2 **ESSB 6166** - H COMM AMD

3 By Committee on Law & Justice

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ADOPTED AS AMENDED 3/5/98

5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:

7 "Sec. 1. RCW 46.61.5055 and 1997 c 229 s 11 and 1997 c 66 s 14 are 8 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

9 (1) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 10 46.61.504 and who has no prior offense within five years shall be 11 punished as follows:

12 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 13 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to 14 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 15 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

16 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one day nor more than one Twenty-four consecutive hours of the imprisonment may not be 17 year. suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of 18 19 this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the 20 offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 21 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the 22 23 facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and

(ii) By a fine of not less than three hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Three hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and

28 (iii) By suspension of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 29 30 ninety days. The period of license, permit, or privilege suspension may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of 31 licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the 32 33 conviction the department shall suspend the offender's license, permit, or privilege; or 34

35 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 36 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a

1 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 2 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

3 (i) By imprisonment for not less than two days nor more than one 4 year. Two consecutive days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 5 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's 6 7 physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 8 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 9 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 10 suspension or deferral is based; and

(ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and

(iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of one year. The period of license, permit, or privilege suspension may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall suspend the offender's license, permit, or privilege.

(2) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
46.61.504 and who has one prior offense within five years shall be
punished as follows:

(a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

29 (i) By imprisonment for not less than thirty days nor more than one 30 year. Thirty days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum 31 sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or 32 33 mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is 34 suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for 35 granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 36

(ii) By a fine of not less than five hundred dollars nor more thanfive thousand dollars. Five hundred dollars of the fine may not be

suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be
 indigent; and

3 (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, 4 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 5 two years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may 6 not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing 7 of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction 8 the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or 9 privilege; or

10 (b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at 11 least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a 12 test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 13 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than forty-five days nor more than 14 15 one year. Forty-five days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or 16 deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory 17 minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence 18 19 is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason 20 for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 21

(ii) By a fine of not less than seven hundred fifty dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. Seven hundred fifty dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and

(iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of nine hundred days. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or privilege.

(3) A person who is convicted of a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or
46.61.504 and who has two or more prior offenses within five years
shall be punished as follows:

36 (a) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was less 37 than 0.15, or for whom for reasons other than the person's refusal to 38 take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result 39 indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

(i) By imprisonment for not less than ninety days nor more than one 1 2 year. Ninety days of the imprisonment may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition of this mandatory minimum 3 4 sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or Whenever the mandatory minimum sentence is 5 mental well-being. suspended or deferred, the court shall state in writing the reason for 6 7 granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the 8 suspension or deferral is based; and

9 (ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand dollars nor more than 10 five thousand dollars. One thousand dollars of the fine may not be 11 suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be 12 indigent; and

(iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, 13 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 14 15 three years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation 16 may not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of 17 licensing of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, 18 19 or privilege; or

(b) In the case of a person whose alcohol concentration was at least 0.15, or for whom by reason of the person's refusal to take a test offered pursuant to RCW 46.20.308 there is no test result indicating the person's alcohol concentration:

24 (i) By imprisonment for not less than one hundred twenty days nor 25 more than one year. One hundred twenty days of the imprisonment may 26 not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds that the imposition 27 of this mandatory minimum sentence would impose a substantial risk to the offender's physical or mental well-being. Whenever the mandatory 28 minimum sentence is suspended or deferred, the court shall state in 29 30 writing the reason for granting the suspension or deferral and the facts upon which the suspension or deferral is based; and 31

(ii) By a fine of not less than one thousand five hundred dollars nor more than five thousand dollars. One thousand five hundred dollars of the fine may not be suspended or deferred unless the court finds the offender to be indigent; and

36 (iii) By revocation of the offender's license or permit to drive, 37 or suspension of any nonresident privilege to drive, for a period of 38 four years. The period of license, permit, or privilege revocation may 39 not be suspended. The court shall notify the department of licensing

of the conviction, and upon receiving notification of the conviction
 the department shall revoke the offender's license, permit, or
 privilege.

4 (4) In exercising its discretion in setting penalties within the
5 limits allowed by this section, the court shall particularly consider
6 whether the person's driving at the time of the offense was responsible
7 for injury or damage to another or another's property.

8 (5) An offender punishable under this section is subject to the 9 alcohol assessment and treatment provisions of RCW 46.61.5056.

10 (6) After expiration of any period of suspension or revocation of 11 the offender's license, permit, or privilege to drive required by this 12 section, the department shall place the offender's driving privilege in 13 probationary status pursuant to RCW 46.20.355.

(7)(a) In addition to any nonsuspendable and nondeferrable jail 14 15 sentence required by this section, whenever the court imposes less than 16 one year in jail, the court shall also suspend but shall not defer a 17 period of confinement for a period not exceeding two years. The court shall impose conditions of probation that include: (i) Not driving a 18 19 motor vehicle within this state without a valid license to drive and 20 proof of financial responsibility for the future; (ii) not driving a motor vehicle within this state while having an alcohol concentration 21 of 0.08 or more within two hours after driving; and (iii) not refusing 22 to submit to a test of his or her breath or blood to determine alcohol 23 24 concentration upon request of a law enforcement officer who has 25 reasonable grounds to believe the person was driving or was in actual 26 physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor. The court may impose conditions of 27 probation that include nonrepetition, installation of an ignition 28 29 interlock or other biological or technical device on the probationer's motor vehicle, alcohol or drug treatment, supervised probation, or 30 other conditions that may be appropriate. The sentence may be imposed 31 in whole or in part upon violation of a condition of probation during 32 the suspension period. 33

(b) For each violation of mandatory conditions of probation under
(a)(i) and (ii) or (a)(i) and (iii) of this subsection, the court shall
order the convicted person to be confined for thirty days, which shall
not be suspended or deferred.

38 (c) For each incident involving a violation of a mandatory 39 condition of probation imposed under this subsection, the license,

permit, or privilege to drive of the person shall be suspended by the 1 court for thirty days or, if such license, permit, or privilege to 2 drive already is suspended, revoked, or denied at the time the finding 3 of probation violation is made, the suspension, revocation, or denial 4 5 then in effect shall be extended by thirty days. The court shall notify the department of any suspension, revocation, or denial or any 6 7 extension of a suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this 8 subsection.

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(8)(a) A "prior offense" means any of the following:

(i) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalentlocal ordinance;

(ii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.504 or an equivalentlocal ordinance;

(iii) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.520 committed whileunder the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

16 (iv) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.522 committed while 17 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug;

(v) A conviction for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, 46.61.500, or 9A.36.050 or an equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the result of a charge that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522;

(vi) An out-of-state conviction for a violation that would have been a violation of (a)(i), (ii), (iii), (iv), or (v) of this subsection if committed in this state;

(vii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a
 prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.502, 46.61.504, or an
 equivalent local ordinance; or

(viii) A deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW granted in a prosecution for a violation of RCW 46.61.5249, or an equivalent local ordinance, if the charge under which the deferred prosecution was granted was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522.

35 (b) "Within five years" means that the arrest for a prior offense 36 occurred within five years of the arrest for the current offense.

37 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.61.520 and 1996 c 199 s 7 are each amended to read 38 as follows:

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(1) When the death of any person ensues within three years as a 1 proximate result of injury proximately caused by the driving of any 2 vehicle by any person, the driver is guilty of vehicular homicide if 3 4 the driver was operating a motor vehicle: 5 (a) While under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug, as defined by RCW 46.61.502; or б 7 (b) In a reckless manner; or (c) With disregard for the safety of others. 8 9 (2) Vehicular homicide is a class A felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW, except that, for a conviction under subsection (1)(a) of 10 this section, an additional two years shall be added to the sentence 11 12 for each prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055. 13 Sec. 3. RCW 9.94A.310 and 1997 c 365 s 3 and 1997 c 338 s 50 are 14 each reenacted and amended to read as follows: 15 (1) TABLE 1 Sentencing Grid 16 17 SERIOUSNESS 18 SCORE OFFENDER SCORE 19 9 or 20 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 more 21 22 Life Sentence without Parole/Death Penalty XV 23 24 23y4m 24y4m 25y4m 26y4m 27y4m 28y4m 30y4m 32y10m 36y 40vXIV 25 240-250-261-271-281-291-312-338-370-411-26 320 333 347 361 374 388 416 450 493 548 27 17y11m 18y9m 20y5m 22y2m 25y7m 29y 28 14y4m 15y4m 16y2m 17y XIII 29 123-144-154-165-175-195-216-257-134-298-30 220 234 244 254 265 275 295 316 357 397 31 32 9y11m 10y9m 11y8m 12y6m 13y5m 15y9m 17y3m 20y3m 23y3m XII 9y 33 93-102-111-120-129-138-162-178-209-240-34 160 123 136 147 171 184 216 236 277 318 35

1	XI	7убm	8y4m	9y2m	9yllm	10y9m	11y7m	14y2m	15y5m	17y11r	n 20y5m
2		78-	86-	95-	102-	111-	120-	146-	159-	185-	210-
3		102	114	125	136	147	158	194	211	245	280
4											
5	Х	5y	5y6m	бу	бубт	7y	7убт	9убт	10y6m	12y6m	14y6m
6		51-	57-	62-	67-	72-	77-	98-	108-	129-	149-
7		68	75	82	89	96	102	130	144	171	198
8											
9	IX	3у	Зубт	4y	4убт	5y	5убт	7убт	8убт	-	12y6m
10		31-	36-	41-	46-	51-	57-	77-	87-	108-	129-
11		41	48	54	61	68	75	102	116	144	171
12 13	VIII	2y	2y6m	3y	Зубm	4y	4убm	бубт	7убm	8убm	10y6m
14	•	21-	29- 26-	31-	36-	41-	46-	67-	77-	87-	108-
15		27	34	41	48	54	61	89	102	116	144
16		27	51	11	10	51	01	0,0	TOT	TTO	± ± ±
17	VII	18m	2y	2y6m	3y	3y6m	4y	5y6m	бубт	7y6m	8y6m
18		15-	21-	26-	31-	36-	41-	57-	67-	77-	87-
19		20	27	34	41	48	54	75	89	102	116
20											
21	VI	13m	18m	2y	2y6m	3y	3y6m	4y6m	5y6m	бубт	7убm
22		12+-	15-	21-	26-	31-	36-	46-	57-	67-	77-
23		14	20	27	34	41	48	61	75	89	102
24											
25	V	9m	13m	15m	18m	2y2m	3y2m	4y	5y	бу	7y
26		б-	12+-	13-	15-	22-	33-	41-	51-	62-	72-
27		12	14	17	20	29	43	54	68	82	96
28											
29	IV	бm	9m	13m	15m	18m	2y2m	3y2m	4y2m	5y2m	6y2m
30		3–	б-	12+-	13-	15-	22-	33-	43-	53-	63-
31		9	12	14	17	20	29	43	57	70	84
32											
33	III	2m	5m	8m	11m	14m	20m	2y2m	3y2m	4y2m	5y
34		1-	3–	4-	9-	12+-	17-	22-	33-	43-	51-
35		3	8	12	12	16	22	29	43	57	68
36											
37	II		4m	бm	8m	13m	16m	20m	2y2m	3y2m	4y2m
38		0-90	2-	3-	4-	12+-	14-	17-	22-	33-	43-
39		Days	б	9	12	14	18	22	29	43	57

-	-											
2	I			3m	4m	5m	8m	13m	16m	20m	2y2m	
3		0-60	0-90	2-	2-	3-	4 -	12+-	14-	17-	22-	
4		Days	Days	5	б	8	12	14	18	22	29	
5												

1

NOTE: Numbers in the first horizontal row of each seriousness category 6 7 represent sentencing midpoints in years(y) and months(m). Numbers in the second and third rows represent presumptive sentencing ranges in 8 9 months, or in days if so designated. 12+ equals one year and one day. 10 (2) For persons convicted of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy under chapter 9A.28 RCW, the 11 presumptive sentence is determined by locating the sentencing grid 12 13 sentence range defined by the appropriate offender score and the 14 seriousness level of the completed crime, and multiplying the range by 15 75 percent.

(3) The following additional times shall be added to the 16 presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, 17 18 if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes 19 20 listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements 21 based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or an accomplice was armed with a firearm as defined in RCW 22 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an anticipatory 23 24 offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any firearm enhancements, the following 25 additional times shall be added to the presumptive sentence determined 26 27 under subsection (2) of this section based on the felony crime of 28 conviction as classified under RCW 9A.28.020:

(a) Five years for any felony defined under any law as a class A
felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both,
and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

32 (b) Three years for any felony defined under any law as a class B 33 felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not 34 covered under (f) of this subsection.

35 (c) Eighteen months for any felony defined under any law as a 36 class C felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and 37 not covered under (f) of this subsection.

(d) the offender is being sentenced for any firearm 1 If enhancements under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection and the 2 3 offender has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon 4 enhancements after July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or subsection (4)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or 5 both, any and all firearm enhancements under this subsection shall be 6 7 twice the amount of the enhancement listed.

8 (e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all 9 firearm enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served 10 in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other 11 sentencing provisions.

(f) The firearm enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

The following additional times shall be added to the 21 (4) presumptive sentence for felony crimes committed after July 23, 1995, 22 if the offender or an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon as 23 24 defined in this chapter other than a firearm as defined in RCW 9.41.010 25 and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in 26 this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon enhancements based on the classification of the completed felony crime. If the offender or 27 an accomplice was armed with a deadly weapon other than a firearm as 28 29 defined in RCW 9.41.010 and the offender is being sentenced for an 30 anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the crimes listed in this subsection as eligible for any deadly weapon 31 enhancements, the following additional times shall be added to the 32 presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of this section 33 34 based on the felony crime of conviction as classified under RCW 35 9A.28.020:

(a) Two years for any felony defined under any law as a class A
felony or with a maximum sentence of at least twenty years, or both,
and not covered under (f) of this subsection.

1 (b) One year for any felony defined under any law as a class B 2 felony or with a maximum sentence of ten years, or both, and not 3 covered under (f) of this subsection.

4 (c) Six months for any felony defined under any law as a class C 5 felony or with a maximum sentence of five years, or both, and not 6 covered under (f) of this subsection.

7 (d) If the offender is being sentenced under (a), (b), and/or (c) 8 of this subsection for any deadly weapon enhancements and the offender 9 has previously been sentenced for any deadly weapon enhancements after 10 July 23, 1995, under (a), (b), and/or (c) of this subsection or 11 subsection (3)(a), (b), and/or (c) of this section, or both, any and 12 all deadly weapon enhancements under this subsection shall be twice the 13 amount of the enhancement listed.

(e) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any and all deadly
weapon enhancements under this section are mandatory, shall be served
in total confinement, and shall not run concurrently with any other
sentencing provisions.

(f) The deadly weapon enhancements in this section shall apply to all felony crimes except the following: Possession of a machine gun, possessing a stolen firearm, drive-by shooting, theft of a firearm, unlawful possession of a firearm in the first and second degree, and use of a machine gun in a felony.

(g) If the presumptive sentence under this section exceeds the statutory maximum for the offense, the statutory maximum sentence shall be the presumptive sentence unless the offender is a persistent offender as defined in RCW 9.94A.030.

(5) The following additional times shall be added to the 27 presumptive sentence if the offender or an accomplice committed the 28 offense while in a county jail or state correctional facility as that 29 30 term is defined in this chapter and the offender is being sentenced for one of the crimes listed in this subsection. If the offender or an 31 accomplice committed one of the crimes listed in this subsection while 32 in a county jail or state correctional facility as that term is defined 33 in this chapter, and the offender is being sentenced for an 34 anticipatory offense under chapter 9A.28 RCW to commit one of the 35 crimes listed in this subsection, the following additional times shall 36 37 be added to the presumptive sentence determined under subsection (2) of 38 this section:

(a) Eighteen months for offenses committed under RCW
 2 69.50.401(a)(1) (i) or (ii) or 69.50.410;

3 (b) Fifteen months for offenses committed under RCW 4 69.50.401(a)(1) (iii), (iv), and (v);

5 (c) Twelve months for offenses committed under RCW 69.50.401(d).
6 For the purposes of this subsection, all of the real property of
7 a state correctional facility or county jail shall be deemed to be part
8 of that facility or county jail.

9 (6) An additional twenty-four months shall be added to the 10 presumptive sentence for any ranked offense involving a violation of 11 chapter 69.50 RCW if the offense was also a violation of RCW 69.50.435. 12 (7) An additional two years shall be added to the presumptive 13 sentence for vehicular homicide committed while under the influence of 14 intoxicating liquor or any drug as defined by RCW 46.61.502 for each 15 prior offense as defined in RCW 46.61.5055.

16 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.360 and 1997 c 338 s 5 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

18 The offender score is measured on the horizontal axis of the 19 sentencing grid. The offender score rules are as follows:

The offender score is the sum of points accrued under this section rounded down to the nearest whole number.

(1) A prior conviction is a conviction which exists before the date of sentencing for the offense for which the offender score is being computed. Convictions entered or sentenced on the same date as the conviction for which the offender score is being computed shall be deemed "other current offenses" within the meaning of RCW 9.94A.400.

27 (2) Class A and sex prior felony convictions shall always be included in the offender score. Class B prior felony convictions other 28 29 than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score, if since the last date of release from confinement (including full-time 30 residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or 31 entry of judgment and sentence, the offender had spent ten consecutive 32 years in the community without committing any crime that subsequently 33 34 results in a conviction. Class C prior felony convictions other than sex offenses shall not be included in the offender score if, since the 35 36 last date of release from confinement (including full-time residential 37 treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of 38 judgment and sentence, the offender had spent five consecutive years in

the community without committing any crime that subsequently results in 1 a conviction. Serious traffic convictions shall not be included in the 2 offender score if, since the last date of release from confinement 3 4 (including full-time residential treatment) pursuant to a felony conviction, if any, or entry of judgment and sentence, the offender 5 spent five years in the community without committing any crime that 6 7 subsequently results in a conviction. This subsection applies to both 8 adult and juvenile prior convictions.

(3) Out-of-state convictions for offenses shall be classified 9 10 according to the comparable offense definitions and sentences provided by Washington law. Federal convictions for offenses shall be 11 classified according to the comparable offense definitions and 12 13 sentences provided by Washington law. If there is no clearly comparable offense under Washington law or the offense is one that is 14 15 usually considered subject to exclusive federal jurisdiction, the 16 offense shall be scored as a class C felony equivalent if it was a 17 felony under the relevant federal statute.

(4) Score prior convictions for felony anticipatory offenses
(attempts, criminal solicitations, and criminal conspiracies) the same
as if they were convictions for completed offenses.

(5)(a) In the case of multiple prior convictions, for the purpose of computing the offender score, count all convictions separately, except:

24 (i) Prior offenses which were found, under RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), to encompass the same criminal conduct, shall be counted as one offense, 25 26 the offense that yields the highest offender score. The current 27 sentencing court shall determine with respect to other prior adult offenses for which sentences were served concurrently or prior juvenile 28 offenses for which sentences were served consecutively, whether those 29 30 offenses shall be counted as one offense or as separate offenses using the "same criminal conduct" analysis found in RCW 9.94A.400(1)(a), and 31 if the court finds that they shall be counted as one offense, then the 32 offense that yields the highest offender score shall be used. 33 The current sentencing court may presume that such other prior offenses 34 35 were not the same criminal conduct from sentences imposed on separate dates, or in separate counties or jurisdictions, or in separate 36 37 complaints, indictments, or informations;

38 (ii) In the case of multiple prior convictions for offenses 39 committed before July 1, 1986, for the purpose of computing the

offender score, count all adult convictions served concurrently as one
 offense, and count all juvenile convictions entered on the same date as
 one offense. Use the conviction for the offense that yields the
 highest offender score.

5 (b) As used in this subsection (5), "served concurrently" means 6 that: (i) The latter sentence was imposed with specific reference to 7 the former; (ii) the concurrent relationship of the sentences was 8 judicially imposed; and (iii) the concurrent timing of the sentences 9 was not the result of a probation or parole revocation on the former 10 offense.

11 (6) If the present conviction is one of the anticipatory offenses of criminal attempt, solicitation, or conspiracy, count each prior 12 13 conviction as if the present conviction were for a completed offense. (7) If the present conviction is for a nonviolent offense and not 14 15 covered by subsection (11) or (12) of this section, count one point for 16 each adult prior felony conviction and one point for each juvenile prior violent felony conviction and 1/2 point for each juvenile prior 17 nonviolent felony conviction. 18

(8) If the present conviction is for a violent offense and not covered in subsection (9), (10), (11), or (12) of this section, count two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent felony conviction, one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and 1/2 point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

(9) If the present conviction is for Murder 1 or 2, Assault 1, Assault of a Child 1, Kidnapping 1, Homicide by Abuse, or Rape 1, count three points for prior adult and juvenile convictions for crimes in these categories, two points for each prior adult and juvenile violent conviction (not already counted), one point for each prior adult nonviolent felony conviction, and 1/2 point for each prior juvenile nonviolent felony conviction.

(10) If the present conviction is for Burglary 1, count prior convictions as in subsection (8) of this section; however count two points for each prior adult Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each prior juvenile Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

(11) If the present conviction is for a felony traffic offense count two points for each adult or juvenile prior conviction for Vehicular Homicide or Vehicular Assault; for each felony offense or serious traffic offense, count one point for each adult and 1/2 point

1 for each juvenile prior conviction. This subsection shall not apply
2 when additional time is added to a sentence pursuant to RCW
3 46.61.520(2).

4 (12) If the present conviction is for a drug offense count three 5 points for each adult prior felony drug offense conviction and two 6 points for each juvenile drug offense. All other adult and juvenile 7 felonies are scored as in subsection (8) of this section if the current 8 drug offense is violent, or as in subsection (7) of this section if the 9 current drug offense is nonviolent.

(13) If the present conviction is for Willful Failure to Return from Furlough, RCW 72.66.060, Willful Failure to Return from Work Release, RCW 72.65.070, or Escape from Community Custody, RCW 72.09.310, count only prior escape convictions in the offender score. Count adult prior escape convictions as one point and juvenile prior escape convictions as 1/2 point.

(14) If the present conviction is for Escape 1, RCW 9A.76.110, or
Escape 2, RCW 9A.76.120, count adult prior convictions as one point and
juvenile prior convictions as 1/2 point.

(15) If the present conviction is for Burglary 2 or residential burglary, count priors as in subsection (7) of this section; however, count two points for each adult and juvenile prior Burglary 1 conviction, two points for each adult prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction, and one point for each juvenile prior Burglary 2 or residential burglary conviction.

(16) If the present conviction is for a sex offense, count priors
as in subsections (7) through (15) of this section; however count three
points for each adult and juvenile prior sex offense conviction.

(17) If the present conviction is for an offense committed whilethe offender was under community placement, add one point.

30 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 46.61 RCW 31 to read as follows:

(1) Immediately before the court defers prosecution under RCW 10.05.020, dismisses a charge, or orders a sentence for any offense listed in subsection (2) of this section, the court and prosecutor shall verify the defendant's criminal history and driving record. The order shall include specific findings as to the criminal history and driving record. For purposes of this section, the criminal history shall include all previous convictions and orders of deferred

1 prosecution, as reported through the judicial information system or 2 otherwise available to the court or prosecutor, current to within the 3 period specified in subsection (3) of this section before the date of 4 the order. For purposes of this section, the driving record shall 5 include all information reported to the court by the department of 6 licensing.

7 (2) The offenses to which this section applies are violations of: 8 (a) RCW 46.61.502 or an equivalent local ordinance; (b) RCW 46.61.504 9 or an equivalent local ordinance; (c) RCW 46.61.520 committed while 10 under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug; (d) RCW 46.61.522 committed while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 11 any drug; and (e) RCW 46.61.5249, 46.61.500, or 9A.36.050, or an 12 equivalent local ordinance, if the conviction is the result of a charge 13 that was originally filed as a violation of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504 14 15 or an equivalent local ordinance, or of RCW 46.61.520 or 46.61.522.

16 (3) The periods applicable to previous convictions and orders of 17 deferred prosecution are: (a) One working day, in the case of previous actions of courts that fully participate in the state judicial 18 19 information system; and (b) seven calendar days, in the case of previous actions of courts that do not fully participate in the 20 judicial information system. For purposes of this subsection, "fully 21 participate" means regularly providing records to and receiving records 22 23 from the system by electronic means on a daily basis.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. If specific funding for the purposes of this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by June 30, 1998, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and void.

28 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 7. This act takes effect January 1, 1999."

29 Correct the title.

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