## SENATE BILL 5181

State of Washington55th Legislature1997 Regular SessionBy Senators Roach, Fairley, Prentice, Benton and WinsleyRead first time 01/17/97.Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

1 AN ACT Relating to a debtor's liability for a deficiency after 2 default under a security agreement; and amending RCW 62A.9-501.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

4 **Sec. 1.** RCW 62A.9-501 and 1981 c 41 s 34 are each amended to read 5 as follows:

(1) When a debtor is in default under a security agreement, a 6 7 secured party has the rights and remedies provided in this Part and except as limited by subsection (3) of this section those provided in 8 the security agreement. He or she may reduce his or her claim to 9 10 judgment, foreclose or otherwise enforce the security interest by any available judicial procedure. If the collateral is documents the 11 12 secured party may proceed either as to the documents or as to the goods covered thereby. A secured party in possession has the rights, 13 14 remedies and duties provided in RCW 62A.9-207. The rights and remedies 15 referred to in this subsection are cumulative.

16 ((Notwithstanding any other provision of this Code, in the case of 17 a purchase money security interest in consumer goods taken or retained 18 by the seller of such collateral to secure all or part of its price, 19 the debtor shall not be liable for any deficiency after the secured party has disposed of such collateral under RCW 62A.9-504 or has retained such collateral in satisfaction of the debt under subsection (2) of RCW 62A.9-505.))

4 (2) After default, the debtor has the rights and remedies provided 5 in this Part, those provided in the security agreement and those 6 provided in RCW 62A.9-207.

7 (3) To the extent that they give rights to the debtor and impose 8 duties on the secured party, the rules stated in the subsections 9 referred to ((below)) in (a) through (e) of this subsection may not be 10 waived or varied except as provided with respect to compulsory disposition of collateral (subsection (3) of RCW 62A.9-504 and RCW 11 62A.9-505) and with respect to redemption of collateral (RCW 62A.9-506) 12 13 but the parties may by agreement determine the standards by which the fulfillment of these rights and duties is to be measured if such 14 15 standards are not manifestly unreasonable:

16 (a) subsection (2) of RCW 62A.9-502 and subsection (2) of RCW 17 62A.9-504 insofar as they require accounting for surplus proceeds of 18 collateral;

(b) subsection (3) of RCW 62A.9-504 and subsection (1) of RCW62A.9-505 which deal with disposition of collateral;

(c) subsection (2) of RCW 62A.9-505 which deals with acceptance of
 collateral as discharge of obligation;

(d) RCW 62A.9-506 which deals with redemption of collateral; and
(e) subsection (1) of RCW 62A.9-507 which deals with the secured
party's liability for failure to comply with this Part.

(4) If the security agreement covers both real and personal property, the secured party may proceed under this Part as to the personal property or he <u>or she</u> may proceed as to both the real and the personal property in accordance with his <u>or her</u> rights and remedies in respect of the real property in which case the provisions of this Part do not apply.

(5) When a secured party has reduced his <u>or her</u> claim to judgment the lien of any levy which may be made upon his <u>or her</u> collateral by virtue of any execution based upon the judgment shall relate back to the date of the perfection of the security interest in such collateral. A judicial sale, pursuant to such execution, is a foreclosure of the security interest by judicial procedure within the meaning of this

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1  $\,$  section, and the secured party may purchase at the sale and thereafter  $\,$ 

2 hold the collateral free of any other requirements of this Article.

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