SENATE BILL 5219

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Senators Smith, Roach, C. Anderson, Long, Haugen, McCaslin, Spanel, Drew, Winsley, Kohl and Sheldon

Read first time 01/16/95. Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

1 AN ACT Relating to domestic violence; amending RCW 26.50.030, 2 26.50.035, 26.50.040, 26.50.050, 26.50.060, 26.50.070, 26.50.080, 3 26.50.090, 26.50.095, 26.50.100, 26.50.110, 26.50.115, 26.50.125, 26.09.060, 4 10.99.020, 10.99.030, 10.99.040, 26.09.050, 26.10.040, 26.10.115, 26.26.130, 26.26.137, 4.24.130, and 10.14.080; reenacting 5 and amending RCW 26.50.010 and 10.31.100; adding new sections to б 7 chapter 26.50 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 26.26 RCW; adding a 8 new section to chapter 10.14 RCW; creating new sections; and prescribing penalties. 9

10 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

11 Sec. 1. RCW 26.50.010 and 1992 c 111 s 7 and 1992 c 86 s 3 are 12 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

As used in this chapter, the following terms shall have the 14 meanings given them:

(1) "Domestic violence" means: (a) Physical harm, bodily injury,
assault, or the infliction of fear of imminent physical harm, bodily
injury or assault, between family or household members; ((or)) (b)
sexual assault of one family or household member by another; or (c)

stalking as defined in RCW 9A.46.110 of one family or household member
 by another family or household member.

(2) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, 3 4 persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been 5 married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by 6 blood or marriage, adult persons who are presently residing together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or 7 older who are presently residing together or who have resided together 8 in the past and who have or have had a dating relationship, persons 9 10 sixteen years of age or older with whom a respondent sixteen years of 11 age or older has or has had a dating relationship, and persons who have 12 a biological or legal parent-child relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents and grandchildren. 13

(3) "Dating relationship" means a social relationship of a romantic nature. Factors that the court may consider in making this determination include: (a) The length of time the relationship has existed; (b) the nature of the relationship; and (c) the frequency of interaction between the parties.

19 (4) "Court" includes the superior, district, and municipal courts 20 of the state of Washington.

(5) "Judicial day" does not include Saturdays, Sundays, or legalholidays.

(6) "Electronic monitoring" means a program in which a person's
 presence at a particular location is monitored from a remote location
 by use of electronic equipment.

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW 27 to read as follows:

If a party files an action under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 28 29 RCW, an order issued previously under this chapter between the same parties may be consolidated by the court under that action and cause 30 number; any order issued under this chapter after consolidation shall 31 32 contain the original cause number and the cause number of the action under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. However, relief under this 33 34 chapter shall not be denied or delayed on the grounds that the relief is available in another action. 35

36 **Sec. 3.** RCW 26.50.030 and 1992 c 111 s 2 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

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1 There shall exist an action known as a petition for an order for 2 protection in cases of domestic violence.

3 (1) A petition for relief shall allege the existence of domestic 4 violence, and shall be accompanied by an affidavit made under oath 5 stating the specific facts and circumstances from which relief is 6 sought. Petitioner and respondent shall disclose the existence of any 7 other litigation concerning the custody or residential placement of a 8 child of the parties as set forth in RCW 26.27.090.

9 (2) A petition for relief may be made regardless of whether or not 10 there is a pending lawsuit, complaint, petition, or other action 11 between the parties except in cases where the court realigns petitioner 12 and respondent in accordance with RCW 26.50.060((+3+))(4).

13 (3) Within ninety days of receipt of the master copy from the administrator for the courts, all court clerk's offices shall make 14 15 available the standardized forms, instructions, and informational brochures required by RCW 26.50.035 and shall fill in and keep current 16 17 specific program names and telephone numbers for community resources. Any assistance or information provided by clerks under this section 18 19 does not constitute the practice of law and clerks are not responsible for incorrect information contained in a petition. 20

(4) A filing fee of twenty dollars shall be charged for proceedings under this section. No filing fee may be charged for: (a) A petition filed in an existing action or under an existing cause number brought under this chapter in the jurisdiction where the relief is sought; or (b) the transfer of a case from district or municipal court to superior court under RCW 26.50.020(((2)))(5). Forms and instructional brochures shall be provided free of charge.

(5) A person is not required to post a bond to obtain relief in anyproceeding under this section.

30 **Sec. 4.** RCW 26.50.035 and 1993 c 350 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

(1) By July 1, 1994, the administrator for the courts shall develop and prepare instructions and informational brochures required under RCW 26.50.030(4), standard petition and order for protection forms, and a court staff handbook on domestic violence and the protection order process. The standard petition and order for protection forms must be used after September 1, 1994, for all petitions filed and orders issued under this chapter. The instructions, brochures, forms, and handbook

shall be prepared in consultation with interested persons, including a
 representative of the state domestic violence coalition, judges, and
 law enforcement personnel.

4 (a) The instructions shall be designed to assist petitioners in 5 completing the petition, and shall include a sample of standard 6 petition and order for protection forms.

7 (b) The informational brochure shall describe the use of and the 8 process for obtaining a protection order, a no-contact order as 9 provided by RCW 10.99.040, a restraining order as provided by RCW 10 26.09.060, and an antiharassment protection order as provided by 11 chapter 10.14 RCW.

12 (c) The order for protection form shall include, in a conspicuous 13 location, notice of criminal penalties resulting from violation of the 14 order, and the following statement: "You can be arrested even if the 15 person or persons who obtained the order invite or allow you to violate 16 the order's prohibitions. The respondent has the sole responsibility 17 to avoid or refrain from violating the order's provisions. Only the 18 court can change the order upon written application."

(d) The court staff handbook shall allow for the addition of acommunity resource list by the court clerk.

(2) All court clerks shall obtain a community resource list from a 21 domestic violence program, defined in RCW 70.123.020, serving the 22 23 county in which the court is located. The community resource list 24 shall include the names and telephone numbers of domestic violence 25 programs serving the community in which the court is located, including 26 law enforcement agencies, domestic violence agencies, sexual assault 27 legal assistance programs, interpreters, multicultural agencies, programs, and batterers' treatment programs. The court shall make the 28 community resource list available as part of or in addition to the 29 30 informational brochures described in subsection (1) of this section.

31 (3) The administrator for the courts shall distribute a master copy 32 of the petition and order forms, instructions, and informational 33 brochures to all court clerks and shall distribute a master copy of the 34 petition and order forms to all superior, district, and municipal 35 courts.

36 (4) For purposes of this section, "court clerks" means court 37 administrators in courts of limited jurisdiction and elected court 38 clerks.

((The administrator for the courts shall arrange for 1 (5) translation of the instructions and informational brochures required by 2 this section, which shall contain a sample of the standard petition and 3 4 order for protection forms, into Spanish, Vietnamese, Laotian, Cambodian, and Chinese, and shall distribute a master copy of the 5 translated instructions and informational brochures to all court clerks 6 7 by January 1, 1995)) The administrator for the courts shall determine 8 the significant non-English-speaking or limited English-speaking populations in the state. The administrator shall then arrange for 9 translation of the instructions and informational brochures required by 10 this section, which shall contain a sample of the standard petition and 11 order for protection forms, into the languages spoken by those 12 significant non-English-speaking populations and shall distribute a 13 master copy of the translated instructions and informational brochures 14 15 to all court clerks by January 1, 1997.

16 **Sec. 5.** RCW 26.50.040 and 1985 c 303 s 4 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 (((1) Persons seeking relief under this chapter may file an 19 application for leave to proceed in forma pauperis on forms supplied by the court. If the court determines that a petitioner lacks the funds 20 to pay the costs of filing, the petitioner shall be granted leave to 21 proceed in forma pauperis and no filing fee or any other court related 22 23 fees shall be charged by the court to the petitioner for relief sought 24 under this chapter. If the petitioner is granted leave to proceed in 25 forma pauperis, then no fees for service may be charged to the petitioner. 26

27 (2) For the purpose of determining whether a petitioner has the 28 funds available to pay the costs of filing an action under this 29 chapter, the income of the household or family member named as the 30 respondent is not considered.)) No fees for filing or service of 31 process may be charged to petitioners seeking relief under this 32 chapter. Petitioners shall be provided the necessary number of 33 certified copies at no cost.

34 **Sec. 6.** RCW 26.50.050 and 1992 c 143 s 1 are each amended to read 35 as follows:

36 Upon receipt of the petition, the court shall order a hearing which 37 shall be held not later than fourteen days from the date of the order.

The court may schedule a hearing by telephone to reasonably accommodate 1 a disability or in exceptional circumstances to protect a petitioner 2 from further acts of domestic violence. The court may require 3 4 assurances of the petitioner's identity before conducting a telephonic hearing. Except as provided in RCW 26.50.085 and section 16 of this 5 act, personal service shall be made upon the respondent not less than 6 7 five court days prior to the hearing. If timely personal service cannot be made, the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either 8 9 require additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit 10 service by publication as provided in RCW 26.50.085 or service by mail as provided in section 16 of this act. If the court permits service by 11 publication or by mail, the court shall set the hearing date not later 12 13 than twenty-four days from the date of the order. The court may issue an ex parte order for protection pending the hearing as provided in RCW 14 15 26.50.070 ((and)), 26.50.085, and section 16 of this act.

16 **Sec. 7.** RCW 26.50.060 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 457 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

18 (1) Upon notice and after hearing, the court may provide relief as 19 follows:

20 (a) Restrain the respondent from committing acts of domestic21 violence;

(b) Exclude the respondent from the dwelling which the partiesshare or from the residence of the petitioner;

(c) On the same basis as is provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the
court shall make residential provision with regard to minor children of
the parties. However, parenting plans as specified in chapter 26.09
RCW shall not be required under this chapter;

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(d) Order the respondent to participate in batterers' treatment;

(e) Order other relief as it deems necessary for the protection of the petitioner and other family or household members sought to be protected, including orders or directives to a peace officer, as allowed under this chapter;

(f) Require the respondent to pay the ((filing fee and)) administrative court costs((, including)) and service fees, as established by the county or municipality incurring the expense and to reimburse the petitioner for costs incurred in bringing the action, including a reasonable attorney's fee((. If the petitioner has been granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis, the court may require the

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1 respondent to pay the filing fee and costs, including services fees, to
2 the county or municipality incurring the expense));

3 (g) Restrain the respondent from having any contact with the victim 4 of domestic violence or the victim's children or members of the 5 victim's household;

6 (h) Require the respondent to submit to electronic monitoring. The 7 order shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring 8 services and the terms under which the monitoring must be performed. 9 The order also may include a requirement that the respondent pay the 10 costs of the monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the 11 respondent to pay for electronic monitoring; ((and))

12 (i) Consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800; and

13 (j) Order possession and use of a vehicle and essential personal effects needed by the petitioner and children, if any, including but 14 not limited to clothing, documents, medications, beds, and bedding. 15 16 The court shall list the vehicle and essential personal effects with sufficient specificity to make it clear which property is included. If 17 possession and use of a vehicle is ordered, the court shall specify who 18 19 shall pay for insurance, who shall be on the insurance policy, who shall make car payments, and in whose name the vehicle shall be 20 21 registered.

(2) ((Any relief granted by the order for protection, other than a 22 judgment for costs, shall be for a fixed period not to exceed one 23 24 year)) If ((the)) a restraining order restrains the respondent from 25 contacting the respondent's minor children the restraint shall be for a fixed period not to exceed one year. This limitation is not 26 applicable to orders for protection issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, 27 With regard to other relief, if the petitioner has 28 or 26.26 RCW. petitioned for relief on his or her own behalf or on behalf of the 29 30 petitioner's family or household members or minor children ((that are not also the respondent's minor children)), and the court finds that 31 the respondent is likely to resume acts of domestic violence against 32 the petitioner or the petitioner's family or household members or minor 33 34 children when the order expires, the court may either $((\frac{a}{a}))$ grant 35 relief for a fixed period ((not to exceed one year; (b) grant relief for a fixed period in excess of one year;)) or (((c))) enter a 36 37 permanent order of protection.

38 If the petitioner has petitioned for relief on behalf of the 39 respondent's minor children, the court shall advise the petitioner that

1 if the petitioner wants to continue protection for a period beyond one 2 year the petitioner may either petition for renewal pursuant to the 3 provisions of this chapter or may seek relief pursuant to the 4 provisions of chapter 26.09 or 26.26 RCW.

(3) If the court grants an order for a fixed time period, the 5 petitioner may apply for renewal of the order by filing a petition for 6 7 renewal at any time within the three months before the order expires. 8 The petition for renewal shall state the reasons why the petitioner 9 seeks to renew the protection order. Upon receipt of the petition for 10 renewal the court shall order a hearing which shall be not later than fourteen days from the date of the order. Except as provided in RCW 11 26.50.085, personal service shall be made on the respondent not less 12 than five days before the hearing. If timely service cannot be made 13 the court shall set a new hearing date and shall either require 14 15 additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by publication as provided in RCW 26.50.085. If the court permits service 16 by publication, the court shall set the new hearing date not later than 17 twenty-four days from the date of the order. If the order expires 18 19 because timely service cannot be made the court shall grant an ex parte 20 order of protection as provided in RCW 26.50.070. The court shall grant the petition for renewal unless the respondent proves by a 21 preponderance of the evidence that the respondent will not resume acts 22 23 of domestic violence against the petitioner or the petitioner's 24 children or family or household members when the order expires. The 25 court may renew the protection order for another fixed time period or 26 may enter a permanent order as provided in this section. The court may 27 award court costs, service fees, and reasonable attorneys' fees as provided in subsection (1)(f) of this section. 28

29 (4) In providing relief under this chapter, the court may realign 30 the designation of the parties as "petitioner" and "respondent" where the court finds that the original petitioner is the abuser and the 31 original respondent is the victim of domestic violence and may issue an 32 33 ex parte temporary order for protection in accordance with RCW 26.50.070 on behalf of the victim until the victim is able to prepare 34 35 a petition for an order for protection in accordance with RCW 26.50.030. 36

(5) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, no order
for protection shall grant relief to any party except upon notice to
the respondent and hearing pursuant to a petition or counter-petition

filed and served by the party seeking relief in accordance with RCW
 26.50.050.

3 (6) The court order shall specify the date the order expires if 4 any. The court order shall also state whether the court issued the 5 protection order following personal service or service by publication 6 and whether the court has approved service by publication of an order 7 issued under this section.

8 (7) If the court declines to issue an order for protection, 9 declines to order a requested no-contact provision, or declines to 10 renew an order for protection, the court shall state in writing on the 11 order the particular reasons for the court's denial.

12 **Sec. 8.** RCW 26.50.070 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 458 are each amended to 13 read as follows:

14 (1) Where an application under this section alleges that 15 irreparable injury could result from domestic violence if an order is 16 not issued immediately without prior notice to the respondent, the 17 court may grant an ex parte temporary order for protection, pending a 18 full hearing, and grant relief as the court deems proper, including an 19 order:

20 (a) Restraining any party from committing acts of domestic21 violence;

(b) Excluding any party from the dwelling shared or from theresidence of the other until further order of the court;

(c) Restraining any party from interfering with the other's custody
 of the minor children or from removing the children from the
 jurisdiction of the court;

(d) Restraining any party from having any contact with the victim of domestic violence or the victim's children or members of the victim's household; and

30 (e) Considering the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

(2) Irreparable injury under this section includes but is not limited to situations in which the respondent has recently threatened petitioner with bodily injury or has engaged in acts of domestic violence against the petitioner.

35 (3) The court shall hold an ex parte hearing in person or by 36 telephone on the day the petition is filed or on the following judicial 37 day.

(4) An ex parte temporary order for protection shall be effective 1 2 for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days or twenty-four days if 3 the court has permitted service by publication under RCW 26.50.085 or 4 by mail under section 16 of this act. The ex parte order may be reissued. A full hearing, as provided in this chapter, shall be set 5 for not later than fourteen days from the issuance of the temporary 6 7 order or not later than twenty-four days if service by publication or 8 by mail is permitted. Except as provided in RCW 26.50.050 ((and)), 9 26.50.085, and section 16 of this act, the respondent shall be 10 personally served with a copy of the ex parte order along with a copy of the petition and notice of the date set for the hearing. 11

12 (5) Any order issued under this section shall contain the date and 13 time of issuance and the expiration date and shall be entered into a 14 state-wide judicial information system by the clerk of the court within 15 twenty-four hours after issuance.

16 (6) If the court declines to issue an exparte temporary order for 17 protection or declines to order a requested no-contact provision, the 18 court shall state in writing on the order the particular reasons for 19 the court's denial. The court's denial of a motion for an exparte 20 order of protection shall be filed with the court.

21 Sec. 9. RCW 26.50.080 and 1984 c 263 s 9 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

23 (1) When an order is issued under this chapter upon request of the 24 petitioner, the court may order a peace officer to accompany the 25 petitioner and assist in placing the petitioner in possession of the dwelling or residence, a vehicle, and other personal effects or to 26 otherwise assist in the execution of the order of protection. 27 The order shall list the vehicle and essential personal effects with 28 29 sufficient specificity to make it clear which property is included. 30 Orders issued under this chapter shall include a designation of the appropriate law enforcement agency to execute, serve, or enforce the 31 order. 32

33 (2) Upon order of a court, a peace officer shall accompany the 34 petitioner in an order of protection and assist in placing the 35 petitioner in possession of the dwelling or residence, a vehicle, and 36 other essential personal effects, and to otherwise assist in the 37 execution of the order of protection. 1 sec. 10. RCW 26.50.090 and 1992 c 143 s 6 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 (1) An order issued under this chapter shall be personally served 4 upon the respondent, except as provided in subsections (6) and (8) of 5 this section.

6 (2) The sheriff of the county or the peace officers of the 7 municipality in which the respondent resides shall serve the respondent 8 personally unless the petitioner elects to have the respondent served 9 by a private party.

10 (3) If service by a sheriff or municipal peace officer is to be 11 used, the clerk of the court shall have a copy of any order issued 12 under this chapter forwarded on or before the next judicial day to the 13 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order for service 14 upon the respondent. Service of an order issued under this chapter 15 shall take precedence over the service of other documents unless they 16 are of a similar emergency nature.

17 (4) If the sheriff or municipal peace officer cannot complete 18 service upon the respondent within ten days, the sheriff or municipal 19 peace officer shall notify the petitioner. The petitioner shall 20 provide information sufficient to permit notification.

(5) Returns of service under this chapter shall be made inaccordance with the applicable court rules.

(6) If an order entered by the court recites that the respondent
appeared in person before the court, the necessity for further service
is waived and proof of service of that order is not necessary.

(7) ((Except in cases where the petitioner is granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis,)) Municipal police departments serving documents as required under this chapter may collect <u>from respondents</u> <u>ordered to pay fees under RCW 26.50.060</u> the same fees for service and mileage authorized by RCW 36.18.040 to be collected by sheriffs.

31 (8) If the court previously entered an order allowing service ((bypublication)) of the notice of hearing and temporary order of 32 protection by publication pursuant to RCW 26.50.085 or by mail pursuant 33 34 to section 16 of this act, the court may permit service by publication or by mail of the order of protection issued under RCW 26.50.060. 35 Service by publication must comply with the requirements of RCW 36 37 26.50.085 and service by mail must comply with the requirements of section 16 of this act. The court order must state whether the court 38 39 permitted service by publication or by mail.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 (1) Pursuant to chapter 2.42 RCW, an interpreter shall be appointed
4 for any person who, because of a hearing or speech impairment, cannot
5 readily understand or communicate in spoken language.

6 (2) Pursuant to chapter 2.43 RCW, an interpreter shall be appointed 7 for any person who cannot readily speak or understand the English 8 language.

9 (3) The interpreter shall translate or interpret for the party in 10 preparing forms and throughout the court process under this chapter, 11 including participating in the hearing and court-ordered assessments, 12 and including translating any orders.

13 Sec. 12. RCW 26.50.095 and 1992 c 143 s 5 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

Following completion of service by publication as provided in RCW 26.50.085 or by mail as provided in section 16 of this act, if the respondent fails to appear at the hearing, the court may issue an order of protection as provided in RCW 26.50.060. That order must be served pursuant to RCW 26.50.090, and forwarded to the appropriate law enforcement agency pursuant to RCW 26.50.100.

21 **Sec. 13.** RCW 26.50.100 and 1992 c 143 s 7 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

(1) A copy of an order for protection granted under this chapter shall be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order.

27 Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall 28 forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence 29 information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. The order shall remain in the 30 computer for the period stated in the order. 31 The law enforcement agency shall expunge ((expired)) from the computer-based criminal 32 intelligence information system orders ((from the computer system)) 33 that are expired, vacated, or superseded and only those orders. Entry 34 35 into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is 36 37 fully enforceable in any county in the state.

1 (2) The information entered into the computer-based <u>criminal</u> 2 <u>intelligence information</u> system shall include notice to law enforcement 3 whether the order was personally served or served by publication.

4 Sec. 14. RCW 26.50.110 and 1992 c 86 s 5 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

(1) Whenever an order for protection is granted under this chapter 6 7 and the respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the restraint provisions or of a provision excluding the 8 person from a residence is a gross misdemeanor. Upon conviction, and 9 in addition to any other penalties provided by law, the court may 10 require that the respondent submit to electronic monitoring. The court 11 12 shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services, and the terms under which the monitoring shall be performed. 13 The order 14 also may include a requirement that the respondent pay the costs of the 15 The court shall consider the ability of the convicted monitoring. person to pay for electronic monitoring. 16

17 (2) A peace officer shall arrest without a warrant and take into 18 custody a person whom the peace officer has probable cause to believe 19 has violated an order issued under this chapter that restrains the 20 person or excludes the person from a residence, if the person 21 restrained knows of the order <u>regardless of the presence of the order</u> 22 <u>in the law enforcement computer-based criminal intelligence information</u> 23 <u>system</u>.

24 (3) A violation of an order for protection shall also constitute 25 contempt of court, and is subject to the penalties prescribed by law. (4) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this 26 chapter and that does not amount to assault in the first or second 27 degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony, and any 28 29 conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this chapter 30 that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony. 31

(5) Upon the filing of an affidavit by the petitioner or any peace officer alleging that the respondent has violated an order for protection granted under this chapter, the court may issue an order to the respondent, requiring the respondent to appear and show cause within fourteen days why the respondent should not be found in contempt of court and punished accordingly. The hearing may be held in the court of any county or municipality in which the petitioner or

1 respondent temporarily or permanently resides at the time of the 2 alleged violation.

3 Sec. 15. RCW 26.50.115 and 1992 c 143 s 8 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 (1) When the court issues an ex parte order pursuant to RCW 6 26.50.070 or an order of protection ordered issued pursuant to RCW 7 26.50.060, the court shall advise the petitioner that the respondent 8 may not be subjected to the penalties set forth in RCW 26.50.110 for a 9 violation of the order unless the respondent knows of the order.

(2) When a peace officer investigates a report of an alleged 10 violation of an order for protection issued under this chapter the 11 12 officer shall attempt to determine whether the respondent knew of the existence of the protection order. ((If the officer determines that 13 14 the respondent did not or probably did not know about the protection 15 order, the officer shall make reasonable efforts to obtain a copy of 16 the protection order and serve it on the respondent during the investigation.)) If the law enforcement officer determines that the 17 18 respondent did not or probably did not know about the protection order, the officer shall obtain and serve a copy of the order on the 19 respondent. If the officer serves the respondent with the petitioner's 20 copy of the order, the officer shall give petitioner a receipt 21 22 indicating that petitioner's copy has been served on the respondent. 23 (3) Presentation of an unexpired, certified copy of a protection

order is sufficient for a law enforcement officer to enforce the order regardless of the presence of the order in the law enforcement computer-based criminal intelligence information system.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 16. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW 28 to read as follows:

29 (1) In circumstances justifying service by publication under RCW 26.50.085(1), if the serving party files an affidavit stating facts 30 from which the court determines that service by mail is just as likely 31 32 to give actual notice as service by publication and that the serving 33 party is unable to afford the cost of service by publication, the court may order that service be made by mail. Such service shall be made by 34 35 any person over eighteen years of age, who is competent to be a witness, other than a party, by mailing copies of the order and other 36 process to the party to be served at his or her last known address or 37

1 any other address determined by the court to be appropriate. Two 2 copies shall be mailed, postage prepaid, one by ordinary first class 3 mail and the other by a form of mail requiring a signed receipt showing 4 when and to whom it was delivered. The envelopes must bear the return 5 address of the sender.

6 (2) Proof of service under this section shall be consistent with 7 superior court civil rule 4.

8 (3) Service under this section may be used in the same manner and 9 shall have the same jurisdictional effect as service by publication for 10 purposes of this chapter. Service shall be deemed complete upon the 11 mailing of two copies as prescribed in this section.

12 Sec. 17. RCW 26.50.125 and 1992 c 143 s 9 are each amended to read 13 as follows:

The court may permit service by publication <u>or by mail</u> under this chapter only if the petitioner pays the cost of publication <u>or mailing</u> unless the county legislative authority allocates funds for service of process by publication <u>or by mail</u> for <u>indigent</u> petitioners ((who are granted leave to proceed in forma pauperis)).

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW 20 to read as follows:

To prevent the issuance of competing protection orders in different courts and to give courts needed information for issuance of orders, the judicial information system shall be available in each district, municipal, and superior court by July 1, 1997, and shall include a database containing the following information:

(1) The names of the parties and the cause number for every order of protection issued under this title, every criminal no-contact order issued under chapter 10.99 RCW, every antiharassment order issued under chapter 10.14 RCW, every dissolution action under chapter 26.09 RCW, every third-party custody action under chapter 26.10 RCW, and every parentage action under chapter 26.10 RCW;

32 (2) A criminal offender history; and

(3) Other information that will assist courts in issuing orders
 under this chapter as determined by the judicial information system
 committee.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 (1) Before granting an order under this chapter directing 4 residential placement of a child or restraining or limiting a party's 5 contact with a child, the court shall consult the judicial information 6 system, if available, to determine the pendency of other proceedings 7 under this chapter involving the residential placement of any child of 8 the parties for whom residential placement has been requested.

9 (2) If the court has reason to believe that another court has 10 issued a conflicting order under this chapter involving the custody or 11 residential placement of any child of the parties, it shall communicate 12 with the appropriate judicial officer of the other court to determine 13 the proper venue for the proceedings before issuing an order directing 14 residential placement of a child or restraining or limiting a party's 15 contact with a child.

16 (a) After communication under this subsection has occurred, the 17 court exercising venue shall enter an order specifying that a 18 communication has occurred under this chapter and the decision reached 19 through the communication.

(b) The court exercising venue shall proceed to enter an
appropriate order consistent with this chapter that directs residential
placement or restrains or limits a party's contact with a child.

(3) Upon seven days' notice, either party may petition the court to communicate with another court to determine the proper venue for proceedings under this chapter to resolve conflicting orders issued under this chapter involving the same parties. If the court reasonably believes that conflicting orders have been issued under this chapter, it may communicate with the appropriate judicial officer of the other court to determine the proper venue for the proceedings.

After communication under this subsection has occurred, the court exercising venue shall enter an order specifying that a communication has occurred under this chapter and the decision reached through the communication; either court may realign the parties as specified in this chapter or vacate orders or portions of orders that conflict.

35 (4) Jurisdictional issues regarding out-of-state proceedings 36 involving the custody or residential placement of any child of the 37 parties shall be governed by the uniform child custody jurisdiction 38 act, chapter 26.27 RCW.

1 Sec. 20. RCW 10.31.100 and 1993 c 209 s 1 and 1993 c 128 s 5 are
2 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

A police officer having probable cause to believe that a person has committed or is committing a felony shall have the authority to arrest the person without a warrant. A police officer may arrest a person without a warrant for committing a misdemeanor or gross misdemeanor only when the offense is committed in the presence of the officer, except as provided in subsections (1) through (10) of this section.

9 (1) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 10 person has committed or is committing a misdemeanor or gross 11 misdemeanor, involving physical harm or threats of harm to any person 12 or property or the unlawful taking of property or involving the use or 13 possession of cannabis, or involving the acquisition, possession, or 14 consumption of alcohol by a person under the age of twenty-one years 15 under RCW 66.44.270 shall have the authority to arrest the person.

16 (2) A police officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 17 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that: 18 19 (a) An order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under RCW 10.99.040(2), 10.99.050, 26.09.060, 26.44.063, chapter 26.26 20 RCW, or chapter 26.50 RCW restraining the person and the person has 21 violated the terms of the order restraining the person from acts or 22 threats of violence or excluding the person from a residence or, in the 23 24 case of an order issued under RCW 26.44.063, imposing any other 25 restrictions or conditions upon the person; or

26 (b) The person is ((eighteen)) sixteen years or older and within 27 the preceding four hours has assaulted ((that person's spouse, former spouse, or a person eighteen years or older with whom the person 28 29 resides or has formerly resided)) a family or household member as 30 defined in RCW 10.99.020 and the officer believes: (i) A felonious 31 assault has occurred; (ii) an assault has occurred which has resulted in bodily injury to the victim, whether the injury is observable by the 32 responding officer or not; or (iii) that any physical action has 33 34 occurred which was intended to cause another person reasonably to fear imminent serious bodily injury or death. Bodily injury means physical 35 pain, illness, or an impairment of physical condition. 36 When the 37 officer has probable cause to believe that spouses, former spouses, or other persons who reside together or formerly resided together have 38 39 assaulted each other, the officer is not required to arrest both

persons. The officer shall arrest the person whom the officer believes to be the primary physical aggressor. In making this determination, the officer shall make every reasonable effort to consider: (i) The intent to protect victims of domestic violence under RCW 10.99.010; (ii) the comparative extent of injuries inflicted or serious threats creating fear of physical injury; and (iii) the history of domestic violence between the persons involved.

8 (3) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a 9 person has committed or is committing a violation of any of the 10 following traffic laws shall have the authority to arrest the person:

(a) RCW 46.52.010, relating to duty on striking an unattended caror other property;

(b) RCW 46.52.020, relating to duty in case of injury to or deathof a person or damage to an attended vehicle;

15 (c) RCW 46.61.500 or 46.61.530, relating to reckless driving or 16 racing of vehicles;

17 (d) RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, relating to persons under the18 influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs;

(e) RCW 46.20.342, relating to driving a motor vehicle whileoperator's license is suspended or revoked;

21 (f) RCW 46.61.525, relating to operating a motor vehicle in a 22 negligent manner.

(4) A law enforcement officer investigating at the scene of a motor vehicle accident may arrest the driver of a motor vehicle involved in the accident if the officer has probable cause to believe that the driver has committed in connection with the accident a violation of any traffic law or regulation.

(5) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a
person has committed or is committing a violation of RCW ((88.12.100))
88.12.025 shall have the authority to arrest the person.

(6) An officer may act upon the request of a law enforcement officer in whose presence a traffic infraction was committed, to stop, detain, arrest, or issue a notice of traffic infraction to the driver who is believed to have committed the infraction. The request by the witnessing officer shall give an officer the authority to take appropriate action under the laws of the state of Washington.

(7) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a
person has committed or is committing any act of indecent exposure, as
defined in RCW 9A.88.010, may arrest the person.

(8) A police officer may arrest and take into custody, pending 1 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person 2 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that 3 4 an order has been issued of which the person has knowledge under chapter 10.14 RCW and the person has violated the terms of that order. 5 (9) Any police officer having probable cause to believe that a б 7 person has, within twenty-four hours of the alleged violation, 8 committed a violation of RCW 9A.50.020 may arrest such person.

9 (10) A police officer having probable cause to believe that a 10 person illegally possesses or illegally has possessed a firearm or 11 other dangerous weapon on private or public elementary or secondary 12 school premises shall have the authority to arrest the person.

For purposes of this subsection, the term "firearm" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the term "dangerous weapon" has the meaning defined in RCW 9.41.250 and 9.41.280(1) (c) through (e).

(11) Except as specifically provided in subsections (2), (3), (4),
and (6) of this section, nothing in this section extends or otherwise
affects the powers of arrest prescribed in Title 46 RCW.

19 (12) No police officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for 20 making an arrest pursuant to RCW 10.31.100 (2) or (8) if the police 21 officer acts in good faith and without malice.

22 **Sec. 21.** RCW 10.99.020 and 1994 c 121 s 4 are each amended to read 23 as follows:

24 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 25 this section apply throughout this chapter.

(1) "Family or household members" means spouses, former spouses, 26 27 persons who have a child in common regardless of whether they have been married or have lived together at any time, adult persons related by 28 29 blood or marriage, ((and)) adult persons who are presently residing 30 together or who have resided together in the past, persons sixteen years of age or older who are presently residing together or who have 31 resided together in the past and who have or have had a dating 32 33 relationship, persons sixteen years of age or older with whom a respondent sixteen years of age or older has or has had a dating 34 relationship, and persons who have a biological or legal parent-child 35 36 relationship, including stepparents and stepchildren and grandparents 37 and grandchildren.

(2) "Domestic violence" includes but is not limited to any of the 1 following crimes when committed by one family or household member 2 3 against another: 4 (a) Assault in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.011); 5 (b) Assault in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.021); (c) Assault in the third degree (RCW 9A.36.031); 6 7 (d) Assault in the fourth degree (RCW 9A.36.041); 8 (e) Reckless endangerment in the first degree (RCW 9A.36.045); 9 (f) Reckless endangerment in the second degree (RCW 9A.36.050); 10 (g) Coercion (RCW 9A.36.070); (h) Burglary in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.020); 11 (i) Burglary in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.030); 12 13 (j) Criminal trespass in the first degree (RCW 9A.52.070); 14 (k) Criminal trespass in the second degree (RCW 9A.52.080); 15 (1) Malicious mischief in the first degree (RCW 9A.48.070); (m) Malicious mischief in the second degree (RCW 9A.48.080); 16 (n) Malicious mischief in the third degree (RCW 9A.48.090); 17 (o) Kidnapping in the first degree (RCW 9A.40.020); 18 19 (p) Kidnapping in the second degree (RCW 9A.40.030); 20 (q) Unlawful imprisonment (RCW 9A.40.040); (r) Violation of the provisions of a restraining order restraining 21 the person or excluding the person from a residence (RCW 26.09.300); 22 23 (s) Violation of the provisions of a protection order or no-contact 24 order restraining the person or excluding the person from a residence 25 (RCW 26.50.060, 26.50.070, ((or)) 26.50.130, or 10.99.040); 26 (t) Rape in the first degree (RCW 9A.44.040); 27 (u) Rape in the second degree (RCW 9A.44.050); ((and)) (v) Residential burglary (RCW 9A.52.025); and 28 (w) Stalking (RCW 9A.46.110). 29 30 (3) "Victim" means a family or household member who has been 31 subjected to domestic violence. Sec. 22. RCW 10.99.030 and 1993 c 350 s 3 are each amended to read 32 33 as follows: (1) All training relating to the handling of domestic violence 34 complaints by law enforcement officers shall stress enforcement of 35 36 criminal laws in domestic situations, availability of community resources, and protection of the victim. Law enforcement agencies and 37

community organizations with expertise in the issue of domestic
 violence shall cooperate in all aspects of such training.

(2) The criminal justice training commission shall implement by 3 4 January 1, 1997, a course of instruction for the training of law enforcement officers in Washington in the handling of domestic violence 5 complaints. The basic law enforcement curriculum of the criminal 6 justice training commission shall include at least twenty hours of 7 8 basic training instruction on the law enforcement response to domestic violence. The course of instruction, the learning and performance 9 objectives, and the standards for the training shall be developed by 10 the commission and focus on enforcing the criminal laws, safety of the 11 victim, and holding the perpetrator accountable for the violence. The 12 curriculum shall include training on the extent and prevalence of 13 14 domestic violence, the importance of criminal justice intervention, techniques for responding to incidents that minimize the likelihood of 15 officer injury and that promote victim safety, investigation and 16 interviewing skills, evidence gathering and report writing, assistance 17 18 to and services for victims and children, verification and enforcement 19 of court orders, liability, and any additional provisions that are necessary to carry out the intention of this subsection. 20

(3) All patrol officers and patrol supervisors shall participate annually in in-service training designed by the criminal justice training commission to familiarize the law enforcement officer with the domestic violence laws and shall include techniques for handling incidents of domestic violence that minimize the likelihood of injury to the officer and that promote safety of the victim.

27 (4) Development and presentation of the training in subsections (2) 28 and (3) of this section shall be conducted in conjunction with agencies 29 having a primary responsibility for serving victims of domestic 30 violence with emergency shelter and other services, and representatives 31 to the state-wide organization providing training and education to 32 these organizations and the general public.

33 (((2))) (5) The primary duty of peace officers, when responding to 34 a domestic violence situation, is to enforce the laws allegedly 35 violated and to protect the complaining party.

36 (((3))) (6)(a) When a peace officer responds to a domestic violence 37 call and has probable cause to believe that a crime has been committed, 38 the peace officer shall exercise arrest powers with reference to the 39 criteria in RCW 10.31.100. The officer shall notify the victim of the victim's right to initiate a criminal proceeding in all cases where the officer has not exercised arrest powers or decided to initiate criminal proceedings by citation or otherwise. The parties in such cases shall also be advised of the importance of preserving evidence.

5 (b) A peace officer responding to a domestic violence call shall 6 take a complete offense report including the officer's disposition of 7 the case.

8 (((4))) (7) When a peace officer responds to a domestic violence 9 call, the officer shall advise victims of all reasonable means to 10 prevent further abuse, including advising each person of the 11 availability of a shelter or other services in the community, and 12 giving each person immediate notice of the legal rights and remedies 13 available. The notice shall include handing each person a copy of the 14 following statement:

15 "IF YOU ARE THE VICTIM OF DOMESTIC VIOLENCE, you can ask the 16 city or county prosecuting attorney to file a criminal 17 complaint. You also have the right to file a petition in superior, district, or municipal court requesting an order for 18 19 protection from domestic abuse which could include any of the 20 following: (a) An order restraining your abuser from further 21 acts of abuse; (b) an order directing your abuser to leave your 22 household; (c) an order preventing your abuser from entering your residence, school, business, or place of employment; (d) 23 an order awarding you or the other parent custody of or 24 visitation with your minor child or children; and (e) an order 25 restraining your abuser from molesting or interfering with 26 27 minor children in your custody. The forms you need to obtain a protection order are available in any municipal, district, or 28 29 superior court.

Information about shelters and alternatives to domestic violence is available from a state-wide twenty-four-hour tollfree hotline at 1-800-562-6025. The battered women's shelter and other resources in your area are (include local information)"

35 (((5))) (8) The peace officer may offer, arrange, or facilitate 36 transportation for the victim to a hospital for treatment of injuries 37 or to a place of safety or shelter.

1 (((6))) <u>(9)</u> The law enforcement agency shall forward the offense 2 report to the appropriate prosecutor within ten days of making such 3 report if there is probable cause to believe that an offense has been 4 committed, unless the case is under active investigation.

5 (((7))) <u>(10)</u> Each law enforcement agency shall make as soon as 6 practicable a written record and shall maintain records of all 7 incidents of domestic violence reported to it.

8 (((8))) <u>(11)</u> Records kept pursuant to subsections (((3) and (7))) 9 <u>(6) and (10)</u> of this section shall be made identifiable by means of a 10 departmental code for domestic violence.

(((9))) (12) Commencing January 1, 1994, records of incidents of domestic violence shall be submitted, in accordance with procedures described in this subsection, to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs by all law enforcement agencies. The Washington criminal justice training commission shall amend its contract for collection of state-wide crime data with the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs:

(a) To include a table, in the annual report of crime in Washington 18 19 produced by the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs pursuant to the contract, showing the total number of actual offenses 20 and the number and percent of the offenses that are domestic violence 21 incidents for the following crimes: (i) Criminal homicide, with 22 subtotals for murder and nonnegligent homicide and manslaughter by 23 24 negligence; (ii) forcible rape, with subtotals for rape by force and 25 attempted forcible rape; (iii) robbery, with subtotals for firearm, 26 knife or cutting instrument, or other dangerous weapon, and strongarm robbery; (iv) assault, with subtotals for firearm, knife or cutting 27 28 instrument, other dangerous weapon, hands, feet, aggravated, and other 29 nonaggravated assaults; (v) burglary, with subtotals for forcible 30 entry, nonforcible unlawful entry, and attempted forcible entry; (vi) 31 larceny theft, except motor vehicle theft; (vii) motor vehicle theft, with subtotals for autos, trucks and buses, and other vehicles; and 32 (viii) arson; 33

(b) To require that the table shall continue to be prepared and contained in the annual report of crime in Washington until that time as comparable or more detailed information about domestic violence incidents is available through the Washington state incident based reporting system and the information is prepared and contained in the annual report of crime in Washington; and 1 (c) To require that, in consultation with interested persons, the 2 Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs prepare and 3 disseminate procedures to all law enforcement agencies in the state as 4 to how the agencies shall code and report domestic violence incidents 5 to the Washington association of sheriffs and police chiefs.

6 Sec. 23. RCW 10.99.040 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 449 are each amended 7 to read as follows:

8 (1) Because of the serious nature of domestic violence, the court9 in domestic violence actions:

(a) Shall not dismiss any charge or delay disposition because ofconcurrent dissolution or other civil proceedings;

12 (b) Shall not require proof that either party is seeking a dissolution of marriage prior to instigation of criminal proceedings; 13 14 (c) Shall waive any requirement that the victim's location be 15 disclosed to any person, other than the attorney of a criminal 16 defendant, upon a showing that there is a possibility of further PROVIDED, That the court may order a criminal defense 17 violence: 18 attorney not to disclose to his or her client the victim's location; 19 and

(d) Shall identify by any reasonable means on docket sheets thosecriminal actions arising from acts of domestic violence.

22 (2) Because of the likelihood of repeated violence directed at 23 those who have been victims of domestic violence in the past, when any 24 person charged with or arrested for a crime involving domestic violence 25 is released from custody before arraignment or trial on bail or personal recognizance, the court authorizing the release may prohibit 26 that person from having any contact with the victim. The jurisdiction 27 authorizing the release shall determine whether that person should be 28 29 prohibited from having any contact with the victim. If there is no 30 outstanding restraining or protective order prohibiting that person from having contact with the victim, the court authorizing release may 31 32 issue, by telephone, a no-contact order prohibiting the person charged 33 or arrested from having contact with the victim. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 9.41.800. The no-34 contact order shall also be issued in writing as soon as possible. 35

36 (3) At the time of arraignment the court shall determine whether a 37 no-contact order shall be issued or extended. If a no-contact order is 38 issued or extended, the court may also include in the conditions of 1 release a requirement that the defendant submit to electronic 2 monitoring. If electronic monitoring is ordered, the court shall 3 specify who shall provide the monitoring services, and the terms under 4 which the monitoring shall be performed. Upon conviction, the court 5 may require as a condition of the sentence that the defendant reimburse 6 the providing agency for the costs of the electronic monitoring.

7 (4)(a) Willful violation of a court order issued under subsection 8 (2) or (3) of this section is a gross misdemeanor. Upon conviction and 9 in addition to other penalties provided by law, the court may require 10 that the defendant submit to electronic monitoring. The court shall specify who shall provide the electronic monitoring services and the 11 terms under which the monitoring must be performed. The court also may 12 13 include a requirement that the defendant pay the costs of the 14 monitoring. The court shall consider the ability of the convicted 15 person to pay for electronic monitoring.

(b) Any assault that is a violation of an order issued under this section and that does not amount to assault in the first or second degree under RCW 9A.36.011 or 9A.36.021 is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW, and any conduct in violation of a protective order issued under this section that is reckless and creates a substantial risk of death or serious physical injury to another person is a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.

(c) The written order releasing the person charged or arrested 23 24 shall contain the court's directives and shall bear the legend: 25 "Violation of this order is a criminal offense under chapter 10.99 RCW 26 and will subject a violator to arrest; any assault or reckless endangerment that is a violation of this order is a felony. You can be 27 arrested even if the person or persons who obtained the order invite or 28 29 allow you to violate the order's prohibitions. The respondent has the 30 sole responsibility to avoid or refrain from violating the order's 31 provisions. Only the court can change the order upon written application." A certified copy of the order shall be provided to the 32 victim. If a no-contact order has been issued prior to charging, that 33 34 order shall expire at arraignment or within seventy-two hours if charges are not filed. Such orders need not be entered into the 35 computer-based criminal intelligence information system in this state 36 37 which is used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. 38 (5) Whenever an order prohibiting contact is issued, modified, or 39 terminated under subsection (2) or (3) of this section, the clerk of

the court shall forward a copy of the order on or before the next 1 2 judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the Upon receipt of the copy of the order the law enforcement 3 order. 4 agency shall forthwith enter the order for one year or until the 5 expiration date specified on the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law 6 7 enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law 8 enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law 9 enforcement agencies of the existence of the order. The order is fully 10 enforceable in any jurisdiction in the state.

By July 1, 1996, every law enforcement NEW SECTION. 11 Sec. 24. 12 agency in this state shall develop, adopt, and implement written policies and procedures for officers' response to domestic violence 13 calls, including written standards for dispatchers. These policies and 14 15 procedures shall establish the guidelines to be followed by law 16 enforcement involved in the public response to domestic violence, including initial police response, officer safety, investigation, 17 18 evidence collection, the arrest decision, victim assistance, service and enforcement of court orders, writing offense reports, data 19 collection, municipal and personal liability, and ongoing training. 20 21 The policy and procedures shall focus on enforcing the criminal laws, 22 safety of the victim, and holding the perpetrator accountable for the 23 violence.

24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. (1) By January 1, 1997, the criminal justice training commission shall develop a written model policy and 25 procedures regarding misdemeanor and felony prosecution of domestic 26 27 violence cases. The model shall include but not be limited to: The 28 nature, extent, and causes of domestic violence; laws on domestic 29 violence; practices designed to promote safety of the victim and other household members, including safety plans; the 30 family and responsibility and authority of the criminal justice system to 31 32 intervene in domestic violence; considerations that should go into 33 screening and charging decisions; violations of court orders; trial tactics; evidence collection; victim advocates; considerations that 34 35 should go into effective sentencing dispositions related to victim safety and perpetrator accountability; lethality; and community 36 37 resources for victims, perpetrators, and children.

1 (2) By July 1, 1998, the prosecuting attorney for each county and 2 unit of local government within the state shall adopt a written policy 3 and procedures regarding prosecution of domestic violence cases using 4 as a guide the model developed by the criminal justice training 5 commission.

(3) The policies and procedures specified in subsections (1) and 6 7 (2) of this section shall be developed in conjunction with agencies 8 responsible for prosecuting domestic violence cases, agencies having a 9 primary responsibility for serving victims of domestic violence with 10 emergency shelter and other services, representatives of the state-wide organization providing training and education to these organizations 11 and the general public, and others with a demonstrated expertise on 12 13 domestic violence and the criminal justice system.

14 **Sec. 26.** RCW 26.09.050 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 451 are each amended 15 to read as follows:

(1) In entering a decree of dissolution of marriage, legal 16 separation, or declaration of invalidity, the court shall determine the 17 18 marital status of the parties, make provision for a parenting plan for 19 any minor child of the marriage, make provision for the support of any child of the marriage entitled to support, consider or approve 20 provision for the maintenance of either spouse, make provision for the 21 22 disposition of property and liabilities of the parties, make provision 23 for the allocation of the children as federal tax exemptions, make 24 provision for any necessary continuing restraining orders including the 25 provisions contained in RCW 9.41.800, make provision for the issuance within this action of the restraint provisions of a domestic violence 26 27 protection order under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under chapter 10.14 RCW, and make provision for the 28 29 change of name of any party.

(2) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the 30 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto 31 the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other 32 33 party or the day care or school of any child shall bear the legend: 34 VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.09 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST. 35 36 (3) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any 37 38 antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded

by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the 1 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon 2 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter 3 4 the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list 5 outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information 6 system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the 7 8 existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county 9 in the state.

10 **Sec. 27.** RCW 26.09.060 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 452 are each amended 11 to read as follows:

12 (1) In a proceeding for:

(a) Dissolution of marriage, legal separation, or a declaration ofinvalidity; or

(b) Disposition of property or liabilities, maintenance, or support following dissolution of the marriage by a court which lacked personal jurisdiction over the absent spouse; either party may move for temporary maintenance or for temporary support of children entitled to support. The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the factual basis for the motion and the amounts requested.

(2) As a part of a motion for temporary maintenance or support or by independent motion accompanied by affidavit, either party may request the court to issue a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction, providing relief proper in the circumstances, and restraining or enjoining any person from:

(a) Transferring, removing, encumbering, concealing, or in any way
disposing of any property except in the usual course of business or for
the necessities of life, and, if so restrained or enjoined, requiring
him or her to notify the moving party of any proposed extraordinary
expenditures made after the order is issued;

31 (b) Molesting or disturbing the peace of the other party or of any 32 child;

33 (c) ((Entering the family home or the home)) Going onto the grounds 34 of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the 35 day care or school of any child upon a showing of the necessity 36 therefor;

37 (d) Removing a child from the jurisdiction of the court.

(3) Either party may request a domestic violence protection order 1 under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under 2 chapter 10.14 RCW on a temporary basis. The court may grant any of the 3 4 relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be 5 provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 6 10.14.080. Ex parte orders issued under this subsection shall be 7 8 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days, or upon court 9 order, not to exceed twenty-four days if necessary to ensure that all temporary motions in the case can be heard at the same time. 10

11 (4) In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions 12 of RCW 9.41.800.

13 (((4))) (5) The court may issue a temporary restraining order 14 without requiring notice to the other party only if it finds on the 15 basis of the moving affidavit or other evidence that irreparable injury 16 could result if an order is not issued until the time for responding 17 has elapsed.

18 (((5))) (6) The court may issue a temporary restraining order or 19 preliminary injunction and an order for temporary maintenance or 20 support in such amounts and on such terms as are just and proper in the 21 circumstances. The court may in its discretion waive the filing of the 22 bond or the posting of security.

(((6))) <u>(7)</u> Restraining orders issued under 23 this section 24 restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or 25 from ((entering a party's home)) going onto the grounds of or entering 26 the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or school of any child shall bear the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER 27 WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 28 29 26.09 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.

30 (((+7))) (8) The court ((may)) shall order that any temporary restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic 31 violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order 32 granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or 33 34 before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency 35 specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter the order ((for one year)) into any 36 37 computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in 38 this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding 39 Entry into the law enforcement information warrants. system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of
 the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state.

3 (((8))) <u>(9)</u> A temporary order, temporary restraining order, or 4 preliminary injunction:

5 (a) Does not prejudice the rights of a party or any child which are 6 to be adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;

7

(b) May be revoked or modified;

8 (c) Terminates when the final decree is entered, except as provided 9 under subsection (((9))) <u>(10)</u> of this section, or when the petition for 10 dissolution, legal separation, or declaration of invalidity is 11 dismissed;

12 (d) May be entered in a proceeding for the modification of an13 existing decree.

14 (((9))) (10) Delinquent support payments accrued under an order for 15 temporary support remain collectible and are not extinguished when a 16 final decree is entered unless the decree contains specific language to 17 the contrary. A support debt under a temporary order owed to the state 18 for public assistance expenditures shall not be extinguished by the 19 final decree if:

(a) The obligor was given notice of the state's interest underchapter 74.20A RCW; or

(b) The temporary order directs the obligor to make support payments to the office of support enforcement or the Washington state support registry.

25 **Sec. 28.** RCW 26.10.040 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 453 are each amended 26 to read as follows:

In entering an order under this chapter, the court shall consider,approve, or make provision for:

(1) Child custody, visitation, and the support of any child30 entitled to support;

31 (2) The allocation of the children as a federal tax exemption; 32 ((and))

(3) Any necessary continuing restraining orders, including the
 provisions contained in RCW 9.41.800;

35 (4) A domestic violence protection order under chapter 26.50 RCW or 36 an antiharassment protection order under chapter 10.14 RCW. The court 37 may grant any of the relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief 38 pertaining to residential provisions for the children which provisions 1 shall be provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief
2 provided in RCW 10.14.080;

3 (5) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the 4 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other 5 party or the day care or school of any child shall bear the legend: 6 7 VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL 8 OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.10 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST; 9 (6) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any 10 antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded 11 by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the 12 appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon 13 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter 14 15 the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information 16 system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information 17 system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the 18 19 existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county 20 in the state.

21 **Sec. 29.** RCW 26.10.115 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 454 are each amended 22 to read as follows:

(1) In a proceeding under this chapter either party may file a
 motion for temporary support of children entitled to support. The
 motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the factual
 basis for the motion and the amount requested.

(2) In a proceeding under this chapter either party may file a
motion for a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunction,
providing relief proper in the circumstances, and restraining or
enjoining any person from:

(a) Molesting or disturbing the peace of the other party or of anychild;

(b) Entering the family home or the home of the other party upon ashowing of the necessity therefor;

35 (c) Removing a child from the jurisdiction of the court.

36 (3) Either party may request a domestic violence protection order
 37 under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under
 38 chapter 10.14 RCW on a temporary basis. The court may grant any of the

1 relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to 2 residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be 3 provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 4 10.14.080. Ex parte orders issued under this subsection shall be 5 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days, or upon court 6 order, not to exceed twenty-four days if necessary to ensure that all 7 temporary motions in the case can be heard at the same time.

8 (4) In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions 9 of RCW 9.41.800.

10 (((4))) <u>(5)</u> The court may issue a temporary restraining order 11 without requiring notice to the other party only if it finds on the 12 basis of the moving affidavit or other evidence that irreparable injury 13 could result if an order is not issued until the time for responding 14 has elapsed.

((((5)))) <u>(6)</u> The court may issue a temporary restraining order or 15 preliminary injunction and an order for temporary support in such 16 17 amounts and on such terms as are just and proper in the circumstances. 18 (((+6))) (7) Restraining orders issued under this section 19 restraining the person from molesting or disturbing another party or 20 from ((entering a party's home)) going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other party or the day care or 21 school of any child shall bear the legend: VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER 22 WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 23 24 26.10 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.

(((+7))) (8) The court ((may)) shall order that any temporary 25 26 restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any antiharassment protection order 27 granted under this section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or 28 before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency 29 30 specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement 31 agency shall forthwith enter the order ((for one year)) into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in 32 this state used by law enforcement agencies to list outstanding 33 34 warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the existence of 35 the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county in the state. 36 37 ((((8))) (9) A temporary order, temporary restraining order, or 38 preliminary injunction:

(a) Does not prejudice the rights of a party or any child which are
 to be adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;

(b) May be revoked or modified;

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4 (c) Terminates when the final order is entered or when the motion 5 is dismissed;

6 (d) May be entered in a proceeding for the modification of an 7 existing order.

8 (((+9))) (10) A support debt owed to the state for public assistance 9 expenditures which has been charged against a party pursuant to RCW 74.20A.040 and/or 74.20A.055 shall not be merged in, or otherwise 10 extinguished by, the final decree or order, unless the office of 11 support enforcement has been given notice of the final proceeding and 12 an opportunity to present its claim for the support debt to the court 13 14 and has failed to file an affidavit as provided in this subsection. Notice of the proceeding shall be served upon the office of support 15 16 enforcement personally, or by certified mail, and shall be given no 17 fewer than thirty days prior to the date of the final proceeding. An original copy of the notice shall be filed with the court either before 18 19 service or within a reasonable time thereafter. The office of support enforcement may present its claim, and thereby preserve the support 20 debt, by filing an affidavit setting forth the amount of the debt with 21 22 the court, and by mailing a copy of the affidavit to the parties or 23 their attorney prior to the date of the final proceeding.

24 **Sec. 30.** RCW 26.26.130 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 455 are each amended 25 to read as follows:

(1) The judgment and order of the court determining the existence
 or nonexistence of the parent and child relationship shall be
 determinative for all purposes.

(2) If the judgment and order of the court is at variance with the
child's birth certificate, the court shall order that an amended birth
certificate be issued.

32 (3) The judgment and order shall contain other appropriate 33 provisions directed to the appropriate parties to the proceeding, 34 concerning the duty of current and future support, the extent of any 35 liability for past support furnished to the child if that issue is 36 before the court, the furnishing of bond or other security for the 37 payment of the judgment, or any other matter in the best interest of 38 the child. The judgment and order may direct the father to pay the 1 reasonable expenses of the mother's pregnancy and confinement. The 2 judgment and order may include a continuing restraining order or 3 injunction. In issuing the order, the court shall consider the 4 provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

5 (4) Support judgment and orders shall be for periodic payments 6 which may vary in amount. The court may limit the father's liability 7 for the past support to the child to the proportion of the expenses 8 already incurred as the court deems just. The court shall not limit or 9 affect in any manner the right of nonparties including the state of 10 Washington to seek reimbursement for support and other services 11 previously furnished to the child.

(5) After considering all relevant factors, the court shall order
either or both parents to pay an amount determined pursuant to the
schedule and standards contained in chapter 26.19 RCW.

(6) On the same basis as provided in chapter 26.09 RCW, the court shall make residential provisions with regard to minor children of the parties, except that a parenting plan shall not be required unless requested by a party.

19 (7) In any dispute between the natural parents of a child and a 20 person or persons who have (a) commenced adoption proceedings or who have been granted an order of adoption, and (b) pursuant to a court 21 order, or placement by the department of social and health services or 22 by a licensed agency, have had actual custody of the child for a period 23 24 of one year or more before court action is commenced by the natural 25 parent or parents, the court shall consider the best welfare and 26 interests of the child, including the child's need for situation stability, in determining the matter of custody, and the parent or 27 person who is more fit shall have the superior right to custody. 28

(8) In entering an order under this chapter, the court may issue
 any necessary continuing restraining orders, including the restraint
 provisions of domestic violence protection orders under chapter 26.50
 RCW or antiharassment protection orders under chapter 10.14 RCW.

(9) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the
 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto
 the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other
 party or the day care or school of any child shall bear the legend:
 VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL
 OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST.

(10) The court shall order that any restraining order bearing a 1 criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection order, or any 2 3 antiharassment protection order granted under this section be forwarded 4 by the clerk of the court on or before the next judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon 5 receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall forthwith enter б 7 the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information 8 system available in this state used by law enforcement agencies to list 9 outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies of the 10 existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any county 11 in the state. 12

13 Sec. 31. RCW 26.26.137 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 456 are each amended 14 to read as follows:

(1) If the court has made a finding as to the paternity of a child, or if a party's acknowledgment of paternity has been filed with the court, or a party alleges he is the father of the child, any party may move for temporary support for the child prior to the date of entry of the final order. The motion shall be accompanied by an affidavit setting forth the factual basis for the motion and the amounts requested.

(2) Any party may request the court to issue a temporary
 restraining order or preliminary injunction, providing relief proper in
 the circumstances, and restraining or enjoining any party from:

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(a) Molesting or disturbing the peace of another party;

(b) ((Entering the home)) Going onto the grounds of or entering the
 home, workplace, or school of another party or the day care or school
 of any child; or

29 (c) Removing a child from the jurisdiction of the court.

30 (3) Either party may request a domestic violence protection order under chapter 26.50 RCW or an antiharassment protection order under 31 chapter 10.14 RCW on a temporary basis. The court may grant any of the 32 33 relief provided in RCW 26.50.060 except relief pertaining to residential provisions for the children which provisions shall be 34 provided for under this chapter, and any of the relief provided in RCW 35 36 10.14.080. Ex parte orders issued under this subsection shall be 37 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days, or upon court

order, not to exceed twenty-four days if necessary to ensure that all
 temporary motions in the case can be heard at the same time.

(4) Restraining orders issued under this section restraining the 3 4 person from molesting or disturbing another party or from going onto the grounds of or entering the home, workplace, or school of the other 5 party or the day care or school of any child shall bear the legend: 6 7 VIOLATION OF THIS ORDER WITH ACTUAL NOTICE OF ITS TERMS IS A CRIMINAL 8 OFFENSE UNDER CHAPTER 26.26 RCW AND WILL SUBJECT A VIOLATOR TO ARREST. 9 (5) The court shall order that any temporary restraining order bearing a criminal offense legend, any domestic violence protection 10 order, or any antiharassment protection order granted under this 11 section be forwarded by the clerk of the court on or before the next 12 13 judicial day to the appropriate law enforcement agency specified in the order. Upon receipt of the order, the law enforcement agency shall 14 15 forthwith enter the order into any computer-based criminal intelligence information system available in this state used by law enforcement 16 agencies to list outstanding warrants. Entry into the law enforcement 17 information system constitutes notice to all law enforcement agencies 18 19 of the existence of the order. The order is fully enforceable in any 20 county in the state.

21 (6) The court may issue a temporary restraining order without 22 requiring notice to the other party only if it finds on the basis of 23 the moving affidavit or other evidence that irreparable injury could 24 result if an order is not issued until the time for responding has 25 elapsed.

26 (((4))) (7) The court may issue a temporary restraining order or 27 preliminary injunction and an order for temporary support in such 28 amounts and on such terms as are just and proper in the circumstances. 29 In issuing the order, the court shall consider the provisions of RCW 30 9.41.800.

31 (((5))) <u>(8)</u> A temporary order, temporary restraining order, or 32 preliminary injunction:

(a) Does not prejudice the rights of a party or any child which areto be adjudicated at subsequent hearings in the proceeding;

35 (b) May be revoked or modified;

36 (c) Terminates when the final order is entered or when the petition37 is dismissed; and

38 (d) May be entered in a proceeding for the modification of an 39 existing order.

(((6))) <u>(9)</u> A support debt owed to the state for public assistance 1 2 expenditures which has been charged against a party pursuant to RCW 74.20A.040 and/or 74.20A.055 shall not be merged in, or otherwise 3 4 extinguished by, the final decree or order, unless the office of 5 support enforcement has been given notice of the final proceeding and an opportunity to present its claim for the support debt to the court 6 7 and has failed to file an affidavit as provided in this subsection. 8 Notice of the proceeding shall be served upon the office of support 9 enforcement personally, or by certified mail, and shall be given no 10 fewer than thirty days prior to the date of the final proceeding. An original copy of the notice shall be filed with the court either before 11 service or within a reasonable time thereafter. The office of support 12 enforcement may present its claim, and thereby preserve the support 13 debt, by filing an affidavit setting forth the amount of the debt with 14 15 the court, and by mailing a copy of the affidavit to the parties or 16 their attorney prior to the date of the final proceeding.

17 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 32. A new section is added to chapter 26.26 RCW
 18 to read as follows:

19 (1) Whenever a restraining order is issued under this chapter, and 20 the person to be restrained knows of the order, a violation of the 21 provisions restricting the person from acts or threats of violence or 22 of a provision excluding the person from the residence is a 23 misdemeanor.

24 (2) A person is deemed to have notice of a restraining order if:

(a) The person to be restrained or the person's attorney signed theorder;

(b) The order recites that the person to be restrained or theperson's attorney appeared in person before the court;

29 (c) The order was served upon the person to be restrained; or

30 (d) The peace officer gives the person oral or written evidence of 31 the order by reading from it or handing to the person a certified copy 32 of the original order, certified to be an accurate copy of the original 33 by a notary public or by the clerk of the court.

34 (3) A peace officer shall verify the existence of a restraining35 order by:

36 (a) Obtaining information confirming the existence and terms of the37 order from a law enforcement agency; or

1 (b) Obtaining a certified copy of the order, certified to be an 2 accurate copy of the original by a notary public or by the clerk of the 3 court.

4 (4) A peace officer shall arrest and take into custody, pending
5 release on bail, personal recognizance, or court order, a person
6 without a warrant when the officer has probable cause to believe that:

(a) A restraining order has been issued under this chapter;

8 (b) The respondent or person to be restrained knows of the order;9 and

10 (c) The person to be arrested has violated the terms of the order 11 restraining the person from acts or threats of violence or excluding 12 the person from the residence.

(5) It is a defense to prosecution under subsection (1) of this
section that the court order was issued contrary to law or court rule.
(6) No peace officer may be held criminally or civilly liable for
making an arrest under subsection (4) of this section if the officer
acts in good faith and without malice.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 33. A new section is added to chapter 26.50 RCW 19 to read as follows:

(1) Any order available under this chapter may be issued in actionsunder chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW.

(2) An order for protection available under this chapter that is
issued in any action under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW shall be
issued on the forms mandated by RCW 26.50.035(1).

(3) Any order for protection issued in any action under chapter 26 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW and issued on the form mandated in RCW 27 26.50.035(1) is fully enforceable and shall be enforced under the 28 provisions of this chapter.

29 **Sec. 34.** RCW 4.24.130 and 1992 c 30 s 1 are each amended to read 30 as follows:

(1) Any person desiring a change of his or her name or that of his or her child or ward, may apply therefor to the district court of the judicial district in which he or she resides, by petition setting forth the reasons for such change; thereupon such court in its discretion may order a change of the name and thenceforth the new name shall be in place of the former.

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1 The district court shall collect the fees authorized by RCW 2 36.18.010 for filing and recording a name change order, and transmit 3 the fee and the order to the county auditor. The court may collect a 4 reasonable fee to cover the cost of transmitting the order to the 5 county auditor.

(2) Name change petitions may be filed and shall be heard in 6 7 superior court when the person desiring a change of his or her name or 8 that of his or her child or ward is a victim of domestic violence as 9 defined in RCW 26.50.010(1) and the person seeks to have the name 10 change file sealed due to reasonable fear for his or her safety or that of his or her child or ward. Upon granting the name change, the 11 superior court shall seal the file if the court finds that the safety 12 of the person seeking the name change or his or her child or ward 13 warrants sealing the file. In all cases filed under this subsection, 14 15 whether or not the name change petition is granted, there shall be no 16 public access to any court record of the petitioner's former or new 17 names, unless the name change is granted but the file is not sealed.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 35. A new section is added to chapter 10.14 RCW 19 to read as follows:

Any order available under this chapter may be issued in actions under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 26.26 RCW. An order available under this chapter that is issued under those chapters shall be fully enforceable and shall be enforced pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.

25 **Sec. 36.** RCW 10.14.080 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 448 are each amended 26 to read as follows:

27 (1) Upon filing a petition for a civil antiharassment protection 28 order under this chapter, the petitioner may obtain an ex parte 29 temporary antiharassment protection order. An ex parte temporary antiharassment protection order may be granted with or without notice 30 upon the filing of an affidavit which, to the satisfaction of the 31 32 court, shows reasonable proof of unlawful harassment of the petitioner 33 by the respondent and that great or irreparable harm will result to the petitioner if the temporary antiharassment protection order is not 34 35 granted.

36 (2) An ex parte temporary antiharassment protection order shall be37 effective for a fixed period not to exceed fourteen days or twenty-four

days if the court has permitted service by publication under RCW 1 10.14.085. The ex parte order may be reissued. A full hearing, as 2 provided in this chapter, shall be set for not later than fourteen days 3 4 from the issuance of the temporary order or not later than twenty-four 5 days if service by publication is permitted. Except as provided in RCW 10.14.070 and 10.14.085, the respondent shall be personally served with 6 7 a copy of the ex parte order along with a copy of the petition and 8 notice of the date set for the hearing.

9 (3) At the hearing, if the court finds by a preponderance of the 10 evidence that unlawful harassment exists, a civil antiharassment 11 protection order shall issue prohibiting such unlawful harassment.

(4) An order issued under this chapter shall be effective for not 12 13 more than one year unless the court finds that the respondent is likely to resume unlawful harassment of the petitioner when the order expires. 14 15 If so, the court may enter an order for a fixed time exceeding one year 16 or may enter a permanent antiharassment protection order. The court 17 shall not enter an order that is effective for more than one year if the order restrains the respondent from contacting the respondent's 18 19 minor children. This limitation is not applicable to civil antiharassment protection orders issued under chapter 26.09, 26.10, or 20 26.26 RCW. If the petitioner seeks relief for a period longer than one 21 year on behalf of the respondent's minor children, the court shall 22 23 advise the petitioner that the petitioner may apply for renewal of the 24 order as provided in this chapter or if appropriate may seek relief 25 pursuant to chapter 26.09 or 26.10 RCW.

26 (5) At any time within the three months before the expiration of the order, the petitioner may apply for a renewal of the order by 27 filing a petition for renewal. The petition for renewal shall state 28 29 the reasons why the petitioner seeks to renew the protection order. 30 Upon receipt of the petition for renewal, the court shall order a hearing which shall be not later than fourteen days from the date of 31 the order. Except as provided in RCW 10.14.085, personal service shall 32 be made upon the respondent not less than five days before the hearing. 33 34 If timely service cannot be made the court shall set a new hearing date 35 and shall either require additional attempts at obtaining personal service or permit service by publication as provided by RCW 10.14.085. 36 37 If the court permits service by publication, the court shall set the new hearing date not later than twenty-four days from the date of the 38 39 order. If the order expires because timely service cannot be made the

court shall grant an ex parte order of protection as provided in this 1 2 The court shall grant the petition for renewal unless the section. respondent proves by a preponderance of the evidence that the 3 4 respondent will not resume harassment of the petitioner when the order 5 expires. The court may renew the protection order for another fixed time period or may enter a permanent order as provided in subsection б 7 (4) of this section.

8 (6) The court, in granting an ex parte temporary antiharassment 9 protection order or a civil antiharassment protection order, shall have 10 broad discretion to grant such relief as the court deems proper, 11 including an order:

(a) Restraining the respondent from making any attempts to contactthe petitioner;

(b) Restraining the respondent from making any attempts to keep thepetitioner under surveillance;

16 (c) Requiring the respondent to stay a stated distance from the 17 petitioner's residence and workplace; and

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(d) Considering the provisions of RCW 9.41.800.

19 (7) A petitioner may not obtain an ex parte temporary 20 antiharassment protection order against a respondent if the petitioner 21 has previously obtained two such ex parte orders against the same 22 respondent but has failed to obtain the issuance of a civil 23 antiharassment protection order unless good cause for such failure can 24 be shown.

(8) The court order shall specify the date an order issued pursuant to subsections (4) and (5) of this section expires if any. The court order shall also state whether the court issued the protection order following personal service or service by publication and whether the court has approved service by publication of an order issued under this section.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 37. The office of the administrator of the 32 courts shall report to the appropriate standing committees of the 33 legislature at the beginning of the 1996 legislative session on the 34 status of the work required under section 18 of this act.

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