
SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5820

State of Washington

54th Legislature

1995 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Energy, Telecommunications & Utilities
(originally sponsored by Senators Sutherland, Finkbeiner, Snyder, Smith
and Quigley)

Read first time 03/01/95.

1 AN ACT Relating to unauthorized use of telecommunication and
2 subscription video services; amending RCW 9A.56.010, 9A.56.220,
3 9A.56.230, 9A.56.250, and 9A.82.010; adding new sections to chapter
4 9A.56 RCW; and prescribing penalties.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 9A.56.010 and 1987 c 140 s 1 are each amended to read
7 as follows:

8 The following definitions are applicable in this chapter unless the
9 context otherwise requires:

10 (1) "Appropriate lost or misdelivered property or services" means
11 obtaining or exerting control over the property or services of another
12 which the actor knows to have been lost or mislaid, or to have been
13 delivered under a mistake as to identity of the recipient or as to the
14 nature or amount of the property;

15 (2) "By color or aid of deception" means that the deception
16 operated to bring about the obtaining of the property or services; it
17 is not necessary that deception be the sole means of obtaining the
18 property or services;

1 (3) "Access device" means any card, plate, code, account number, or
2 other means of account access that can be used alone or in conjunction
3 with another access device to obtain money, goods, services, or
4 anything else of value, or that can be used to initiate a transfer of
5 funds, other than a transfer originated solely by paper instrument;

6 (4) "Deception" occurs when an actor knowingly:

7 (a) Creates or confirms another's false impression which the actor
8 knows to be false; or

9 (b) Fails to correct another's impression which the actor
10 previously has created or confirmed; or

11 (c) Prevents another from acquiring information material to the
12 disposition of the property involved; or

13 (d) Transfers or encumbers property without disclosing a lien,
14 adverse claim, or other legal impediment to the enjoyment of the
15 property, whether that impediment is or is not valid, or is or is not
16 a matter of official record; or

17 (e) Promises performance which the actor does not intend to perform
18 or knows will not be performed.

19 (5) "Deprive" in addition to its common meaning means to make
20 unauthorized use or an unauthorized copy of records, information, data,
21 trade secrets, or computer programs;

22 (6) "Obtain control over" in addition to its common meaning, means:

23 (a) In relation to property, to bring about a transfer or purported
24 transfer to the obtainer or another of a legally recognized interest in
25 the property; or

26 (b) In relation to labor or service, to secure performance thereof
27 for the benefits of the obtainer or another;

28 (7) "Wrongfully obtains" or "exerts unauthorized control" means:

29 (a) To take the property or services of another;

30 (b) Having any property or services in one's possession, custody or
31 control as bailee, factor, pledgee, servant, attorney, agent, employee,
32 trustee, executor, administrator, guardian, or officer of any person,
33 estate, association, or corporation, or as a public officer, or person
34 authorized by agreement or competent authority to take or hold such
35 possession, custody, or control, to secrete, withhold, or appropriate
36 the same to his or her own use or to the use of any person other than
37 the true owner or person entitled thereto; or

38 (c) Having any property or services in one's possession, custody,
39 or control as partner, to secrete, withhold, or appropriate the same to

1 his or her use or to the use of any person other than the true owner or
2 person entitled thereto, where such use is unauthorized by the
3 partnership agreement;

4 (8) "Owner" means a person, other than the actor, who has
5 possession of or any other interest in the property or services
6 involved, and without whose consent the actor has no authority to exert
7 control over the property or services;

8 (9) "Receive" includes, but is not limited to, acquiring title,
9 possession, control, or a security interest, or any other interest in
10 the property;

11 (10) "Services" includes, but is not limited to, labor,
12 professional services, transportation services, electronic computer
13 services, the supplying of hotel accommodations, restaurant services,
14 entertainment, the supplying of equipment for use, and the supplying of
15 commodities of a public utility nature such as gas, electricity, steam,
16 and water;

17 (11) "Stolen" means obtained by theft, robbery, or extortion;

18 (12) "Subscription television service" means an audio, video, or
19 data service intended for viewing on home television or monitor by
20 authorized members of the public, only, who pay a periodic fee for the
21 service. Subscription television services include but are not limited
22 to those presently delivered by coaxial cable, fiber optic cable,
23 terrestrial microwave, television broadcast, and satellite
24 transmission;

25 (13) "Telecommunication device" means (a) any type of instrument,
26 device, machine, or equipment that is capable of transmitting or
27 receiving telephonic or electronic communications; or (b) any part of
28 such an instrument, device, machine, or equipment, or any computer
29 circuit, computer chip, electronic mechanism, or other component, that
30 is capable of facilitating the transmission or reception of telephonic
31 or electronic communications;

32 (14) "Telecommunication service" includes any service provided for
33 a charge or compensation to facilitate the transmission, transfer, or
34 reception of a telephonic communication or an electronic communication;

35 (15) "Unlawful telecommunication device" means any
36 telecommunication device that is capable, or has been altered,
37 modified, programmed or reprogrammed, or activated or reactivated so as
38 to be capable, of acquiring, or facilitating the acquisition of, a
39 telecommunications service without the consent of the telecommunication

1 service provider and includes any computer program or data designed or
2 used to create, alter, modify, program, or activate a telecommunication
3 device. Unlawful telecommunication devices include, but are not
4 limited to, cloned telephones, tumbler telephones, tumbler microchips,
5 cloned microchips, and other devices or components capable of
6 disguising their identity or location or of gaining unauthorized access
7 to a communication system operated by a telecommunication service
8 provider;

9 (16) Value. (a) "Value" means the market value of the property or
10 services at the time and in the approximate area of the criminal act.

11 (b) Whether or not they have been issued or delivered, written
12 instruments, except those having a readily ascertained market value,
13 shall be evaluated as follows:

14 (i) The value of an instrument constituting an evidence of debt,
15 such as a check, draft, or promissory note, shall be deemed the amount
16 due or collectible thereon or thereby, that figure ordinarily being the
17 face amount of the indebtedness less any portion thereof which has been
18 satisfied;

19 (ii) The value of a ticket or equivalent instrument which evidences
20 a right to receive transportation, entertainment, or other service
21 shall be deemed the price stated thereon, if any; and if no price is
22 stated thereon, the value shall be deemed the price of such ticket or
23 equivalent instrument which the issuer charged the general public;

24 (iii) The value of any other instrument that creates, releases,
25 discharges, or otherwise affects any valuable legal right, privilege,
26 or obligation shall be deemed the greatest amount of economic loss
27 which the owner of the instrument might reasonably suffer by virtue of
28 the loss of the instrument.

29 (c) Whenever any series of transactions which constitute theft,
30 would, when considered separately, constitute theft in the third degree
31 because of value, and said series of transactions are a part of a
32 common scheme or plan, then the transactions may be aggregated in one
33 count and the sum of the value of all said transactions shall be the
34 value considered in determining the degree of theft involved.

35 (d) Whenever any person is charged with possessing stolen property
36 and such person has unlawfully in his possession at the same time the
37 stolen property of more than one person, then the stolen property
38 possessed may be aggregated in one count and the sum of the value of

1 all said stolen property shall be the value considered in determining
2 the degree of theft involved.

3 (e) Property or services having value that cannot be ascertained
4 pursuant to the standards set forth above shall be deemed to be of a
5 value not exceeding two hundred and fifty dollars;

6 (~~((13))~~) (17) "Shopping cart" means a basket mounted on wheels or
7 similar container generally used in a retail establishment by a
8 customer for the purpose of transporting goods of any kind;

9 (~~((14))~~) (18) "Parking area" means a parking lot or other property
10 provided by retailers for use by a customer for parking an automobile
11 or other vehicle.

12 **Sec. 2.** RCW 9A.56.220 and 1989 c 11 s 1 are each amended to read
13 as follows:

14 (1) A person is guilty of theft of ~~((cable))~~ subscription
15 television services if(~~(+~~

16 ~~(a))~~, with intent to avoid payment of the lawful charge ~~((for any~~
17 ~~communication))~~ of a subscription television service ~~((of a cable~~
18 ~~system))~~, he or she:

19 ~~((i) Tamper with the equipment of the cable system, whether by~~
20 ~~mechanical, electrical, acoustical, or other means; or~~

21 ~~(ii) Knowingly misrepresents a material fact; or~~

22 ~~(iii) Uses any other artifice, trick, deception, code, or other~~
23 ~~device; and~~

24 ~~(b) He or she wrongfully obtains cable communication services for~~
25 ~~himself or herself or another.~~

26 ~~(2) RCW 9A.56.220 through 9A.56.250 do not apply to the~~
27 ~~interception or receipt by any individual or the assisting (including~~
28 ~~the manufacture or sale), of such interception or receipt of any~~
29 ~~satellite-transmitted programming for private use.)~~

30 (a) Obtains or attempts to obtain subscription television service
31 from a subscription television service company by trick, artifice,
32 deception, use of a device or decoder, or other fraudulent means
33 without authority from the company providing the service;

34 (b) Assists or instructs a person in obtaining or attempting to
35 obtain subscription television service without authority of the company
36 providing the service;

37 (c) Makes or maintains a connection or connections, whether
38 physical, electrical, mechanical, acoustical, or by other means, with

1 cables, wires, components, or other devices used for the distribution
2 of subscription television services without authority from the company
3 providing the services;

4 (d) Makes or maintains a modification or alteration to a device
5 installed with the authorization of a subscription television service
6 company for the purpose of interception or receiving a program or other
7 service carried by the company that the person is not authorized by the
8 company to receive; or

9 (e) Possesses without authority a device designed in whole or in
10 part to receive subscription television services offered for sale by
11 the subscription television service company, regardless of whether the
12 program or services are encoded, filtered, scrambled, or otherwise made
13 unintelligible, or to perform or facilitate the performance of any
14 other acts set out in (a) through (d) of this subsection for the
15 reception of subscription television services without authority.

16 (2) Intent to avoid payment of the lawful charge of a subscription
17 television service is presumed when a person who is not an employee or
18 agent of a subscription television service company:

19 (a) Has in his or her possession a device not authorized by the
20 subscription television service company that permits reception of
21 subscription television services without payment;

22 (b) Has installed a connection to the subscription television
23 service system or descrambler or receiving device, or provided
24 instructions or advice on the installations to another, without
25 authority from the subscription television service company;

26 (c) Has a connection to subscription television services to his or
27 her residence or business after disconnection by the subscription
28 television service company and notification of the disconnection has
29 been provided to the person; or

30 (d) Has in his or her possession a converter or decoder provided by
31 the subscription television service company that has been tampered
32 with, altered, or modified to allow the reception or interception of
33 programming carried by the subscription television service company
34 without authority to do so.

35 (3) Theft of ((cable)) subscription television services is a gross
36 misdemeanor.

37 **Sec. 3.** RCW 9A.56.230 and 1985 c 430 s 2 are each amended to read
38 as follows:

1 (1) A person is guilty of unlawful sale of ~~((cable))~~ subscription
2 television services if, with intent to avoid payment of the lawful
3 charge for any communications service of a cable system, he or she
4 ~~((offers for sale or otherwise makes available any telecommunications~~
5 ~~decoder or descrambler that defeats a mechanism of electronic signal~~
6 ~~encryption, or that restricts delivery of individually addressed~~
7 ~~switching imposed by the cable system.~~

8 (2)), without authorization from the subscription television
9 service company:

10 (a) Publishes or advertises for sale a plan for a device that is
11 designed in whole or in part to receive subscription television or
12 services offered for sale by the subscription television service
13 company, regardless of whether the programming or services are encoded,
14 filtered, scrambled, or otherwise made unintelligible;

15 (b) Advertises for sale or lease a device or kit for a device
16 designed in whole or in part to receive subscription television
17 services offered for sale by the subscription television service
18 company, regardless of whether the programming or services are encoded,
19 filtered, scrambled, or otherwise made unintelligible; or

20 (c) Manufactures, imports into the state of Washington,
21 distributes, sells, leases, or offers for sale or lease a device, plan,
22 or kit for a device designed in whole or in part to receive
23 subscription television services offered for sale by the subscription
24 television service company, regardless of whether the programming or
25 services are encoded, filtered, scrambled, or otherwise made
26 unintelligible.

27 (2) Intent to avoid payment of the lawful charge of a subscription
28 television service is presumed when a person who is not an employee or
29 agent of a subscription television service company:

30 (a) Has published or advertised for sale a plan for a device
31 designed in whole or in part to receive television or services offered
32 for sale by the subscription television service company and the
33 advertisement states directly or indirectly that the plan will enable
34 one to receive subscription television service without payment to the
35 subscription television service company;

36 (b) Has advertised devices or kits designed in whole or in part to
37 receive subscription television services offered for sale by the
38 subscription television service company and the advertisement states
39 directly or indirectly that the device or kit will enable one to

1 receive subscription television service without payment to the
2 subscription television service company; or

3 (c) Has sold, leased, or offered for sale or lease a device, plan,
4 or kit for a device designed in whole or in part to receive
5 subscription television services offered for sale by the subscription
6 television service company and during the course of the transaction for
7 sale or lease states directly or indirectly that the device or kit will
8 enable one to receive subscription television service without payment
9 to the subscription television service company.

10 (3) Unlawful sale of ((cable)) subscription television services is
11 a ((gross misdemeanor)) class C felony.

12 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9A.56.250 and 1985 c 430 s 4 are each amended to read
13 as follows:

14 (1) In addition to the criminal penalties provided in RCW 9A.56.220
15 and 9A.56.230, there is created a civil cause of action for theft of
16 ((cable)) subscription television services and for unlawful sale of
17 ((cable)) subscription television services.

18 ~~(2) ((The prevailing party may recover actual damages, reasonable~~
19 ~~attorneys' fees, and costs.~~

20 ~~(3))~~ A person who sustains injury to his or her person, business,
21 or property by an act described in RCW 9A.56.220 or 9A.56.230 may file
22 an action in superior court for recovery of damages and the costs of
23 the suit, including reasonable investigative and attorneys' fees and
24 costs.

25 (3) Upon finding a violation of RCW 9A.56.220 or 9A.56.230, in
26 addition to the remedies described in this section, the court may
27 impose a civil penalty not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars.

28 (4) The superior court may grant temporary and final injunctions on
29 such terms as it deems reasonable to prevent or restrain violations of
30 RCW 9A.56.220 and 9A.56.230.

31 **Sec. 5.** RCW 9A.82.010 and 1994 c 218 s 17 are each amended to read
32 as follows:

33 Unless the context requires the contrary, the definitions in this
34 section apply throughout this chapter.

35 (1) "Creditor" means a person making an extension of credit or a
36 person claiming by, under, or through a person making an extension of
37 credit.

1 (2) "Debtor" means a person to whom an extension of credit is made
2 or a person who guarantees the repayment of an extension of credit or
3 in any manner undertakes to indemnify the creditor against loss
4 resulting from the failure of a person to whom an extension is made to
5 repay the same.

6 (3) "Extortionate extension of credit" means an extension of credit
7 with respect to which it is the understanding of the creditor and the
8 debtor at the time the extension is made that delay in making repayment
9 or failure to make repayment could result in the use of violence or
10 other criminal means to cause harm to the person, reputation, or
11 property of any person.

12 (4) "Extortionate means" means the use, or an express or implicit
13 threat of use, of violence or other criminal means to cause harm to the
14 person, reputation, or property of any person.

15 (5) "To collect an extension of credit" means to induce in any way
16 a person to make repayment thereof.

17 (6) "To extend credit" means to make or renew a loan or to enter
18 into an agreement, tacit or express, whereby the repayment or
19 satisfaction of a debt or claim, whether acknowledged or disputed,
20 valid or invalid, and however arising, may or shall be deferred.

21 (7) "Repayment of an extension of credit" means the repayment,
22 satisfaction, or discharge in whole or in part of a debt or claim,
23 acknowledged or disputed, valid or invalid, resulting from or in
24 connection with that extension of credit.

25 (8) "Dealer in property" means a person who buys and sells property
26 as a business.

27 (9) "Stolen property" means property that has been obtained by
28 theft, robbery, or extortion.

29 (10) "Traffic" means to sell, transfer, distribute, dispense, or
30 otherwise dispose of stolen property to another person, or to buy,
31 receive, possess, or obtain control of stolen property, with intent to
32 sell, transfer, distribute, dispense, or otherwise dispose of the
33 property to another person.

34 (11) "Control" means the possession of a sufficient interest to
35 permit substantial direction over the affairs of an enterprise.

36 (12) "Enterprise" includes any individual, sole proprietorship,
37 partnership, corporation, business trust, or other profit or nonprofit
38 legal entity, and includes any union, association, or group of
39 individuals associated in fact although not a legal entity, and both

1 illicit and licit enterprises and governmental and nongovernmental
2 entities.

3 (13) "Financial institution" means any bank, trust company, savings
4 and loan association, savings bank, mutual savings bank, credit union,
5 or loan company under the jurisdiction of the state or an agency of the
6 United States.

7 (14) "Criminal profiteering" means any act, including any
8 anticipatory or completed offense, committed for financial gain, that
9 is chargeable or indictable under the laws of the state in which the
10 act occurred and, if the act occurred in a state other than this state,
11 would be chargeable or indictable under the laws of this state had the
12 act occurred in this state and punishable as a felony and by
13 imprisonment for more than one year, regardless of whether the act is
14 charged or indicted, as any of the following:

15 (a) Murder, as defined in RCW 9A.32.030 and 9A.32.050;

16 (b) Robbery, as defined in RCW 9A.56.200 and 9A.56.210;

17 (c) Kidnapping, as defined in RCW 9A.40.020 and 9A.40.030;

18 (d) Forgery, as defined in RCW 9A.60.020 and 9A.60.030;

19 (e) Theft, as defined in RCW 9A.56.030, 9A.56.040, 9A.56.060, and
20 9A.56.080;

21 (f) Unlawful sale of subscription television services, as defined
22 in RCW 9A.56.230;

23 (g) Theft of telecommunication services or unlawful manufacture of
24 a telecommunication device, as defined in sections 6 and 7 of this act;

25 (h) Child selling or child buying, as defined in RCW 9A.64.030;

26 ~~((g))~~ (i) Bribery, as defined in RCW 9A.68.010, 9A.68.020,
27 9A.68.040, and 9A.68.050;

28 ~~((h))~~ (j) Gambling, as defined in RCW 9.46.220 and 9.46.215 and
29 9.46.217;

30 ~~((i))~~ (k) Extortion, as defined in RCW 9A.56.120 and 9A.56.130;

31 ~~((j))~~ (l) Extortionate extension of credit, as defined in RCW
32 9A.82.020;

33 ~~((k))~~ (m) Advancing money for use in an extortionate extension of
34 credit, as defined in RCW 9A.82.030;

35 ~~((l))~~ (n) Collection of an extortionate extension of credit, as
36 defined in RCW 9A.82.040;

37 ~~((m))~~ (o) Collection of an unlawful debt, as defined in RCW
38 9A.82.045;

1 (~~(n)~~) (p) Delivery or manufacture of controlled substances or
2 possession with intent to deliver or manufacture controlled substances
3 under chapter 69.50 RCW;

4 (~~(o)~~) (q) Trafficking in stolen property, as defined in RCW
5 9A.82.050;

6 (~~(p)~~) (r) Leading organized crime, as defined in RCW 9A.82.060;

7 (~~(q)~~) (s) Money laundering, as defined in RCW 9A.83.020;

8 (~~(r)~~) (t) Obstructing criminal investigations or prosecutions in
9 violation of RCW 9A.72.090, 9A.72.100, 9A.72.110, 9A.72.120, 9A.72.130,
10 9A.76.070, or 9A.76.180;

11 (~~(s)~~) (u) Fraud in the purchase or sale of securities, as defined
12 in RCW 21.20.010;

13 (~~(t)~~) (v) Promoting pornography, as defined in RCW 9.68.140;

14 (~~(u)~~) (w) Sexual exploitation of children, as defined in RCW
15 9.68A.040, 9.68A.050, and 9.68A.060;

16 (~~(v)~~) (x) Promoting prostitution, as defined in RCW 9A.88.070 and
17 9A.88.080;

18 (~~(w)~~) (y) Arson, as defined in RCW 9A.48.020 and 9A.48.030;

19 (~~(x)~~) (z) Assault, as defined in RCW 9A.36.011 and 9A.36.021;

20 (~~(y)~~) (aa) Assault of a child, as defined in RCW 9A.36.120 and
21 9A.36.130;

22 (~~(z)~~) (bb) A pattern of equity skimming, as defined in RCW
23 61.34.020; or

24 (~~(aa)~~) (cc) Commercial telephone solicitation in violation of RCW
25 19.158.040(1).

26 (15) "Pattern of criminal profiteering activity" means engaging in
27 at least three acts of criminal profiteering, one of which occurred
28 after July 1, 1985, and the last of which occurred within five years,
29 excluding any period of imprisonment, after the commission of the
30 earliest act of criminal profiteering. In order to constitute a
31 pattern, the three acts must have the same or similar intent, results,
32 accomplices, principals, victims, or methods of commission, or be
33 otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics including a
34 nexus to the same enterprise, and must not be isolated events.
35 However, in any civil proceedings brought pursuant to RCW 9A.82.100 by
36 any person other than the attorney general or county prosecuting
37 attorney in which one or more acts of fraud in the purchase or sale of
38 securities are asserted as acts of criminal profiteering activity, it
39 is a condition to civil liability under RCW 9A.82.100 that the

1 defendant has been convicted in a criminal proceeding of fraud in the
2 purchase or sale of securities under RCW 21.20.400 or under the laws of
3 another state or of the United States requiring the same elements of
4 proof, but such conviction need not relate to any act or acts asserted
5 as acts of criminal profiteering activity in such civil action under
6 RCW 9A.82.100.

7 (16) "Records" means any book, paper, writing, record, computer
8 program, or other material.

9 (17) "Documentary material" means any book, paper, document,
10 writing, drawing, graph, chart, photograph, phonograph record, magnetic
11 tape, computer printout, other data compilation from which information
12 can be obtained or from which information can be translated into usable
13 form, or other tangible item.

14 (18) "Unlawful debt" means any money or other thing of value
15 constituting principal or interest of a debt that is legally
16 unenforceable in the state in full or in part because the debt was
17 incurred or contracted:

18 (a) In violation of any one of the following:

19 (i) Chapter 67.16 RCW relating to horse racing;

20 (ii) Chapter 9.46 RCW relating to gambling;

21 (b) In a gambling activity in violation of federal law; or

22 (c) In connection with the business of lending money or a thing of
23 value at a rate that is at least twice the permitted rate under the
24 applicable state or federal law relating to usury.

25 (19)(a) "Beneficial interest" means:

26 (i) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under a trust
27 established under Title 11 RCW in which the trustee for the trust holds
28 legal or record title to real property;

29 (ii) The interest of a person as a beneficiary under any other
30 trust arrangement under which a trustee holds legal or record title to
31 real property for the benefit of the beneficiary; or

32 (iii) The interest of a person under any other form of express
33 fiduciary arrangement under which one person holds legal or record
34 title to real property for the benefit of the other person.

35 (b) "Beneficial interest" does not include the interest of a
36 stockholder in a corporation or the interest of a partner in a general
37 partnership or limited partnership.

38 (c) A beneficial interest shall be considered to be located where
39 the real property owned by the trustee is located.

1 (20) "Real property" means any real property or interest in real
2 property, including but not limited to a land sale contract, lease, or
3 mortgage of real property.

4 (21)(a) "Trustee" means:

5 (i) A person acting as a trustee under a trust established under
6 Title 11 RCW in which the trustee holds legal or record title to real
7 property;

8 (ii) A person who holds legal or record title to real property in
9 which another person has a beneficial interest; or

10 (iii) A successor trustee to a person who is a trustee under
11 subsection (21)(a) (i) or (ii) of this section.

12 (b) "Trustee" does not mean a person appointed or acting as:

13 (i) A personal representative under Title 11 RCW;

14 (ii) A trustee of any testamentary trust;

15 (iii) A trustee of any indenture of trust under which a bond is
16 issued; or

17 (iv) A trustee under a deed of trust.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.56 RCW
19 to read as follows:

20 (1) A person is guilty of theft of telecommunication services if he
21 or she:

22 (a) Uses a telecommunication device to transmit or receive
23 telephonic or electronic telecommunication without having entered into
24 a prior agreement with a telecommunication service provider to pay for
25 the telecommunication services; or

26 (b) Possesses an unlawful telecommunication device.

27 (2) Theft of telecommunication services is a class C felony.

28 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.56 RCW
29 to read as follows:

30 (1) A person is guilty of unlawful manufacture of a
31 telecommunication device if he or she:

32 (a) Manufactures, produces, or assembles an unlawful
33 telecommunication device;

34 (b) Modifies, alters, programs, or reprograms a telecommunication
35 device to be capable of acquiring or of facilitating the acquisition of
36 telecommunication service without the consent of the telecommunication
37 service provider; or

1 (c) Writes, creates, or modifies a computer program that he or she
2 knows is thereby capable of being used to manufacture an unlawful
3 telecommunication device.

4 (2) Unlawful manufacture of a telecommunication device is a class
5 C felony.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.56 RCW
7 to read as follows:

8 (1) A person is guilty of unlawful sale of a telecommunication
9 device if he or she sells, leases, exchanges, or offers to sell, lease,
10 or exchange:

11 (a) An unlawful telecommunication device; or

12 (b) Any material, including data, computer software, or other
13 information or equipment, knowing that the purchaser or a third person
14 intends to use the material in the manufacture of an unlawful
15 telecommunication device.

16 (2) Unlawful sale of a telecommunication device is a class C
17 felony.

18 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** A new section is added to chapter 9A.56 RCW
19 to read as follows:

20 (1) In addition to the criminal penalties provided in sections 6
21 through 8 of this act, there is created a civil cause of action for
22 theft of telecommunication services, for unlawful manufacture of a
23 telecommunication device, and for unlawful sale of a telecommunication
24 device.

25 (2) A person who sustains injury to his or her person, business, or
26 property by an act described in section 6, 7, or 8 of this act may file
27 an action in superior court for recovery of damages and the costs of
28 the suit, including reasonable investigative and attorneys' fees and
29 costs.

30 (3) Upon finding a violation of section 6, 7, or 8 of this act, in
31 addition to the remedies described in this section, the court may
32 impose a civil penalty not exceeding twenty-five thousand dollars.

33 (4) The superior court may grant temporary and final injunctions on
34 such terms as it deems reasonable to prevent or restrain violations of
35 sections 6 through 8 of this act.

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