## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5315

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate April 21, 1995 YEAS 47 NAYS 0

# President of the Senate

Passed by the House April 20, 1995 YEAS 94 NAYS 0

### Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5315** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Secretary

FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5315

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

### State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Agriculture & Agricultural Trade & Development (originally sponsored by Senators Rasmussen, Morton, Loveland, Newhouse and Roach; by request of Department of Agriculture)

Read first time 02/16/95.

1 AN ACT Relating to agriculture and marketing; amending RCW 2 15.36.012, 15.36.071, 15.36.171, 15.36.221, 15.36.411, 15.36.441, 3 69.07.100, 69.07.085, 69.25.020, 69.25.050, 69.25.150, 69.25.170, 69.25.250, 69.25.310, 69.25.320, 15.53.901, 15.53.9012, 15.53.9014, 4 5 15.53.9016, 15.53.9018, 15.53.902, 15.53.9022, 15.53.9024, 15.53.9038, 15.53.9042, 15.53.9053, 16.57.220, 16.57.230, 16.57.240, 16.57.280, б 7 16.57.290, 16.65.030, 15.44.033, 43.88.240, 15.58.070, 16.24.130, 8 16.24.150, 15.76.140, and 17.10.240; reenacting and amending RCW 69.07.040 and 16.57.220; reenacting RCW 15.36.431; adding a new section 9 to chapter 69.04 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 15.53 RCW; adding 10 new sections to chapter 16.65 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.23 11 12 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 15.58 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 17.10 RCW; adding a new chapter to Title 69 RCW; creating new 13 sections; decodifying RCW 15.53.905 and 15.53.9052; repealing RCW 14 69.08.010, 69.08.020, 69.08.030, 69.08.040, 69.08.045, 69.08.050, 15 16 69.08.060, 69.08.070, 69.08.080, 69.08.090, 69.25.330, 69.25.340, 17 15.53.9036, and 15.58.410; repealing 1994 c 46 s 21; prescribing penalties; making appropriations; providing effective dates; providing 18 19 an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

20 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

1 **Sec. 1.** RCW 15.36.012 and 1994 c 143 s 102 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

3 For the purpose of this chapter:

4 "Adulterated milk" means milk that is deemed adulterated under 5 appendix L of the PMO.

6 "Aseptic processing" means the process by which milk or milk 7 products have been subjected to sufficient heat processing and packaged 8 in a hermetically sealed container so as to meet the standards of the 9 PMO.

10 "Colostrum milk" means milk produced within ten days before or 11 until practically colostrum free after parturition.

"DMO" means supplement I, the recommended sanitation ordinance for grade A condensed and dry milk products and condensed and dry whey, to the PMO published by the United States public health service, food and drug administration.

"Dairy farm" means a place or premises where one or more cows, goats, or other mammals are kept, a part or all of the milk or milk products from which is sold or offered for sale to a milk processing plant, transfer station, or receiving station.

"Dairy technician" means any person who takes samples of milk or cream or fluid derivatives thereof, on which sample tests are to be made as a basis of payment, or who grades, weighs, or measures milk or cream or the fluid derivatives thereof, the grade, weight, or measure to be used as a basis of payment, or who operates equipment wherein milk or products thereof are pasteurized.

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"Department" means the state department of agriculture.

27 "Director" means the director of agriculture of the state of28 Washington or the director's duly authorized representative.

29 "Distributor" means a person other than a producer who offers for 30 sale or sells to another, milk or milk products.

31 "Grade A milk processing plant" means any milk processing plant 32 that meets all of the standards of the PMO to process grade A 33 pasteurized milk or milk products.

34 "Grade A pasteurized milk" means grade A raw milk that has been 35 pasteurized.

36 "Grade A raw milk" means raw milk produced upon dairy farms 37 conforming with all of the items of sanitation contained in the PMO, in 38 which the bacterial plate count does not exceed twenty thousand per milliliter and the coliform count does not exceed ten per milliliter as
 determined in accordance with RCW ((15.36.110)) 15.36.201.

3 "Grade A raw milk for pasteurization" means raw milk produced upon 4 dairy farms conforming with all of the same items of sanitation 5 contained in the PMO of grade A raw milk, and the bacterial plate 6 count, as delivered from the farm, does not exceed eighty thousand per 7 milliliter as determined in accordance with RCW ((<del>15.36.110</del>)) 8 15.36.201.

9 "Grade C milk" is milk that violates any of the requirements for 10 grade A milk but that is not deemed to be adulterated.

"Homogenized" means milk or milk products which have been treated to ensure breakup of the fat globules to an extent consistent with the requirements outlined in the PMO.

14 "Milk" means the lacteal secretion, practically free of colostrum, 15 obtained by the complete milking of one or more healthy cows, goats, or 16 other mammals.

17 "Milk hauler" means a person who transports milk or milk products 18 in bulk to or from a milk processing plant, receiving station, or 19 transfer station.

20 "Milk processing" means the handling, preparing, packaging, or 21 processing of milk in any manner in preparation for sale as food, as 22 defined in chapter 69.04 RCW. Milk processing does not include milking 23 or producing milk on a dairy farm that is shipped to a milk processing 24 plant for further processing.

25 "Milk processing plant" means a place, premises, or establishment 26 where milk or milk products are collected, handled, processed, stored, 27 bottled, pasteurized, aseptically processed, bottled, or prepared for 28 distribution, except an establishment ((whose activity is limited to 29 retail sales)) that merely receives the processed milk products and 30 serves them or sells them at retail.

31 "Milk products" means the product of a milk manufacturing process.
32 "Misbranded milk" means milk or milk products that carries a grade
33 label unless such grade label has been awarded by the director and not
34 revoked, or that fails to conform in any other respect with the
35 statements on the label.

36 "Official brucellosis adult vaccinated cattle" means those cattle, 37 officially vaccinated over the age of official calfhood vaccinated 38 cattle, that the director has determined have been commingled with, or 39 kept in close proximity to, cattle identified as brucellosis reactors,

and have been vaccinated against brucellosis in a manner and under the
 conditions prescribed by the director after a hearing and under rules
 adopted under chapter 34.05 RCW, the administrative procedure act.

"Official laboratory" means a biological, chemical, or physical
laboratory that is under the direct supervision of the state or a local
regulatory agency.

7 "Officially designated laboratory" means a commercial laboratory 8 authorized to do official work by the department, or a milk industry 9 laboratory officially designated by the department for the examination 10 of grade A raw milk for pasteurization and commingled milk tank truck 11 samples of raw milk for antibiotic residues and bacterial limits.

12 "PMO" means the grade "A" pasteurized milk ordinance published by 13 the United States public health service, food and drug administration. 14 "Pasteurized" means the process of heating every particle of milk 15 or milk product in properly designed and operated equipment to the 16 temperature and time standards specified in the PMO.

17 "Person" means an individual, partnership, firm, corporation,18 company, trustee, or association.

19 "Producer" means a person or organization who operates a dairy farm 20 and provides, sells, or offers milk for sale to a milk processing 21 plant, receiving station, or transfer station.

22 "Receiving station" means a place, premises, or establishment where 23 raw milk is received, collected, handled, stored, or cooled and 24 prepared for further transporting.

25 "Sale" means selling, offering for sale, holding for sale, 26 preparing for sale, trading, bartering, offering a gift as an 27 inducement for sale of, and advertising for sale in any media.

28 "Transfer station" means any place, premises, or establishment 29 where milk or milk products are transferred directly from one milk tank 30 truck to another.

"Ultrapasteurized" means the process by which milk or milk products have been thermally processed in accordance with the time and temperature standards of the PMO, so as to produce a product which has an extended shelf life under refrigerated conditions.

35 "Ungraded processing plant" means a milk processing plant that 36 meets all of the standards of the PMO to produce milk products other 37 than grade A milk or milk products.

38 "Wash station" means a place, facility, or establishment where milk 39 tanker trucks are cleaned in accordance with the standards of the PMO. 1 All dairy products mentioned in this chapter mean those fit or used 2 for human consumption.

3 **Sec. 2.** RCW 15.36.071 and 1994 c 143 s 205 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

A milk hauler must obtain a milk hauler's license to conduct the 5 operation under this chapter. A milk hauler's license is not 6 7 transferable with respect to persons or locations or both. The 8 license, issued by the director upon approval of an application for the 9 license and compliance with the provisions of this chapter, shall contain the license number, name, residence, and place of business, if 10 any, of the licensee. <u>A milk hauler's license shall also contain</u> 11 endorsements for individual milk transport vehicles. The license plate 12 13 number and registration number for each milk transport vehicle shall be 14 listed on the endorsement.

15 **Sec. 3.** RCW 15.36.171 and 1994 c 143 s 301 are each amended to 16 read as follows:

17 No milk or milk products shall be sold to the final consumer or to restaurants, soda fountains, grocery stores, or similar establishments 18 except grade A pasteurized milk, or grade A raw milk. The director may 19 20 revoke the license of any milk distributor ((failing)), milk processing plant, or producer whose product fails to qualify as grade A 21 22 pasteurized or grade A raw, or in lieu thereof may degrade his or her 23 product to grade C and permit its sale as other than fluid milk or 24 grade A milk products during a period not exceeding thirty days. In 25 the event of an emergency, the director may permit the sale of grade C milk for more than thirty days. 26

27 **Sec. 4.** RCW 15.36.221 and 1984 c 226 s 5 are each amended to read 28 as follows:

Milk and milk products for consumption in the raw state or for pasteurization shall be cooled within two hours of completion of milking to forty degrees Fahrenheit or less and maintained at that temperature until picked up, in accordance with RCW ((15.36.110)) <u>15.36.201</u>, so long as the blend temperature after the first and following milkings does not exceed fifty degrees Fahrenheit.

1 **Sec. 5.** RCW 15.36.411 and 1994 c 143 s 502 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

The director may, subsequent to a hearing on the license, suspend or revoke a license issued under this chapter if the director determines that an applicant has committed any of the following acts:

6 (1) Refused, neglected, or failed to comply with the provisions of 7 this chapter, the rules adopted under this chapter, or a lawful order 8 of the director.

9 (2) Refused, neglected, or failed to keep and maintain records 10 required by this chapter, or to make the records available if requested 11 under the provisions of this chapter.

(3) Refused the department access to a portion or area of a
facility regulated under this chapter, for the purpose of carrying out
the provisions of this chapter.

(4) Refused the department access to records required to be keptunder the provisions of this chapter.

17 (5) Refused, neglected, or failed to comply with the applicable 18 provisions of chapter 69.04 RCW, Washington food, drug, and cosmetic 19 act, or rules adopted under chapter 69.04 RCW.

The provisions of this section requiring that a hearing be conducted before an action may be taken against a license do not apply to an action taken under RCW 15.36.111, 15.36.201, or 15.36.421.

23 Whenever a milk transport vehicle is found in violation of this 24 chapter or rules adopted under this chapter, the endorsement for that 25 milk transport vehicle contained on a milk hauler's license shall be 26 suspended or revoked. The suspension or revocation does not apply to 27 any other milk transport vehicle operated by the milk hauler.

28 **Sec. 6.** RCW 15.36.431 and 1994 c 143 s 504 are each reenacted to 29 read as follows:

30 No person shall employ a tester, sampler, weigher, grader, or 31 pasteurizer who is not licensed as a dairy technician.

A person who violates the provisions of this section may be fined not less than two hundred fifty nor more than one thousand dollars, and his or her license issued under this chapter revoked or suspended subject to a hearing as provided under chapter 34.05 RCW.

36 **Sec. 7.** RCW 15.36.441 and 1994 c 143 s 505 are each amended to 37 read as follows:

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(1) If the results of an antibiotic, pesticide, or other drug 1 residue test under RCW ((15.36.110)) 15.36.201 are above the actionable 2 3 level established in the PMO and determined using procedures set forth 4 in the PMO, a person holding a milk producer's license is subject to a 5 civil penalty. The penalty shall be in an amount equal to one-half the value of the sum of the volumes of milk equivalent produced under the 6 7 license on the day prior to and the day of the adulteration. The value 8 of the milk shall be computed by the weighted average price for the 9 federal market order under which the milk is delivered.

10 (2) The penalty is imposed by the department giving a written notice which is either personally served upon or transmitted by 11 certified mail, return receipt requested, to the person incurring the 12 13 penalty. The notice of the civil penalty shall be a final order of the department unless, within fifteen days after the notice is received, 14 15 the person incurring the penalty appeals the penalty by filing a notice 16 of appeal with the department. If a notice of appeal is filed in a 17 timely manner, a hearing shall be conducted on behalf of the department by the office of administrative hearings in accordance with chapters 18 19 34.05 and 34.12 RCW. At the conclusion of the hearing, the department 20 shall determine whether the penalty should be affirmed, and, if so, shall issue a final order setting forth the civil penalty assessed, if 21 22 any. The order may be appealed to superior court in accordance with chapter 34.05 RCW. Tests performed for antibiotic, pesticide, or other 23 24 drug residues by an official laboratory or an officially designated 25 laboratory of a milk sample drawn by a department official or a 26 licensed dairy technician shall be admitted as prima facie evidence of the presence or absence of an antibiotic, pesticide, or other drug 27 28 residue.

29 (3) Any penalty imposed under this section is due and payable upon 30 the issuance of the final order by the department. The penalty shall 31 be deducted by the violator's marketing organization from the violator's final payment for the month following the issuance of the 32 The department shall promptly notify the violator's 33 final order. marketing organization of any penalties contained in the final order. 34 (4) All penalties received or recovered from violations of this 35 section shall be remitted monthly by the violator's marketing 36 37 organization to the Washington state dairy products commission and deposited in a revolving fund to be used solely for the purposes of 38

education and research. No appropriation is required for disbursements
 from this fund.

3 (5) In case of a violation of the antibiotic, pesticide, or other 4 drug residue test requirements, an investigation shall be made to 5 determine the cause of the residue which shall be corrected. Follow-up 6 sampling and testing must be done in accordance with the requirements 7 of the PMO.

# 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 8. For the purpose of this chapter:

9 (1) "Food storage warehouse" means any premises, establishment, building, room area, facility, or place, in whole or in part, where 10 food is stored, kept, or held for wholesale distribution to other 11 12 wholesalers or to retail outlets, restaurants, and any such other facility selling or distributing to the ultimate consumer. 13 Food 14 storage warehouses include, but are not limited to, facilities where 15 food is kept or held refrigerated or frozen and include facilities where food is stored to the account of another firm and/or is owned by 16 the food storage warehouse. "Food storage warehouse" does not include 17 18 grain elevators or fruit and vegetable storage and packing houses that 19 store, pack, and ship fresh fruit and vegetables even though they may use refrigerated or controlled atmosphere storage practices in their 20 21 operation. However, this chapter applies to multiple food storage 22 operations that also distribute or ripen fruits and vegetables.

23 (2) "Department" means the Washington department of agriculture.

(3) "Director" means the director of the Washington department ofagriculture.

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(4) "Food" means the same as defined in RCW 69.04.008.

27 (5) "Independent sanitation consultant" means an individual, partnership, cooperative, or corporation that by reason of education, 28 29 certification, and experience has satisfactorily demonstrated expertise 30 in food and dairy sanitation and is approved by the director to advise on such areas including, but not limited to: Principles of cleaning 31 32 and sanitizing food processing plants and equipment; rodent, insect, bird, and other pest control; principals of hazard analysis critical 33 34 control point; basic food product labeling; principles of proper food storage and protection; proper personnel work practices and attire; 35 36 sanitary design, construction, and installation of food plant facilities, equipment, and utensils; and other pertinent food safety 37 38 issues.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The director or his or her representative 1 2 may inspect food storage warehouses for compliance with the provisions 3 of chapter 69.04 RCW and the rules adopted under chapter 69.04 RCW as 4 deemed necessary by the director. Any food storage warehouse found to 5 not be in substantial compliance with chapter 69.04 RCW and the rules adopted under chapter 69.04 RCW will be reinspected as deemed necessary 6 7 by the director to determine compliance. This does not preclude the director from using any other remedies as provided under chapter 69.04 8 RCW to gain compliance or to embargo products as provided under RCW 9 10 69.04.110 to protect the public from adulterated foods.

Except as provided in this section and 11 NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. 12 section 11 of this act, it shall be unlawful for any person to operate a food storage warehouse in the state without first having obtained an 13 14 annual license from the department, which shall expire on a date set by 15 rule by the director. Application for a license or license renewal 16 shall be on a form prescribed by the director and accompanied by the license fee. The license fee is fifty dollars. 17

For a food storage warehouse that has been inspected on at least an annual basis for compliance with the provisions of the current good manufacturing practices (Title 21 C.F.R. part 110) by a federal agency or by a state agency acting on behalf of and under contract with a federal agency and that is not exempted from licensure by section 11 of this act, the annual license fee for the warehouse is twenty-five dollars.

25 The application shall include the full name of the applicant for 26 the license and the location of the food storage warehouse he or she 27 intends to operate. If such applicant is an individual, receiver, trustee, firm, partnership, association, or corporation, the full name 28 29 of each member of the firm or partnership, or names of the officers of the association or corporation must be given on the application. The 30 application shall further state the principal business address of the 31 applicant in the state and elsewhere and the name of a person domiciled 32 in this state authorized to receive and accept service of summons of 33 34 legal notices of all kinds for the applicant. Upon the approval of the application by the director and compliance with the provisions of this 35 36 chapter, including the applicable regulations adopted under this chapter by the department, the applicant shall be issued a license or 37 38 thereof. The director shall waive licensure under this renewal

chapter for firms that are licensed under the provisions of chapter
 69.07 or 15.36 RCW.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 11. A food storage warehouse that is inspected 4 for compliance with the current good manufacturing practices (Title 21 5 C.F.R. part 110) on at least an annual basis by an independent 6 sanitation consultant approved by the department shall be exempted from 7 licensure under this chapter.

8 A report identifying the inspector and the inspecting entity, the 9 date of the inspection, and any violations noted on such inspection shall be forwarded to the department by the food storage warehouse 10 within sixty days of the completion of the inspection. 11 An inspection 12 shall be conducted and an inspection report for a food storage warehouse shall be filed with the department at least once every twelve 13 14 months or the warehouse shall be licensed under this chapter and 15 inspected by the department for a period of two years.

16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. If the application for renewal of any 17 license provided for under this chapter is not filed prior to the 18 expiration date as established by rule by the director, an additional 19 fee of ten percent of the cost of the license shall be assessed and 20 added to the original fee and must be paid by the applicant before the 21 renewal license is issued.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 13. The director may, subsequent to a hearing 23 thereon, deny, suspend, or revoke any license provided for in this 24 chapter if he or she determines that an applicant has committed any of 25 the following acts:

(1) Refused, neglected, or failed to comply with the provisions of
this chapter, the rules adopted under this chapter, or any lawful order
of the director;

(2) Refused, neglected, or failed to keep and maintain records
 required by this chapter, or to make such records available if
 requested pursuant to the provisions of this chapter;

(3) Refused the department access to any portion or area of the
food storage warehouse for the purpose of carrying out the provisions
of this chapter;

35 (4) Refused the department access to any records required to be36 kept under the provisions of this chapter;

(5) Refused, neglected, or failed to comply with any provisions of
 chapter 69.04 RCW, Washington food, drug, and cosmetic act, or any
 rules adopted under chapter 69.04 RCW.

4 The provisions of this section requiring that a hearing be 5 conducted before an action may be taken against a license do not apply 6 to an action taken under section 14 of this act.

7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 14. (1) Whenever the director finds a food storage warehouse operating under conditions that constitute an 8 9 immediate danger to public health or whenever the licensee or any employee of the licensee actively prevents the director or 10 the 11 director's representative, during an on-site inspection, from determining whether such a condition exists, the director may summarily 12 suspend, pending a hearing, a license provided for in this chapter. 13

(2) Whenever a license is summarily suspended, the holder of the license shall be notified in writing that the license is, upon service of the notice, immediately suspended and that prompt opportunity for a hearing will be provided.

(3) Whenever a license is summarily suspended, food distribution operations shall immediately cease. However, the director may reinstate the license if the condition that caused the suspension has been abated to the director's satisfaction.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. It is unlawful to sell, offer for sale, or distribute in intrastate commerce food from or stored in a food storage warehouse that is required to be licensed under this chapter but that has not obtained a license, once notification by the director has been given to the persons selling, offering, or distributing food for sale, that the food is in or from such an unlicensed food storage warehouse.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. All moneys received by the department under provisions of this chapter, except moneys collected for civil penalties levied under this chapter, shall be paid into an account created in the agricultural local fund established in RCW 43.23.230 and shall be used solely to carry out provisions of this chapter and chapter 69.04 RCW. All moneys collected for civil penalties levied under this chapter shall be deposited in the state general fund.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the department may use all the civil remedies provided under chapter 69.04 RCW in carrying out and enforcing the provisions of this chapter.

(2) Civil penalties are intended to be used to obtain compliance 5 and shall not be collected if a warehouse successfully completes a 6 7 mutually agreed upon compliance agreement with the department. Α 8 warehouse that enters into a compliance agreement with the department 9 shall pay only for inspections conducted by the department and any 10 laboratory analyses as required by the inspections as outlined and 11 agreed to in the compliance agreement. In no event shall the fee for these inspections and analyses exceed four hundred dollars per 12 13 inspection or one thousand dollars in total.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. (1) The department shall enforce and carry 15 out the provisions of this chapter and may adopt the necessary rules to 16 carry out its purpose.

17 (2) The adoption of rules under the provisions of this chapter are 18 subject to the applicable provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW, the 19 administrative procedure act.

20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. The director or director's deputies, 21 assistants, and inspectors are authorized to do all acts and things 22 necessary to carry out the provisions of this chapter, including the 23 taking of verified statements. The department personnel are empowered 24 to administer oaths of verification on the statement.

25 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** A new section is added to chapter 69.04 RCW 26 to read as follows:

The director need not petition the superior court as provided for in RCW 69.04.120 if the owner or claimant of such food or food products agrees in writing to the disposition of such food or food products as the director may order.

31 Sec. 21. RCW 69.07.040 and 1993 sp.s. c 19 s 11 and 1993 c 212 s 32 2 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

It shall be unlawful for any person to operate a food processing plant or process foods in the state without first having obtained an annual license from the department, which shall expire on a date set by

rule by the director. License fees shall be prorated where necessary 1 to accommodate staggering of expiration dates. Application for a 2 license shall be on a form prescribed by the director and accompanied 3 by the license fee. The license fee is determined by computing the 4 gross annual sales for the accounting year immediately preceding the 5 license year. If the license is for a new operator, the license fee 6 shall be based on an estimated gross annual sales for the initial 7 8 license period.

9	If gross annual sales are:	The license fee is:
10	\$0 to \$50,000	\$55.00
11	\$50,001 to \$500,000	\$110.00
12	\$500,001 to \$1,000,000	\$220.00
13	\$1,000,001 to \$5,000,000	\$385.00
14	\$5,000,001 to \$10,000,000	\$550.00
15	Greater than \$10,000,000	\$825.00

Such application shall include the full name of the applicant for the 16 license and the location of the food processing plant he or she intends 17 to operate. If such applicant is an individual, receiver, trustee, 18 19 firm, partnership, association or corporation, the full name of each member of the firm or partnership, or names of the officers of the 20 21 association or corporation shall be given on the application. Such application shall further state the principal business address of the 22 applicant in the state and elsewhere and the name of a person domiciled 23 24 in this state authorized to receive and accept service of summons of 25 legal notices of all kinds for the applicant. The application shall also specify the type of food to be processed and the method or nature 26 of processing operation or preservation of that food and any other 27 28 necessary information. Upon the approval of the application by the 29 director and compliance with the provisions of this chapter, including the applicable regulations adopted hereunder by the department, the 30 applicant shall be issued a license or renewal thereof. 31

Licenses shall be issued to cover only those products, processes, and operations specified in the license application and approved for licensing. Wherever a license holder wishes to engage in processing a type of food product that is different than the type specified on the application supporting the licensee's existing license and processing that type of food product would require a major addition to or modification of the licensee's processing facilities or has a high

1 potential for harm, the licensee shall submit an amendment to the 2 current license application. In such a case, the licensee may engage 3 in processing the new type of food product only after the amendment has 4 been approved by the department.

If upon investigation by the director, it is determined that a 5 person is processing food for retail sale and is not under permit, 6 7 license, or inspection by a local health authority, then that person may be considered a food processor and subject to the provisions of 8 9 this chapter. The director may waive the licensure requirements of 10 this chapter for a person's operations at a facility if the person ((is)licensed under chapter 15.32 RCW or has a permit)) has obtained a milk 11 12 processing plant license under chapter 15.36 RCW to conduct the same or a similar operation at the facility. 13

14 **Sec. 22.** RCW 69.07.100 and 1988 c 5 s 4 are each amended to read 15 as follows:

16 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to establishments 17 issued a permit or licensed under the provisions of:

18 (1) ((Chapter 15.32 RCW, the Dairies and dairy products act;

19 (2))) Chapter 69.25 RCW, the Washington wholesome eggs and egg 20 products act;

21 (((3))) (2) Chapter 69.28 RCW, the Washington state honey act;

22 (((4))) <u>(3)</u> Chapter 16.49 RCW, the Meat inspection act;

23 (((5))) <u>(4)</u> Title 66 RCW, relating to alcoholic beverage control; 24 and

(((<del>(6)</del>)) <u>(5)</u> Chapter 69.30 RCW, the Sanitary control of shellfish act: PROVIDED, That if any such establishments process foods not specifically provided for in the above entitled acts, such establishments shall be subject to the provisions of this chapter.

29 The provisions of this chapter shall not apply to restaurants or 30 food service establishments.

31 **Sec. 23.** RCW 69.07.085 and 1988 c 254 s 9 are each amended to read 32 as follows:

The department may issue sanitary certificates to food processors under this chapter subject to such requirements as it may establish by Trule. The fee for issuance shall be ((twenty)) <u>fifty</u> dollars per certificate. Fees collected under this section shall be deposited in the agricultural local fund.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 24. The following acts or parts of acts are 2 each repealed: 3 (1) RCW 69.08.010 and 1971 c 27 s 1 & 1945 c 192 s 1; 4 (2) RCW 69.08.020 and 1945 c 192 s 4;

5 (3) RCW 69.08.030 and 1985 c 25 s 1 & 1945 c 192 s 2;

6 (4) RCW 69.08.040 and 1985 c 25 s 2 & 1945 c 192 s 3;

7 (5) RCW 69.08.045 and 1988 c 5 s 5 & 1971 c 27 s 2;

8 (6) RCW 69.08.050 and 1945 c 192 s 5;

9 (7) RCW 69.08.060 and 1945 c 192 s 6;

10 (8) RCW 69.08.070 and 1945 c 192 s 7;

11 (9) RCW 69.08.080 and 1945 c 192 s 8; and

12 (10) RCW 69.08.090 and 1945 c 192 s 9.

13 **Sec. 25.** RCW 69.25.020 and 1982 c 182 s 42 are each amended to 14 read as follows:

When used in this chapter the following terms shall have the indicated meanings, unless the context otherwise requires:

(1) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the stateof Washington.

(2) "Director" means the director of the department or his dulyauthorized representative.

(3) "Person" means any natural person, firm, partnership, exchange,
association, trustee, receiver, corporation, and any member, officer,
or employee thereof, or assignee for the benefit of creditors.

(4) "Adulterated" applies to any egg or egg product under one ormore of the following circumstances:

(a) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance
which may render it injurious to health; but in case the substance is
not an added substance, such article shall not be considered
adulterated under this clause if the quantity of such substance in or
on such article does not ordinarily render it injurious to health;

31 (b) If it bears or contains any added poisonous or added 32 deleterious substance (other than one which is: (i) A pesticide 33 chemical in or on a raw agricultural commodity; (ii) a food additive; 34 or (iii) a color additive) which may, in the judgment of the director, 35 make such article unfit for human food;

36 (c) If it is, in whole or in part, a raw agricultural commodity and 37 such commodity bears or contains a pesticide chemical which is unsafe 38 within the meaning of RCW 69.04.392, as enacted or hereafter amended;

(d) If it bears or contains any food additive which is unsafe 1 within the meaning of RCW 69.04.394, as enacted or hereafter amended; 2 3 (e) If it bears or contains any color additive which is unsafe 4 within the meaning of RCW 69.04.396, as enacted or hereafter amended: PROVIDED, That an article which is not otherwise deemed adulterated 5 under subsection (4)(c), (d), or (e) of this section shall nevertheless 6 be deemed adulterated if use of the pesticide chemical, food additive, 7 or color additive, in or on such article, is prohibited by regulations 8 9 of the director in official plants;

10 (f) If it consists in whole or in part of any filthy, putrid, or 11 decomposed substance, or if it is otherwise unfit for human food;

12 (g) If it consists in whole or in part of any damaged egg or eggs 13 to the extent that the egg meat or white is leaking, or it has been 14 contacted by egg meat or white leaking from other eggs;

15 (h) If it has been prepared, packaged, or held under insanitary 16 conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth, or 17 whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health;

18 (((<del>h)</del>)) (<u>i</u>) If it is an egg which has been subjected to incubation 19 or the product of any egg which has been subjected to incubation;

20 (((i))) (j) If its container is composed, in whole or in part, of 21 any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render the contents 22 injurious to health;

23  $((\frac{j}{j}))$  <u>(k)</u> If it has been intentionally subjected to radiation, 24 unless the use of the radiation was in conformity with a regulation or 25 exemption in effect pursuant to RCW 69.04.394; or

(((k))) (1) If any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted therefrom; or if any substance has been substituted, wholly or in part therefor; or if damage or inferiority has been concealed in any manner; or if any substance has been added thereto or mixed or packed therewith so as to increase its bulk or weight, or reduce its quality or strength, or make it appear better or of greater value than it is.

(5) "Capable of use as human food" shall apply to any egg or egg product unless it is denatured, or otherwise identified, as required by regulations prescribed by the director, to deter its use as human food. (6) "Intrastate commerce" means any eggs or egg products in intrastate commerce, whether such eggs or egg products are intended for sale, held for sale, offered for sale, sold, stored, transported, or

handled in this state in any manner and prepared for eventual
 distribution in this state, whether at wholesale or retail.

3 (7) "Container" or "package" includes any box, can, tin, plastic,4 or other receptacle, wrapper, or cover.

5 (8) "Immediate container" means any consumer package, or any other 6 container in which egg products, not consumer-packaged, are packed.

7 (9) "Shipping container" means any container used in packaging a8 product packed in an immediate container.

9 (10) "Egg handler" or "dealer" means any person who produces, 10 contracts for or obtains possession or control of any eggs for the 11 purpose of sale to another dealer or retailer, or for processing and 12 sale to a dealer, retailer or consumer: PROVIDED, That for the purpose 13 of this chapter, "sell" or "sale" includes the following: Offer for 14 sale, expose for sale, have in possession for sale, exchange, barter, 15 trade, or as an inducement for the sale of another product.

16 (11) "Egg product" means any dried, frozen, or liquid eggs, with or 17 without added ingredients, excepting products which contain eggs only in a relatively small proportion, or historically have not been, in the 18 19 judgment of the director, considered by consumers as products of the 20 egg food industry, and which may be exempted by the director under such conditions as he may prescribe to assure that the egg ingredients are 21 not adulterated and such products are not represented as egg products. 22 23 (12) "Egg" means the shell egg of the domesticated chicken, turkey,

24 duck, goose, or guinea, or any other specie of fowl.

(13) "Check" means an egg that has a broken shell or crack in theshell but has its shell membranes intact and contents not leaking.

(14) "Clean and sound shell egg" means any egg whose shell is freeof adhering dirt or foreign material and is not cracked or broken.

(15) "Dirty egg" means an egg that has a shell that is unbroken andhas adhering dirt or foreign material.

(16) "Incubator reject" means an egg that has been subjected to incubation and has been removed from incubation during the hatching operations as infertile or otherwise unhatchable.

(17) "Inedible" means eggs of the following descriptions: Black
rots, yellow rots, white rots, mixed rots (addled eggs), sour eggs,
eggs with green whites, eggs with stuck yolks, moldy eggs, musty eggs,
eggs showing blood rings, and eggs containing embryo chicks (at or
beyond the blood ring stage).

1 (18) "Leaker" means an egg that has a crack or break in the shell 2 and shell membranes to the extent that the egg contents are exposed or 3 are exuding or free to exude through the shell.

4 (19) "Loss" means an egg that is unfit for human food because it is 5 smashed or broken so that its contents are leaking; or overheated, 6 frozen, or contaminated; or an incubator reject; or because it contains 7 a bloody white, large meat spots, a large quantity of blood, or other 8 foreign material.

9 (20) "Restricted egg" means any check, dirty egg, incubator reject, 10 inedible, leaker, or loss.

(21) "Inspection" means the application of such inspection methods and techniques as are deemed necessary by the director to carry out the provisions of this chapter.

(22) "Inspector" means any employee or official of the department
authorized to inspect eggs or egg products under the authority of this
chapter.

17 (23) "Misbranded" shall apply to egg products which are not labeled 18 and packaged in accordance with the requirements prescribed by 19 regulations of the director under RCW 69.25.100.

(24) "Official certificate" means any certificate prescribed by
 regulations of the director for issuance by an inspector or other
 person performing official functions under this chapter.

(25) "Official device" means any device prescribed or authorized bythe director for use in applying any official mark.

(26) "Official inspection legend" means any symbol prescribed by
 regulations of the director showing that egg products were inspected in
 accordance with this chapter.

(27) "Official mark" means the official inspection legend or any
other symbol prescribed by regulations of the director to identify the
status of any article under this chapter.

(28) "Official plant" means any plant which is licensed under the provisions of this chapter, at which inspection of the processing of egg products is maintained by the United States department of agriculture or by the state under cooperative agreements with the United States department of agriculture or by the state.

(29) "Official standards" means the standards of quality, grades,
 and weight classes for eggs, adopted under the provisions of this
 chapter.

1 (30) "Pasteurize" means the subjecting of each particle of egg 2 products to heat or other treatments to destroy harmful, viable micro-3 organisms by such processes as may be prescribed by regulations of the 4 director.

5 (31) "Pesticide chemical", "food additive", "color additive", and 6 "raw agricultural commodity" shall have the same meaning for purposes 7 of this chapter as prescribed in chapter 69.04 RCW.

8 (32) "Plant" means any place of business where egg products are9 processed.

(33) "Processing" means manufacturing egg products, including
breaking eggs or filtering, mixing, blending, pasteurizing,
stabilizing, cooling, freezing, drying, or packaging egg products.

(34) "Retailer" means any person in intrastate commerce who sellseggs to a consumer.

(35) "At retail" means any transaction in intrastate commercebetween a retailer and a consumer.

(36) "Consumer" means any person who purchases eggs for his or her own family use or consumption; or any restaurant, hotel, boarding house, bakery, or other institution or concern which purchases eggs for serving to guests or patrons thereof, or for its own use in cooking or baking.

(37) "Candling" means the examination of the interior of eggs bythe use of transmitted light used in a partially dark room or place.

(38) "Master license system" means the mechanism established by chapter 19.02 RCW by which master licenses, endorsed for individual state-issued licenses, are issued and renewed utilizing a master application and a master license expiration date common to each renewable license endorsement.

29 <u>(39) "Ambient temperature" means the atmospheric temperature</u> 30 <u>surrounding or encircling shell eggs.</u>

31 **Sec. 26.** RCW 69.25.050 and 1982 c 182 s 43 are each amended to 32 read as follows:

No person shall act as an egg handler or dealer without first obtaining an annual license and permanent dealer's number from the department; such license shall expire on the master license expiration date. Application for an egg dealer license or egg dealer branch license, shall be made through the master license system. The annual egg dealer license fee shall be ((ten)) thirty dollars and the annual

egg dealer branch license fee shall be ((five)) fifteen dollars. 1 Α 2 copy of the master license shall be posted at each location where such licensee operates. Such application shall include the full name of the 3 4 applicant for the license and the location of each facility he intends 5 to operate. If such applicant is an individual, receiver, trustee, firm, partnership, association or corporation, the full name of each 6 7 member of the firm or partnership or the names of the officers of the 8 association or corporation shall be given on the application. Such 9 application shall further state the principal business address of the 10 applicant in the state and elsewhere and the name of a person domiciled in this state authorized to receive and accept service of summons of 11 legal notices of all kinds for the applicant and any other necessary 12 13 information prescribed by the director. Upon the approval of the application and compliance with the provisions of this chapter, 14 including the applicable regulations adopted hereunder by the 15 department, the applicant shall be issued a license or renewal thereof. 16 17 Such license and permanent egg handler or dealer's number shall be nontransferable. 18

19 **Sec. 27.** RCW 69.25.150 and 1992 c 7 s 47 are each amended to read 20 as follows:

(1) ((Any person who commits any offense prohibited by RCW 21 22 69.25.110 shall upon conviction be guilty of a gross misdemeanor.)) (a) 23 Any person violating any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted 24 under this chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor and guilty of a gross misdemeanor for any second and subsequent violation. Any offense 25 committed more than five years after a previous conviction shall be 26 considered a first offense. A misdemeanor under this section is 27 punishable to the same extent that a misdemeanor is punishable under 28 29 RCW 9A.20.021 and a gross misdemeanor under this section is punishable 30 to the same extent that a gross misdemeanor is punishable under RCW 9A.20.021. 31

32 (b) Whenever the director finds that a person has committed a 33 violation of any of the provisions of this chapter, and that violation 34 has not been punished pursuant to (a) of this subsection, the director 35 may impose upon and collect from the violator a civil penalty not 36 exceeding one thousand dollars per violation per day. Each violation 37 shall be a separate and distinct offense. 1 When construing or enforcing the provisions of RCW 69.25.110, the 2 act, omission, or failure of any person acting for or employed by any 3 individual, partnership, corporation, or association within the scope 4 of the person's employment or office shall in every case be deemed the 5 act, omission, or failure of such individual, partnership, corporation, 6 or association, as well as of such person.

7 (2) No carrier or warehouseman shall be subject to the penalties of 8 this chapter, other than the penalties for violation of RCW 69.25.140, 9 or subsection (3) of this section, by reason of his or her receipt, 10 carriage, holding, or delivery, in the usual course of business, as a 11 carrier or warehouseman of eggs or egg products owned by another person 12 unless the carrier or warehouseman has knowledge, or is in possession 13 of facts which would cause a reasonable person to believe that such eggs or egg products were not eligible for transportation under, or 14 15 were otherwise in violation of, this chapter, or unless the carrier or 16 warehouseman refuses to furnish on request of a representative of the 17 director the name and address of the person from whom he or she received such eggs or egg products and copies of all documents, if 18 19 there be any, pertaining to the delivery of the eggs or egg products 20 to, or by, such carrier or warehouseman.

(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of law any person who 21 forcibly assaults, resists, impedes, intimidates, or interferes with 22 23 any person while engaged in or on account of the performance of his or 24 her official duties under this chapter shall be punished by a fine of 25 not more than five thousand dollars or imprisonment in a state 26 correctional facility for not more than three years, or both. Whoever, 27 in the commission of any such act, uses a deadly or dangerous weapon, shall be punished by a fine of not more than ten thousand dollars or by 28 imprisonment in a state correctional facility for not more than ten 29 30 years, or both.

31 **Sec. 28.** RCW 69.25.170 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 201 s 18 are each 32 amended to read as follows:

(1) The director may, by regulation and under such conditions and
 procedures as he may prescribe, exempt from specific provisions of this
 chapter:

(a) The sale, transportation, possession, or use of eggs which
 contain no more restricted eggs than are allowed by the tolerance in
 the official state standards for consumer grades for shell eggs;

1 (b) The processing of egg products at any plant where the 2 facilities and operating procedures meet such sanitary standards as may 3 be prescribed by the director, and where the eggs received or used in 4 the manufacture of egg products contain no more restricted eggs than 5 are allowed by the official standards of the state consumer grades for 6 shell eggs, and the egg products processed at such plant;

7 (c) The sale of eggs by any poultry producer from his own flocks 8 directly to a household consumer exclusively for use by such consumer 9 and members of his household and his nonpaying guests and employees, 10 and the transportation, possession, and use of such eggs in accordance 11 with this subsection;

(d) The sale of eggs by shell egg packers on his own premises directly to household consumers for use by such consumer and members of his household and his nonpaying guests and employees, and the transportation, possession, and use of such eggs in accordance with this subsection<u>;</u>

17 (e) The sale of eggs by any egg producer with an annual egg
 18 production from a flock of three thousand hens or less.

(2) The director may modify or revoke any regulation granting
 exemption under this chapter whenever he deems such action appropriate
 to effectuate the purposes of this chapter.

22 **Sec. 29.** RCW 69.25.250 and 1993 sp.s. c 19 s 12 are each amended 23 to read as follows:

24 There is hereby levied an assessment not to exceed three mills per 25 dozen eggs entering intrastate commerce, as prescribed by rules and Such assessment shall be regulations issued by the director. 26 applicable to all eggs entering intrastate commerce except as provided 27 in RCW 69.25.170 and 69.25.290. Such assessment shall be paid to the 28 29 director on a monthly basis on or before the tenth day following the month such eggs enter intrastate commerce. The director may require 30 reports by egg handlers or dealers along with the payment of the 31 Such reports may include any and all pertinent 32 assessment fee. 33 information necessary to carry out the purposes of this chapter. The 34 director may, by regulations, require egg container manufacturers to report on a monthly basis all egg containers sold to any egg handler or 35 36 dealer and bearing such egg handler or dealer's ((license)) permanent 37 number.

1 sec. 30. RCW 69.25.310 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 201 s 32 are each
2 amended to read as follows:

3 (1) All containers used by an eqg handler or dealer to package eqgs 4 shall bear the name and address or the permanent number issued by the director to said egg handler or dealer. Such permanent number shall be 5 displayed in a size and location prescribed by the director. ((It 6 7 shall constitute a gross misdemeanor for any egg handler or dealer to 8 reuse a container which bears the permanent number of another egg 9 handler or dealer unless such number is totally obliterated prior to reuse.)) It shall be a violation for any egg handler or dealer to use 10 a container that bears the permanent number of another egg handler or 11 dealer unless such number is totally obliterated prior to use. 12 The director may in addition require the obliteration of any or all 13 markings that may be on any container which will be ((reused)) used for 14 15 eggs by an egg handler or dealer.

16 (2) Notwithstanding subsection (1) of this section and following 17 written notice to the director, licensed egg handlers and dealers may 18 use new containers bearing another handler's or dealer's permanent 19 number on a temporary basis, in any event not longer than one year, 20 with the consent of such other handler or dealer for the purpose of 21 using up existing container stocks. Sale of container stock shall 22 constitute agreement by the parties to use the permanent number.

23 **Sec. 31.** RCW 69.25.320 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 201 s 33 are each 24 amended to read as follows:

25 (1) In addition to any other records required to be kept and furnished the director under the provisions of this chapter, the 26 27 director may require any person who sells to any retailer, or to any restaurant, hotel, boarding house, bakery, or any institution or 28 29 concern which purchases eggs for serving to guests or patrons thereof 30 its use in preparation of any food product for human or for consumption, candled or graded eggs other than those of his own 31 production sold and delivered on the premises where produced, to 32 33 furnish that retailer or other purchaser with an invoice covering each 34 such sale, showing the exact grade or quality, and the size or weight of the eggs sold, according to the standards prescribed by the 35 36 director, together with the name and address of the person by whom the eggs were sold. The person selling and the retailer or other purchaser 37 38 shall keep a copy of said invoice on file at his place of business for

a period of thirty days, during which time the copy shall be available 1 2 for inspection at all reasonable times by the director: PROVIDED, That no retailer or other purchaser shall be quilty of a violation of this 3 4 chapter if he can establish a guarantee from the person from whom the eggs were purchased to the effect that they, at the time of purchase, 5 conformed to the information required by the director on such invoice: 6 7 PROVIDED FURTHER, That if the retailer or other purchaser having 8 labeled any such eggs in accordance with the invoice keeps them for 9 such a time after they are purchased as to cause them to deteriorate to a lower grade or standard, and sells them under the label of the 10 invoice grade or standard, he shall be guilty of a violation of this 11 12 chapter.

(2) Each retailer and each distributor shall store shell eggs
 awaiting sale or display eggs under clean and sanitary conditions in
 areas free from rodents and insects. Shell eggs must be stored up off
 the floor away from strong odors, pesticides, and cleaners.

(3) After being received at the point of first purchase, all graded 17 shell eqgs packed in containers for the purpose of sale to consumers 18 19 shall be held and transported under refrigeration at ambient temperatures no greater than forty-five degrees Fahrenheit (seven and 20 two-tenths degrees Celsius). This provision shall apply without 21 limitation to retailers, institutional users, dealer/wholesalers, food 22 handlers, transportation firms, or any person who handles eggs after 23 24 the point of first purchase.

25 <u>(4)</u> No invoice shall be required on eggs when packed for sale to 26 the United States department of defense, or a component thereof, if 27 labeled with grades promulgated by the United States secretary of 28 agriculture.

29 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 32.** The following acts or parts of acts are 30 each repealed:

31 (1) RCW 69.25.330 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 201 s 34; and

32 (2) RCW 69.25.340 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 201 s 36.

33 **Sec. 33.** RCW 15.53.901 and 1982 c 177 s 1 are each amended to read 34 as follows:

The definitions set forth in this section apply ((through (through))) throughout this chapter.

(((1) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state 1 2 of Washington or its duly authorized representative.

3 (2) "Person" means a natural person, individual, firm, partnership, 4 corporation, company, society, or association.

(3) "Distribute" means to import, consign, manufacture, produce, 5 compound, mix, or blend commercial feed, or to offer for sale, sell, б 7 barter, or otherwise supply commercial feed in this state.

8 (4) "Distributor" means any person who distributes.

9

(5) "Sell" or "sale" includes exchange.

10 (6) "Commercial feed" means all materials including customerformula feed which are distributed for use as feed or for mixing in 11 12 feed, for animals other than man.

(7) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent materials 13 14 making up a commercial feed.

15 (8) "Customer-formula feed" means a mixture of commercial feed and/or materials each batch of which is mixed according to the specific 16 instructions of the final purchaser or contract feeder. 17

18 (9) "Brand" means the term, design, trademark, or other specific 19 designation under which an individual commercial feed is distributed in this state. 20

(10) "Product" means the name of the commercial feed that 21 22 identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.

23 (11) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter 24 upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed is 25 distributed, or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial 26 feed is distributed.

27 (12) "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or 28 graphic matter upon a commercial feed or any of its containers or 29 wrappers, or otherwise accompanying such commercial feed.

30 (13) "Ton" means a net weight of two thousand pounds avoirdupois. 31 (14) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by weight.

32 (15) "Official sample" means any sample of feed taken by the department, obtained and analyzed as provided in RCW 15.53.9024. 33

(16) "Contract feeder" means an independent contractor, or any 34 other person who feeds commercial feed to animals pursuant to an oral 35 or written agreement whereby such commercial feed is supplied, 36 37 furnished or otherwise provided to such person by any distributor and whereby such person's remuneration is determined all or in part by feed 38 consumption, mortality, profits, or amount or quality of product: 39

1 PROVIDED, That it shall not include a bona fide employee of a 2 manufacturer or distributor of commercial feed.

3 (17) "Retail" means to distribute to the ultimate consumer.))

4 (1) "Brand name" means a word, name, symbol, or device, or any
5 combination thereof, identifying the commercial feed of a distributor
6 or registrant and distinguishing it from that of others.

7 (2) "Commercial feed" means all materials or combination of 8 materials that are distributed or intended for distribution for use as feed or for mixing in feed, unless such materials are specifically 9 exempted. Unmixed whole seeds and physically altered entire unmixed 10 seeds, when such whole seeds or physically altered seeds are not 11 chemically changed or not adulterated within the meaning of RCW 12 15.53.902, are exempt. The department by rule may exempt from this 13 definition, or from specific provisions of this chapter, commodities 14 such as hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, hulls, and individual 15 chemical compounds or substances when such commodities, compounds, or 16 substances are not intermixed with other materials, and are not 17 adulterated within the meaning of RCW 15.53.902. 18

19 (3) "Contract feeder" means a person who is an independent 20 contractor and feeds commercial feed to animals pursuant to a contract 21 whereby such commercial feed is supplied, furnished, or otherwise 22 provided to such person and whereby such person's remuneration is 23 determined all or in part by feed consumption, mortality, profits, or 24 amount or quality of product.

25 (4) "Customer-formula feed" means commercial feed that consists of 26 a mixture of commercial feeds or feed ingredients, or both, each batch 27 of which is manufactured according to the instructions of the final 28 purchaser.

<u>(5) "Department" means the department of agriculture of the state</u>
 <u>of Washington or its duly authorized representative.</u>

31 (6) "Director" means the director of the department or a duly 32 authorized representative.

33 <u>(7) "Distribute" means to offer for sale, sell, exchange or barter,</u> 34 commercial feed; or to supply, furnish, or otherwise provide commercial 35 feed to a contract feeder.

36 <u>(8) "Distributor" means a person who distributes.</u>

37 (9) "Drug" means an article intended for use in the diagnosis,

38 <u>cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in animals other</u>

1 than people and articles, other than feed intended to affect the 2 structure or a function of the animal body.

3 (10) "Exempt buyer" means a licensee who has agreed to be 4 responsible for reporting tonnage and paying inspection fees for all 5 commercial feeds they distribute. An exempt buyer must apply for 6 exempt buyer status with the department. The department shall maintain 7 a list of all exempt buyers and make the list available on request.

8 (11) "Feed ingredient" means each of the constituent materials
9 making up a commercial feed.

10 (12) "Final purchaser" means a person who purchases commercial feed
11 to feed to animals in his or her care.

<u>(13) "Initial distributor" means a person who first distributes a</u>
 <u>commercial feed in or into this state.</u>

14 <u>(14) "Label" means a display of written, printed, or graphic matter</u> 15 <u>upon or affixed to the container in which a commercial feed is</u> 16 <u>distributed, or on the invoice or delivery slip with which a commercial</u> 17 <u>feed is distributed.</u>

(15) "Labeling" means all labels and other written, printed, or
 graphic matter: (a) Upon a commercial feed or any of its containers or
 wrappers; or (b) accompanying such commercial feed.

21 (16) "Licensee" means a person who holds a commercial feed license
 22 as prescribed in this chapter.

23 <u>(17) "Manufacture" means to grind, mix or blend, or further process</u>
 24 <u>a commercial feed for distribution.</u>

25 <u>(18) "Medicated feed" means a commercial feed containing a drug or</u> 26 <u>other medication.</u>

27 (19) "Mineral feed" means a commercial feed intended to supply
 28 primarily mineral elements or inorganic nutrients.

29 <u>(20) "Official sample" means a sample of feed taken by the</u> 30 <u>department, obtained and analyzed as provided in RCW 15.53.9024 (3),</u> 31 <u>(5), or (6).</u>

32 (21) "Percent" or "percentage" means percentage by weight.

33 (22) "Person" means an individual, firm, partnership, corporation,
 34 or association.

35 (23) "Pet" means a domesticated animal normally maintained in or 36 near the household of the owner of the pet.

37 <u>(24) "Pet food" means a commercial feed prepared and distributed</u>
38 for consumption by pets.

1 (25) "Product name" means the name of the commercial feed that 2 identifies it as to kind, class, or specific use.

3 (26) "Retail" means to distribute to the final purchaser.

4 (27) "Sell" or "sale" includes exchange.

5 (28) "Specialty pet" means a domesticated animal pet normally 6 maintained in a cage or tank, such as, but not limited to, gerbils, 7 hamsters, canaries, psittacine birds, mynahs, finches, tropical fish, 8 goldfish, snakes, and turtles.

9 <u>(29) "Specialty pet food" means a commercial feed prepared and</u> 10 <u>distributed for consumption by specialty pets.</u>

11 (30) "Ton" means a net weight of two thousand pounds avoirdupois.

12 (31) "Quantity statement" means the net weight (mass), net volume 13 (liquid or dry), or count.

14 **Sec. 34.** RCW 15.53.9012 and 1965 ex.s. c 31 s 3 are each amended 15 to read as follows:

(1) The department shall administer, enforce and carry out the 16 provisions of this chapter and may adopt rules necessary to carry out 17 18 its purpose. <u>In adopting such rules, the director shall consider (a)</u> the official definitions of feed ingredients and official feed terms 19 adopted by the association of American feed control officials and 20 published in the official publication of that organization; and (b) any 21 regulation adopted pursuant to the authority of the Federal Food, Drug, 22 23 and Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 301, et seq.), if the department would have the authority under this chapter to adopt the regulations. 24 The 25 adoption of rules shall be subject to a public hearing and all other applicable provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW (Administrative Procedure 26 Act)((, as enacted or hereafter amended)). 27

(2) The director when adopting rules in respect to the feed 28 29 industry shall consult with affected parties, such as manufacturers and 30 distributors of commercial feed and any final rule adopted shall be designed to promote orderly marketing and shall be reasonable and 31 necessary and based upon the requirements and condition of the industry 32 33 and shall be for the purpose of promoting the well-being of the members 34 of the feed industry as well as the well-being of the purchasers and users of feed and for the general welfare of the people of the state. 35

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 35. A new section is added to chapter 15.53 RCW 37 to read as follows:

(1) Beginning January 1, 1996, a person who manufactures a 1 commercial feed, is an initial distributor of a commercial feed, or 2 3 whose name appears as the responsible party on a commercial feed label 4 to be distributed in or into this state shall first obtain from the department a commercial feed license for each facility. Sale of food 5 processing byproducts from fruit, vegetable, or potato processing 6 7 plants, freezing or dehydrating facilities, or juice or jelly 8 preserving plants, bona fide experimental feed on which accurate 9 records and experimental programs are maintained, and pet food and 10 specialty pet food are exempt from the requirement of a commercial feed license. The sale of byproducts or products of sugar refineries are 11 not exempt from the requirement of a commercial feed license. 12

(2) Application for a commercial feed license shall be made annually on forms provided by the department and shall be accompanied by a fee of fifty dollars, except that for the period beginning January 1, 1996, and ending June 30, 1996, the fee shall be twenty-five dollars. The commercial feed license shall expire on June 30th of each year.

19

(3) An application for license shall include the following:

20 (a) The name and address of the applicant;

21 (b) Other information required by the department by rule.

(4) After January 1, 1996, application for license renewal is due 22 23 July 1st of each year. If an application for license renewal provided 24 for in this section is not filed with the department prior to July 25 15th, a delinquency fee of fifty dollars shall be assessed and added to 26 the original fee and must be paid by the applicant before the renewal 27 license is issued. The assessment of the delinquency fee shall not prevent the department from taking other action as provided for in this 28 29 chapter. The penalty does not apply if the applicant furnishes an 30 affidavit that he or she has not distributed a commercial feed subsequent to the expiration of his or her prior license. 31

(5) The department may deny a license application if the applicant is not in compliance with this chapter or applicable rules, and may revoke a license if the licensee is not in compliance with this chapter or applicable rules. Prior to denial or revocation of a license, the department shall provide notice and an opportunity to correct deficiencies. If an applicant or licensee fails to correct the deficiency, the department shall deny or revoke the license. If

aggrieved by the decision, the applicant or licensee may request a
 hearing as authorized under chapter 34.05 RCW.

3 (6) Notwithstanding the payment of a delinquency fee, it is a 4 violation to distribute a commercial feed by an unlicensed person, and 5 nothing in this chapter shall prevent the department from imposing a 6 penalty authorized by this chapter for the violation.

7 (7) The department may under conditions specified by rule, request
8 copies of labels and labeling in order to determine compliance with the
9 provisions of this chapter.

10 **Sec. 36.** RCW 15.53.9014 and 1993 sp.s. c 19 s 2 are each amended 11 to read as follows:

(1) Each ((commercial feed)) pet food and specialty pet food shall 12 be registered with the department and such registration shall be 13 14 renewed annually before such commercial feed may be distributed in this 15 state((: PROVIDED, That sales of food processing byproducts from 16 fruit, vegetable, or potato processing plants, freezing or dehydrating facilities, or juice or jelly preserving plants; unmixed seed, whole or 17 18 processed, made directly from the entire seed; unground hay, straw, stover, silage, cobs, husks, and hulls, when not mixed with other 19 material; bona fide experimental feeds on which accurate records and 20 experimental programs are maintained; and customer-formula feeds are 21 exempt from such registration. The exemption for byproducts provided 22 23 by this subsection does not apply to byproducts or products of sugar 24 refineries or to materials used in the preparation of pet foods.

25 (a) Beginning July 1, 1993, each registration for a commercial feed 26 product distributed in packages of ten pounds or more shall be 27 accompanied by a fee of eleven dollars. If such commercial feed is 28 also distributed in packages of less than ten pounds it shall be 29 registered under subsection (b) of this section.

30 (b) Beginning July 1, 1993, each registration for a commercial feed 31 product distributed in packages of less than ten pounds shall be 32 accompanied by an annual registration fee of forty-five dollars on each 33 such commercial feed so distributed, but no inspection fee may be 34 collected on packages of less than ten pounds of the commercial feed so 35 registered)).

36 (2) The application for registration <u>of pet food and specialty pet</u>
 37 <u>food</u> shall be on forms provided by the department <u>and shall be</u>

accompanied by the fees in subsection (3) of this section.
 Registrations expire on June 30th of each year.

3 (3) Pet food and specialty pet food registration fees are as
4 follows:

5 (a) Each pet food and specialty pet food distributed in packages of 6 ten pounds or more shall be accompanied by a fee of eleven dollars, 7 except that for the period beginning January 1, 1996, and ending June 8 30, 1996, the fee shall be five dollars and fifty cents. If such 9 commercial feed is also distributed in packages of less than ten pounds 10 it shall be registered under (b) of this subsection.

(b) Each pet food and specialty pet food distributed in packages of less than ten pounds shall be accompanied by a fee of forty-five dollars, except that for the period beginning January 1, 1996, and ending June 30, 1996, the fee shall be twenty-two dollars and fifty cents. No inspection fee may be collected on pet food and specialty pet food distributed in packages of less than ten pounds.

17 <u>(4)</u> The department may require that ((such)) the application for 18 registration of pet food and specialty pet food be accompanied by a 19 label and/or other printed matter describing the product. ((All 20 registrations expire on December 31st of each year, and are renewable 21 unless such registration is canceled by the department or it has called 22 for a new registration, or unless canceled by the registrant.

23 (4) The application shall include the information required by RCW 24 15.53.9016(1)(b) through (1)(e).))

(5) A distributor shall not be required to register ((any
commercial feed brand or product which)) a pet food or specialty pet
food that is already registered under the provisions of this chapter,
as long as it is distributed with the original label.

(6) Changes in the guarantee of either chemical or ingredient composition of a ((commercial feed)) pet food or specialty pet food registered under the provisions of this chapter may be permitted if there is satisfactory evidence that such changes would not result in a lowering of the feed value of the product for the purpose for which <u>it</u> <u>was</u> designed.

(7) The department is ((empowered)) <u>authorized</u> to refuse registration of any application not in compliance with the provisions of this chapter <u>and any rule adopted under this chapter</u> and to cancel any registration subsequently found to be not in compliance with any provisions of this chapter((, <u>but a registration shall not be refused</u>

or canceled until the registrant has been given opportunity to be heard 1 2 before the department and to amend his application in order to comply with the requirements of)) and any rule adopted under this chapter. 3 4 Prior to refusal or cancellation of a registration, the applicant or registrant of an existing registered pet food or specialty pet food 5 shall be notified of the reasons and given an opportunity to amend the 6 7 application to comply. If the applicant does not make the necessary 8 corrections, the department shall refuse to register the feed. The 9 applicant or registrant of an existing registered pet food or specialty 10 pet food may request a hearing as provided for in chapter 34.05 RCW.

(8) After January 1, 1996, application for renewal of registration 11 is due July 1st of each year. If an application for renewal of the 12 registration provided for in this section is not filed prior to 13 ((January 1st)) July 15th of any one year, a penalty of ten dollars per 14 15 product shall be assessed and added to the original fee and shall be paid by the applicant before the renewal registration may be issued, 16 17 unless the applicant furnishes an affidavit that he has not distributed 18 this feed subsequent to the expiration of his or her prior 19 registration.

20 (9) It is a violation of this chapter to distribute an unregistered 21 pet food or specialty pet food. Payment of a delinquency fee shall not 22 prevent the department from imposing a penalty authorized by this 23 chapter for the violation.

24 **Sec. 37.** RCW 15.53.9016 and 1965 ex.s. c 31 s 5 are each amended 25 to read as follows:

(1) Any commercial feed ((registered with the department and)),
27 except a customer-formula feed, distributed in this state shall be
28 accompanied by a legible label bearing the following information:

(a) ((The net weight as required under chapter 19.94 RCW as enacted
 or hereinafter amended.

31 (b)) The product name ((or)) and the brand name, if any, under 32 which the commercial feed is distributed.

33 (((c) The guaranteed analysis of the commercial feed, listing the 34 minimum percentage of crude protein, minimum percentage of crude fat, 35 and maximum percentage of crude fiber. For mineral feeds the list 36 shall include the following if added: Minimum and maximum percentages 37 of calcium (Ca), minimum percentage of phosphorus (P), minimum 38 percentage of iodine (I), and minimum and maximum percentages of salt (NaCl). Other substances or elements, determinable by laboratory methods, may be guaranteed by permission of the department. When any items are guaranteed, they shall be subject to inspection and analysis in accordance with the methods and regulations that may be prescribed by the department. Products distributed solely as mineral and/or vitamin supplements and guaranteed as specified in this section need not show guarantees for protein, fat, and fiber.

8 (d))) (b) The guaranteed analysis stated in such terms as the 9 department by rule determines is required to advise the user of the 10 composition of the feed or to support claims made in the labeling. In 11 all cases the substances or elements must be determinable by laboratory 12 methods such as the methods published by the association of official 13 analytical chemists.

14 (c) The common or usual name of each ingredient used in the 15 manufacture of the commercial feed, except as the department may, by 16 regulation, permit the use of a collective term for a group of 17 ingredients all of which perform the same function. An ingredient 18 statement is not required for single standardized ingredient feeds 19 which are officially defined.

20 (((e))) <u>(d)</u> The name and principal <u>mailing</u> address of the person 21 responsible for distributing the commercial feed.

(e) Adequate directions for use for all commercial feeds containing
 drugs and for all such other commercial feeds as the department may
 require by rule as necessary for their safe and effective use.

(f) Precautionary statements as the department by rule determines
 are necessary for the safe and effective use of the commercial feed.

(g) The net weight as required under chapter 19.94 RCW.

(2) When a commercial feed, except a customer-formula feed, is distributed in this state in bags or other containers, the label shall be placed on or affixed to the container; when a commercial feed, <u>except a customer-formula feed</u>, is distributed in bulk the label shall accompany delivery and be furnished to the purchaser at time of delivery.

(3) A customer-formula feed shall be labeled by ((invoice))
 <u>shipping document</u>. The ((invoice)) <u>shipping document</u>, which is to
 accompany delivery and be supplied to the purchaser at the time of
 delivery, shall bear the following information:

38 (a) Name and address of the ((mixer)) manufacturer;

39 (b) Name and address of the purchaser;

27

- 1
- (c) Date of ((sale; and)) delivery;

2 (d) ((Brand name and number of pounds of each registered commercial
3 feed used in the mixture and the name and number of pounds of each
4 other feed ingredient added.

5 (4) If a commercial feed contains a nonnutritive substance which is 6 intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment, or 7 prevention of disease or which is intended to affect the structure or 8 any function of the animal body, the department may require the label 9 to show the amount present, directions for use, and/or warnings against 10 misuse of the feed.

(5) A customer-formula feed shall be considered to be in violation 11 12 of this chapter if it does not conform to the invoice labeling. Upon request of the department it shall be the duty of the person 13 14 distributing the customer-formula feed to supply the department with a 15 copy of the invoice which represents that particular feed: PROVIDED, That such person shall not be required to keep such invoice for a 16 17 period of longer than six months)) Product name and the net weight as required under chapter 19.94 RCW; 18

19 (e) Adequate directions for use for all customer-formula feeds 20 containing drugs and for such other feeds as the department may require 21 by rule as necessary for their safe and effective use;

(f) The directions for use and precautionary statements as required
 by subsection (1) (e) and (f) of this section; and

24 <u>(g) If a drug containing product is used:</u>

25 (i) The purpose of the medication (claim statement);

(ii) The established name of each active drug ingredient and the
 level of each drug used in the final mixture expressed in accordance
 with rules established by the department.

29 (4) The product name and quantity statement of each commercial feed 30 and each other ingredient used in the customer formula feed must be on 31 file at the plant producing the product. These records must be kept on 32 file for one year after the last sale. This information shall be made 33 available to the purchaser, the dealer making the sale, and the 34 department on request.

35 **Sec. 38.** RCW 15.53.9018 and 1982 c 177 s 3 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

37 (1) ((On or after June 30, 1981,)) Except as provided in subsection
38 (4) of this section, each initial distributor of a commercial feed in

this state shall pay to the department an inspection fee on all 1 commercial feed sold by such person during the year. The fee shall be 2 not less than four cents nor more than ((fourteen)) twelve cents per 3 4 ton as prescribed by the director by rule: PROVIDED, That such fees shall be used for routine enforcement ((of RCW 15.53.9022 and for 5 analysis for contaminants only when the department has reasonable cause 6 7 to believe any lot of feed or any feed ingredient is adulterated)) and 8 administration of this chapter and rules adopted under this chapter.

9 (2) ((In computing the tonnage on which the inspection fee must be 10 paid, sales of: (a) Commercial feed to other feed registrants;)) An inspection fee is not required for: (a) Commercial feed distributed by 11 a person having proof that inspection fees have been paid by his or her 12 supplier (manufacturer); (b) commercial feed in packages weighing less 13 than ten pounds; (c) commercial feed for shipment to points outside 14 15 this state; (d) food processing byproducts from fruit, vegetable, or 16 potato processing plants, freezing or dehydrating facilities, or juice 17 or jelly preserving plants; and (e) ((unmixed seed, whole or processed, made directly from the entire seed; (f) unground hay, straw, stover, 18 19 silage, cobs, husks, and hulls, when not mixed with other material; and (g)) bona fide experimental feeds on which accurate records and 20 experimental programs are maintained ((may be excluded. The exemption 21 for byproducts provided by this subsection does not apply to byproducts 22 or products of sugar refineries or to materials used in the preparation 23 24 of pet foods)).

(3) Tonnage will be reported and inspection fees will be paid on
(a) byproducts or products of sugar refineries; (b) materials used in
the preparation of pet foods and specialty pet food.

28 (4) When more than one distributor is involved in the distribution 29 of a commercial feed, the ((<del>last registrant or</del>)) initial distributor 30 ((who distributes to a nonregistrant (dealer or consumer))) is 31 responsible for reporting the tonnage and paying the inspection fee, 32 unless ((the reporting and paying of fees have been made by a prior 33 distributor of the feed)) this sale or transaction is made to an exempt 34 <u>buyer</u>.

35 (((4))) (5) Each person made responsible by this chapter for the 36 payment of inspection fees for commercial feed sold in this state shall 37 file a report with the department on January 1st and July 1st of each 38 year showing the number of tons of such commercial feed sold during the 39 six calendar months immediately preceding the date the report is due.

The proper inspection fee shall be remitted with the report. The 1 person required to file the report and pay the fee shall have a thirty-2 day period of grace immediately following the day the report and 3 4 payment are due to file the report, and pay the fee. Upon permission of the department, an annual statement under oath may be filed by any 5 person distributing within the state less than one hundred tons for 6 7 each six-month period during any year, and upon filing such statement 8 such person shall pay the inspection fee at the rate provided for in 9 subsection (1) of this section. The minimum inspection fee shall be twelve dollars and fifty cents for each six-month reporting period or 10 twenty-five dollars if reporting annually. 11

(((5) Each distributor shall keep such reasonable and practical 12 13 records as may be necessary or required by the department to indicate 14 accurately the tonnage of commercial feed distributed in this state, 15 and the department has the right to examine such records to verify statements of tonnage. Failure to make an accurate statement of 16 tonnage or to pay the inspection fee or comply as provided herein 17 constitutes a violation of this chapter, and may result in the issuance 18 19 of an order for "withdrawal from distribution" on any commercial feed 20 being subsequently distributed.

(6) Inspection fees which are due and owing and have not been remitted to the department within thirty days following the due date shall have a collection fee of ten percent, but not less than ten dollars, added to the amount due when payment is finally made. The assessment of this collection fee shall not prevent the department from taking other actions as provided for in this chapter.

(7))) (6) For the purpose of determining accurate tonnage of 27 commercial feed distributed in this state or to identify or verify 28 29 semiannual tonnage reports, the department may require each registrant 30 or licensee, or both, to maintain records or file additional reports. (7) The department may examine at reasonable times the records 31 maintained under this section. Records shall be maintained in usable 32 condition by the registrant or licensee for a period of two years 33 34 unless by rule this retention period is extended.

35 (8) The registrant or licensee shall maintain records required 36 under this section and submit these records to the department upon 37 request.

38 (9) Any person responsible for reporting tonnage or paying 39 inspection fees who fails to do so before the thirty-first day

following the last day of each reporting period, shall pay a penalty 1 equal to fifteen percent of the inspection fee due or fifty dollars, 2 whichever is greater. The penalty, together with any delinquent 3 4 inspection fee is due before the forty-first day following the last day of each reporting period. The department may cancel registration of a 5 registrant or may revoke a license of a licensee who fails to pay the б 7 penalty and delinquent inspection fees within that time period. The 8 applicant or licensee may request a hearing as authorized under chapter 9 34.05 RCW.

10 (10) The report required by subsection  $\left(\left(\frac{4}{1}\right)\right)$  (5) of this section 11 shall not be a public record, and it is a misdemeanor for any person to divulge any information given in such report which would reveal the 12 13 business operation of the person making the report: PROVIDED, That nothing contained in this subsection shall be construed to prevent or 14 15 make unlawful the use of information concerning the business operation of a person if any action, suit, or proceeding instituted under the 16 17 authority of this chapter, including any civil action for collection of unpaid inspection fees, which action is hereby authorized and which 18 19 shall be as an action at law in the name of the director of the 20 department.

(((<del>8)</del>)) (<u>11</u>) Any commercial feed purchased by a consumer or contract feeder outside the jurisdiction of this state and brought into this state for use is subject to all the provisions of this chapter, including inspection fees.

25 **Sec. 39.** RCW 15.53.902 and 1982 c 177 s 4 are each amended to read 26 as follows:

It is unlawful for any person to distribute an adulterated feed.A commercial feed is deemed to be adulterated:

(1) If it bears or contains any poisonous or deleterious substance which may render it injurious to health; but in case the substance is not an added substance, such commercial feed shall not be considered adulterated under this subsection if the quantity of such substance in such commercial feed does not ordinarily render it injurious to health; or

(2) If it bears or contains any added poisonous, added deleterious,
or added nonnutritive substance which is unsafe within the meaning of
section 406 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act (other than one

1 which is (a) a pesticide chemical in or on a raw agricultural 2 commodity; or (b) a food additive); or

3 (3) If it is, or it bears, or contains any food additive which is 4 unsafe within the meaning of section 409 of the Federal Food, Drug, and 5 Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 348); or

(4) If it is a raw agricultural commodity and it bears or contains 6 7 a pesticide chemical which is unsafe within the meaning of section 8 408(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act: PROVIDED, That where a pesticide chemical has been used in or on a raw agricultural 9 10 commodity in conformity with an exemption granted or a tolerance prescribed under section 408 of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic 11 Act and such raw agricultural commodity has been subjected to 12 13 processing such as canning, cooking, freezing, dehydrating, or milling, the residue of such pesticide chemical remaining in or on such 14 15 processed feed shall not be deemed unsafe if such residue in or on the 16 raw agricultural commodity has been removed to the extent possible in 17 good manufacturing practice and the concentration of such residue in the processed feed is not greater than the tolerance prescribed for the 18 19 raw agricultural commodity unless the feeding of such processed feed 20 will result or is likely to result in a pesticide residue in the edible product of the animal, which is unsafe within the meaning of section 21 408(a) of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act; or 22

(5) If it is, or it bears or contains any color additive which is
unsafe within the meaning of section 706 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
Cosmetic Act; or

(6) If it is, or it bears or contains any new animal drug that is
unsafe within the meaning of section 512 of the Federal Food, Drug, and
Cosmetic Act (21 U.S.C. Sec. 360b); or

29 <u>(7)</u> If any valuable constituent has been in whole or in part 30 omitted or abstracted therefrom or any less valuable substance 31 substituted therefor; <u>or</u>

32 (((7))) (8) If its composition or quality falls below or differs 33 from that which it is purported or is represented to possess by its 34 labeling; or

35 (((+8))) (9) If it contains a drug and the methods used in or the 36 facilities or controls used for its manufacture, processing, or 37 packaging do not conform to current good manufacturing practice rules 38 adopted by the department to assure that the drug meets the 39 requirements of this chapter as to safety and has the identity and strength and meets the quality and purity characteristics that it purports or is represented to possess. In adopting such rules, the department shall adopt the current good manufacturing practice regulations for type A medicated articles and type B and type C medicated feeds established under authority of the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, unless the department determines that they are not appropriate to the conditions that exist in this state; or

8 (10) If it contains viable, prohibited (primary) noxious weed seeds 9 in excess of one per pound, or if it contains viable, restricted 10 (secondary) noxious weed seeds in excess of twenty-five per pound. The 11 primary and secondary noxious weed seeds shall be those as named 12 pursuant to the provisions of chapter 15.49 RCW ((as enacted or 13 hereafter amended)) and rules adopted thereunder.

14 **Sec. 40.** RCW 15.53.9022 and 1965 ex.s. c 31 s 8 are each amended 15 to read as follows:

16 It shall be unlawful for any person to distribute misbranded feed.
17 A commercial feed shall be deemed to be misbranded:

18

(1) If its labeling is false or misleading in any particular;

(2) If it is distributed under the name of another <u>commercial</u> feed;
(3) If it is not labeled as required in RCW 15.53.9016 and in
((regulations)) <u>rules</u> prescribed under this chapter;

22 (4) If it purports to be or is represented as a <u>commercial</u> feed 23 ((ingredient)), or if it purports to contain or is represented as 24 containing a <u>commercial feed or</u> feed ingredient, unless such <u>commercial</u> 25 feed or feed ingredient conforms to the definition of identity, if any, prescribed by ((regulation)) rule of the department. In the adopting 26 of such ((requlations)) rules the department may consider commonly 27 accepted definitions such as those issued by nationally recognized 28 29 associations or groups of feed control officials;

(5) If any word, statement, or other information required by or under authority of this chapter to appear on the label or labeling is not prominently placed thereon with such conspicuousness (as compared with other words, statements, designs, or devices, in the labeling) and in such terms as to render it likely to be read and understood by the ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase and use;

(6) If its composition or quality falls below or differs from thatwhich it is purported or is represented to possess by its labeling.

1 sec. 41. RCW 15.53.9024 and 1965 ex.s. c 31 s 9 are each amended
2 to read as follows:

3 (1) ((It shall be the duty of the department to sample, inspect, 4 make analysis of, and test commercial feed distributed within this 5 state at such time and place and to such an extent as it may deem necessary to determine whether such feeds are in compliance with the б provisions of this chapter. The department is authorized to stop any 7 8 commercial vehicle transporting feed on the public highways and direct 9 it to the nearest scales approved by the department to check weights of feeds being delivered. The department is also authorized, upon 10 presentation of proper identification, to enter any distributor's 11 12 premises including any vehicle of transport at all reasonable times in order to have access to commercial feed and to records relating to 13 14 their distribution. This includes the determining of the weight of 15 packages and bulk shipments.

16 (2) The methods of sampling and analysis shall be those adopted by 17 the department from officially recognized sources.

18 (3)) For the purpose of enforcement of this chapter, and in order 19 to determine whether its provisions have been complied with, including whether an operation is subject to such provisions, inspectors duly 20 designated by the director, upon presenting appropriate credentials, 21 and a written notice to the owner, operator, or agent in charge, are 22 authorized (a) to enter, during normal business hours, a factory, 23 24 warehouse, or establishment within the state in which commercial feeds are manufactured, processed, packed, or held for distribution, or to 25 26 enter a vehicle being used to transport or hold such feeds; and (b) to inspect at reasonable times and within reasonable limits and in a 27 reasonable manner, such factory, warehouse, establishment, or vehicle 28 29 and all pertinent equipment, finished and unfinished materials, containers, and labeling. The inspection may include the verification 30 of only such records, and production and control procedures as may be 31 necessary to determine compliance with the current good manufacturing 32 practice regulations established under RCW 15.53.902(9) and rules 33 34 adopted under good manufacturing practices for feeds to include nonmedicated feeds. 35

36 (2) A separate notice shall be given for each such inspection, but 37 a notice is not required for each entry made during the period covered 38 by the inspection. Each such inspection shall be commenced and 39 completed with reasonable promptness. Upon completion of the 1 inspection, the person in charge of the facility or vehicle shall be so
2 notified.

3 (3) If the inspector or employee making such inspection of a 4 factory, warehouse, or other establishment has obtained a sample in the 5 course of the inspection, upon completion of the inspection and prior 6 to leaving the premises, he or she shall give to the owner, operator, 7 or agent in charge, a receipt describing the samples obtained.

8 (4) If the owner of a factory, warehouse, or establishment 9 described in subsection (1) of this section, or his or her agent, 10 refuses to admit the director or his or her agent to inspect in 11 accordance with subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the director 12 or his or her agent is authorized to obtain from any court of competent 13 jurisdiction a warrant directing such owner or his or her agent to 14 submit the premises described in the warrant to inspection.

15 (5) For the enforcement of this chapter, the director or his or her 16 duly assigned agent is authorized to enter upon any public or private 17 premises including any vehicle of transport during regular business 18 hours to have access to, and to obtain samples, and to examine records 19 relating to distribution of commercial feeds.

<u>(6) Sampling and analysis shall be conducted in accordance with</u>
 <u>methods published by the association of official analytical chemists,</u>
 <u>or in accordance with other generally recognized methods.</u>

23 (7) The results of all analyses of official samples shall be 24 forwarded by the department to the person named on the label and to the purchaser, if known. If the inspection and analysis of an official 25 sample indicates a commercial feed has been adulterated or misbranded 26 and upon request within thirty days following the receipt of the 27 analysis, the department shall furnish to the registrant or licensee a 28 portion of the sample concerned. If referee analysis is requested, a 29 30 portion of the official sample shall be furnished by the department and shall be sent directly to an independent lab agreed to by all parties. 31 (8) The department, in determining for administrative purposes 32 whether a feed is deficient in any component, shall be quided solely by 33 34 the official sample as defined in RCW 15.53.901(((13))) (20) and obtained and analyzed as provided for in this section. 35

36 (((4) When the inspection and analysis of an official sample has 37 been made the results of analysis shall be forwarded by the department 38 to the distributor and to the purchaser if known. Upon request and

within thirty days the department shall furnish to the distributor a
 portion of the sample concerned.

3 (5))) (9) Analysis of an official sample by the department shall be 4 accepted as prima facie evidence by any court of competent 5 jurisdiction.

6 **Sec. 42.** RCW 15.53.9038 and 1982 c 177 s 5 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 (1) When the department has reasonable cause to believe that any 9 lot of commercial feed is adulterated or misbranded or is being distributed in violation of this chapter or any ((regulations)) rules 10 hereunder it may issue and enforce a written or printed "withdrawal 11 from distribution" order, or "stop sale" order, warning the distributor 12 not to dispose of the lot of feed in any manner until written 13 14 permission is given by the department ((or a court of competent The department shall release the lot of commercial 15 jurisdiction)). feed so withdrawn when the provisions and ((regulations)) rules have 16 been complied with. If compliance is not obtained within thirty days, 17 18 parties may agree to an alternative disposition in writing or the department may ((begin)) institute condemnation proceedings ((for 19 condemnation)) in a court of competent jurisdiction. 20

(2) Any lot of commercial feed not in compliance with the 21 22 provisions and ((regulations)) rules is subject to seizure on complaint 23 of the department to a court of competent jurisdiction in the area in If the court finds the 24 which the commercial feed is located. 25 commercial feed to be in violation of this chapter and orders the condemnation of the commercial feed, it shall be disposed of in any 26 manner consistent with the quality of the commercial feed and the laws 27 of the state. The court shall first give the claimant an opportunity 28 29 to apply to the court for release of the commercial feed or for permission to process or relabel the commercial feed to bring it into 30 31 compliance with this chapter.

32 **Sec. 43.** RCW 15.53.9042 and 1965 ex.s. c 31 s 18 are each amended 33 to read as follows:

The department shall publish at least annually, in such forms as it may deem proper, information concerning the distribution of commercial feed, together with such data on their production and use as it may consider advisable, and a report of the results of the analyses of official samples of commercial feed within the state as compared with the analyses guaranteed ((in the registration and)) on the label or as calculated from the invoice data for customer-formula feeds: PROVIDED, That the information concerning production and use of commercial feeds shall not disclose the operations of any person.

6 **Sec. 44.** RCW 15.53.9053 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 257 s 12 are each 7 amended to read as follows:

8

((<del>(1) The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:</del>

9 (a) Section 10, chapter 31, Laws of 1965 ex. sess., section 33, 10 chapter 240, Laws of 1967 and RCW 15.53.9026; and

11 (b) Sections 11 through 14, chapter 31, Laws of 1965 ex. sess. and 12 RCW 15.53.9028 through 15.53.9034.

13 (2) The enactment of this act and the repeal of the sections listed 14 in subsection (1) of this section shall not have the effect of 15 terminating, or in any way modify any liability, civil or criminal, 16 which shall already be in existence on July 1, 1975.

17 (3)) All licenses and registrations in effect on July 1, ((1975))18 <u>1995</u>, shall continue in full force and effect until their regular 19 expiration date, December 31, ((1975)) <u>1995</u>. No registration or 20 license that has already been paid under the requirements of prior law 21 shall be refunded.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 45.** (1) The following acts or parts of acts are 23 each repealed:

24 (a) Section 10, chapter 31, Laws of 1965 ex. sess., section 33,
 25 chapter 240, Laws of 1967 and RCW 15.53.9026; and

(b) Sections 11 through 14, chapter 31, Laws of 1965 ex. sess. and
 RCW 15.53.9028 through 15.53.9034.

(2) The enactment of chapter 257, Laws of 1975 1st ex. sess. and the repeal of the sections listed in subsection (1) of this section shall not have the effect of terminating, or in any way modify any liability, civil or criminal, which shall already be in existence on July 1, 1975.

33NEW SECTION.Sec. 46.RCW 15.53.9036 and 1989 c 175 s 51, 1975341st ex.s. c 257 s 6, & 1965 ex.s. c 31 s 15 are each repealed.

1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 47. RCW 15.53.905 and 15.53.9052 are each 2 decodified.

3 **Sec. 48.** RCW 16.57.220 and 1994 c 46 s 19 are each amended to read 4 as follows:

5 The director shall cause a charge to be made for all brand inspection of cattle and horses required under this chapter and rules 6 7 adopted hereunder. Such charges shall be paid to the department by the 8 owner or person in possession unless requested by the purchaser and 9 then such brand inspection shall be paid by the purchaser requesting Except as provided by rule, such inspection 10 such brand inspection. charges shall be due and payable at the time brand inspection is 11 12 performed and shall be paid upon billing by the department and if not shall constitute a prior lien on the cattle or cattle hides or horses 13 14 or horse hides brand inspected until such charge is paid. The director 15 in order to best utilize the services of the department in performing brand inspection may establish schedules by days and hours when a brand 16 inspector will be on duty to perform brand inspection at established 17 18 inspection points. The fees for brand inspection shall be not less 19 than fifty cents nor more than seventy-five cents per head for cattle and not less than two dollars nor more than three dollars per head for 20 horses as prescribed by the director by rule subsequent to a hearing 21 22 under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015. Fees 23 for brand inspection of cattle and horses ((performed by the director)) 24 at points other than those designated by the director or not in accord with the schedules established by the director shall be based on a fee 25 schedule not to exceed actual net cost to the department of performing 26 the brand inspection service. For the purpose of this section, actual 27 costs shall mean fifteen dollars per hour and the current mileage rate 28 29 set by the office of financial management.

30 **Sec. 49.** RCW 16.57.220 and 1994 c 46 s 25 and 1994 c 46 s 19 are 31 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

The director shall cause a charge to be made for all brand inspection of cattle and horses required under this chapter and rules adopted hereunder. Such charges shall be paid to the department by the owner or person in possession unless requested by the purchaser and then such brand inspection shall be paid by the purchaser requesting such brand inspection. Except as provided by rule, such inspection

charges shall be due and payable at the time brand inspection is 1 2 performed and shall be paid upon billing by the department and if not shall constitute a prior lien on the cattle or cattle hides or horses 3 4 or horse hides brand inspected until such charge is paid. The director 5 in order to best utilize the services of the department in performing brand inspection may establish schedules by days and hours when a brand 6 7 inspector will be on duty to perform brand inspection at established 8 inspection points. The fees for brand inspection performed at 9 inspection points according to schedules established by the director 10 shall be sixty cents per head for cattle and not more than two dollars and forty cents per head for horses as prescribed by the director 11 subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with 12 Fees for brand inspection of cattle and horses 13 RCW 16.57.015. 14 ((performed by the director)) at points other than those designated by 15 the director or not in accord with the schedules established by the 16 director shall be based on a fee schedule not to exceed actual net cost 17 to the department of performing the brand inspection service. For the purpose of this section, actual costs shall mean fifteen dollars per 18 19 hour and the current mileage rate set by the office of financial 20 management.

21 **Sec. 50.** RCW 16.57.230 and 1959 c 54 s 23 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

No person shall collect or make a charge for brand inspection of livestock unless there has been an actual brand inspection of such livestock ((by the director)).

26 **Sec. 51.** RCW 16.57.240 and 1991 c 110 s 4 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

Any person purchasing, selling, holding for sale, trading, 28 29 bartering, transferring title, slaughtering, handling, or transporting cattle shall keep a record on forms prescribed by the director. 30 Such forms shall show the number, specie, brand or other method of 31 32 identification of such cattle and any other necessary information 33 required by the director. The original shall be kept for a period of three years or shall be furnished to the director upon demand or as 34 35 prescribed by rule, one copy shall accompany the cattle to their destination and shall be subject to inspection at any time by the 36 37 director or any peace officer or member of the state patrol: PROVIDED,

1 That in the following instances only, cattle may be moved or 2 transported within this state without being accompanied by ((a)) an 3 <u>official</u> certificate of permit ((or an official)), brand inspection 4 certificate ((or)), bill of sale, or self-inspection slip:

5 (1) When such cattle are moved or transported upon lands under the 6 exclusive control of the person moving or transporting such cattle;

7 (2) When such cattle are being moved or transported for temporary
8 grazing or feeding purposes and have the registered brand of the person
9 having or transporting such cattle.

10 **Sec. 52.** RCW 16.57.280 and 1991 c 110 s 5 are each amended to read 11 as follows:

12 No person shall knowingly have unlawful possession of any livestock 13 marked with a recorded brand or tattoo of another person unless:

14 (1) Such livestock lawfully bears the person's own healed recorded 15  $\operatorname{brand}((\tau))_{i}$  or

16 (2) Such livestock is accompanied by a certificate of permit from 17 the owner of the recorded brand or  $tattoo((\tau))$  or

18 (3) Such livestock is accompanied by a brand inspection 19 certificate((-)); or

20 (4) <u>Such cattle is accompanied by a self-inspection slip; or</u>

21 (5) Such livestock is accompanied by a bill of sale from the 22 previous owner or other satisfactory proof of ownership.

A violation of this section constitutes a gross misdemeanor punishable to the same extent as a gross misdemeanor that is punishable under RCW 9A.20.021.

26 **Sec. 53.** RCW 16.57.290 and 1989 c 286 s 23 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

28 All unbranded cattle and horses and those bearing brands not 29 recorded, in the current edition of this state's brand book, which are not accompanied by a certificate of permit, and those bearing brands 30 recorded, in the current edition of this state's brand book, which are 31 not accompanied by a certificate of permit signed by the owner of the 32 33 brand when presented for inspection by the director, shall be sold by the director's representative, unless other 34 the director or 35 satisfactory proof of ownership is presented showing the person presenting them to be lawfully in possession. Upon the sale of such 36 cattle or horses, the director or the director's representative shall 37

give the purchasers a bill of sale therefor, or, if theft is suspected,
 the cattle or horses may be impounded by the director or the director's
 representative.

4 **Sec. 54.** RCW 16.65.030 and 1994 c 46 s 12 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

6 (1) On and after June 10, 1959, no person shall operate a public 7 livestock market without first having obtained a license from the 8 director. Application for such license ((<del>or renewal thereof</del>)) shall be 9 in writing on forms prescribed by the director, and shall include the 10 following:

(a) <u>A nonrefundable original license application fee of fifteen</u>
 <u>hundred dollars.</u>

13 (b) A legal description of the property upon which the public 14 livestock market shall be located.

15 (((<del>b)</del>)) (<u>c</u>) A complete description and blueprints or plans of the 16 public livestock market physical plant, yards, pens, and all facilities 17 the applicant proposes to use in the operation of such public livestock 18 market.

19 (((c))) <u>(d)</u> A detailed statement showing all the assets and 20 liabilities of the applicant which must reflect a sufficient net worth 21 to construct or operate a public livestock market.

22 (((d))) <u>(e)</u> The schedule of rates and charges the applicant 23 proposes to impose on the owners of livestock for services rendered in 24 the operation of such livestock market.

25 (((e))) <u>(f)</u> The weekly or monthly sales day or days on which the 26 applicant proposes to operate his or her public livestock market sales.

27 (((f))) (g) Projected source and quantity of livestock, by county,
 28 anticipated to be handled.

29 ((<del>(g)</del>)) <u>(h)</u> Projected income and expense statements for the first 30 year's operation.

31 (((h))) (i) Facts upon which are based the conclusion that the 32 trade area and the livestock industry will benefit because of the 33 proposed market.

(((i))) <u>(j)</u> Such other information as the director may reasonably require.

36 (2) The director shall, after public hearing as provided by chapter
 37 34.05 RCW, grant or deny an application for original license for a
 38 public livestock market after considering evidence and testimony

1 relating to all of the requirements of this section and giving 2 reasonable consideration at the same hearing to:

3 (a) Benefits to the livestock industry to be derived from the
4 establishment and operation of the public livestock market proposed in
5 the application; and

6 (b) The present market services elsewhere available to the trade 7 area proposed to be served.

8 (3) ((Such application shall be accompanied by a license fee based 9 on the average gross sales volume per official sales day of that 10 market:

11 (a) Markets with an average gross sales volume up to and including 12 ten thousand dollars, a fee of no less than one hundred dollars or more 13 than one hundred fifty dollars;

14 (b) Markets with an average gross sales volume over ten thousand 15 dollars and up to and including fifty thousand dollars, a fee of no 16 less than two hundred dollars or more than three hundred fifty dollars; 17 and

18 (c) Markets with an average gross sales volume over fifty thousand 19 dollars, a fee of no less than three hundred dollars or more than four 20 hundred fifty dollars.

The fees for public livestock market licensees shall be set by the director by rule subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015.

(4) Any applicant operating more than one public livestock market
 shall make a separate application for a license to operate each such
 public livestock market, and each such application shall be accompanied
 by the appropriate license fee.

(5) Upon the approval of the application by the director and 28 29 compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall be issued a license or renewal thereof. Any license issued under the 30 provisions of this chapter shall only be valid at location and for the 31 sales day or days for which the license was issued)) Applications for 32 renewal under RCW 16.65.040 shall include all information under 33 34 subsection (1) of this section, except subsection (1)(a) of this 35 section.

36 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 55. 1994 c 46 s 21 is repealed.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 56. A new section is added to chapter 16.65 RCW
 to read as follows:

3 (1) Upon the approval of the application by the director and 4 compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall be 5 issued a license or renewal thereof. Any license issued under the 6 provisions of this chapter shall only be valid at location and for the 7 sales day or days for which the license was issued.

8 (2) The license fee shall be based on the average gross sales 9 volume per official sales day of that market:

(a) Markets with an average gross sales volume up to and including
ten thousand dollars, a fee of no less than one hundred dollars or more
than one hundred fifty dollars;

(b) Markets with an average gross sales volume over ten thousand dollars and up to and including fifty thousand dollars, a fee of no less than two hundred dollars or more than three hundred fifty dollars; and

(c) Markets with an average gross sales volume over fifty thousand dollars, a fee of no less than three hundred dollars or more than four hundred fifty dollars.

The fees for public livestock market licenses shall be set by the director by rule subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance with RCW 16.57.015.

(3) Any applicant operating more than one public livestock market
shall make a separate application for a license to operate each such
public livestock market, and each such application shall be accompanied
by the appropriate application fee.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 57. A new section is added to chapter 16.65 RCW 28 to read as follows:

(1) Upon the approval of the application by the director and compliance with the provisions of this chapter, the applicant shall be issued a license or renewal thereof. Any license issued under the provisions of this chapter shall only be valid at location and for the sales day or days for which the license was issued.

34 (2) The license fee shall be based on the average gross sales35 volume per official sales day of that market:

36 (a) Markets with an average gross sales volume up to and including37 ten thousand dollars, a one hundred twenty dollar fee;

(b) Markets with an average gross sales volume over ten thousand
 dollars and up to and including fifty thousand dollars, a two hundred
 forty dollar fee; and

4 (c) Markets with an average gross sales volume over fifty thousand 5 dollars, a three hundred sixty dollar fee.

6 The fees for public market licenses shall be set by the director by 7 rule subsequent to a hearing under chapter 34.05 RCW and in conformance 8 with RCW 16.57.015.

9 (3) Any applicant operating more than one public livestock market 10 shall make a separate application for a license to operate each such 11 public livestock market, and each such application shall be accompanied 12 by the appropriate application fee.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 58.** (1) Sections 49 and 57 of this act shall 14 take effect July 1, 1997.

15 (2) Sections 48 and 56 of this act shall expire July 1, 1997.

16 **Sec. 59.** RCW 15.44.033 and 1967 c 240 s 30 are each amended to 17 read as follows:

Producer members of the commission shall be nominated and elected 18 by producers within the district that such producer members represent 19 in the year in which a commission member's term shall expire. 20 Such 21 producer members receiving the largest number of the votes cast in the 22 respective districts which they represent shall be elected. The 23 election shall be by secret mail ballot and under the supervision of 24 the director.

25 Nomination for candidates to be elected to the commission shall be conducted by mail by the director. Such nomination forms shall be 26 27 mailed by the director to each producer in a district where a vacancy 28 is about to occur. Such mailing shall be made on or after April 1st, but not later than April 10th of the year the commission vacancy will 29 occur. The nomination form shall provide for the name of the producer 30 being nominated and the names of five producers nominating such 31 The producers nominating such nominee shall affix their 32 nominee. signatures to such form and shall further attest that the said nominee 33 meets the qualifications for a producer member to serve on the 34 35 commission and that he or she will be willing to serve on the commission if elected. 36

1 All nominations as provided for herein shall be returned to the 2 director by April 30th, and the director shall not accept any 3 nomination postmarked later than midnight April 30th, nor place the 4 candidate thereon on the election ballot.

5 Ballots for electing members to the commission will be mailed by 6 the director to all eligible producers no later than May 15th, in 7 districts where elections are to be held and such ballots to be valid 8 shall be returned postmarked no later than May 31st of the year mailed, 9 to the director in Olympia.

10 ((Whenever producers fail to file any nominating petitions, the director shall nominate at least two, but not more than three, 11 qualified producers and place their names on the secret mail election 12 ballot as nominees: PROVIDED, That any qualified producer may be 13 14 elected by a write in ballot, even though said producer's name was not 15 placed in nomination for such election.)) If only one person is nominated for a position on the commission, the director shall 16 determine whether the person possesses the qualifications required by 17 statute for the position and, if the director determines that the 18 19 person possesses such qualifications, the director shall declare that the person has been duly elected. 20

21 **Sec. 60.** RCW 43.88.240 and 1981 c 225 s 3 are each amended to read 22 as follows:

23 Unless otherwise directed in the commodity commission enabling 24 statute, this chapter shall not apply to the Washington state ((apple 25 advertising commission, the Washington state fruit commission, the Washington tree fruit research commission, the Washington state beef 26 commission, the Washington state dairy products commission, or any 27 agricultural)) commodity commissions created either under separate 28 29 statute or under the provisions of chapters 15.65 and 15.66 RCW: PROVIDED, That all such commissions shall submit estimates and such 30 other necessary information as may be required for the development of 31 32 the budget and shall also be subject to audit by the appropriate state 33 auditing agency or officer.

34 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 61. A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW 35 to read as follows: 36 For purposes of this chapter: 37 (1) "Department" means department of agriculture;

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(2) "Person" means any individual, partnership, association,
 corporation, or organized group of persons whether or not incorporated.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 62. A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW
4 to read as follows:

5 Except as otherwise specified by law, the director or his or her 6 designee has the authority to retain collection agencies licensed under 7 chapter 19.16 RCW for the purposes of collecting unpaid penalties, 8 assessments, and other debts owed to the department.

9 The director or his or her designee may also collect as costs 10 moneys paid to the collection agency as charges, or in the case of 11 credit cards or financial instruments, such as checks returned for 12 nonpayment, moneys paid to financial institutions.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 63. A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW 14 to read as follows:

15 Except as otherwise specified by law, any due and payable assessment levied under the authority of the director or his or her 16 17 designee in such specified amount as may be determined by the department shall constitute a personal debt of every person so assessed 18 or who otherwise owes the same, and the same shall be due and payable 19 to the department when payment is called for by the department. In the 20 21 event any person fails to pay the department the full amount of such 22 assessment or such other sum on or before the date due, the department 23 may, and is hereby authorized to, add to such unpaid assessment or 24 other sum an amount not exceeding ten percent of the same to defray the 25 cost of enforcing the collecting of the same. In the event of failure of such person or persons to pay any such due and payable assessment or 26 27 other sum, the department may bring a civil action against such person 28 or persons in a court of competent jurisdiction for the collections 29 thereof, including all costs and reasonable attorneys' fees together with the above specified ten percent, and such action shall be tried 30 31 and judgment rendered as in any other cause of action for debt due and 32 payable.

33 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 64.** A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW 34 to read as follows: Except as otherwise specified by law, the department is authorized to charge interest at the rate authorized under RCW 43.17.240 for all unpaid balances for moneys owed to the department.

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> sec. 65. A new section is added to chapter 43.23 RCW
to read as follows:

6 Except as otherwise specified by law, in the event a check or 7 negotiable instrument as defined by RCW 62A.3-104 is dishonored by 8 nonacceptance or nonpayment, the department is entitled to collect a 9 reasonable handling fee for each instrument. If the check or 10 instrument is not paid within fifteen days and proper notice is sent, 11 the department is authorized to recover the assessment, the handling 12 fee, and any other charges allowed by RCW 62A.3-515.

13 **Sec. 66.** RCW 15.58.070 and 1994 c 46 s 1 are each amended to read 14 as follows:

15 (1) Except as provided in subsection  $\left(\left(\frac{2}{2}\right)\right)$  (4) of this section, any person desiring to register a pesticide with the department shall 16 17 pay to the director an annual registration fee for each pesticide registered by the department for such person. The registration fee for 18 the registration of pesticides for any one person during a calendar 19 year shall be: One hundred five dollars for each of the first twenty-20 five pesticides registered; one hundred dollars for each of the twenty-21 22 sixth through one-hundredth pesticides registered; seventy-five dollars 23 for each of the one hundred first through one hundred fiftieth 24 pesticides registered; and fifty dollars for each additional pesticide In addition, the department may establish by rule a 25 registered. registration fee not to exceed ten dollars for each registered product 26 27 labeled and intended for home and garden use only.

(2) The revenue generated by the pesticide registration fees shall be deposited in the agricultural local fund to support the activities of the pesticide program within the department. The revenue generated by the home and garden use only fees shall be deposited in the agriculture local fund, to be used to assist in funding activities of the pesticide incident reporting and tracking review panel.

34 (3) All pesticide registrations expire on December 31st of each
 35 year. A registrant may elect to register a pesticide for a two-year
 36 period by prepaying for a second year at the time of registration.

(((2))) (4) A person desiring to register a label where a special 1 2 local need exists shall pay to the director a nonrefundable application fee of two hundred dollars upon submission of the registration request. 3 4 In addition, a person desiring to renew an approved special local need 5 registration shall pay to the director an annual registration fee of two hundred dollars for each special local needs label registered by 6 the department for such person. The revenue generated by the special 7 8 local needs application fees and the special local needs renewal fees 9 shall be deposited in the agricultural local fund to be used to assist 10 in funding the department's special local needs registration activities. All special local needs registrations expire on December 11 12 31st of each year.

13 (((3))) (5) Any registration approved by the director and in effect 14 on the 31st day of December for which a renewal application has been 15 made and the proper fee paid, continues in full force and effect until 16 the director notifies the applicant that the registration has been 17 renewed, or otherwise denied in accord with the provision of RCW 18 15.58.110.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 67. A new section is added to chapter 15.58 RCW 20 to read as follows:

All license fees collected under this chapter shall be paid to the director for use exclusively in the enforcement of this chapter.

23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 68. RCW 15.58.410 and 1971 ex.s. c 190 s 41 are 24 each repealed.

25 **Sec. 69.** RCW 16.24.130 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 7 s 16 are each 26 amended to read as follows:

The brand inspector shall cause to be published once in a newspaper published in the county where the animal was found, a notice of the impounding.

30 The notice shall state:

(1) A description of the animal, including brand, tattoo or other
 identifying characteristics;

33 (2) When and where found;

34 (3) Where impounded; and

35 (4) That if unclaimed, the animal will be sold at a public 36 livestock market sale <u>or other public sale</u>, and the date of such sale: PROVIDED, That if no newspaper shall be published in such county,
 copies of the notice shall be posted at four commonly frequented places
 therein.

If the animal is marked with a brand or tattoo which is registered with the director of agriculture, the brand inspector, on or before the date of publication or posting, shall send a copy of the notice to the owner of record by registered mail.

8 Sec. 70. RCW 16.24.150 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 7 s 17 are each 9 amended to read as follows:

If no person shall claim the animal within ten days after the date of publication or posting of the notice, it shall be sold at the next succeeding public livestock market sale to be held at the sales yard where impounded, provided that in the director's discretion the department of agriculture may otherwise cause the animal to be sold at public sale.

16 <u>The legislature intends this to be a clarification of existing law;</u> 17 <u>therefore, this section shall have retroactive effect as of December 1,</u> 18 <u>1994.</u>

19 Sec. 71. RCW 15.76.140 and 1965 ex.s. c 32 s 1 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

(1) Before any agricultural fair may become eligible for state
 allocations it must have conducted two successful consecutive annual
 fairs immediately preceding application for such allocations, and have
 its application therefor approved by the director.

(2) Beginning January 1,1994, and until June 30, 1997, the director may waive this requirement for an agricultural fair that through itself or its predecessor sponsoring organization has successfully operated at least two years as a county fair, has received a funding allocation as a county fair under this act for those two years, and that reorganizes as an area fair.

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 72. The legislature finds that in Washington, 32 the loss of state lands from productive use due to infestation by 33 noxious weeds is a major public concern.

It is the intent of the legislature that serious and fundamental policy direction be given to state agencies to:

(1) Ensure that state lands set an example of excellence in noxious
 weed control and eradication on state lands;

3 (2) Halt the spread of noxious weeds from state to private lands;
4 (3) Recognize that state agencies are ultimately responsible for
5 noxious weed control on state land, regardless of type, timing, or
6 amount of use;

7 (4) Recognize that the public is not well served by the spread of
8 noxious weeds on state lands, in part, because of the decrease in
9 wildlife habitat and loss of land productivity.

10 The legislature further finds that biological control agents 11 represent one of the only cost-effective control measures for existing, 12 widespread noxious weed infestations. Members of the genus *Centaurea*, 13 commonly referred to as knapweeds, currently infest and destroy the 14 productivity of hundreds of thousands of acres in Washington.

15 NEW SECTION. Sec. 73. The state noxious weed control board shall develop a study to determine the cost of controlling weeds on state-16 owned or managed lands, included along state-owned rights of way. The 17 18 board may conduct the study, or may contract with either public or 19 private agencies to conduct and complete the study. The departments of natural resources, transportation, and fish and wildlife, and the parks 20 and recreation commission shall cooperate with the weed board or the 21 22 contractor in the study.

23 As part of the study, the state noxious weed control board shall 24 identify those weed species that are practical to control and should be 25 controlled. The board shall also identify the impacts and estimate the costs of not controlling these weeds. The board may exclude from the 26 study those weeds that, due to high cost or impracticality, cannot be 27 controlled on private lands. The board shall develop a prioritized 28 29 list of weeds that are practical to control and that should be controlled on state-owned and managed lands. 30

31 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 74. The state noxious weed control board shall 32 study alternative funding mechanisms for Washington's noxious weed 33 control program. The departments of natural resources, transportation, 34 and fish and wildlife, and the parks and recreation commission shall 35 cooperate with the weed board in the study. As part of the study, the 36 state noxious weed control board shall identify the impacts and costs 37 of each alternative. Funding alternatives shall address weed control needs of private citizens, local governments, county weed boards, state
 agencies, the state noxious weed control board, and federal agencies.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 75. A new section is added to chapter 17.10 RCW 4 to read as follows:

5 All state agencies shall control noxious weeds on lands they own, 6 lease, or otherwise control. Agencies shall develop plans to control 7 noxious weeds in accordance with standards in this chapter. All state 8 agencies' lands must comply with this chapter, regardless of noxious 9 weed control efforts on adjacent lands. County noxious weed control 10 boards shall assist landowners to meet and exceed the standards on 11 state lands.

12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 76. (1) The standing committee on agriculture 13 and agricultural trade and development of the senate and the standing 14 committee on agriculture and ecology of the house of representatives 15 shall jointly study land leasing practices of state agencies in regard to weed control and report their findings to the legislature in 1996. 16 17 (2) State agencies shall list noxious weed control projects in 18 their respective jurisdictions in order of priority, along with their plans to control these infestations, and shall submit the lists and 19 plans to the legislative committees identified in subsection (1) of 20 21 this section before the beginning of the 1996 regular session of the 22 legislature.

23 **Sec. 77.** RCW 17.10.240 and 1987 c 438 s 31 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

25 The activated county noxious weed control board of each county shall annually submit a budget to the county legislative authority for 26 27 the operating cost of the county's weed program for the ensuing fiscal PROVIDED, That if the board finds the budget approved by the 28 year: legislative authority is insufficient for an effective county noxious 29 weed control program it shall petition the county legislative authority 30 to hold a hearing as provided in RCW 17.10.890. Control of weeds is a 31 32 special benefit to the lands within any such section. Funding for the budget shall be derived from ((either or both)) any or all of the 33 34 following:

(1) The county legislative authority may, in lieu of a tax, levy anassessment against the land for this purpose. Prior to the levying of

an assessment the county noxious weed control board shall hold a public 1 2 hearing at which it shall gather information to serve as a basis for classification and shall then classify the lands into suitable 3 4 classifications, including but not limited to dry lands, range lands, irrigated lands, nonuse lands, forest lands, or federal lands. 5 The board shall develop and forward to the county legislative authority, as 6 a proposed level of assessment for each class, such an amount as shall 7 8 seem just. The assessment rate shall be either uniform per acre in its 9 respective class or a flat rate per parcel rate plus a uniform rate per 10 acre: PROVIDED, That if no special benefits should be found to accrue 11 to a class of land, a zero assessment may be levied. The legislative authority, upon receipt of the proposed levels of assessment from the 12 board, after a hearing, shall accept, modify, or refer back to the 13 board for its reconsideration all or any portion of the proposed levels 14 15 of assessment. The findings by the county legislative authority of such special benefits, when so declared by resolution and spread upon 16 17 the minutes of said authority shall be conclusive as to whether or not the same constitutes a special benefit to the lands within the section. 18 19 The amount of such assessment shall constitute a lien against the The county legislative authority may by resolution or 20 property. ordinance require that notice of the lien be sent to each owner of 21 22 property for which the assessment has not been paid by the date it was due and that each such lien created shall be collected by the treasurer 23 24 in the same manner as delinquent real property tax, if within thirty 25 days from the date the owner is sent notice of the lien, including the 26 amount thereof, the lien remains unpaid and an appeal has not been made pursuant to RCW 17.10.180. Liens treated as delinquent taxes shall 27 bear interest at the rate of twelve percent per annum and such interest 28 shall accrue as of the date notice of the lien is sent to the owner: 29 30 PROVIDED FURTHER, That any collections for such lien shall not be considered as tax; or 31

(2) The county legislative authority may appropriate money from the county general fund necessary for the administration of the county noxious weed control program. In addition the county legislative authority may make emergency appropriations as it deems necessary for the implementation of this chapter.

37 (3) Forest lands used solely for the planting, growing, or
 38 harvesting of trees and which are typified, except during a single
 39 period of five years following clear-cut logging, by canopies so dense

1 as to prohibit growth of an understory may be subject to an annual 2 noxious weed assessment levied by a county legislative authority that 3 shall not exceed one-tenth of the weighted average per acre noxious 4 weed assessment levied on all other lands in unincorporated areas 5 within the county that are subject to the weed assessment. This 6 assessment shall be computed in accordance with the formula in 7 subsection (4) of this section.

(4) The calculation of the "weighted average per acre noxious weed 8 9 assessment" shall be a ratio expressed as follows: (a) The numerator 10 shall be the total amount of funds estimated to be collected from the per acre assessment on all lands except (i) forest lands as identified 11 in subsection (3) of this section, (ii) lands exempt from the noxious 12 13 weed assessment, and (iii) lands located in an incorporated area. (b) The denominator shall be the total acreage from which funds in (a) of 14 15 this subsection are collected. For lands of less than one acre in 16 size, the denominator calculation may be based on the following assumptions: (i) Unimproved lands shall be calculated as being one-17 half acre in size on the average, and (ii) improved lands shall be 18 19 calculated as being one-third acre in size on the average. The county 20 legislative authority may choose to calculate the denominator for lands of less than one acre in size using other assumptions about average 21 22 parcel size based on local information.

(5) For those counties that levy a per parcel assessment to help fund noxious weed control programs, the per parcel assessment on forest lands as defined in subsection (3) of this section shall not exceed one-tenth of the per parcel assessment on nonforest lands.

27 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 78. The sum of thirty thousand dollars, or as 28 much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the general fund 29 for the biennium ending June 30, 1997, to Washington State University 30 for the use of the cooperative extension service in the selection, 31 testing, and production of biological control agents for knapweed 32 species on the state noxious weed list adopted under RCW 17.10.080, 33 with the intent of improving field availability of these agents.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 79. The sum of twenty thousand dollars, or as much thereof as may be necessary, is appropriated from the general fund for the biennium ending June 30, 1997, to the state noxious weed

control board to study, or contract for a study, on the cost of
 controlling weeds on state-owned or managed lands.

3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 80.** Sections 8 through 19 of this act shall 4 constitute a new chapter in Title 69 RCW.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 81. Sections 1 through 47, 50 through 53, and 6 59 through 68 of this act are necessary for the immediate preservation 7 of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the state 8 government and its existing public institutions, and shall take effect 9 June 30, 1995.

10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 82. Sections 69, 70, and 72 through 79 of this 11 act are necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, 12 health, or safety, or support of the state government and its existing 13 public institutions, and shall take effect immediately.

--- END ---