CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SENATE BILL 6077

Chapter 17, Laws of 1995

54th Legislature 1995 First Special Session

PROBATIONARY LICENSES AND REISSUE CHARGES FOR ALCOHOL-RELATED OFFENSES

EFFECTIVE DATE: 9/1/95

Passed by the Senate May 23, 1995 YEAS 46 NAYS 0

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Passed by the House May 19, 1995 YEAS 92 NAYS 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Marty Brown, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 6077** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved June 14, 1995

MARTY BROWN

Secretary

FILED

June 14, 1995 - 10:26 a.m.

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington _____

SENATE BILL 6077

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 1995 First Special Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 1st Special Session

By Senator Smith

Read first time 05/09/95.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to probationary licenses and reissue charges for
- 2 alcohol-related offenses; amending RCW 46.20.355 and 46.61.--- (section
- 3 5, chapter . . . (SSB 5141), Laws of 1995); and providing an effective
- 4 date.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.20.355 and 1995 c . . . (SSB 5141) s 4 are each 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 (1) Upon placing a license, permit, or privilege to drive in
- 9 probationary status under RCW 46.20.---(2)(a) (section 3(2)(a), chapter
- 10 . . . (SSB 5141), Laws of 1995), or upon receipt of an abstract
- indicating a deferred prosecution has been granted under RCW 10.05.060,
- 12 or upon receipt of a notice of conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or
- 13 46.61.504, the department of licensing shall order the person to
- 14 surrender any Washington state driver's license that may be in his or
- 15 her possession. The department shall revoke the license, permit, or
- 16 privilege to drive of any person who fails to surrender it as required
- 17 by this section for one year, unless the license has been previously
- 18 surrendered to the department, a law enforcement officer, or a court,
- 19 or the person has completed an affidavit of lost, stolen, destroyed, or

- 1 previously surrendered license, such revocation to take effect thirty 2 days after notice is given of the requirement for license surrender.
- 3 (2) The department shall place a person's driving privilege in 4 probationary status as required by RCW 10.05.060 $((\Theta r))$, 46.20.308, or 46.61.--- (section 5, chapter . . . (SSB 5141), Laws of 1995) for a 6 period of five years from the date the probationary status is required 7 to go into effect.
- 8 (3) Following receipt of an abstract indicating a deferred 9 prosecution has been granted under RCW 10.05.060, or following receipt 10 of a sworn report under RCW 46.20.308 that requires immediate placement in probationary status under RCW 46.20.---(2)(a) (section 3(2)(a), 11 chapter . . . (SSB 5141), Laws of 1995), or upon reinstatement or 12 reissuance of a driver's license suspended or revoked as the result of 13 a conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department shall 14 15 require the person to obtain a probationary license in order to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Washington, except as otherwise exempt 16 17 under RCW 46.20.025. The department shall not issue the probationary license unless the person is otherwise qualified for licensing, and the 18 19 person must renew the probationary license on the same cycle as the 20 person's regular license would have been renewed until the expiration of the five-year probationary status period imposed under subsection 21 22 (2) of this section.
- (4) For each original issue or renewal of a probationary license under this section, the department shall charge a fee of fifty dollars in addition to any other licensing fees required. Except for when renewing a probationary license, the department shall waive the fifty-dollar fee if the person has a probationary license in his or her possession at the time a new probationary license is required.
- (5) A probationary license shall enable the department and law enforcement personnel to determine that the person is on probationary status. The fact that a person's driving privilege is in probationary status or that the person has been issued a probationary license shall not be a part of the person's record that is available to insurance companies.
- 35 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.61.--- and 1995 c . . . (SSB 5141) s 5 are each 36 amended to read as follows:

1 (1) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 2 46.61.504 and who has no prior offense within five years shall be 3 punished as follows:

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- (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- 8 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one 9 year. Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 10 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 11 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 12 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 13 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 14 15 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- (ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
 - (iii) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of ninety days. The period of license, permit, or privilege suspension may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall suspend the offender's license, permit, or privilege; or
- (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- 31 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or 32 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 33 34 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 35 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 36 37 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 38

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- 1 (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than 2 five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be 3 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 4 indigent; and
- 5 (iii) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, 6 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 7 one hundred twenty days. The period of license, permit, or privilege 8 suspension may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department 9 of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the 10 conviction the department shall suspend the offender's license, permit, 11 or privilege.
- 12 (2) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 13 46.61.504 and who has one prior offense within five years shall be 14 punished as follows:
- (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
 - (i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one year. Thirty days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- (ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of one year. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege; or
- 38 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 39 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a

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- 1 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 2 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- 3 (i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than 4 one year. Forty-five days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or 5 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 6 7 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 8 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 9 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 10 suspension or deferral is based; and
- (ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of four hundred fifty days. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege.
- 22 (3) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 23 46.61.504 and who has two or more prior offenses within five years 24 shall be punished as follows:
- 25 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 26 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to 27 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 28 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

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- (i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one year. Ninety days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and
- 37 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 38 five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be

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- 1 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 2 indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of two years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege; or
- (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:
- (i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor 14 15 more than one year. One hundred twenty days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition 16 17 of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 18 19 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 20 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 21
- (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and
- (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of three years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege.
- 33 (4) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the 34 limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider 35 whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was responsible 36 for injury or damage to another or another's property.
- 37 (5) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the 38 alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.

(6) After expiration of any period of suspension or revocation of the offender's license, permit, or privilege to drive required by this section, the department shall place the offender's driving privilege in probationary status pursuant to RCW 46.20.355.

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- 5 (7)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than 6 7 one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a 8 period of confinement for a period not exceeding two years. The court 9 shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a 10 motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a 11 motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration 12 13 of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol 14 15 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has 16 reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual 17 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of 18 19 probation that include nonrepetition, alcohol or drug treatment, 20 supervised probation, or other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed in whole or in part upon violation of a 21 condition of probation during the suspension period. 22
- (b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under (a) (i) and (ii) or (a) (i) and (iii) of this subsection, the court shall order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall not be suspended or deferred.
 - (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license, permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this subsection.
- $((\frac{7}{1}))(8)(a)$ A "prior offense" means any of the following:
- (i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent local ordinance;

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- 1 (ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalent
- 2 local ordinance;
- 3 (iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed while 4 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
- 5 (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while 6 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;
- 7 (v) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have been 8 a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), or (iv) of this subsection if 9 committed in this state; or
- (vi) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance.
- 13 (b) "Within five years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 14 occurred within five years of the arrest for the current offense.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act shall take effect September 1, 16 1995.

Passed the Senate May 23, 1995.
Passed the House May 19, 1995.
Approved by the Governor June 14, 1995.
Filed in Office of Secretary of State June 14, 1995.