CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1513

55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 13, 1997 CERTIFICATE Yeas 77 Nays 19 I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE HOUSE Speaker of the BILL 1513 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the House of Representatives dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate April 18, 1997 Yeas 40 Nays 6 President of the Senate Chief Clerk Approved FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1513

Passed Legislature - 1997 Regular Session

State of Washington

55th Legislature

1997 Regular Session

By House Committee on Transportation Policy & Budget (originally sponsored by Representatives Radcliff, Scott, Sterk, O'Brien, Robertson, Hatfield, Skinner, Murray, Cairnes, Wolfe and Wensman; by request of Commute Trip Reduction Task Force)

Read first time 03/05/97.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to transportation demand management; amending RCW
- 2 70.94.521, 70.94.527, 70.94.531, 70.94.534, 70.94.537, 70.94.551,
- 3 46.74.010, 46.74.030, and 51.08.013; and reenacting and amending RCW
- 4 42.17.310.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.94.521 and 1991 c 202 s 10 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 The legislature finds that automotive traffic in Washington's
- 9 metropolitan areas is the major source of emissions of air
- 10 contaminants. This air pollution causes significant harm to public
- 11 health, causes damage to trees, plants, structures, and materials and
- 12 degrades the quality of the environment.
- 13 Increasing automotive traffic is also aggravating traffic
- 14 congestion in Washington's metropolitan areas. This traffic congestion
- 15 imposes significant costs on Washington's businesses, governmental
- 16 agencies, and individuals in terms of lost working hours and delays in
- 17 the delivery of goods and services. Traffic congestion worsens
- 18 automobile-related air pollution, increases the consumption of fuel,
- 19 and degrades the habitability of many of Washington's cities and

suburban areas. The capital and environmental costs of fully accommodating the existing and projected automobile traffic on roads and highways are prohibitive. Decreasing the demand for vehicle trips is significantly less costly and at least as effective in reducing traffic congestion and its impacts as constructing new transportation

facilities such as roads and bridges, to accommodate increased traffic

- 8 The legislature also finds that increasing automotive 9 transportation is a major factor in increasing consumption of gasoline 10 and, thereby, increasing reliance on imported sources of petroleum. Moderating the growth in automotive travel is essential to stabilizing 11 and reducing dependence on imported petroleum and improving the 12 13 nation's energy security.
- The legislature further finds that reducing the number of commute 14 15 trips to work made via single-occupant cars and light trucks is an 16 effective way of reducing automobile-related air pollution, traffic 17 Major employers have significant congestion, and energy use. opportunities to encourage and facilitate reducing single-occupant 18 19 vehicle commuting by employees. <u>In addition, the legislature also</u> 20 recognizes the importance of increasing individual citizens' awareness of air quality, energy consumption, and traffic congestion, and the 21 contribution individual actions can make towards addressing these 22 23 <u>issues.</u>
 - The intent of this chapter is to require local governments in those counties experiencing the greatest automobile-related air pollution and traffic congestion to develop and implement plans to reduce single-occupant vehicle commute trips. Such plans shall require major employers and employers at major worksites to implement programs to reduce single-occupant vehicle commuting by employees at major worksites. Local governments in counties experiencing significant but less severe automobile-related air pollution and traffic congestion may implement such plans. State agencies shall implement programs to reduce single-occupant vehicle commuting at all major worksites throughout the state.
- 35 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.94.527 and 1996 c 186 s 513 are each amended to 36 read as follows:
- 37 (1) Each county with a population over one hundred fifty thousand, 38 and each city or town within those counties containing a major employer

6

7

24

25

26

27

28

2930

31

3233

34

volumes.

- shall, by October 1, 1992, adopt by ordinance and implement a commute 1 trip reduction plan for all major employers. 2 The plan shall be 3 developed in cooperation with local transit agencies, regional 4 transportation planning organizations as established in RCW 47.80.020, major employers, and the owners of and employers at major worksites. 5 The plan shall be designed to achieve reductions in the proportion of 6 7 single-occupant vehicle commute trips and the commute trip vehicle 8 miles traveled per employee by employees of major public and private 9 sector employers in the jurisdiction.
- 10 (2) All other counties, and cities and towns in those counties, may 11 adopt and implement a commute trip reduction plan.
- 12 (3) The department of ecology may, after consultation with the 13 department of transportation, as part of the state implementation plan 14 for areas that do not attain the national ambient air quality standards 15 for carbon monoxide or ozone, require municipalities other than those 16 identified in subsection (1) of this section to adopt and implement 17 commute trip reduction plans if the department determines that such 18 plans are necessary for attainment of said standards.

20

21

2223

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

3334

35

3637

38 39

(4) A commute trip reduction plan shall be consistent with the guidelines established under RCW 70.94.537 and shall include but is not limited to (a) goals for reductions in the proportion of singleoccupant vehicle commute trips and the commute trip vehicle miles traveled per employee; (b) designation of commute trip reduction zones; (c) requirements for major public and private sector employers to implement commute trip reduction programs; (d) a commute trip reduction program for employees of the county, city, or town; (e) a review of local parking policies and ordinances as they relate to employers and major worksites and any revisions necessary to comply with commute trip reduction goals and guidelines; (f) an appeals process by which major employers, who as a result of special characteristics of their business or its locations would be unable to meet the requirements of a commute trip reduction plan, may obtain waiver or modification of those requirements; and (g) means for determining base year values of the proportion of single-occupant vehicle commute trips and the commute trip vehicle miles traveled per employee and progress toward meeting commute trip reduction plan goals on an annual basis. Goals which are established shall take into account existing transportation demand management efforts which are made by major employers. jurisdiction shall ensure that employers shall receive full credit for

- the results of transportation demand management efforts and commute 1 2 trip reduction programs which have been implemented by major employers prior to the base year. The goals for miles traveled per employee for 3 4 all major employers shall not be less than a fifteen percent reduction 5 from the worksite base year value ((of)) or the base year value for the commute trip reduction zone in which their worksite is located by 6 7 January 1, 1995, ((twenty-five)) twenty percent reduction from the base 8 year values by January 1, 1997, ((and thirty-five)) twenty-five percent 9 reduction from the base year values by January 1, 1999, and a thirty-10 five percent reduction from the base year values by January 1, 2005.
- 11 (5) A county, city, or town may, as part of its commute trip 12 reduction plan, require commute trip reduction programs for employers 13 with ten or more full time employees at major worksites in federally 14 designated nonattainment areas for carbon monoxide and ozone. The 15 county, city or town shall develop the programs in cooperation with 16 affected employers and provide technical assistance to the employers in 17 implementing such programs.
- (6) The commute trip reduction plans adopted by counties, cities, 18 19 and towns under this chapter shall be consistent with and may be 20 incorporated in applicable state or regional transportation plans and local comprehensive plans and shall be coordinated, and consistent 21 with, the commute trip reduction plans of counties, cities, or towns 22 23 with which the county, city, or town has, in part, common borders or 24 related regional issues. Such regional issues shall include assuring 25 consistency in the treatment of employers who have worksites subject to 26 the requirements of this chapter in more than one jurisdiction. 27 Counties, cities, or towns adopting commute trip reduction plans may enter into agreements through the interlocal cooperation act or by 28 29 resolution or ordinance as appropriate with other jurisdictions, local 30 transit agencies, or regional transportation planning organizations to coordinate the development and implementation of such plans. Transit 31 agencies shall work with counties, cities, and towns to take into 32 account the location of major employer worksites when planning transit 33 34 service changes or the expansion of public transportation services. 35 Counties, cities, or towns adopting a commute trip reduction plan shall review it annually and revise it as necessary to be consistent with 36 37 applicable plans developed under RCW 36.70A.070.
- 38 (7) Each county, city, or town implementing a commute trip 39 reduction program shall, within thirty days submit a summary of its

- 1 plan along with certification of adoption to the commute trip reduction 2 task force established under RCW 70.94.537.
- 3 (8) Each county, city, or town implementing a commute trip 4 reduction program shall submit an annual progress report to the commute trip reduction task force established under RCW 70.94.537. The report 5 shall be due July 1, 1994, and each July 1st thereafter through July 1, 6 7 $((\frac{2000}{2006}))$ <u>2006</u>. The report shall describe progress in attaining the 8 applicable commute trip reduction goals for each commute trip reduction 9 zone and shall highlight any problems being encountered in achieving 10 the goals. The information shall be reported in a form established by the commute trip reduction task force. 11
- (9) Any waivers or modifications of the requirements of a commute trip reduction plan granted by a jurisdiction shall be submitted for review to the commute trip reduction task force established under RCW 70.94.537. The commute trip reduction task force may not deny the granting of a waiver or modification of the requirements of a commute trip reduction plan by a jurisdiction but they may notify the jurisdiction of any comments or objections.
- 19 (10) Each county, city, or town implementing a commute trip 20 reduction program shall count commute trips eliminated through work-at-21 home options or alternate work schedules as one and two-tenths vehicle 22 trips eliminated for the purpose of meeting trip reduction goals.

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

- (11) Each county, city, or town implementing a commute trip reduction program shall ensure that employers that have modified their employees' work schedules so that some or all employees are not scheduled to arrive at work between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. are provided credit when calculating single-occupancy vehicle use and vehicle miles traveled at that worksite. This credit shall be awarded if implementation of the schedule change was an identified element in that worksite's approved commute trip reduction program or if the schedule change occurred because of impacts associated with chapter 36.70A RCW, the growth management act.
- 33 <u>(12)</u> Plans implemented under this section shall not apply to 34 commute trips for seasonal agricultural employees.
- $((\frac{12}{12}))$ (13) Plans implemented under this section shall not apply to construction worksites when the expected duration of the construction project is less than two years.

p. 5 SHB 1513.PL

- Sec. 3. RCW 70.94.531 and 1991 c 202 s 13 are each amended to read 1 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) Not more than six months after the adoption of the commute trip 4 reduction plan by a jurisdiction, each major employer in that 5 jurisdiction shall develop a commute trip reduction program and shall submit a description of that program to the jurisdiction for review. 6 7 The program shall be implemented not more than six months after submission to the jurisdiction.
- 9 (2) A commute trip reduction program shall consist of, at a minimum 10 (a) designation of a transportation coordinator and the display of the name, location, and telephone number of the coordinator in a prominent 11 manner at each affected worksite; (b) regular distribution of 12 13 information to employees regarding alternatives to single-occupant vehicle commuting; (c) an annual review of employee commuting and 14 15 reporting of progress toward meeting the single-occupant vehicle reduction goals to the county, city, or town consistent with the method 16 established in the commute trip reduction plan; and (d) implementation 17 of a set of measures designed to achieve the applicable commute trip 18
- (i) Provision of preferential parking or reduced parking charges, 21 22 or both, for high occupancy vehicles;

reduction goals adopted by the jurisdiction. Such measures may include

- 23 (ii) Instituting or increasing parking charges for single-occupant 24 vehicles;
- 25 (iii) Provision of commuter ride matching services to facilitate employee ridesharing for commute trips; 26
- (iv) Provision of subsidies for transit fares; 27
- (v) Provision of vans for van pools; 28

but are not limited to:

- (vi) Provision of subsidies for car pooling or van pooling; 29
- 30 (vii) Permitting the use of the employer's vehicles for car pooling or van pooling; 31
- (viii) Permitting flexible work schedules to facilitate employees' 32 33 use of transit, car pools, or van pools;
- 34 (ix) Cooperation with transportation providers to provide 35 additional regular or express service to the worksite;
- (x) Construction of special loading and unloading facilities for 36 transit, car pool, and van pool users; 37
- (xi) Provision of bicycle parking facilities, lockers, changing 38 areas, and showers for employees who bicycle or walk to work; 39

8

19

- 1 (xii) Provision of a program of parking incentives such as a rebate 2 for employees who do not use the parking facility;
- 3 (xiii) Establishment of a program to permit employees to work part 4 or full time at home or at an alternative worksite closer to their 5 homes;
- 6 (xiv) Establishment of a program of alternative work schedules such
 7 as compressed work week schedules which reduce commuting; and
- 8 (xv) Implementation of other measures designed to facilitate the 9 use of high-occupancy vehicles such as on-site day care facilities and 10 emergency taxi services.
- 11 (3) Employers or owners of worksites may form or utilize existing 12 transportation management associations to assist members in developing 13 and implementing commute trip reduction programs.
- 14 <u>(4) Employers shall make a good faith effort towards achievement of</u> 15 <u>the goals identified in RCW 70.94.527(4)(g).</u>
- 16 **Sec. 4.** RCW 70.94.534 and 1991 c 202 s 14 are each amended to read 17 as follows:
- 18 (1) Each jurisdiction implementing a commute trip reduction plan 19 under this chapter or as part of a plan or ordinance developed under RCW 36.70A.070 shall review each employer's initial commute trip 20 reduction program to determine if the program is likely to meet the 21 applicable commute trip reduction goals. The employer shall be 22 23 notified by the jurisdiction of its findings. If the jurisdiction 24 finds that the program is not likely to meet the applicable commute 25 trip reduction goals, the jurisdiction will work with the employer to modify the program as necessary. The jurisdiction shall complete 26 27 review of each employer's initial commute trip reduction program within three months of receipt. 28
- 29 (2) Employers implementing commute trip reduction programs are
 30 expected to undertake good faith efforts to achieve the goals outlined
 31 in RCW 70.94.527(4). Employers are considered to be making a good
 32 faith effort if the following conditions have been met:
- 33 (a) The employer has met the minimum requirements identified in RCW 34 70.94.531; and
- 35 (b) The employer is working collaboratively with its jurisdiction 36 to continue its existing program or is developing and implementing 37 program modifications likely to result in improvements to the program 38 over an agreed upon length of time.

p. 7 SHB 1513.PL

- (3) Each jurisdiction shall annually review each employer's 1 progress and good faith efforts toward meeting the applicable commute 2 trip reduction goals. If ((it appears)) an employer makes a good faith 3 4 effort, as defined in this section, but is not likely to meet the applicable commute trip reduction goals, the jurisdiction shall work 5 collaboratively with the employer to make modifications to the commute 6 7 trip reduction program. Failure of an employer to reach the applicable 8 commute trip reduction goals is not a violation of this chapter.
- 9 ((\(\frac{(3)}{3}\))) (4) If an employer fails to make a good faith effort and
 10 fails to meet the applicable commute trip reduction goals, the
 11 jurisdiction shall work collaboratively with the employer to propose
 12 modifications to the program and shall direct the employer to revise
 13 its program within thirty days to incorporate those modifications or
 14 modifications which the jurisdiction determines to be equivalent.
 - ((4+)) (5) Each jurisdiction implementing a commute trip reduction plan pursuant to this chapter may impose civil penalties, in the manner provided in chapter 7.80 RCW, for failure by an employer to implement a commute trip reduction program or to modify its commute trip reduction program as required in subsection ((4+)) (4) of this section. No major employer may be held liable for civil penalties for failure to reach the applicable commute trip reduction goals. No major employer shall be liable for civil penalties under this chapter if failure to achieve a commute trip reduction program goal was the result of an inability to reach agreement with a certified collective bargaining agent under applicable laws where the issue was raised by the employer and pursued in good faith.
- 27 (6) Jurisdictions shall notify major employers of the procedures 28 for applying for goal modification or exemption from the commute trip 29 reduction requirements based on the guidelines established by the 30 commute trip reduction task force.
- 31 **Sec. 5.** RCW 70.94.537 and 1996 c 186 s 514 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- 33 (1) A ((twenty-two)) twenty-eight member state commute trip 34 reduction task force ((shall be)) is established as follows:
- 35 (a) The secretary of the department of transportation or the 36 secretary's designee who shall serve as chair;
- 37 (b) The director of the department of ecology or the director's 38 designee;

16

17

18 19

20

21

2223

24

25

- 1 (c) The director of the department of community, trade, and 2 economic development or the director's designee;
- 3 (d) The director of the department of general administration or the 4 director's designee;
- 5 (e) Three representatives from counties appointed by the governor 6 from a list of at least six recommended by the Washington state 7 association of counties;
- 8 (f) Three representatives from cities and towns appointed by the 9 governor from a list of at least six recommended by the association of 10 Washington cities;
- 11 (g) Three representatives from transit agencies appointed by the 12 governor from a list of at least six recommended by the Washington 13 state transit association;
- (h) ((Six)) <u>Twelve</u> representatives of employers at or owners of major worksites in Washington appointed by the governor from a list ((of at least twelve)) recommended by the association of Washington business or other state-wide business associations representing major employers, provided that every affected county shall have at least one representative; and
 - (i) Three citizens appointed by the governor.

21

22

2324

25

26

27

36

- Members of the commute trip reduction task force shall serve without compensation but shall be reimbursed for travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. Members appointed by the governor shall be compensated in accordance with RCW 43.03.220. The task force has all powers necessary to carry out its duties as prescribed by this chapter. The task force shall be dissolved on July 1, ((2000)) 2006.
- (2) By March 1, 1992, the commute trip reduction task force shall 28 29 establish guidelines for commute trip reduction plans. The guidelines 30 are intended to ensure consistency in commute trip reduction plans and goals among jurisdictions while fairly taking into account differences 31 in employment and housing density, employer size, existing and 32 anticipated levels of transit service, special employer circumstances, 33 34 and other factors the task force determines to be relevant. The guidelines shall include: 35
 - (a) Criteria for establishing commute trip reduction zones;
- 37 (b) Methods and information requirements for determining base year 38 values of the proportion of single-occupant vehicle commute trips and

p. 9 SHB 1513.PL

the commute trip vehicle miles traveled per employee and progress 1 2 toward meeting commute trip reduction plan goals;

- (c) Model commute trip reduction ordinances;
- 4 (d) Methods for assuring consistency in the treatment of employers 5 who have worksites subject to the requirements of this chapter in more than one jurisdiction;
- 7 (e) An appeals process by which major employers, who as a result of 8 special characteristics of their business or its locations would be 9 unable to meet the requirements of a commute trip reduction plan, may 10 obtain a waiver or modification of those requirements and criteria for determining eligibility for waiver or modification; 11
- (f) Methods to ensure that employers shall receive full credit for 12 13 the results of transportation demand management efforts and commute trip reduction programs which have been implemented by major employers 14 15 prior to the base year;
- 16 (g) Alternative commute trip reduction goals for major employers 17 which cannot meet the goals of this chapter because of the unique nature of their business; ((and)) 18
- 19 (h) Alternative commute trip reduction goals for major employers 20 whose worksites change and who contribute substantially to traffic congestion in a trip reduction zone; and 21
- (i) Methods to insure that employers receive credit for scheduling 22 changes enacted pursuant to the criteria identified in RCW 23 70.94.527(11). 24
 - (3) The task force shall work with jurisdictions, major employers, and other parties to develop and implement a public awareness campaign designed to increase the effectiveness of local commute trip reduction programs and support achievement of the objectives identified in this chapter.
- 30 (4) The task force shall assess the commute trip reduction options available to employers other than major employers 31 and make recommendations to the legislature by October 32 1, 33 recommendations shall include the minimum size of employer who shall be 34 required to implement trip reduction programs and the appropriate 35 methods those employers can use to accomplish trip reduction goals.
- The task force shall review progress toward 36 $((\frac{4}{1}))$ (5) 37 implementing commute trip reduction plans and programs and the costs and benefits of commute trip reduction plans and programs and shall 38 make recommendations to the legislature by December 1, 1995, ((and)) 39

3

6

25

26

27

December 1, 1999, December 1, 2001, December 1, 2003, and December 1, 1 In assessing the costs and benefits, the task force shall 2 3 consider the costs of not having implemented commute trip reduction plans and programs. The task force shall examine other transportation 4 5 demand management programs nationally and incorporate its findings into its recommendations to the legislature. The recommendations shall 6 7 address the need for continuation, modification, or termination or any 8 or all requirements of this chapter. The recommendations made December 9 1, 1995, shall include recommendations regarding extension of the 10 requirements of this chapter to employers with fifty or more full-time 11 employees at a single worksite who begin their regular work day between 6:00 a.m. and 9:00 a.m. on weekdays for more than twelve continuous 12 13 months.

14 **Sec. 6.** RCW 70.94.551 and 1996 c 186 s 516 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

16

17 18

19

20

2122

23

24

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

33

34

3536

3738

(1) The director of general administration, with the concurrence of an interagency task force established for the purposes of this section, shall coordinate a commute trip reduction plan for state agencies which are phase 1 major employers by January 1, 1993. The task force shall include representatives of the departments of transportation and ecology and such other departments as the director of general administration determines to be necessary to be generally representative of state agencies. The state agency plan shall be consistent with the requirements of RCW 70.94.527 and 70.94.531 and shall be developed in consultation with state employees, local and regional governments, local transit agencies, the business community, and other interested groups. The plan shall consider and recommend policies applicable to all state agencies including but not limited to policies regarding parking and parking charges, employee incentives for commuting by other than single-occupant automobiles, flexible and alternative work schedules, alternative worksites, and the use of state-owned vehicles for car and van pools. The plan shall also consider the costs and benefits to state agencies of achieving commute trip reductions and consider mechanisms for funding state agency commute trip reduction programs. The department shall, within thirty days, submit a summary of its plan along with certification of adoption to the commute trip reduction task force established under RCW 70.94.537.

- (2) Not more than three months after the adoption of the commute 1 2 trip reduction plan, each state agency shall, for each facility which 3 is a major employer, develop a commute trip reduction program. 4 program shall be designed to meet the goals of the commute trip reduction plan of the county, city, or town or, if there is no local 5 commute trip reduction plan, the state. 6 The program shall be 7 consistent with the policies of the state commute trip reduction plan 8 and RCW 70.94.531. The agency shall submit a description of that 9 program to the local jurisdiction implementing a commute trip reduction 10 plan or, if there is no local commute trip reduction plan, to the department of general administration. The program shall be implemented 11 not more than three months after submission to the department. Annual 12 reports required in RCW 70.94.531(2)(c) shall be submitted to the local 13 jurisdiction implementing a commute trip reduction plan and to the 14 15 department of general administration. An agency which is not meeting 16 the applicable commute trip reduction goals shall, to the extent 17 possible, modify its program to comply with the recommendations of the local jurisdiction or the department of general administration. 18
 - (3) State agencies sharing a common location may develop and implement a joint commute trip reduction program or may delegate the development and implementation of the commute trip reduction program to the department of general administration.
 - (4) The department of general administration in consultation with the state technical assistance team shall review the initial commute trip reduction program of each state agency subject to the commute trip reduction plan for state agencies to determine if the program is likely to meet the applicable commute trip reduction goals and notify the agency of any deficiencies. If it is found that the program is not likely to meet the applicable commute trip reduction goals, the team will work with the agency to modify the program as necessary.
 - (5) For each agency subject to the state agency commute trip reduction plan, the department of general administration in consultation with the technical assistance team shall annually review progress toward meeting the applicable commute trip reduction goals. If it appears an agency is not meeting or is not likely to meet the applicable commute trip reduction goals, the team shall work with the agency to make modifications to the commute trip reduction program.
 - (6) The department of general administration shall submit an annual progress report for state agencies subject to the state agency commute

20

2122

2324

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

3435

3637

38

- trip reduction plan to the commute trip reduction task force 1 established under RCW 70.94.537. The report shall be due April 1, 2 1993, and each April 1st through ((2000)) 2006. The report shall 3 report progress in attaining the applicable commute trip reduction 4 goals for each commute trip reduction zone and shall highlight any 5 problems being encountered in achieving the goals. The information 6 7 shall be reported in a form established by the commute trip reduction 8 task force.
- 9 **Sec. 7.** RCW 42.17.310 and 1996 c 305 s 2, 1996 c 253 s 302, 1996 10 c 191 s 88, and 1996 c 80 s 1 are each reenacted and amended to read as 11 follows:
- 12 (1) The following are exempt from public inspection and copying:
- 13 (a) Personal information in any files maintained for students in 14 public schools, patients or clients of public institutions or public 15 health agencies, or welfare recipients.
- 16 (b) Personal information in files maintained for employees, 17 appointees, or elected officials of any public agency to the extent 18 that disclosure would violate their right to privacy.
- 19 (c) Information required of any taxpayer in connection with the 20 assessment or collection of any tax if the disclosure of the 21 information to other persons would (i) be prohibited to such persons by 22 RCW 82.32.330 or (ii) violate the taxpayer's right to privacy or result 23 in unfair competitive disadvantage to the taxpayer.
- (d) Specific intelligence information and specific investigative records compiled by investigative, law enforcement, and penology agencies, and state agencies vested with the responsibility to discipline members of any profession, the nondisclosure of which is essential to effective law enforcement or for the protection of any person's right to privacy.
- 30 (e) Information revealing the identity of persons who are witnesses to or victims of crime or who file complaints with investigative, law 31 enforcement, or penology agencies, other than the public disclosure 32 commission, if disclosure would endanger any person's life, physical 33 34 safety, or property. If at the time a complaint is filed the complainant, victim or witness indicates a desire for disclosure or 35 36 nondisclosure, such desire shall govern. However, all complaints filed with the public disclosure commission about any elected official or 37

- 1 candidate for public office must be made in writing and signed by the 2 complainant under oath.
- 3 (f) Test questions, scoring keys, and other examination data used 4 to administer a license, employment, or academic examination.
- (g) Except as provided by chapter 8.26 RCW, the contents of real estate appraisals, made for or by any agency relative to the acquisition or sale of property, until the project or prospective sale is abandoned or until such time as all of the property has been acquired or the property to which the sale appraisal relates is sold, but in no event shall disclosure be denied for more than three years after the appraisal.
- (h) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, and research data obtained by any agency within five years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce private gain and public loss.
 - (i) Preliminary drafts, notes, recommendations, and intra-agency memorandums in which opinions are expressed or policies formulated or recommended except that a specific record shall not be exempt when publicly cited by an agency in connection with any agency action.
- (j) Records which are relevant to a controversy to which an agency is a party but which records would not be available to another party under the rules of pretrial discovery for causes pending in the superior courts.
- (k) Records, maps, or other information identifying the location of archaeological sites in order to avoid the looting or depredation of such sites.
 - (1) Any library record, the primary purpose of which is to maintain control of library materials, or to gain access to information, which discloses or could be used to disclose the identity of a library user.
- (m) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person, firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or proposal for (i) a ferry system construction or repair contract as required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (ii) highway construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070.
- (n) Railroad company contracts filed prior to July 28, 1991, with the utilities and transportation commission under RCW 81.34.070, except that the summaries of the contracts are open to public inspection and copying as otherwise provided by this chapter.
- 38 (o) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by 39 private persons pertaining to export services provided pursuant to

16

17

18

26

27

- chapter 43.163 RCW and chapter 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects pursuant to RCW 43.23.035.
- 3 (p) Financial disclosures filed by private vocational schools under 4 chapters 28B.85 and 28C.10 RCW.
- 5 (q) Records filed with the utilities and transportation commission 6 or attorney general under RCW 80.04.095 that a court has determined are 7 confidential under RCW 80.04.095.
- 8 (r) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by 9 businesses or individuals during application for loans or program 10 services provided by chapters 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and 43.168 RCW, 11 or during application for economic development loans or program 12 services provided by any local agency.
- (s) Membership lists or lists of members or owners of interests of units in timeshare projects, subdivisions, camping resorts, condominiums, land developments, or common-interest communities affiliated with such projects, regulated by the department of licensing, in the files or possession of the department.
- (t) All applications for public employment, including the names of applicants, resumes, and other related materials submitted with respect to an applicant.
- (u) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of employees or volunteers of a public agency which are held by the agency in personnel records, employment or volunteer rosters, or mailing lists of employees or volunteers.
- (v) The residential addresses and residential telephone numbers of the customers of a public utility contained in the records or lists held by the public utility of which they are customers.
- (w)(i) The federal social security number of individuals governed 28 under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department of 29 30 health, except this exemption does not apply to requests made directly to the department from federal, state, and local agencies of 31 government, national and 32 and state licensing, credentialing, investigatory, disciplinary, and examination organizations; (ii) the 33 34 current residential address and current residential telephone number of 35 a health care provider governed under chapter 18.130 RCW maintained in the files of the department, if the provider requests that this 36 37 information be withheld from public inspection and copying, and provides to the department an accurate alternate or business address 38 39 and business telephone number. On or after January 1, 1995, the

- 1 current residential address and residential telephone number of a
- 2 health care provider governed under RCW 18.130.140 maintained in the
- 3 files of the department shall automatically be withheld from public
- 4 inspection and copying unless the provider specifically requests the
- 5 information be released, and except as provided for under RCW
- 6 42.17.260(9).
- 7 (x) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy as provided in 8 RCW 69.45.090.
- 9 (y) Information obtained by the board of pharmacy or the department
- 10 of health and its representatives as provided in RCW 69.41.044,
- 11 69.41.280, and 18.64.420.
- 12 (z) Financial information, business plans, examination reports, and
- 13 any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a
- 14 business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking
- 15 certification under chapter 31.24 RCW.
- 16 (aa) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state
- 17 investment board by any person when the information relates to the
- 18 investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure
- 19 would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the providers
- 20 of this information.
- 21 (bb) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120.
- 22 (cc) Client records maintained by an agency that is a domestic
- 23 violence program as defined in RCW 70.123.020 or 70.123.075 or a rape
- 24 crisis center as defined in RCW 70.125.030.
- 25 (dd) Information that identifies a person who, while an agency
- 26 employee: (i) Seeks advice, under an informal process established by
- 27 the employing agency, in order to ascertain his or her rights in
- 28 connection with a possible unfair practice under chapter 49.60 RCW
- 29 against the person; and (ii) requests his or her identity or any
- 30 identifying information not be disclosed.
- 31 (ee) Investigative records compiled by an employing agency
- 32 conducting a current investigation of a possible unfair practice under
- 33 chapter 49.60 RCW or of a possible violation of other federal, state,
- 34 or local laws prohibiting discrimination in employment.
- 35 (ff) Business related information protected from public inspection
- 36 and copying under RCW 15.86.110.
- 37 (gg) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research
- 38 information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington

- 1 center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under 2 chapter 70.95H RCW.
- 3 (hh) Information and documents created specifically for, and 4 collected and maintained by a quality improvement committee pursuant to 5 RCW 43.70.510, regardless of which agency is in possession of the 6 information and documents.
- 7 (ii) Personal information in files maintained in a data base 8 created under RCW 43.07.360.
- 9 (jj) The names, residential addresses, residential telephone 10 numbers, and other individually identifiable records held by an agency 11 in relation to a vanpool, carpool, or other ride-sharing program or 12 service. However, these records may be disclosed to other persons who 13 apply for ride-matching services and who need that information in order 14 to identify potential riders or drivers with whom to share rides.
- 15 (2) Except for information described in subsection (1)(c)(i) of this section and confidential income data exempted from public 16 inspection pursuant to RCW 84.40.020, the exemptions of this section 17 are inapplicable to the extent that information, the disclosure of 18 19 which would violate personal privacy or vital governmental interests, can be deleted from the specific records sought. No exemption may be 20 construed to permit the nondisclosure of statistical information not 21 descriptive of any readily identifiable person or persons. 22
 - (3) Inspection or copying of any specific records exempt under the provisions of this section may be permitted if the superior court in the county in which the record is maintained finds, after a hearing with notice thereof to every person in interest and the agency, that the exemption of such records is clearly unnecessary to protect any individual's right of privacy or any vital governmental function.

24

25

2627

- (4) Agency responses refusing, in whole or in part, inspection of any public record shall include a statement of the specific exemption authorizing the withholding of the record (or part) and a brief explanation of how the exemption applies to the record withheld.
- 33 **Sec. 8.** RCW 46.74.010 and 1996 c 244 s 2 are each amended to read 34 as follows:
- The definitions set forth in this section shall apply throughout this chapter, unless the context clearly indicates otherwise.
- 37 (1) "Commuter ride sharing" means a car pool or van pool 38 arrangement whereby a fixed group not exceeding fifteen persons

- including the driver, and (a) not fewer than five persons including the driver, or (b) not fewer than four persons including the driver where at least two of those persons are confined to wheelchairs when riding, is transported in a passenger motor vehicle with a gross vehicle weight
- 5 not exceeding ten thousand pounds, excluding special rider equipment,
- 6 between their places of abode or termini near such places, and their
- 7 places of employment or educational or other institutions, in a single
- 8 daily round trip where the driver is also on the way to or from his or
- 9 her place of employment or educational or other institution.
- 10 (2) "Flexible commuter ride sharing" means a car pool or van pool
- 11 arrangement whereby a group of at least two but not exceeding fifteen
- 12 persons including the driver is transported in a passenger motor
- 13 <u>vehicle with a gross vehicle weight not exceeding ten thousand pounds,</u>
- 14 excluding special rider equipment, between their places of abode or
- 15 <u>termini near such places</u>, and their places of employment or educational
- 16 or other institutions, where the driver is also on the way to or from
- 17 <u>his or her place of employment or educational or other institution.</u>
- 18 (3) "Ride sharing for persons with special transportation needs"
- 19 means an arrangement whereby a group of persons with special
- 20 transportation needs, and their attendants, is transported by a public
- 21 social service agency or a private, nonprofit transportation provider
- 22 as defined in RCW 81.66.010(3) in a passenger motor vehicle as defined
- 23 by the department to include small buses, cutaways, and modified vans
- 24 not more than twenty-eight feet long: PROVIDED, That the driver need
- 25 not be a person with special transportation needs.
- 26 $((\frac{3}{1}))$ $\underline{(4)}$ "Ride-sharing operator" means the person, entity, or
- 27 concern, not necessarily the driver, responsible for the existence and
- 28 continuance of commuter ride sharing, flexible commuter ride sharing,
- 29 or ride sharing for persons with special transportation needs. The
- 30 term "ride-sharing operator" includes but is not limited to an
- Jo cerm frac sharing operator incrudes but is not increased an
- 31 employer, an employer's agent, an employer-organized association, a
- 33 or any other political subdivision that owns or leases a ride-sharing

state agency, a county, a city, a public transportation benefit area,

34 <u>vehicle</u>.

- $((\frac{4}{}))$ (5) "Ride-sharing promotional activities" means those
- 36 <u>activities involved in forming a commuter ride-sharing arrangement or</u>
- 37 <u>a flexible commuter ride-sharing arrangement, including but not limited</u>
- 38 to receiving information from existing and prospective ride-sharing
- 39 participants, sharing that information with other existing and

- 1 prospective ride-sharing participants, matching those persons with
- 2 other existing or prospective ride-sharing participants, and making
- 3 assignments of persons to ride-sharing arrangements.
- 4 (6) "Persons with special transportation needs" means those persons
- 5 defined in RCW 81.66.010(4).
- 6 **Sec. 9.** RCW 46.74.030 and 1996 c 244 s 3 are each amended to read 7 as follows:
- 8 The operator and the driver of a commuter ride-sharing vehicle or
- 9 <u>a flexible commuter ride-sharing vehicle</u> shall be held to a reasonable
- 10 and ordinary standard of care, and are not subject to ordinances or
- 11 regulations which relate exclusively to the regulation of drivers or
- 12 owners of motor vehicles operated for hire, or other common carriers or
- 13 public transit carriers. No person, entity, or concern may, as a
- 14 result of engaging in ride-sharing promotional activities, be liable
- 15 for civil damages arising directly or indirectly (1) from the
- 16 maintenance and operation of a commuter ride-sharing or flexible
- 17 commuter ride-sharing vehicle; or (2) from an intentional act of
- 18 another person who is participating or proposing to participate in a
- 19 commuter ride-sharing or flexible commuter ride-sharing arrangement,
- 20 unless the ride-sharing operator or promoter had prior, actual
- 21 knowledge that the intentional act was likely to occur and had a
- 22 reasonable ability to prevent the act from occurring.
- 23 **Sec. 10.** RCW 51.08.013 and 1995 c 179 s 1 are each amended to read 24 as follows:
- 25 (1) "Acting in the course of employment" means the worker acting at
- 26 his or her employer's direction or in the furtherance of his or her
- 27 employer's business which shall include time spent going to and from
- 28 work on the jobsite, as defined in RCW 51.32.015 and 51.36.040, insofar
- 29 as such time is immediate to the actual time that the worker is engaged
- 30 in the work process in areas controlled by his or her employer, except
- 31 parking area. It is not necessary that at the time an injury is
- 32 sustained by a worker he or she is doing the work on which his or her
- 33 compensation is based or that the event is within the time limits on
- 34 which industrial insurance or medical aid premiums or assessments are
- 35 paid.
- 36 (2) "Acting in the course of employment" does not include:

- (a) Time spent going to or coming from the employer's place of business((: (i) In commuter ride sharing, as defined in RCW 46.74.010(1), notwithstanding any participation by the employer in the ride-sharing arrangement; or (ii) on a public transport system using a pass provided in whole or part by the employer)) in an alternative commute mode, notwithstanding that the employer (i) paid directly or indirectly, in whole or in part, the cost of a fare, pass, or other expense associated with the alternative commute mode; (ii) promoted and encouraged employee use of one or more alternative commute modes; or (iii) otherwise participated in the provision of the alternative commute mode.
 - (b) An employee's participation in social activities, recreational or athletic activities, events, or competitions, and parties or picnics, whether or not the employer pays some or all of the costs thereof, unless: (i) The participation is during the employee's working hours, not including paid leave; (ii) the employee was paid monetary compensation by the employer to participate; or (iii) the employee was ordered or directed by the employer to participate or reasonably believed the employee was ordered or directed to participate.
 - (3) "Alternative commute mode" means (a) a carpool or vanpool arrangement whereby a group of at least two but not more than fifteen persons including passengers and driver, is transported between their places of abode or termini near those places, and their places of employment or educational or other institutions, where the driver is also on the way to or from his or her place of employment or educational or other institution; (b) a bus, ferry, or other public transportation service; or (c) a nonmotorized means of commuting such as bicycling or walking.

--- END ---