
- -
- 30 proceedings by citation or otherwise. The parties in such cases shall
- 31 also be advised of the importance of preserving evidence.
- 32 (b) A peace officer responding to a domestic violence call shall
- 33 take a complete offense report including the officer's disposition of
- 34 the case.
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (7) When a peace officer responds to a domestic violence
- 36 call, the officer shall advise victims of all reasonable means to
- 37 prevent further abuse, including advising each person of the
- 38 availability of a shelter or other services in the community, and
- 39 giving each person immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies

p. 21 SSB 5219

1 available. The notice shall include handing each person a copy of the 2 following statement:

3

4

5

6 7

8

9

10

11 12

13

14

1516

17

"IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you can ask the city or county prosecuting attorney to file a criminal complaint. You also have the right to file a petition in superior, district, or municipal court requesting an order for protection from domestic abuse which could include any of the following: (a) An order restraining your abuser from further acts of abuse; (b) an order directing your abuser to leave your household; (c) an order preventing your abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment; (d) an order awarding you or the other parent custody of or visitation with your minor child or children; and (e) an order restraining your abuser from molesting or interfering with minor children in your custody. The forms you need to obtain a protection order are available in any municipal, district, or superior court.

- Information about shelters and alternatives to domestic violence is available from a state-wide twenty-four-hour toll-free hotline at ((1-800-562-6025)) (include appropriate phone number). The battered women's shelter and other resources in your area are (include local information)"
- (((+5))) (8) The peace officer may offer, arrange, or facilitate transportation for the victim to a hospital for treatment of injuries or to a place of safety or shelter.
- (((6))) <u>(9)</u> The law enforcement agency shall forward the offense report to the appropriate prosecutor within ten days of making such report if there is probable cause to believe that an offense has been committed, unless the case is under active investigation.
- $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (10) Each law enforcement agency shall make as soon as practicable a written record and shall maintain records of all incidents of domestic violence reported to it.
- (((8))) (11) Records kept pursuant to subsections (((3) and (7))) 34 (6) and (10) of this section shall be made identifiable by means of a departmental code for domestic violence.
- (((+9))) (12) Commencing January 1, 1994, records of incidents of domestic violence shall be submitted, in accordance with procedures described in this subsection, to the Washington association of sheriffs

and police chiefs by all law enforcement agencies. The Washington 1 2 criminal justice training commission shall amend its contract for collection of state-wide crime data with the Washington association of 4 sheriffs and police chiefs:

3

- (a) To include a table, in the annual report of crime in Washington 5 produced by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs 6 7 pursuant to the contract, showing the total number of actual offenses 8 and the number and percent of the offenses that are domestic violence 9 incidents for the following crimes: (i) Criminal homicide, with 10 subtotals for murder and nonnegligent homicide and manslaughter by negligence; (ii) forcible rape, with subtotals for rape by force and 11 attempted forcible rape; (iii) robbery, with subtotals for firearm, 12 13 knife or cutting instrument, or other dangerous weapon, and strongarm robbery; (iv) assault, with subtotals for firearm, knife or cutting 14 15 instrument, other dangerous weapon, hands, feet, aggravated, and other nonaggravated assaults; (v) burglary, with subtotals for forcible 16 17 entry, nonforcible unlawful entry, and attempted forcible entry; (vi) larceny theft, except motor vehicle theft; (vii) motor vehicle theft, 18 19 with subtotals for autos, trucks and buses, and other vehicles; and 20 (viii) arson;
- (b) To require that the table shall continue to be prepared and 21 contained in the annual report of crime in Washington until that time 22 as comparable or more detailed information about domestic violence 23 24 incidents is available through the Washington state incident based 25 reporting system and the information is prepared and contained in the 26 annual report of crime in Washington; and
- (c) To require that, in consultation with interested persons, the 27 28 Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs prepare and disseminate procedures to all law enforcement agencies in the state as 29 30 to how the agencies shall code and report domestic violence incidents to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs. 31
- 32 Sec. 23. RCW 10.99.040 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 449 are each amended 33 to read as follows:
- 34 (1) Because of the serious nature of domestic violence, the court in domestic violence actions: 35
- (a) Shall not dismiss any charge or delay disposition because of 36 37 concurrent dissolution or other civil proceedings;

p. 23 SSB 5219 1 (b) Shall not require proof that either party is seeking a 2 dissolution of marriage prior to instigation of criminal proceedings;

- (c) Shall waive any requirement that the victim's location be disclosed to any person, other than the attorney of a criminal defendant, upon a showing that there is a possibility of further violence: PROVIDED, That the court may order a criminal defense attorney not to disclose to his or her client the victim's location; and
- 9 (d) Shall identify by any reasonable means on docket sheets those 10 criminal actions arising from acts of domestic violence.
- (2) Because of the likelihood of repeated violence directed at those who have been victims of domestic violence in the past, when any person charged with or arrested for a crime involving domestic violence is released from custody before arraignment or trial on bail or personal recognizance, the court authorizing the release may prohibit that person from having any contact with the victim. The jurisdiction authorizing the release shall determine whether that person should be prohibited from having any contact with the victim. If there is no outstanding restraining or protective order prohibiting that person from having contact with the victim, the court authorizing release may issue, by telephone, a no-contact order prohibiting the person charged or arrested from having contact with the victim. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800. contact order shall also be issued in writing as soon as possible.
 - (3) At the time of arraignment the court shall determine whether a no-contact order shall be issued or extended. If a no-contact order is issued or extended, the court may also include in the conditions of release a requirement that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. If electronic monitoring is ordered, the court shall specify who shall provide the monitoring services, and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. Upon conviction, the court may require as a condition of the sentence that the defendant reimburse the providing agency for the costs of the electronic monitoring.
 - (4)(a) Willful violation of a court order issued under subsection (2) or (3) of this section is a <u>gross</u> misdemeanor. Upon conviction and in addition to other penalties provided by law, the court may require that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The court also may

include a requirement that the defendant pay the costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the convicted person to pay for electronic monitoring.

- (b) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- (c) The written order releasing the person charged or arrested shall contain the court's directives and shall bear the legend: "Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony. You can be arrested even if any person protected by the order invites or allows you to violate the order's prohibitions. You have the sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order's provisions. Only the court can change the order. " A certified copy of the order shall be provided to the victim. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to charging, that order shall expire at arraignment or within seventy-two hours if charges are not filed. Such orders need into the computer-based criminal intelligence entered information system in this state which is used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants.
 - (5) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued, modified, or terminated under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the clerk of the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year or until the expiration date specified on the order into any computer—based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

p. 25 SSB 5219

- **Sec. 24.** (1) By January 1, 1997, the criminal 1 NEW SECTION. 2 justice training commission shall develop a written model policy and procedures regarding misdemeanor and felony prosecution of domestic 3 4 violence cases. The model shall include but not be limited to: nature, extent, and causes of domestic violence; laws on domestic 5 violence; practices designed to promote safety of the victim and other 6 7 household members, including family and safety plans; 8 responsibility and authority of the criminal justice system to 9 intervene in domestic violence; considerations that should go into 10 screening and charging decisions; violations of court orders; trial tactics; evidence collection; victim advocates; considerations that 11 12 should go into effective sentencing dispositions related to victim 13 safety and perpetrator accountability; lethality; and community resources for victims, perpetrators, and children. 14
- 15 (2) By July 1, 1998, the prosecuting attorney for each county and unit of local government within the state shall adopt a written policy and procedures regarding prosecution of domestic violence cases using 18 as a guide the model developed by the criminal justice training commission.
- 20 (3) The policies and procedures specified in subsections (1) and (2) of this section shall be developed in conjunction with agencies 21 22 responsible for prosecuting domestic violence cases, agencies having a 23 primary responsibility for serving victims of domestic violence with 24 emergency shelter and other services, representatives of the state-wide 25 organization providing training and education to these organizations 26 and the general public, and others with a demonstrated expertise on 27 domestic violence and the criminal justice system.
- 28 **Sec. 25.** RCW 26.09.050 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 451 are each amended 29 to read as follows:
- 30 (1) In entering a decree of dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or declaration of invalidity, the court shall determine the 31 32 marital status of the parties, make provision for a parenting plan for 33 any minor child of the marriage, make provision for the support of any 34 child of the marriage entitled to support, consider or approve provision for the maintenance of either spouse, make provision for the 35 36 disposition of property and liabilities of the parties, make provision for the allocation of the children as federal tax exemptions, make 37 provision for any necessary continuing restraining orders including the 38

- 1 provisions contained in RCW 9.41.800, $\underline{\text{make provision for the issuance}}$
- 2 within this action of the restraint provisions of a domestic violence
- 3 protection order under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment
- 4 protection order under chapter 10.14 RCW, and make provision for the
- 5 change of name of any party.
- 6 (2) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the
- 7 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto
- 8 the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other
- 9 party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on
- 10 the front page of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH
- 11 ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.09
- 12 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.
- 13 (3) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a
- 14 criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any
- 15 <u>antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded</u>
- 16 by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the
- 17 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon
- 18 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter
- 19 the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information
- 20 system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list
- 21 <u>outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable in any county in</u>
- 22 the state.
- 23 **Sec. 26.** RCW 26.09.060 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 452 are each amended
- 24 to read as follows:
- 25 (1) In a proceeding for:
- 26 (a) Dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or a declaration of
- 27 invalidity; or
- 28 (b) Disposition of property or liabilities, maintenance, or support
- 29 following dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal
- 30 jurisdiction over the absent spouse; either party may move for
- 31 temporary maintenance or for temporary support of children entitled to
- 32 support. The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth
- 33 the factual basis for the motion and the amounts requested.
- 34 (2) As a part of a motion for temporary maintenance or support or
- 35 by independent motion accompanied by affidavit, either party may
- 36 request the court to issue a temporary restraining order or preliminary
- 37 injunction, providing relief proper in the circumstances, and
- 38 restraining or enjoining any person from:

p. 27 SSB 5219

- 1 (a) Transferring, removing, encumbering, concealing, or in any way 2 disposing of any property except in the usual course of business or for 3 the necessities of life, and, if so restrained or enjoined, requiring 4 him or her to notify the moving party of any proposed extraordinary 5 expenditures made after the order is issued;
- 6 (b) Molesting or disturbing the peace of the other party or of any 7 child;
- 8 (c) ((Entering the family home or the home)) Going onto the grounds
 9 of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the
 10 day care or school of any child upon a showing of the necessity
 11 therefor;
 - (d) Removing a child from the jurisdiction of the court.

- 13 (3) Either party may request a domestic violence protection order under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under 14 chapter 10.14 RCW on a temporary basis. The court may grant any of the 15 relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to 16 residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be 17 provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 18 19 10.14.080. Ex parte orders issued under this subsection shall be effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days, or upon court 20 order, not to exceed twenty-four days if necessary to ensure that all 21 temporary motions in the case can be heard at the same time. 22
- (4) In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.
- $((\frac{4}{}))$ (5) The court may issue a temporary restraining order without requiring notice to the other party only if it finds on the basis of the moving affidavit or other evidence that irreparable injury could result if an order is not issued until the time for responding has elapsed.
- (((5))) (6) The court may issue a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction and an order for temporary maintenance or support in such amounts and on such terms as are just and proper in the circumstances. The court may in its discretion waive the filing of the bond or the posting of security.
- (((6))) <u>(7)</u> Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or from ((entering a party's home)) going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on the front page of the

- 1 <u>order</u> the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS 2 TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.09 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A 3 VIOLATOR TO ARREST.
- 4 $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (8) The court $(\frac{1}{1})$ shall order that any temporary restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic 5 violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order 6 7 granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or 8 before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency 9 specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement 10 agency shall forthwith enter the order ((for one year)) into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in 11 this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding 12 13 Entry into the law enforcement information warrants. constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of 14 15 the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state. 16 $((\frac{8}{1}))$ (9) A temporary order, temporary restraining order, or
- 18 (a) Does not prejudice the rights of a party or any child which are 19 to be adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;
 - (b) May be revoked or modified;

preliminary injunction:

17

20

- (c) Terminates when the final decree is entered, except as provided under subsection (((9))) (10) of this section, or when the petition for dissolution, legal separation, or declaration of invalidity is dismissed;
- 25 (d) May be entered in a proceeding for the modification of an 26 existing decree.
- ((+9)) (10) Delinquent support payments accrued under an order for temporary support remain collectible and are not extinguished when a final decree is entered unless the decree contains specific language to the contrary. A support debt under a temporary order owed to the state for public assistance expenditures shall not be extinguished by the final decree if:
- 33 (a) The obligor was given notice of the state's interest under 34 chapter 74.20A RCW; or
- 35 (b) The temporary order directs the obligor to make support 36 payments to the office of support enforcement or the Washington state 37 support registry.

p. 29 SSB 5219

- 1 **Sec. 27.** RCW 26.09.300 and 1984 c 263 s 28 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) Whenever a restraining order is issued under this chapter, and 4 the person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the 5 provisions restricting the person from acts or threats of violence or 6 of a provision excluding the person from the residence, workplace, 7 school, or daycare of another is a misdemeanor.
 - (2) A person is deemed to have notice of a restraining order if:
- 9 (a) The person to be restrained or the person's attorney signed the 10 order;

13

28

- 11 (b) The order recites that the person to be restrained or the 12 person's attorney appeared in person before the court;
 - (c) The order was served upon the person to be restrained; or
- (d) The peace officer gives the person oral or written evidence of the order by reading from it or handing to the person a certified copy of the original order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 18 (3) A peace officer shall verify the existence of a restraining 19 order by:
- 20 (a) Obtaining information confirming the existence and terms of the 21 order from a law enforcement agency; or
- (b) Obtaining a certified copy of the order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 25 (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending 26 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 27 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
 - (a) A restraining order has been issued under this chapter;
- 29 (b) The respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order; 30 and
- 31 (c) The person to be arrested has violated the terms of the order 32 restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or excluding 33 the person from the residence.
- 34 (5) It is a defense to prosecution under subsection (1) of this 35 section that the court order was issued contrary to law or court rule.
- 36 (6) No peace officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 37 making an arrest under subsection (4) of this section if the officer 38 acts in good faith and without malice.

- 1 **Sec. 28.** RCW 26.10.040 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 453 are each amended 2 to read as follows:
- In entering an order under this chapter, the court shall consider, approve, or make provision for:
- 5 (1) Child custody, visitation, and the support of any child 6 entitled to support;
- 7 (2) The allocation of the children as a federal tax exemption; 8 ((and))
- 9 (3) Any necessary continuing restraining orders, including the 10 provisions contained in RCW 9.41.800;
- (4) A domestic violence protection order under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under chapter 10.14 RCW. The court may grant any of the relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 10.14.080;

18 19

20

21

22

23

- (5) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on the front page of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.10 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST;
- 24 (6) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any 25 26 antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the 27 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon 28 29 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter 30 the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list 31 outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable in any county in 32 33 the state.
- 34 **Sec. 29.** RCW 26.10.115 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 454 are each amended 35 to read as follows:
- 36 (1) In a proceeding under this chapter either party may file a 37 motion for temporary support of children entitled to support. The

p. 31 SSB 5219

- 1 motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the factual 2 basis for the motion and the amount requested.
- 3 (2) In a proceeding under this chapter either party may file a 4 motion for a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction, 5 providing relief proper in the circumstances, and restraining or 6 enjoining any person from:
- 7 (a) Molesting or disturbing the peace of the other party or of any 8 child;
- 9 (b) Entering the family home or the home of the other party upon a 10 showing of the necessity therefor;
 - (c) Removing a child from the jurisdiction of the court.

24

25

26

27

28

- (3) <u>Either party may request a domestic violence protection order</u> 12 13 under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under chapter 10.14 RCW on a temporary basis. The court may grant any of the 14 relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to 15 residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be 16 provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 17 10.14.080. Ex parte orders issued under this subsection shall be 18 19 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days, or upon court order, not to exceed twenty-four days if necessary to ensure that all 20 temporary motions in the case can be heard at the same time. 21
- (4) In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.
 - ((4))) (5) The court may issue a temporary restraining order without requiring notice to the other party only if it finds on the basis of the moving affidavit or other evidence that irreparable injury could result if an order is not issued until the time for responding has elapsed.
- (((+5))) (6) The court may issue a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction and an order for temporary support in such amounts and on such terms as are just and proper in the circumstances.
- $((\frac{6}{}))$ (7) Restraining orders issued under this 32 33 restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or from ((entering a party's home)) going onto the grounds of or entering 34 the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or 35 school of any child shall prominently bear on the front page of the 36 order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS 37 TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.10 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A 38 39 VIOLATOR TO ARREST.

- $((\frac{7}{1}))$ (8) The court $(\frac{1}{1})$ shall order that any temporary 1 restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic 2 violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order 3 4 granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or 5 before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement 6 7 agency shall forthwith enter the order ((for one year)) into any 8 computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in 9 this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding Entry into the 10 law enforcement information constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of 11 the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state. 12 13 $((\frac{8}{1}))$ (9) A temporary order, temporary restraining order, or 14 preliminary injunction:
- 15 (a) Does not prejudice the rights of a party or any child which are 16 to be adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;
 - (b) May be revoked or modified;

25

27

28 29

30

31

35

- (c) Terminates when the final order is entered or when the motion 18 19 is dismissed;
- 20 (d) May be entered in a proceeding for the modification of an existing order. 21
- 22 (((9))) (10) A support debt owed to the state for public assistance expenditures which has been charged against a party pursuant to RCW 23 24 74.20A.040 and/or 74.20A.055 shall not be merged in, or otherwise extinguished by, the final decree or order, unless the office of 26 support enforcement has been given notice of the final proceeding and an opportunity to present its claim for the support debt to the court and has failed to file an affidavit as provided in this subsection. Notice of the proceeding shall be served upon the office of support enforcement personally, or by certified mail, and shall be given no fewer than thirty days prior to the date of the final proceeding. An original copy of the notice shall be filed with the court either before 32 service or within a reasonable time thereafter. The office of support 33 34 enforcement may present its claim, and thereby preserve the support debt, by filing an affidavit setting forth the amount of the debt with 36 the court, and by mailing a copy of the affidavit to the parties or 37 their attorney prior to the date of the final proceeding.

p. 33 SSB 5219

- 1 **Sec. 30.** RCW 26.10.220 and 1987 c 460 s 50 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) Whenever a restraining order is issued under this chapter, and 4 the person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the 5 provisions restricting the person from acts or threats of violence or 6 of a provision excluding the person from the residence, workplace, 7 school, or daycare of another is a misdemeanor.
 - (2) A person is deemed to have notice of a restraining order if:
- 9 (a) The person to be restrained or the person's attorney signed the 10 order;

13

28

- 11 (b) The order recites that the person to be restrained or the 12 person's attorney appeared in person before the court;
 - (c) The order was served upon the person to be restrained; or
- (d) The peace officer gives the person oral or written evidence of the order by reading from it or handing to the person a certified copy of the original order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 18 (3) A peace officer shall verify the existence of a restraining 19 order by:
- 20 (a) Obtaining information confirming the existence and terms of the 21 order from a law enforcement agency; or
- (b) Obtaining a certified copy of the order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 25 (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending 26 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 27 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
 - (a) A restraining order has been issued under this chapter;
- 29 (b) The respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order; 30 and
- 31 (c) The person to be arrested has violated the terms of the order 32 restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or excluding 33 the person from the residence.
- 34 (5) It is a defense to prosecution under subsection (1) of this 35 section that the court order was issued contrary to law or court rule.
- 36 (6) No peace officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 37 making an arrest under subsection (4) of this section if the officer 38 acts in good faith and without malice.

- 1 **Sec. 31.** RCW 26.26.130 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 455 are each amended 2 to read as follows:
- 3 (1) The judgment and order of the court determining the existence 4 or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship shall be 5 determinative for all purposes.
- 6 (2) If the judgment and order of the court is at variance with the 7 child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amended birth 8 certificate be issued.
- 9 (3) The judgment and order shall contain other appropriate provisions directed to the appropriate parties to the proceeding, 10 concerning the duty of current and future support, the extent of any 11 liability for past support furnished to the child if that issue is 12 13 before the court, the furnishing of bond or other security for the payment of the judgment, or any other matter in the best interest of 14 the child. The judgment and order may direct the father to pay the 15 reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and confinement. 16 judgment and order may include a continuing restraining order or 17 In issuing the order, the court shall consider the 18 injunction. 19 provisions of RCW 9.41.800.
- 20 (4) Support judgment and orders shall be for periodic payments 21 which may vary in amount. The court may limit the father's liability 22 for the past support to the child to the proportion of the expenses 23 already incurred as the court deems just. The court shall not limit or 24 affect in any manner the right of nonparties including the state of 25 Washington to seek reimbursement for support and other services 26 previously furnished to the child.
- (5) After considering all relevant factors, the court shall order either or both parents to pay an amount determined pursuant to the schedule and standards contained in chapter 26.19 RCW.
- 30 (6) On the same basis as provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provisions with regard to minor children of the parties, except that a parenting plan shall not be required unless requested by a party.
- (7) In any dispute between the natural parents of a child and a person or persons who have (a) commenced adoption proceedings or who have been granted an order of adoption, and (b) pursuant to a court order, or placement by the department of social and health services or by a licensed agency, have had actual custody of the child for a period of one year or more before court action is commenced by the natural

p. 35 SSB 5219

- 1 parent or parents, the court shall consider the best welfare and
- 2 interests of the child, including the child's need for situation
- 3 stability, in determining the matter of custody, and the parent or
- 4 person who is more fit shall have the superior right to custody.
- 5 (8) In entering an order under this chapter, the court may issue
- 6 any necessary continuing restraining orders, including the restraint
- 7 provisions of domestic violence protection orders under chapter 26.50
- 8 RCW or antiharassment protection orders under chapter 10.14 RCW.
- 9 (9) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the
- 10 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto
- 11 the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other
- 12 party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on
- 13 the front page of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH
- 14 ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26
- 15 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.
- 16 (10) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a
- 17 <u>criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any </u>
- 18 <u>antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded</u>
- 19 by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the
- 20 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon
- 21 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter
- 22 the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information
- 23 system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list
- 24 outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable in any county in
- 25 the state.
- 26 **Sec. 32.** RCW 26.26.137 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 456 are each amended
- 27 to read as follows:
- 28 (1) If the court has made a finding as to the paternity of a child,
- 29 or if a party's acknowledgment of paternity has been filed with the
- 30 court, or a party alleges he is the father of the child, any party may
- 31 move for temporary support for the child prior to the date of entry of
- 32 the final order. The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit
- 33 setting forth the factual basis for the motion and the amounts
- 34 requested.
- 35 (2) Any party may request the court to issue a temporary
- 36 restraining order or preliminary injunction, providing relief proper in
- 37 the circumstances, and restraining or enjoining any party from:
- 38 (a) Molesting or disturbing the peace of another party;

- (b) ((Entering the home)) Going onto the grounds of or entering the 1 home, workplace, or school of another party or the day care or school 2 3 of any child; or
 - (c) Removing a child from the jurisdiction of the court.

22

23 24

25 26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33 34

35

- (3) Either party may request a domestic violence protection order 5 under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under 6 7 chapter 10.14 RCW on a temporary basis. The court may grant any of the 8 relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to 9 residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 10 10.14.080. Ex parte orders issued under this subsection shall be 11 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days, or upon court 12 order, not to exceed twenty-four days if necessary to ensure that all 13 temporary motions in the case can be heard at the same time. 14
- (4) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the 15 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto 16 the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other 17 party or the day care or school of any child shall prominently bear on 18 19 the front page of the order the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26 20 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST. 21
 - (5) The court shall order that any temporary restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state.
- (6) The court may issue a temporary restraining order without requiring notice to the other party only if it finds on the basis of the moving affidavit or other evidence that irreparable injury could result if an order is not issued until the time for responding has 36 elapsed.
- 37 $((\frac{4}{1}))$ The court may issue a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction and an order for temporary support in such 38 39 amounts and on such terms as are just and proper in the circumstances.

- 1 In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 2 9.41.800.
- 3 (((5))) (8) A temporary order, temporary restraining order, or 4 preliminary injunction:
- 5 (a) Does not prejudice the rights of a party or any child which are 6 to be adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;
 - (b) May be revoked or modified;

35

- 8 (c) Terminates when the final order is entered or when the petition 9 is dismissed; and
- 10 (d) May be entered in a proceeding for the modification of an 11 existing order.
- (((6))) (9) A support debt owed to the state for public assistance 12 13 expenditures which has been charged against a party pursuant to RCW 74.20A.040 and/or 74.20A.055 shall not be merged in, or otherwise 14 15 extinguished by, the final decree or order, unless the office of support enforcement has been given notice of the final proceeding and 16 17 an opportunity to present its claim for the support debt to the court and has failed to file an affidavit as provided in this subsection. 18 19 Notice of the proceeding shall be served upon the office of support 20 enforcement personally, or by certified mail, and shall be given no fewer than thirty days prior to the date of the final proceeding. An 21 original copy of the notice shall be filed with the court either before 22 service or within a reasonable time thereafter. The office of support 23 24 enforcement may present its claim, and thereby preserve the support 25 debt, by filing an affidavit setting forth the amount of the debt with 26 the court, and by mailing a copy of the affidavit to the parties or their attorney prior to the date of the final proceeding. 27
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) Whenever a restraining order is issued under this chapter, and the person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the provisions restricting the person from acts or threats of violence or of a provision excluding the person from the residence, workplace, school, or daycare of another is a misdemeanor.
 - (2) A person is deemed to have notice of a restraining order if:
- 36 (a) The person to be restrained or the person's attorney signed the 37 order;

1 (b) The order recites that the person to be restrained or the 2 person's attorney appeared in person before the court;

3

18

- (c) The order was served upon the person to be restrained; or
- (d) The peace officer gives the person oral or written evidence of the order by reading from it or handing to the person a certified copy of the original order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 8 (3) A peace officer shall verify the existence of a restraining 9 order by:
- 10 (a) Obtaining information confirming the existence and terms of the 11 order from a law enforcement agency; or
- 12 (b) Obtaining a certified copy of the order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.
- 15 (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending 16 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 17 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:
 - (a) A restraining order has been issued under this chapter;
- 19 (b) The respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order; 20 and
- (c) The person to be arrested has violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or excluding the person from the residence.
- (5) It is a defense to prosecution under subsection (1) of this section that the court order was issued contrary to law or court rule.
- 26 (6) No peace officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 27 making an arrest under subsection (4) of this section if the officer 28 acts in good faith and without malice.
- 29 **Sec. 34.** RCW 4.24.130 and 1992 c 30 s 1 are each amended to read 30 as follows:
- 31 (1) Any person desiring a change of his or her name or that of his 32 or her child or ward, may apply therefor to the district court of the 33 judicial district in which he or she resides, by petition setting forth 34 the reasons for such change; thereupon such court in its discretion may 35 order a change of the name and thenceforth the new name shall be in 36 place of the former.
- The district court shall collect the fees authorized by RCW 38 36.18.010 for filing and recording a name change order, and transmit

p. 39 SSB 5219

- the fee and the order to the county auditor. The court may collect a reasonable fee to cover the cost of transmitting the order to the county auditor.
- 4 (2) Name change petitions may be filed and shall be heard in superior court when the person desiring a change of his or her name or 5 that of his or her child or ward is a victim of domestic violence as 6 defined in RCW 26.50.010(1) and the person seeks to have the name 7 8 change file sealed due to reasonable fear for his or her safety or that of his or her child or ward. Upon granting the name change, the 9 superior court shall seal the file if the court finds that the safety 10 of the person seeking the name change or his or her child or ward 11 warrants sealing the file. In all cases filed under this subsection, 12 whether or not the name change petition is granted, there shall be no 13 public access to any court record of the name change filing, 14 proceeding, or order, unless the name change is granted but the file is 15 16 not sealed.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 35.** A new section is added to chapter 10.14 RCW to read as follows:
- Any order available under this chapter may be issued in actions under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. An order available under this chapter that is issued under those chapters shall be fully enforceable and shall be enforced pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
- 24 **Sec. 36.** RCW 10.14.080 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 448 are each amended 25 to read as follows:
 - (1) Upon filing a petition for a civil antiharassment protection order under this chapter, the petitioner may obtain an ex parte temporary antiharassment protection order. An ex parte temporary antiharassment protection order may be granted with or without notice upon the filing of an affidavit which, to the satisfaction of the court, shows reasonable proof of unlawful harassment of the petitioner by the respondent and that great or irreparable harm will result to the petitioner if the temporary antiharassment protection order is not granted.
- 35 (2) An exparte temporary antiharassment protection order shall be 36 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days or twenty-four 37 days if the court has permitted service by publication under RCW

2627

28

29

30

31

3233

34

- 1 10.14.085. The ex parte order may be reissued. A full hearing, as provided in this chapter, shall be set for not later than fourteen days from the issuance of the temporary order or not later than twenty-four days if service by publication is permitted. Except as provided in RCW 10.14.070 and 10.14.085, the respondent shall be personally served with a copy of the ex parte order along with a copy of the petition and notice of the date set for the hearing.
 - (3) At the hearing, if the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that unlawful harassment exists, a civil antiharassment protection order shall issue prohibiting such unlawful harassment.

9

10

- (4) An order issued under this chapter shall be effective for not 11 more than one year unless the court finds that the respondent is likely 12 13 to resume unlawful harassment of the petitioner when the order expires. If so, the court may enter an order for a fixed time exceeding one year 14 15 or may enter a permanent antiharassment protection order. 16 shall not enter an order that is effective for more than one year if 17 the order restrains the respondent from contacting the respondent's This limitation is not applicable to civil 18 minor children. 19 antiharassment protection orders issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 20 26.26 RCW. If the petitioner seeks relief for a period longer than one year on behalf of the respondent's minor children, the court shall 21 advise the petitioner that the petitioner may apply for renewal of the 22 23 order as provided in this chapter or if appropriate may seek relief 24 pursuant to chapter 26.09 or 26.10 RCW.
- 25 (5) At any time within the three months before the expiration of 26 the order, the petitioner may apply for a renewal of the order by filing a petition for renewal. The petition for renewal shall state 27 the reasons why the petitioner seeks to renew the protection order. 28 29 Upon receipt of the petition for renewal, the court shall order a 30 hearing which shall be not later than fourteen days from the date of the order. Except as provided in RCW 10.14.085, personal service shall 31 be made upon the respondent not less than five days before the hearing. 32 If timely service cannot be made the court shall set a new hearing date 33 34 and shall either require additional attempts at obtaining personal 35 service or permit service by publication as provided by RCW 10.14.085. If the court permits service by publication, the court shall set the 36 37 new hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the date of the order. If the order expires because timely service cannot be made the 38 39 court shall grant an ex parte order of protection as provided in this

p. 41 SSB 5219

- 1 section. The court shall grant the petition for renewal unless the
- 2 respondent proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the
- 3 respondent will not resume harassment of the petitioner when the order
- 4 expires. The court may renew the protection order for another fixed
- 5 time period or may enter a permanent order as provided in subsection
- 6 (4) of this section.
- 7 (6) The court, in granting an exparte temporary antiharassment
- 8 protection order or a civil antiharassment protection order, shall have
- 9 broad discretion to grant such relief as the court deems proper,
- 10 including an order:
- 11 (a) Restraining the respondent from making any attempts to contact
- 12 the petitioner;
- 13 (b) Restraining the respondent from making any attempts to keep the
- 14 petitioner under surveillance;
- 15 (c) Requiring the respondent to stay a stated distance from the
- 16 petitioner's residence and workplace; and
- 17 (d) Considering the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.
- 18 (7) A petitioner may not obtain an ex parte temporary
- 19 antiharassment protection order against a respondent if the petitioner
- 20 has previously obtained two such ex parte orders against the same
- 21 respondent but has failed to obtain the issuance of a civil
- 22 antiharassment protection order unless good cause for such failure can
- 23 be shown.
- 24 (8) The court order shall specify the date an order issued pursuant
- 25 to subsections (4) and (5) of this section expires if any. The court
- 26 order shall also state whether the court issued the protection order
- 27 following personal service or service by publication and whether the
- 28 court has approved service by publication of an order issued under this
- 29 section.
- 30 **Sec. 37.** RCW 26.50.150 and 1991 c 301 s 7 are each amended to read
- 31 as follows:
- 32 The department of social and health services shall adopt rules for
- 33 standards of approval of domestic violence perpetrator programs that
- 34 accept perpetrators of domestic violence into treatment to satisfy
- 35 court orders or that represent the programs as ones that treat domestic
- 36 violence perpetrators. The treatment must meet the following minimum
- 37 qualifications:

- 1 (1) All treatment must be based upon a full, complete clinical 2 intake including: Current and past violence history; a lethality risk 3 assessment; a complete diagnostic evaluation; a substance abuse 4 assessment; criminal history; assessment of cultural issues, learning 5 disabilities, literacy, and special language needs; and a treatment 6 plan that adequately and appropriately addresses the treatment needs of 7 the individual.
- 8 (2) To facilitate communication necessary for periodic safety 9 checks and case monitoring, the program must require the perpetrator to 10 sign the following releases:
- 11 (a) A release for the program to inform the victim and victim's 12 community and legal advocates that the perpetrator is in treatment with 13 the program, and to provide information, for safety purposes, to the 14 victim and victim's community and legal advocates;
- 15 (b) A release to prior and current treatment agencies to provide 16 information on the perpetrator to the program; and
- (c) A release for the program to provide information on the perpetrator to relevant legal entities including: Lawyers, courts, parole, probation, child protective services, and child welfare services.
- (3) Treatment must be for a minimum treatment period defined by the 21 secretary of the department by rule. The weekly treatment sessions 22 must be in a group unless there is a documented, clinical reason for 23 24 another modality. Any other therapies, such as individual, marital, or 25 family therapy, substance abuse evaluations or therapy, medication 26 reviews, or psychiatric interviews, may be concomitant with the weekly 27 group treatment sessions described in this section but not a substitute for it. 28
- (4) The treatment must focus primarily on ending the violence, holding the perpetrator accountable for his or her violence, and changing his or her behavior. The treatment must be based on nonvictim-blaming strategies and philosophies and shall include education about the individual, family, and cultural dynamics of domestic violence.
- (5) Satisfactory completion of treatment must be contingent upon the perpetrator meeting specific criteria, defined by rule by the secretary of the department, and not just upon the end of a certain period of time or a certain number of sessions.

p. 43 SSB 5219

- 1 (6) The program must have policies and procedures for dealing with 2 reoffenses and noncompliance.
- 3 (7) All evaluation and treatment services must be provided by, or 4 under the supervision of, qualified personnel.
- 5 (8) The secretary of the department may adopt rules and establish 6 fees as necessary to implement this section.
- 7 (9) A county may create a review board to evaluate the 8 qualifications of any domestic violence perpetrator program within that 9 county that seeks state approval to accept perpetrators of domestic violence into treatment to satisfy court orders or to represent itself 10 as a program that treats domestic violence perpetrators. The role of 11 the review board is to provide input to the department of social and 12 health services using the standards set out in chapter 388-60 WAC. The 13 14 members of the board shall include but need not be limited to a probation officer, victim advocate, and perpetrator treatment provider. 15 If a county creates a review board, the department of social and health 16 services shall seek input from the county review board before approving 17 any domestic violence perpetrator program in that county. If the 18 19 department approves a program over the objection of a county review board, the department shall inform the county review board in writing 20 of the reasons for its approval of the program and shall certify the 21 program for twelve months only. At the end of the twelve-month period, 22 the department shall seek input from the county review board to 23 24 determine whether to approve or disapprove the program.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 38. The office of the administrator for the courts shall report to the appropriate standing committees of the legislature at the beginning of the 1996 legislative session on the status of the work required under section 18 of this act.

--- END ---