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**SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5234**

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**State of Washington**

**54th Legislature**

**1995 Regular Session**

**By** Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Smith, Long, Haugen and Kohl; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Read first time 02/16/95.

1 AN ACT Relating to eligibility for juvenile offender basic training  
2 camp; and amending RCW 13.40.320.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 13.40.320 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 532 are each amended to  
5 read as follows:

6 (1) The department of social and health services shall establish  
7 and operate a medium security juvenile offender basic training  
8 program. The department shall site a juvenile offender basic training  
9 camp facility in the most cost-effective facility possible and shall  
10 review the possibility of using an existing abandoned and/or available  
11 state, federally, or military-owned site or facility.

12 (2) The department may contract under this chapter with private  
13 companies, the national guard, or other federal, state, or local  
14 agencies to operate the juvenile offender basic training camp,  
15 notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 41.06.380. Requests for  
16 proposals from possible contractors shall not call for payment on a per  
17 diem basis.

18 (3) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall accommodate at  
19 least seventy offenders. The beds shall count as additions to, and not

1 be used as replacements for, existing bed capacity at existing  
2 department of social and health services juvenile facilities.

3 (4) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall be a structured  
4 and regimented model lasting one hundred twenty days emphasizing the  
5 building up of an offender's self-esteem, confidence, and discipline.  
6 The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall provide  
7 participants with basic education, prevocational training, work-based  
8 learning, live work, work ethic skills, conflict resolution counseling,  
9 substance abuse intervention, anger management counseling, and  
10 structured intensive physical training. The juvenile offender basic  
11 training camp program shall have a curriculum training and work  
12 schedule that incorporates a balanced assignment of these or other  
13 rehabilitation and training components for no less than sixteen hours  
14 per day, six days a week.

15 The department shall adopt rules for the safe and effective  
16 operation of the juvenile offender basic training camp program,  
17 standards for an offender's successful program completion, and rules  
18 for the continued after-care supervision of offenders who have  
19 successfully completed the program.

20 (5) Offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training  
21 camp option shall be those with a disposition of (~~at least fifty-two~~  
22 ~~weeks but~~) not more than seventy-eight weeks. Violent and sex  
23 offenders shall not be eligible for the juvenile offender basic  
24 training camp program.

25 (6) If the court determines that the offender is eligible for the  
26 juvenile offender basic training camp option, the court may recommend  
27 that the department place the offender in the program. The department  
28 shall evaluate the offender and may place the offender in the program.  
29 The evaluation shall include, at a minimum, a risk assessment developed  
30 by the department and designed to determine the offender's suitability  
31 for the program. No juvenile who is assessed as a high risk offender  
32 or suffers from any mental or physical problems that could endanger his  
33 or her health or drastically affect his or her performance in the  
34 program shall be admitted to or retained in the juvenile offender basic  
35 training camp program.

36 (7) All juvenile offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic  
37 training camp sentencing option shall spend (~~the first~~) one hundred  
38 twenty days of their disposition in a juvenile offender basic training  
39 camp. If the juvenile offender's activities while in the juvenile

1 offender basic training camp are so disruptive to the juvenile offender  
2 basic training camp program, as determined by the secretary according  
3 to rules adopted by the department, as to result in the removal of the  
4 juvenile offender from the juvenile offender basic training camp  
5 program, or if the offender cannot complete the juvenile offender basic  
6 training camp program due to medical problems, the secretary shall  
7 require that the offender be committed to a juvenile institution to  
8 serve the entire remainder of his or her disposition, less the amount  
9 of time already served in the juvenile offender basic training camp  
10 program.

11 (8) All offenders who successfully graduate from the one hundred  
12 twenty day juvenile offender basic training camp program shall spend  
13 the remainder of their disposition on parole in a division of juvenile  
14 rehabilitation intensive aftercare program in the local community. The  
15 program shall provide for the needs of the offender based on his or her  
16 progress in the aftercare program as indicated by ongoing assessment of  
17 those needs and progress. The intensive aftercare program shall  
18 monitor postprogram juvenile offenders and assist them to successfully  
19 reintegrate into the community. In addition, the program shall develop  
20 a process for closely monitoring and assessing public safety risks.  
21 The intensive aftercare program shall be designed and funded by the  
22 department of social and health services.

23 (9) The department shall also develop and maintain a data base to  
24 measure recidivism rates specific to this incarceration program. The  
25 data base shall maintain data on all juvenile offenders who complete  
26 the juvenile offender basic training camp program for a period of two  
27 years after they have completed the program. The data base shall also  
28 maintain data on the criminal activity, educational progress, and  
29 employment activities of all juvenile offenders who participated in the  
30 program. The department shall produce an outcome evaluation report on  
31 the progress of the juvenile offender basic training camp program to  
32 the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than December  
33 12, 1996.

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