CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2465

55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

Passed by the House February 11, 1998 CERTIFICATE Yeas 95 Nays 0 I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED HOUSE** Speaker of the $\mbox{\bf BILL}~2465~$ as passed by the House of House of Representatives Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate March 4, 1998 Yeas 44 Nays 0 President of the Senate Chief Clerk Approved FILED Secretary of State Governor of the State of Washington

State of Washington

ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL 2465

Passed Legislature - 1998 Regular Session

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

By Representatives Dyer, Cody, Backlund, L. Thomas and Cooke

Read first time 01/14/98. Referred to Committee on Health Care.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to health care providers' communication with
- 2 patients; and amending RCW 5.60.060.

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- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 5.60.060 and 1997 c 338 s 1 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- 6 (1) A husband shall not be examined for or against his wife, without the consent of the wife, nor a wife for or against her husband without the consent of the husband; nor can either during marriage or 8 afterward, be without the consent of the other, examined as to any 9 10 communication made by one to the other during marriage. exception shall not apply to a civil action or proceeding by one 11 against the other, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime 12 committed by one against the other, nor to a criminal action or 13 14 proceeding against a spouse if the marriage occurred subsequent to the 15 filing of formal charges against the defendant, nor to a criminal action or proceeding for a crime committed by said husband or wife 16 17 against any child of whom said husband or wife is the parent or

guardian, nor to a proceeding under chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW:

PROVIDED, That the spouse of a person sought to be detained under

- 1 chapter 70.96A or 71.05 RCW may not be compelled to testify and shall 2 be so informed by the court prior to being called as a witness.
- 3 (2)(a) An attorney or counselor shall not, without the consent of 4 his or her client, be examined as to any communication made by the 5 client to him or her, or his or her advice given thereon in the course 6 of professional employment.
- 7 (b) A parent or guardian of a minor child arrested on a criminal 8 charge may not be examined as to a communication between the child and 9 his or her attorney if the communication was made in the presence of 10 the parent or guardian. This privilege does not extend to 11 communications made prior to the arrest.
- (3) A member of the clergy or a priest shall not, without the consent of a person making the confession, be examined as to any confession made to him or her in his or her professional character, in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to which he or she belongs.
- (4) Subject to the limitations under RCW 70.96A.140 or 71.05.250, a physician or surgeon or osteopathic physician or surgeon or podiatric physician or surgeon shall not, without the consent of his or her patient, be examined in a civil action as to any information acquired in attending such patient, which was necessary to enable him or her to prescribe or act for the patient, except as follows:
- 23 (a) In any judicial proceedings regarding a child's injury, 24 neglect, or sexual abuse or the cause thereof; and
 - (b) Ninety days after filing an action for personal injuries or wrongful death, the claimant shall be deemed to waive the physician-patient privilege. Waiver of the physician-patient privilege for any one physician or condition constitutes a waiver of the privilege as to all physicians or conditions, subject to such limitations as a court may impose pursuant to court rules.
- 31 (5) A public officer shall not be examined as a witness as to 32 communications made to him or her in official confidence, when the 33 public interest would suffer by the disclosure.
- (6)(a) A peer support group counselor shall not, without consent of the law enforcement officer making the communication, be compelled to testify about any communication made to the counselor by the officer while receiving counseling. The counselor must be designated as such by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol, prior to the incident that results in counseling. The privilege only

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- applies when the communication was made to the counselor while acting in his or her capacity as a peer support group counselor. The privilege does not apply if the counselor was an initial responding officer, a witness, or a party to the incident which prompted the delivery of peer support group counseling services to the law enforcement officer.
- 7 (b) For purposes of this section, "peer support group counselor" 8 means a:
- 9 (i) Law enforcement officer, or civilian employee of a law 10 enforcement agency, who has received training to provide emotional and 11 moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as 12 a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting 13 in his or her official capacity; or
- (ii) Nonemployee counselor who has been designated by the sheriff, police chief, or chief of the Washington state patrol to provide emotional and moral support and counseling to an officer who needs those services as a result of an incident in which the officer was involved while acting in his or her official capacity.
- 19 (7) A sexual assault advocate may not, without the consent of the 20 victim, be examined as to any communication made by the victim to the 21 sexual assault advocate.

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- (a) For purposes of this section, "sexual assault advocate" means the employee or volunteer from a rape crisis center, victim assistance unit, program, or association, that provides information, medical or legal advocacy, counseling, or support to victims of sexual assault, who is designated by the victim to accompany the victim to the hospital or other health care facility and to proceedings concerning the alleged assault, including police and prosecution interviews and court proceedings.
- 30 (b) A sexual assault advocate may disclose a confidential communication without the consent of the victim if failure to disclose 31 is likely to result in a clear, imminent risk of serious physical 32 injury or death of the victim or another person. Any sexual assault 33 34 advocate participating in good faith in the disclosing of records and communications under this section shall have immunity from any 35 liability, civil, criminal, or otherwise, that might result from the 36 37 action. In any proceeding, civil or criminal, arising out of a disclosure under this section, the good faith of the sexual assault 38

- 1 advocate who disclosed the confidential communication shall be
- 2 presumed.

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