CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5400

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate March 13, 1995 CERTIFICATE YEAS 46 NAYS 0 I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5400** as President of the Senate passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates Passed by the House April 4, 1995 hereon set forth. YEAS 97 NAYS 0 Speaker of the Secretary House of Representatives Approved FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5400

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Law & Justice (originally sponsored by Senators Smith, C. Anderson, Haugen and Winsley; by request of Department of Labor & Industries)

Read first time 02/17/95.

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section.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to compensation for victims of crimes; and amending
- 2 RCW 7.68.120, 7.68.125, 7.68.130, 9.94A.142, 13.40.190, and 9.95.210.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 Sec. 1. RCW 7.68.120 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 122 s 12 are each 5 amended to read as follows:
- Any person who has committed a criminal act which resulted in 6 injury compensated under this chapter may be required to make 7 reimbursement to the department as ((hereinafter)) provided in this 8
- 10 (1) Any payment of benefits to or on behalf of a victim under this chapter creates a debt due and owing to the department by any person 11 12 found to have committed ((such)) the criminal act in either a civil or 13 criminal court proceeding in which he or she is a party((: PROVIDED, 14 That where)). If there has been a superior or district court order, or 15 an order of the indeterminate sentence review board ((of prison terms and paroles)) or the department of social and health services, as 16 17 ((hereinafter)) provided in subsection (4) of this section, the debt
- shall be limited to the amount provided for in ((said)) the order. A 18
- court order shall prevail over any other order. If, in a criminal 19

- 1 proceeding, a person has been found to have committed the criminal act
- 2 that results in the payment of benefits to a victim and the court in
- 3 the criminal proceeding does not enter a restitution order, the
- 4 <u>department shall</u>, within one year of imposition of the sentence,
- 5 petition the court for entry of a restitution order.
- 6 (2)(a) The department may issue a notice of debt due and owing to
- 7 the person found to have committed the criminal act, and shall serve
- 8 the notice on the person in the manner prescribed for the service of a
- 9 summons in a civil action or by certified mail. The department shall
- 10 file the notice of debt due and owing along with proof of service with
- 11 the superior court of the county where the criminal act took place.
- 12 The person served the notice shall have thirty days from the date of
- 13 service to respond to the notice by requesting a hearing in superior
- 14 court.
- 15 (b) If a person served a notice of debt due and owing fails to
- 16 respond within thirty days, the department may seek a default judgment.
- 17 Upon entry of a judgment in an action brought pursuant to (a) of this
- 18 subsection, the clerk shall enter the order in the execution docket.
- 19 The filing fee shall be added to the amount of the debt indicated in
- 20 the judgment. The judgment shall become a lien upon all real and
- 21 personal property of the person named in the judgment as in other civil
- 22 cases. The judgment shall be subject to execution, garnishment, or
- 23 other procedures for collection of a judgment.
- 24 (3)(a) The director, or the director's designee, may issue to any
- 25 person or organization an order to withhold and deliver property of any
- 26 kind if there is reason to believe that the person or organization
- 27 possesses property that is due, owing, or belonging to any person
- 28 against whom a judgment for a debt due and owing has been entered under
- 29 subsection (2) of this section. For purposes of this subsection,
- 30 "person or organization" includes any individual, firm, association,
- 31 corporation, political subdivision of the state, or agency of the
- 32 state.
- 33 (b) The order to withhold and deliver must be served in the manner
- 34 prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or by
- 35 certified mail, return receipt requested. Any person or organization
- 36 upon whom service has been made shall answer the order within twenty
- 37 days exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and
- 38 shall make true answers to the matters inquired of therein.

- 1 (c) If there is in the possession of the person or organization
 2 served with the order any property that might be subject to the claim
 3 of the department, the person or organization must immediately withhold
 4 such property and deliver the property to the director or the
 5 director's authorized representative immediately upon demand.
- (d) If the person or organization served the order fails to timely
 answer the order, the court may render judgment by default against the
 person or organization for the full amount claimed by the director in
 the order plus costs.
- (e) If an order to withhold and deliver is served upon an employer and the property found to be subject to the notice is wages, the employer may assert in the answer all exemptions to which the wage earner might be entitled as provided by RCW 6.27.150.
- 14 (4) Upon being placed on work release pursuant to chapter 72.65 15 RCW, or upon release from custody of a state correctional facility on 16 parole, any convicted person who owes a debt to the department as a consequence of a criminal act may have the schedule or amount of 17 payments therefor set as a condition of work release or parole by the 18 19 department of social and health services or indeterminate sentence 20 review board ((of prison terms and paroles)) respectively, subject to modification based on change of circumstances. Such action shall be 21 22 binding on the department.
- (((3))) <u>(5)</u> Any requirement for payment due and owing the department by a convicted person under this chapter may be waived, modified downward or otherwise adjusted by the department in the interest of justice, the well-being of the victim, and the rehabilitation of the individual.
- 28 (6) The department shall not seek payment for a debt due and owing 29 if such action would deprive the victim of the crime giving rise to the 30 claim under this chapter of the benefit of any property to which the 31 victim would be entitled under RCW 26.16.030.
- 32 **Sec. 2.** RCW 7.68.125 and 1975 1st ex.s. c 176 s 8 are each amended 33 to read as follows:
- 34 (1) Whenever any payment under this chapter is made because of 35 clerical error, mistake of identity, innocent misrepresentation by or 36 on behalf of the recipient thereof mistakenly acted upon, or any other 37 circumstance of a similar nature, all not induced by fraud, the 38 recipient thereof shall repay it and recoupment may be made from any

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- 1 future payments due to the recipient under this chapter((: PROVIDED,
- 2 That)). The department must make claim for such repayment or recoupment
- 3 within one year of the making of any such payment or it will be deemed
- 4 that any claim therefor has been waived((: PROVIDED FURTHER, That)).
- 5 $\underline{\mathbf{T}}$ he department may exercise its discretion to waive, in whole or in
- 6 part, the amount of any such timely claim.
- 7 (2) Whenever any payment under this chapter has been made pursuant
- 8 to an adjudication by the department, board, or any court and timely
- 9 appeal therefrom has been made and the final decision is that any such
- 10 payment was made pursuant to an erroneous adjudication, the recipient
- 11 thereof shall repay it and recoupment may be made from any future
- 12 payments due to the recipient under this chapter((: PROVIDED, That)).
- 13 $\underline{\text{T}}$ he department may exercise its discretion to waive, in whole or in
- 14 part, the amount thereof.
- 15 (3) Whenever any payment under this chapter has been induced by
- 16 fraud the recipient thereof shall repay any such payment together with
- 17 a penalty of fifty percent of the total of any such payments and the
- 18 amount of such total sum may be recouped from any future payments due
- 19 to the recipient under this chapter and the amount of the penalty shall
- 20 be placed in the fund or funds established pursuant to RCW 7.68.090
- 21 ((as now or hereafter amended)).
- 22 (4) If the department issues an order contending a debt due and
- 23 owing under this section, the order is subject to chapter 51.52 RCW.
- 24 If the order becomes final under chapter 51.52 RCW, the director or the
- 25 <u>director's designee may file with the clerk of any county within the</u>
- 26 state a warrant in the amount stated in the order plus interest
- 27 accruing from the date the order became final. The clerk of the county
- 28 <u>in which the warrant is filed shall immediately enter the warrant in</u>
- 29 the execution docket. The amount of the warrant as docketed becomes a
- 30 <u>lien upon all real and personal property of the person against whom the</u>
- 31 warrant is issued, the same as a judgment in a civil case. The warrant
- 32 <u>shall then be subject to execution, garnishment, and other procedures</u>
- 33 for the collection of judgments. The filing fee must be added to the
- 34 amount of the warrant. The department shall mail a conformed copy of
- 35 the warrant to the person named within seven working days of filing
- 36 <u>with the clerk.</u>
- 37 (5)(a) The director, or the director's designee, may issue to any
- 38 person or organization an order to withhold and deliver property of any
- 39 kind if there is reason to believe that the person or organization

- 1 possesses property that is due, owing, or belonging to any person
- 2 against whom a final order of debt due and owing has been entered. For
- 3 purposes of this subsection, "person or organization" includes any
- 4 <u>individual</u>, firm, association, corporation, political subdivision of
- 5 the state, or agency of the state.
- 6 (b) The order to withhold and deliver must be served in the manner
- 7 prescribed for the service of a summons in a civil action or by
- 8 certified mail, return receipt requested. Any person or organization
- 9 upon whom service has been made shall answer the order within twenty
- 10 days exclusive of the day of service, under oath and in writing, and
- 11 shall make true answers to the matters inquired of therein.
- 12 (c) If there is in the possession of the person or organization
- 13 served with the order any property that might be subject to the claim
- 14 of the department, the person or organization must immediately withhold
- 15 such property and deliver the property to the director or the
- 16 <u>director's authorized representative immediately upon demand.</u>
- 17 <u>(d) If the person or organization served the order fails to timely</u>
- 18 answer the order, the court may render judgment by default against the
- 19 person or organization for the full amount claimed by the director in
- 20 the order plus costs.
- 21 <u>(e) If an order to withhold and deliver is served upon an employer</u>
- 22 and the property found to be subject to the notice is wages, the
- 23 employer may assert in the answer all exemptions to which the wage
- 24 earner might be entitled as provided by RCW 6.27.150.
- 25 **Sec. 3.** RCW 7.68.130 and 1985 c 443 s 16 are each amended to read
- 26 as follows:
- 27 (1) Benefits payable pursuant to this chapter shall be reduced by
- 28 the amount of any other public or private insurance available, less a
- 29 proportionate share of reasonable attorneys' fees and costs, if any,
- 30 incurred by the victim in obtaining recovery from the insurer.
- 31 Calculation of a proportionate share of attorneys' fees and costs shall
- 32 be made under the formula established in RCW 51.24.060. The department
- 33 or the victim may require court approval of costs and attorneys' fees
- 34 or may petition a court for determination of the reasonableness of
- 35 costs and attorneys' fees.
- 36 (2) Benefits payable after 1980 to victims injured or killed before
- 37 1980 shall be reduced by any other public or private insurance
- 38 including but not limited to social security.

- 1 (3) Payment by the department under this chapter shall be secondary to ((such)) other insurance benefits, notwithstanding the provision of any contract or coverage to the contrary((: PROVIDED, That)). In the case of private life insurance proceeds, the first forty thousand dollars of ((such)) the proceeds shall not be considered for purposes of any ((such)) reduction in benefits.
- 7 (4) For the purposes of this section, the collection methods 8 available under RCW 7.68.125(4) apply.
- 9 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.142 and 1994 c 271 s 602 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- (1) When restitution is ordered, the court shall determine the 11 12 amount of restitution due at the sentencing hearing or within sixty days except as provided in subsection (3) of this section. 13 The court 14 shall then set a minimum monthly payment that the offender is required 15 to make towards the restitution that is ordered. The court should take into consideration the total amount of the restitution owed, the 16 offender's present, past, and future ability to pay, as well as any 17 18 assets that the offender may have. During the period of supervision, 19 the community corrections officer may examine the offender to determine 20 if there has been a change in circumstances that warrants an amendment of the monthly payment schedule. The community corrections officer may 21 22 recommend a change to the schedule of payment and shall inform the 23 court of the recommended change and the reasons for the change. 24 sentencing court may then reset the monthly minimum payments based on 25 the report from the community corrections officer of the change in circumstances. Restitution ordered by a court pursuant to a criminal 26 conviction shall be based on easily ascertainable damages for injury to 27 28 or loss of property, actual expenses incurred for treatment for injury 29 to persons, and lost wages resulting from injury. Restitution shall not include reimbursement for damages for mental anguish, pain and 30 suffering, or other intangible losses, but may include the costs of 31 32 counseling reasonably related to the offense. The amount restitution shall not exceed double the amount of the offender's gain 33 or the victim's loss from the commission of the crime. 34 purposes of this section, the offender shall remain under the court's 35 36 jurisdiction for a maximum term of ten years following the offender's release from total confinement or ten years subsequent to the entry of 37 the judgment and sentence, whichever period is longer. The portion of 38

- the sentence concerning restitution may be modified as to amount, terms and conditions during the ten-year period, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of community supervision and regardless of the statutory maximum for the crime. The offender's compliance with the restitution shall be supervised by the department.
- 6 (2) Restitution shall be ordered whenever the offender is convicted 7 of an offense which results in injury to any person or damage to or 8 loss of property unless extraordinary circumstances exist which make 9 restitution inappropriate in the court's judgment and the court sets 10 forth such circumstances in the record. In addition, restitution shall be ordered to pay for an injury, loss, or damage if the offender pleads 11 guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the 12 prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay 13 14 restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which are not 15 prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement.

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- (3) Regardless of the provisions of subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims' compensation program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the judgment and sentence for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.
- (4) In addition to any sentence that may be imposed, a defendant who has been found guilty of an offense involving fraud or other deceptive practice or an organization which has been found guilty of any such offense may be ordered by the sentencing court to give notice of the conviction to the class of persons or to the sector of the public affected by the conviction or financially interested in the subject matter of the offense by mail, by advertising in designated areas or through designated media, or by other appropriate means.
- $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) This section does not limit civil remedies or defenses available to the victim, survivors of the victim, or defendant.
- (((+5+))) (6) This section shall apply to offenses committed after 38 July 1, 1985.

- Sec. 5. RCW 13.40.190 and 1994 sp.s. c 7 s 528 are each amended to read as follows:
- 3 (1) In its dispositional order, the court shall require the 4 respondent to make restitution to any persons who have suffered loss or damage as a result of the offense committed by the respondent. 5 addition, restitution may be ordered for loss or damage if the offender 6 7 pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the 8 prosecutor's recommendation that the offender be required to pay 9 restitution to a victim of an offense or offenses which, pursuant to a plea agreement, are not prosecuted. The payment of restitution shall 10 be in addition to any punishment which is imposed pursuant to the other 11 provisions of this chapter. The court may determine the amount, terms, 12 and conditions of the restitution including a payment plan extending up 13 to ten years if the court determines that the respondent does not have 14 15 the means to make full restitution over a shorter period. Restitution 16 may include the costs of counseling reasonably related to the offense. 17 If the respondent participated in the crime with another person or other persons, all such participants shall be jointly and severally 18 19 responsible for the payment of restitution. For the purposes of this section, the respondent shall remain under the court's jurisdiction for 20 a maximum term of ten years after the respondent's eighteenth birthday. 21 22 The court may not require the respondent to pay full or partial restitution if the respondent reasonably satisfies the court that he or 23 24 she does not have the means to make full or partial restitution and 25 could not reasonably acquire the means to pay such restitution over a 26 ten-year period. In cases where an offender has been committed to the department for a period of confinement exceeding fifteen weeks, 27 restitution may be waived. 28
- 29 (2) Regardless of the provisions of subsection (1) of this section, 30 the court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, chapter 31 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of 32 the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the 33 34 crime victims' compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims' compensation 35 program, may petition the court within one year of entry of the 36 37 disposition order for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall 38 39 hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.

- 1 (3) If an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order. The restitution to victims named in the order shall be paid prior to any payment for other penalties or monetary assessments. ((3)) (4) A respondent under obligation to pay restitution may petition the court for modification of the restitution order.
- 7 **Sec. 6.** RCW 9.95.210 and 1993 c 251 s 3 are each amended to read 8 as follows:

In granting probation, the court may suspend the imposition or the execution of the sentence and may direct that the suspension may continue upon such conditions and for such time as it shall designate, not exceeding the maximum term of sentence or two years, whichever is longer.

14 In the order granting probation and as a condition thereof, the 15 court may in its discretion imprison the defendant in the county jail for a period not exceeding one year and may fine the defendant any sum 16 not exceeding the statutory limit for the offense committed, and court 17 18 As a condition of probation, the court shall require the 19 payment of the penalty assessment required by RCW 7.68.035. The court may also require the defendant to make such monetary payments, on such 20 terms as it deems appropriate under the circumstances, as are necessary 21 (1) to comply with any order of the court for the payment of family 22 23 support, (2) to make restitution to any person or persons who may have 24 suffered loss or damage by reason of the commission of the crime in 25 question or when the offender pleads guilty to a lesser offense or fewer offenses and agrees with the prosecutor's recommendation that the 26 offender be required to pay restitution to a victim of an offense or 27 offenses which are not prosecuted pursuant to a plea agreement, (3) to 28 may be imposed and court costs, 29 pay such fine as reimbursement of the state for costs of extradition if return to this 30 state by extradition was required, (4) following consideration of the 31 financial condition of the person subject to possible electronic 32 33 monitoring, to pay for the costs of electronic monitoring if that 34 monitoring was required by the court as a condition of release from custody or as a condition of probation, (5) to contribute to a county 35 36 or interlocal drug fund, and (6) to make restitution to a public agency 37 for the costs of an emergency response under RCW 38.52.430, and may

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require bonds for the faithful observance of any and all conditions imposed in the probation.

The court shall order restitution in all cases where the victim is entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, chapter 7.68 RCW. If the court does not order restitution and the victim of the crime has been determined to be entitled to benefits under the crime victims' compensation act, the department of labor and industries, as administrator of the crime victims' compensation program, may petition the court within one year of imposition of the sentence for entry of a restitution order. Upon receipt of a petition from the department of labor and industries, the court shall hold a restitution hearing and shall enter a restitution order.

The court shall order the probationer to report to the secretary of corrections or such officer as the secretary may designate and as a condition of the probation to follow implicitly the instructions of the secretary. If the probationer has been ordered to make restitution, the officer supervising the probationer shall make a reasonable effort to ascertain whether restitution has been made. If restitution has not been made as ordered, the officer shall inform the prosecutor of that violation of the terms of probation not less than three months prior to the termination of the probation period. The secretary of corrections will promulgate rules and regulations for the conduct of the person during the term of probation. For defendants found guilty in district court, like functions as the secretary performs in regard to probation may be performed by probation officers employed for that purpose by the county legislative authority of the county wherein the court is located.

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