

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2689

Chapter 259, Laws of 1996

(partial veto)

54th Legislature
1996 Regular Session

ORAL AND MAXILLOFACIAL SURGERY

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/6/96

Passed by the House March 4, 1996
Yeas 94 Nays 0

CLYDE BALLARD

**Speaker of the
House of Representatives**

Passed by the Senate March 1, 1996
Yeas 45 Nays 0

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Approved March 29, 1996, with the
exception of section 2, which is
vetoed.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of
the House of Representatives of the
State of Washington, do hereby certify
that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE
BILL 2689** as passed by the House of
Representatives and the Senate on the
dates hereon set forth.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN

Chief Clerk

FILED

March 29, 1996 - 4:42 p.m.

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2689

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1996 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1996 Regular Session

By House Committee on Health Care (originally sponsored by Representatives Dyer, Cody, Campbell and Conway)

Read first time 02/02/96.

1 AN ACT Relating to the practice of oral and maxillofacial surgery;
2 amending RCW 18.32.020; and declaring an emergency.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 18.32.020 and 1957 c 98 s 1 are each amended to read
5 as follows:

6 A person practices dentistry, within the meaning of this chapter,
7 who (1) represents himself as being able to diagnose, treat, remove
8 stains and concretions from teeth, operate or prescribe for any
9 disease, pain, injury, deficiency, deformity, or physical condition of
10 the human teeth, alveolar process, gums, or jaw, or (2) offers or
11 undertakes by any means or methods to diagnose, treat, remove stains or
12 concretions from teeth, operate or prescribe for any disease, pain,
13 injury, deficiency, deformity, or physical condition of the same, or
14 take impressions of the teeth or jaw, or (3) owns, maintains or
15 operates an office for the practice of dentistry, or (4) engages in any
16 of the practices included in the curricula of recognized and approved
17 dental schools or colleges, or (5) professes to the public by any
18 method to furnish, supply, construct, reproduce, or repair any

1 prosthetic denture, bridge, appliance, or other structure to be worn in
2 the human mouth.

3 The fact that a person uses any dental degree, or designation, or
4 any card, device, directory, poster, sign, or other media whereby he
5 represents himself to be a dentist, shall be prima facie evidence that
6 such person is engaged in the practice of dentistry.

7 X-ray diagnosis as to the method of dental practice in which the
8 diagnosis and examination is made of the normal and abnormal
9 structures, parts or functions of the human teeth, the alveolar
10 process, maxilla, mandible or soft tissues adjacent thereto, is hereby
11 declared to be the practice of dentistry. Any person other than a
12 regularly licensed physician or surgeon who makes any diagnosis or
13 interpretation or explanation, or attempts to diagnose or to make any
14 interpretation or explanation of the registered shadow or shadows of
15 any part of the human teeth, alveolar process, maxilla, mandible or
16 soft tissues adjacent thereto by the use of x-ray is declared to be
17 engaged in the practice of dentistry, medicine or surgery.

18 The practice of dentistry includes the performance of any dental or
19 oral and maxillofacial surgery. "Oral and maxillofacial surgery" means
20 the specialty of dentistry that includes the diagnosis and surgical and
21 adjunctive treatment of diseases, injuries, and defects of the hard and
22 soft tissues of the oral and maxillofacial region.

23 ****NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate***
24 ***preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of the***
25 ***state government and its existing public institutions, and shall take***
26 ***effect immediately.***

27 ****Sec. 2 was vetoed. See message at end of chapter.***

Passed the House March 4, 1996.

Passed the Senate March 1, 1996.

Approved by the Governor March 29, 1996, with the exception of
certain items that were vetoed.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 29, 1996.

1 Note: Governor's explanation of partial veto is as follows:

2 "I am returning herewith, without my approval as to section 2,
3 Substitute House Bill No. 2689 entitled:

4 "AN ACT Relating to the practice of oral and maxillofacial
5 surgery;"

6 Substitute House Bill No. 2689 clarifies the dental scope of
7 practice to include oral and maxillofacial surgery.

1 This legislation includes an emergency clause in section 2.
2 Although clarifying the dental scope of practice is important, it is
3 not a matter necessary for the immediate preservation of the public
4 peace, health, or safety, or support of the state government and its
5 existing public institutions. Preventing this bill from being subject
6 to a referendum under Article II, section 1 (b) of the state
7 Constitution unnecessarily denies the people of this state their power,
8 at their own option, to approve or reject this bill at the polls.

9 For this reason, I have vetoed section 2 of Substitute House Bill
10 No. 2689.

11 With the exception of section 2, Substitute House Bill No. 2689 is
12 approved."