CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5234

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate March 13, 1995 YEAS 47 NAYS 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 5, 1995 YEAS 95 NAYS 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

CERTIFICATE

I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5234** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5234

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Smith, Long, Haugen and Kohl; by request of Department of Social and Health Services)

Read first time 02/16/95.

1 AN ACT Relating to eligibility for juvenile offender basic training 2 camp; and amending RCW 13.40.320.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 Sec. 1. RCW 13.40.320 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 532 are each amended to 5 read as follows:

6 (1) The department of social and health services shall establish 7 and operate a medium security juvenile offender basic training camp 8 program. The department shall site a juvenile offender basic training 9 camp facility in the most cost-effective facility possible and shall 10 review the possibility of using an existing abandoned and/or available 11 state, federally, or military-owned site or facility.

12 (2) The department may contract under this chapter with private 13 companies, the national guard, or other federal, state, or local 14 agencies to operate the juvenile offender basic training camp, 15 notwithstanding the provisions of RCW 41.06.380. Requests for 16 proposals from possible contractors shall not call for payment on a per 17 diem basis.

(3) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall accommodate atleast seventy offenders. The beds shall count as additions to, and not

be used as replacements for, existing bed capacity at existing
department of social and health services juvenile facilities.

3 (4) The juvenile offender basic training camp shall be a structured 4 and regimented model lasting one hundred twenty days emphasizing the building up of an offender's self-esteem, confidence, and discipline. 5 The juvenile offender basic training camp program shall provide 6 7 participants with basic education, prevocational training, work-based 8 learning, live work, work ethic skills, conflict resolution counseling, 9 substance abuse intervention, anger management counseling, and 10 structured intensive physical training. The juvenile offender basic 11 training camp program shall have a curriculum training and work schedule that incorporates a balanced assignment of these or other 12 13 rehabilitation and training components for no less than sixteen hours per day, six days a week. 14

The department shall adopt rules for the safe and effective operation of the juvenile offender basic training camp program, standards for an offender's successful program completion, and rules for the continued after-care supervision of offenders who have successfully completed the program.

(5) Offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp option shall be those with a disposition of ((at least fifty-two weeks but)) not more than seventy-eight weeks. Violent and sex offenders shall not be eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp program.

25 (6) If the court determines that the offender is eligible for the 26 juvenile offender basic training camp option, the court may recommend 27 that the department place the offender in the program. The department shall evaluate the offender and may place the offender in the program. 28 29 The evaluation shall include, at a minimum, a risk assessment developed 30 by the department and designed to determine the offender's suitability 31 for the program. No juvenile who is assessed as a high risk offender or suffers from any mental or physical problems that could endanger his 32 33 or her health or drastically affect his or her performance in the 34 program shall be admitted to or retained in the juvenile offender basic 35 training camp program.

(7) All juvenile offenders eligible for the juvenile offender basic training camp sentencing option shall spend ((the first)) one hundred twenty days of their disposition in a juvenile offender basic training camp. If the juvenile offender's activities while in the juvenile

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offender basic training camp are so disruptive to the juvenile offender 1 2 basic training camp program, as determined by the secretary according to rules adopted by the department, as to result in the removal of the 3 4 juvenile offender from the juvenile offender basic training camp program, or if the offender cannot complete the juvenile offender basic 5 training camp program due to medical problems, the secretary shall 6 require that the offender be committed to a juvenile institution to 7 8 serve the entire remainder of his or her disposition, less the amount 9 of time already served in the juvenile offender basic training camp 10 program.

(8) All offenders who successfully graduate from the one hundred 11 twenty day juvenile offender basic training camp program shall spend 12 13 the remainder of their disposition on parole in a division of juvenile 14 rehabilitation intensive aftercare program in the local community. The 15 program shall provide for the needs of the offender based on his or her 16 progress in the aftercare program as indicated by ongoing assessment of 17 those needs and progress. The intensive aftercare program shall monitor postprogram juvenile offenders and assist them to successfully 18 19 reintegrate into the community. In addition, the program shall develop 20 a process for closely monitoring and assessing public safety risks. The intensive aftercare program shall be designed and funded by the 21 department of social and health services. 22

(9) The department shall also develop and maintain a data base to 23 24 measure recidivism rates specific to this incarceration program. The 25 data base shall maintain data on all juvenile offenders who complete 26 the juvenile offender basic training camp program for a period of two 27 years after they have completed the program. The data base shall also maintain data on the criminal activity, educational progress, and 28 29 employment activities of all juvenile offenders who participated in the 30 program. The department shall produce an outcome evaluation report on the progress of the juvenile offender basic training camp program to 31 the appropriate committees of the legislature no later than December 32 12, 1996. 33

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