CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1817

55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

Passed by the House April 21, 1997 CERTIFICATE Yeas 89 Nays 0 I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE** Speaker of the **HOUSE BILL 1817** as passed by the House of Representatives and the House of Representatives Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate April 14, 1997 Yeas 45 Nays 1 President of the Senate Chief Clerk Approved FILED Secretary of State Governor of the State of Washington State of Washington

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1817

Passed Legislature - 1997 Regular Session

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By House Committee on Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Chandler, Kessler, Alexander, Linville, DeBolt, O'Brien, Skinner, Wolfe, McMorris, Ogden, D. Sommers, Hankins, Cooke and Mason)

Read first time 03/10/97.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to a reclaimed water demonstration program;
- 2 amending RCW 90.46.005; and adding a new section to chapter 90.46 RCW.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 90.46.005 and 1995 c 342 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 The legislature finds that by encouraging the use of reclaimed
- 7 water while assuring the health and safety of all Washington citizens
- 8 and the protection of its environment, the state of Washington will
- 9 continue to use water in the best interests of present and future
- 10 generations.
- 11 To facilitate the use of reclaimed water as soon as is practicable,
- 12 the legislature encourages the cooperative efforts of the public and
- 13 private sectors and the use of pilot projects to effectuate the goals
- 14 of this chapter. The legislature further directs the department of
- 15 health and the department of ecology to coordinate efforts towards
- 16 developing an efficient and streamlined process for creating and
- 17 implementing processes for the use of reclaimed water.
- 18 It is hereby declared that the people of the state of Washington
- 19 have a primary interest in the development of facilities to provide

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reclaimed water to replace potable water in nonpotable applications, to supplement existing surface and ground water supplies, and to assist in meeting the future water requirements of the state.

4 The legislature further finds and declares that the utilization of reclaimed water by local communities for domestic, agricultural, 5 industrial, recreational, and fish and wildlife habitat creation and 6 7 enhancement purposes, including wetland enhancement, will contribute to 8 the peace, health, safety, and welfare of the people of the state of 9 Washington. To the extent reclaimed water is appropriate for 10 beneficial uses, it should be so used to preserve potable water for drinking purposes. Use of reclaimed water constitutes the development 11 of new basic water supplies needed for future generations. 12

The legislature further finds and declares that the use of reclaimed water is not inconsistent with the policy of antidegradation of state waters announced in other state statutes, including the water pollution control act, chapter 90.48 RCW and the water resources act, chapter 90.54 RCW.

The legislature finds that other states, including California, 19 Florida, and Arizona, have successfully used reclaimed water to 20 supplement existing water supplies without threatening existing 21 resources or public health.

It is the intent of the legislature that the department of ecology and the department of health undertake the necessary steps to encourage the development of water reclamation facilities so that reclaimed water may be made available to help meet the growing water requirements of the state.

The legislature further finds and declares that reclaimed water 27 facilities are water pollution control facilities as defined in chapter 28 29 70.146 RCW and are eligible for financial assistance as provided in 30 chapter 70.146 RCW. The legislature finds that funding demonstration 31 projects will ensure the future use of reclaimed water. demonstration projects in section 2 of this act are varied in nature 32 and will provide the experience necessary to test different facets of 33 34 the standards and refine a variety of technologies so that water purveyors can begin to use reclaimed water technology in a more cost-35 36 effective manner. This is especially critical in smaller cities and 37 communities where the feasibility for such projects is great, but there

are scarce resources to develop the necessary facilities.

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- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 90.46 RCW to read as follows:
- 3 (1) The department of ecology shall establish and administer a 4 reclaimed water demonstration program for the purposes of funding and 5 monitoring the progress of five demonstration projects. The department 6 shall work in cooperation with the department of health.
 - (2) The five demonstration projects will be:

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- 8 (a) The city of Ephrata, to use class A reclaimed water for surface 9 spreading that will recharge the groundwater and reduce the nitrate 10 concentrations that currently exceed drinking water standards in 11 domestic wells;
- 12 (b) Lincoln county, for a study of the use of reclaimed water to 13 transport twenty-two million gallons a day from Spokane to water 14 sources that will rehydrate and restore long depleted streambeds;
- 15 (c) The city of Royal City to replace an interim emergency 16 sprayfield by using one hundred percent of its discharge as class A 17 reclaimed water to enhance local wetlands and lakes in the winter, and 18 potentially irrigate a golf course;
- 19 (d) The city of Sequim to implement a tertiary treatment system and 20 reuse one hundred percent of the city's wastewater to reopen an 21 existing shellfish closure area to benefit state and tribal resources, 22 improve streamflows in the Dungeness river, and provide a sustainable 23 water supply for irrigation purposes;
 - (e) The city of Yelm to use one hundred percent of its wastewater to provide alternative water supply for irrigation and industrial uses in order to offset increased demand for water supply, to protect the Nisqually river chum salmon runs, and to develop experimental artificial wetlands to test low cost treatment options.
- 29 (3) By September 30, 1997, the department of ecology shall enter 30 into a grant agreement with the demonstration project jurisdictions 31 that includes reporting requirements, timelines, and a fund 32 disbursement schedule based on the agreed project milestones.
- 33 (4) Upon completion of the projects, the department of ecology 34 shall report to the appropriate committees of the legislature on the 35 results of the program.
- 36 (5) Demonstration projects which will discharge or otherwise 37 deliver reclaimed water to federal reclamation project facilities or 38 irrigation district facilities shall meet the requirements of the 39 facilities' operating entity for such discharges or deliveries.

(6) No irrigation district, its directors, officers, employees, or agents operating and maintaining irrigation works for any purpose authorized by law, including the production of food for human consumption and other agricultural and domestic purposes, is liable for damages to persons or property arising from the implementation of the demonstration projects in this section.

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