
SENATE BILL 5728

State of Washington

55th Legislature

1997 Regular Session

By Senators Haugen, Oke, Prentice, Swecker, Rasmussen, Winsley and Kline

Read first time 02/10/97. Referred to Committee on Commerce & Labor.

1 AN ACT Relating to the access to and use of tobacco by minors;
2 amending RCW 70.155.080; reenacting and amending RCW 13.04.030;
3 creating a new section; and prescribing penalties.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that the research data
6 continues to confirm the harm associated with the use of cigarettes and
7 tobacco products. The legislature finds that those most at risk of
8 beginning use and ultimately becoming addicted to such products are
9 juveniles and that the social immaturity of juveniles coupled with
10 intense media advertising by the tobacco industry and peer pressure
11 lead many juveniles to begin the use of cigarettes and tobacco
12 products. The legislature further finds that school officials and
13 other local governmental officials are frustrated by the growing number
14 of juveniles who use cigarettes and tobacco products, thus endangering
15 their own lives and negatively impacting the general well-being of
16 their communities. Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to
17 further limit the access by minors to cigarettes and tobacco products
18 and to give local governments the authority to impose stricter
19 regulations in an effort to curb the use of such products by minors.

1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.155.080 and 1993 c 507 s 9 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 A person under the age of eighteen who purchases ~~((or))~~, attempts
4 to purchase ~~((or))~~, obtains ~~((or))~~, attempts to obtain, or possesses
5 cigarettes or tobacco products commits a class 3 civil infraction under
6 chapter 7.80 RCW and is subject to a fine as set out in chapter 7.80
7 RCW or participation in a smoking cessation program, or both. This
8 provision does not apply if a person under the age of eighteen, with
9 parental authorization, is participating in a controlled purchase as
10 part of a liquor control board, law enforcement, or local health
11 department activity.

12 **Sec. 3.** RCW 13.04.030 and 1995 c 312 s 39 and 1995 c 311 s 15 are
13 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

14 (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, the
15 juvenile courts in the several counties of this state, shall have
16 exclusive original jurisdiction over all proceedings:

17 (a) Under the interstate compact on placement of children as
18 provided in chapter 26.34 RCW;

19 (b) Relating to children alleged or found to be dependent as
20 provided in chapter 26.44 RCW and in RCW 13.34.030 through 13.34.170;

21 (c) Relating to the termination of a parent and child relationship
22 as provided in RCW 13.34.180 through 13.34.210;

23 (d) To approve or disapprove out-of-home placement as provided in
24 RCW 13.32A.170;

25 (e) Relating to juveniles alleged or found to have committed
26 offenses, traffic infractions, or violations as provided in RCW
27 13.40.020 through 13.40.230, unless:

28 (i) The juvenile court transfers jurisdiction of a particular
29 juvenile to adult criminal court pursuant to RCW 13.40.110; or

30 (ii) The statute of limitations applicable to adult prosecution for
31 the offense, traffic infraction, or violation has expired; or

32 (iii) The alleged offense or infraction is a traffic, fish,
33 boating, tobacco or cigarette-related, or game offense or traffic
34 infraction committed by a juvenile sixteen years of age or older and
35 would, if committed by an adult, be tried or heard in a court of
36 limited jurisdiction, in which instance the appropriate court of
37 limited jurisdiction shall have jurisdiction over the alleged offense
38 or infraction: PROVIDED, That if such an alleged offense or infraction

1 and an alleged offense or infraction subject to juvenile court
2 jurisdiction arise out of the same event or incident, the juvenile
3 court may have jurisdiction of both matters: PROVIDED FURTHER, That
4 the jurisdiction under this subsection does not constitute "transfer"
5 or a "decline" for purposes of RCW 13.40.110(1) or (e)(i) of this
6 subsection: PROVIDED FURTHER, That courts of limited jurisdiction
7 which confine juveniles for an alleged offense or infraction may place
8 juveniles in juvenile detention facilities under an agreement with the
9 officials responsible for the administration of the juvenile detention
10 facility in RCW 13.04.035 and 13.20.060; or

11 (iv) The juvenile is sixteen or seventeen years old and the alleged
12 offense is: (A) A serious violent offense as defined in RCW 9.94A.030
13 committed on or after June 13, 1994; or (B) a violent offense as
14 defined in RCW 9.94A.030 committed on or after June 13, 1994, and the
15 juvenile has a criminal history consisting of: (I) One or more prior
16 serious violent offenses; (II) two or more prior violent offenses; or
17 (III) three or more of any combination of the following offenses: Any
18 class A felony, any class B felony, vehicular assault, or manslaughter
19 in the second degree, all of which must have been committed after the
20 juvenile's thirteenth birthday and prosecuted separately. In such a
21 case the adult criminal court shall have exclusive original
22 jurisdiction.

23 If the juvenile challenges the state's determination of the
24 juvenile's criminal history, the state may establish the offender's
25 criminal history by a preponderance of the evidence. If the criminal
26 history consists of adjudications entered upon a plea of guilty, the
27 state shall not bear a burden of establishing the knowing and
28 voluntariness of the plea;

29 (f) Under the interstate compact on juveniles as provided in
30 chapter 13.24 RCW;

31 (g) Relating to termination of a diversion agreement under RCW
32 13.40.080, including a proceeding in which the divertee has attained
33 eighteen years of age;

34 (h) Relating to court validation of a voluntary consent to an out-
35 of-home placement under chapter 13.34 RCW, by the parent or Indian
36 custodian of an Indian child, except if the parent or Indian custodian
37 and child are residents of or domiciled within the boundaries of a
38 federally recognized Indian reservation over which the tribe exercises
39 exclusive jurisdiction; and

1 (i) Relating to petitions to compel disclosure of information filed
2 by the department of social and health services pursuant to RCW
3 74.13.042.

4 (2) The family court shall have concurrent original jurisdiction
5 with the juvenile court over all proceedings under this section if the
6 superior court judges of a county authorize concurrent jurisdiction as
7 provided in RCW 26.12.010.

8 (3) A juvenile subject to adult superior court jurisdiction under
9 subsection (1)(e) (i) through (iv) of this section, who is detained
10 pending trial, may be detained in a county detention facility as
11 defined in RCW 13.40.020 pending sentencing or a dismissal.

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