SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1980

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By House Committee on Commerce & Labor (originally sponsored by Representatives Lisk, McMorris, Dyer and Honeyford)

Read first time 03/05/97.

1 AN ACT Relating to employment in the construction industry; 2 amending RCW 51.24.035 and 51.16.140; adding new sections to chapter 3 49.17 RCW; creating a new section; providing an effective date; and 4 declaring an emergency.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 51.24.035 and 1987 c 212 s 1801 are each amended to 7 read as follows:

8 Notwithstanding RCW 51.24.030(1), the injured worker (1)or 9 beneficiary may not seek damages ((against a design professional who is 10 a third person and who has been retained to perform professional services on a construction project, or any employee of a design 11 12 professional who is assisting or representing the design professional 13 in the performance of professional services on the site of the 14 construction project, unless responsibility for safety practices is 15 specifically assumed by contract, the provisions of which were mutually 16 negotiated, or the design professional actually exercised control over 17 the portion of the premises where the worker was injured)) for an injury or occupational disease occurring in the course of employment at 18 the site of a construction project, whether accomplished by a single 19

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contract or by multiple contracts, against the owner or developer of 1 the project or against any person or entity performing work, furnishing 2 materials, or providing services to or for the construction project 3 4 including, but not limited to, design professionals, construction managers, general or prime contractors, suppliers, subcontractors of 5 any tier, and any employee of a design professional, construction 6 7 manager, general or prime contractor, supplier, or subcontractor of any 8 tier.

9 (2) The immunity provided by this section does not extend to any 10 person or entity who injures a worker by deliberate intention as 11 defined in RCW 51.24.020, and it is against public policy to seek 12 indemnification in construction contracts against such liability. Such 13 contractual clauses are void and unenforceable.

<u>(3) The immunity provided by this section does not extend to</u>
 <u>manufacturers and product sellers for product liability actions as</u>
 <u>defined in chapter 7.72 RCW.</u>

17 <u>(4)</u> The immunity provided by this section does not apply to the 18 negligent preparation of design plans and specifications <u>by a design</u> 19 <u>professional</u>.

(((3))) (5) For the purposes of this section, "design professional" means an architect, professional engineer, land surveyor, or landscape architect, who is licensed or authorized by law to practice such profession, or any corporation organized under chapter 18.100 RCW or authorized under RCW 18.08.420 or 18.43.130 to render design services through the practice of one or more of such professions.

26 **Sec. 2.** RCW 51.16.140 and 1989 c 385 s 3 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

(1) Every employer who is not a self-insurer shall deduct from the 28 29 pay of each of his or her workers one-half of the amount he or she is required to $pay((\tau))$ for medical benefits within each risk 30 classification, except that for workers in the construction industry, 31 the amount deducted shall not be more than one-half of the basic manual 32 33 premium rate established by the department for the applicable risk 34 classification. Such amount shall be periodically determined by the director and reported by him or her to all employers under this title: 35 36 PROVIDED, That the state governmental unit shall pay the entire amount into the medical aid fund for volunteers, as defined in RCW 51.12.035, 37 and the state apprenticeship council shall pay the entire amount into 38

1 the medical aid fund for registered apprentices or trainees, for the 2 purposes of RCW 51.12.130. The deduction under this section is not 3 authorized for premiums assessed under RCW 51.16.210.

4 (2) It shall be unlawful for the employer, unless specifically 5 authorized by this title, to deduct or obtain any part of the premium 6 or other costs required to be by him or her paid from the wages or 7 earnings of any of his or her workers, and the making of or attempt to 8 make any such deduction shall be a gross misdemeanor.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 49.17 RCW 10 to read as follows:

All construction employers have a duty to provide a safe place to work for their own employees and the employees of their subcontractors of any tier working at the site of a construction project. This duty shall be considered within the context of standard construction industry practices. Such duty includes implementation of a safety program that is effective in practice.

All construction employers shall take reasonable steps to ensure 17 18 that their safety programs are designed to comply with Title 51 RCW and 19 this chapter, including the development, implementation, and periodic evaluation of a written accident prevention plan specific to the site 20 of each construction project. All construction employers shall 21 designate an individual with responsibility for construction jobsite 22 23 safety. All construction employers shall inform their own employees of 24 the name and telephone number of that designated individual. The prime contractor or general contractor shall post the name and telephone 25 number of its designated individual at the site of a construction 26 All subcontractors shall inform the prime contractor or 27 project. 28 general contractor of the name and telephone number of the 29 subcontractor's designated individual responsible for construction 30 jobsite safety.

Suggestions for safety improvements and identification of potential hazards at the site of a construction project are to be encouraged. Permissible disciplinary actions for violation of these or other appropriately communicated requirements include, but are not limited to: Verbal or written reprimand, suspension from work, and termination for cause. Such disciplinary actions for violations shall be subject to the disciplinary provisions set forth in an employer's written

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policy statement or in a written agreement between an employer and
 employees, if such a written agreement exists.

3 Neither violation of the provisions of this section nor the 4 issuance of a citation under this chapter eliminates or effects any 5 change to the immunity conferred in RCW 51.24.035.

6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. A new section is added to chapter 49.17 RCW 7 to read as follows:

8 The prime contractor or general contractor has the primary 9 responsibility for compliance with safety regulations at each 10 construction jobsite. If a construction employer's safety program is 11 effective in practice, no citation shall be issued to the construction 12 employer for violations of this chapter by any of the construction 13 employer's subcontractors of any tier. A safety program shall be 14 considered effective in practice if it complies with the following:

(1) A prime contractor or general contractor's subcontractors are required, by contract, to comply with the provisions of this chapter; and

(2) The prime contractor or general contractor develops,
implements, and enforces a written accident prevention program for each
construction project; and

(3) The prime contractor or general contractor requires each subcontractor at the site of a construction project to provide an accident prevention plan for that construction project, which shall be available at the construction jobsite or at the prime contractor or general contractor's main business office located within the state of Washington; and

(4) The prime contractor or general contractor posts at that construction project the name and telephone number of its designated individual with responsibility for construction jobsite safety at that construction jobsite; and

(5) The prime contractor or general contractor provides to its
 employees all safety equipment necessary for that construction jobsite;
 and

34 (6) The prime contractor or general contractor provides, or 35 requires by contract its subcontractors to provide to the 36 subcontractor's employees, all safety equipment necessary for that 37 construction jobsite.

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1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. The department of labor and industries shall 2 adopt rules in consultation with the affected parties, that are 3 consistent with the legislative intent of this act to implement this 4 act.

5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** (1) Sections 1, 3, 4, and 5 of this act are 6 necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health, 7 or safety, or support of the state government and its existing public 8 institutions, and take effect immediately.

9 (2) Section 2 of this act takes effect January 1, 1998.

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