S-1429.3	

SENATE BILL 5835

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1997 Regular Session

By Senators Swecker, McDonald, Benton, McCaslin, Zarelli, Horn, Sellar, Stevens, Deccio, Johnson, Newhouse, Winsley, Oke, Long, Anderson, Rossi, Roach and Hochstatter

Read first time 02/14/97. Referred to Committee on Ways & Means.

AN ACT Relating to limiting property taxes by reducing the state 1 2 levy, reducing the one hundred six percent limit calculation, and 3 allowing for valuation increases to be spread over time; amending RCW 84.04.030, 84.40.020, 84.40.030, 84.40.040, 84.40.045, 84.41.041, 4 84.48.010, 84.48.065, 84.48.075, 84.48.080, 5 84.12.270, 84.12.280, 6 84.12.310, 84.12.330, 84.12.350, 84.12.360, 84.16.040, 84.16.050, 7 84.16.090, 84.16.110, 84.16.120, 84.36.041, 84.52.063, 84.70.010, 84.55.005, 84.55.010, 84.55.020, 35.61.210, 70.44.060, 84.08.115, and 8 84.55.120; adding a new section to chapter 84.04 RCW; adding a new 9 section to chapter 84.40 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 84.55 RCW; 10 creating new sections; repealing RCW 84.55.---; repealing 1997 c 2 s 5 11 12 (uncodified); and providing for submission of this act to a vote of the 13 people.

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

15 PART I
16 VALUE AVERAGING

NEW SECTION. Sec. 101. A new section is added to chapter 84.04 RCW to read as follows:

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- 1 "Appraised value of property" means the aggregate true and fair
- 2 value of the property as last determined by the county assessor
- 3 according to the revaluation program approved under chapter 84.41 RCW,
- 4 including revaluations based on statistical data between physical
- 5 inspections.
- 6 **Sec. 102.** RCW 84.04.030 and 1961 c 15 s 84.04.030 are each amended 7 to read as follows:
- 8 "Assessed value of property" shall be held and construed to mean
- 9 the aggregate valuation of the property subject to taxation by any
- 10 taxing district as <u>determined under section 105 of this act</u>, <u>reduced by</u>
- 11 the value of any applicable exemptions under RCW 84.36.381 or other
- 12 <u>law, and</u> placed on the last completed and balanced tax rolls of the
- 13 county preceding the date of any tax levy.
- 14 **Sec. 103.** RCW 84.40.020 and 1973 c 69 s 1 are each amended to read 15 as follows:
- All real property in this state subject to taxation shall be listed
- 17 and assessed every year, with reference to its appraised and assessed
- 18 values on the first day of January of the year in which it is assessed.
- 19 Such listing and all supporting documents and records shall be open to
- 20 public inspection during the regular office hours of the assessor's
- 21 office: PROVIDED, That confidential income data is exempted from
- 22 public inspection pursuant to RCW 42.17.310. All personal property in
- 23 this state subject to taxation shall be listed and assessed every year,
- 24 with reference to its value and ownership on the first day of January
- 25 of the year in which it is assessed: PROVIDED, That if the stock of
- 26 goods, wares, merchandise or material, whether in a raw or finished
- 27 state or in process of manufacture, owned or held by any taxpayer on
- 28 January 1 of any year does not fairly represent the average stock
- 29 carried by such taxpayer, such stock shall be listed and assessed upon
- 30 the basis of the monthly average of stock owned or held by such
- 31 taxpayer during the preceding calendar year or during such portion
- 32 thereof as the taxpayer was engaged in business.
- 33 **Sec. 104.** RCW 84.40.030 and 1994 c 124 s 20 are each amended to
- 34 read as follows:

All <u>personal</u> property shall be valued at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed on the same basis unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

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All real property shall be appraised at one hundred percent of its true and fair value in money and assessed as provided in section 105 of this act unless specifically provided otherwise by law.

Taxable leasehold estates shall be valued at such price as they would bring at a fair, voluntary sale for cash without any deductions for any indebtedness owed including rentals to be paid.

The true and fair value of real property for taxation purposes (including property upon which there is a coal or other mine, or stone or other quarry) shall be based upon the following criteria:

- (1) Any sales of the property being appraised or similar properties with respect to sales made within the past five years. The appraisal shall be consistent with the comprehensive land use plan, development under chapter 36.70A RCW, zoning, and governmental policies or practices in effect at the time of appraisal that affect the use of property, as well as physical and environmental influences. The appraisal shall also take into account: (a) In the use of sales by real estate contract as similar sales, the extent, if any, to which the stated selling price has been increased by reason of the down payment, interest rate, or other financing terms; and (b) the extent to which the sale of a similar property actually represents the general effective market demand for property of such type, in the geographical area in which such property is located. Sales involving deed releases or similar seller-developer financing arrangements shall not be used as sales of similar property.
- (2) In addition to sales as defined in subsection (1) of this 28 section, consideration may be given to cost, cost less depreciation, 29 30 reconstruction cost less depreciation, or capitalization of income that 31 would be derived from prudent use of the property. In the case of property of a complex nature, or being used under terms of a franchise 32 33 from a public agency, or operating as a public utility, or property not having a record of sale within five years and not having a significant 34 35 number of sales of similar property in the general area, the provisions of this subsection (2) shall be the dominant factors in valuation. 36 37 When provisions of this subsection (2) are relied upon for establishing values the property owner shall be advised upon request of the factors 38 39 used in arriving at such value.

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- 1 (3) In valuing any tract or parcel of real property, the <u>true and</u>
- 2 <u>fair</u> value of the land, exclusive of structures thereon shall be
- 3 determined; also the <u>true and fair</u> value of structures thereon, but the
- 4 appraised valuation shall not exceed the true and fair value of the
- 5 total property as it exists. In valuing agricultural land, growing
- 6 crops shall be excluded.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 105.** A new section is added to chapter 84.40
- 8 RCW to read as follows:
- 9 (1) As used in this section:
- 10 (a) "Previous assessed value" means the assessed value for the year
- 11 immediately preceding the year for which a calculation is being made
- 12 under this section.
- 13 (b) "Current appraised value" means the appraised value for the
- 14 year for which a calculation is being made under this section.
- 15 (c) "Total value increase" means the current appraised value minus
- 16 the previous assessed value. Total value increase can never be less
- 17 than zero.
- 18 (d) "Improvement increase" means the portion of the total value
- 19 increase attributable to any physical improvements made to the property
- 20 since the previous assessment, other than improvements exempt under RCW
- 21 84.36.400 for the year for which a calculation is being made under this
- 22 section. Improvement increase can never be less than zero.
- (e) "Market increase" means the total value increase minus the
- 24 improvement increase. Market increase can never be less than zero.
- 25 (2) The assessed value of property is equal to the lesser of the
- 26 current appraised value or a limited value determined under this
- 27 section. The limited value is equal to the greater of:
- 28 (a) The improvement increase plus one hundred fifteen percent of
- 29 the previous assessed value; or
- 30 (b) The sum of:
- 31 (i) The previous assessed value;
- 32 (ii) The improvement increase; and
- 33 (iii) Twenty-five percent of the market increase.
- 34 (3) Upon loss of preferential tax treatment for property that
- 35 qualifies for preferential tax treatment under chapter 84.14, 84.26,
- 36 84.33, 84.34, or 84.36 RCW, the previous assessed value shall be the
- 37 assessed value the property would have had without the preferential tax
- 38 treatment.

1 **Sec. 106.** RCW 84.40.040 and 1988 c 222 s 15 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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38 39 The assessor shall begin the preliminary work for each assessment not later than the first day of December of each year in all counties in the state. The assessor shall also complete the duties of listing and placing valuations on all property by May 31st of each year, except that the listing and valuation of construction and mobile homes under RCW ((36.21.040 through)) 36.21.080 and 36.21.090 shall be completed by August 31st of each year, and in the following manner, to wit:

The assessor shall actually determine as nearly as practicable the true and fair value of each tract or lot of land listed for taxation and of each improvement located thereon and shall enter as the appraised value one hundred percent of the true and fair value of such land and of the total true and fair value of such improvements, together with the total of such one hundred percent valuations, opposite each description of property on the assessment list and tax roll.

The assessor shall determine the assessed value, under section 105
of this act, for each tract or lot of land listed for taxation,
including improvements located thereon, and shall also enter this value
opposite each description of property on the assessment list and tax
roll.

The assessor shall make an alphabetical list of the names of all persons in the county liable to assessment of personal property, and require each person to make a correct list and statement of such property according to the standard form prescribed by the department of revenue, which statement and list shall include, if required by the form, the year of acquisition and total original cost of personal property in each category of the prescribed form, and shall be signed and verified under penalty of perjury by the person listing the property: PROVIDED, That the assessor may list and value improvements on publicly owned land in the same manner as real property is listed and valued, including conformance with the revaluation program required under chapter 84.41 RCW. Such list and statement shall be filed on or before the last day of April. The assessor shall on or before the 1st day of January of each year mail a notice to all such persons at their last known address that such statement and list is required, such notice to be accompanied by the form on which the statement or list is to be made: PROVIDED, That the notice mailed by the assessor to each

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taxpayer each year shall, if practicable, include the statement and list of personal property of the taxpayer for the preceding year. Upon receipt of such statement and list the assessor shall thereupon determine the true and fair value of the property included in such statement and enter one hundred percent of the same on the assessment roll opposite the name of the party assessed; and in making such entry in the assessment list, the assessor shall give the name and post office address of the party listing the property, and if the party resides in a city the assessor shall give the street and number or other brief description of the party's residence or place of business. The assessor may, after giving written notice of the action to the person to be assessed, add to the assessment list any taxable property which should be included in such list.

Sec. 107. RCW 84.40.045 and 1994 c 301 s 36 are each amended to 15 read as follows:

The assessor shall give notice of any change in the ((true and fair)) assessed value of real property for the tract or lot of land and any improvements thereon no later than thirty days after appraisal: PROVIDED, That no such notice shall be mailed during the period from January 15 to February 15 of each year: PROVIDED FURTHER, That no notice need be sent with respect to changes in valuation of forest land made pursuant to chapter 84.33 RCW.

The notice shall contain a statement of both the prior and the new ((true and fair)) appraised and assessed values ((and the ratio of the assessed value to the true and fair value on which the assessment of the property is based)), stating separately land and improvement appraised values, and a brief statement of the procedure for appeal to the board of equalization and the time, date, and place of the meetings of the board.

The notice shall be mailed by the assessor to the taxpayer.

If any taxpayer, as shown by the tax rolls, holds solely a security interest in the real property which is the subject of the notice, pursuant to a mortgage, contract of sale, or deed of trust, such taxpayer shall, upon written request of the assessor, supply, within thirty days of receipt of such request, to the assessor the name and address of the person making payments pursuant to the mortgage, contract of sale, or deed of trust, and thereafter such person shall also receive a copy of the notice provided for in this section.

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Willful failure to comply with such request within the time limitation provided for herein shall make such taxpayer subject to a maximum civil penalty of five thousand dollars. The penalties provided for herein shall be recoverable in an action by the county prosecutor, and when recovered shall be deposited in the county current expense fund. The assessor shall make the request provided for by this section during the month of January.

8 **Sec. 108.** RCW 84.41.041 and 1987 c 319 s 4 are each amended to 9 read as follows:

Each county assessor shall cause taxable real property to be 10 physically inspected and valued at least once every six years in 11 12 accordance with RCW 84.41.030, and in accordance with a plan filed with and approved by the department of revenue. Such revaluation plan shall 13 14 provide that a reasonable portion of all taxable real property within 15 a county shall be revalued and these newly-determined values placed on the assessment rolls each year. The department may approve a plan that 16 provides that all property in the county be revalued every two years. 17 18 If the revaluation plan provides for physical inspection at least once 19 each four years, during the intervals between each physical inspection of real property, the appraised valuation of such property may be 20 adjusted to its current true and fair value, such adjustments to be 21 22 based upon appropriate statistical data. If the revaluation plan 23 provides for physical inspection less frequently than once each four 24 years, during the intervals between each physical inspection of real 25 property, the appraised valuation of such property shall be adjusted to its current true and fair value, such adjustments to be made once each 26 year and to be based upon appropriate statistical data. 27 appraised valuation is changed, the assessed value shall be 28 29 recalculated under section 105 of this act.

The assessor may require property owners to submit pertinent data respecting taxable property in their control including data respecting any sale or purchase of said property within the past five years, the cost and characteristics of any improvement on the property and other facts necessary for appraisal of the property.

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35 **Sec. 109.** RCW 84.48.010 and 1988 c 222 s 20 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

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Prior to July 15th, the county legislative authority shall form a 1 2 board for the equalization of the assessment of the property of the 3 The members of said board shall receive a per diem amount as 4 set by the county legislative authority for each day of actual 5 attendance of the meeting of the board of equalization to be paid out of the current expense fund of the county: PROVIDED, That when the 6 7 county legislative authority constitute the board they shall only 8 receive their compensation as members of the county legislative 9 authority. The board of equalization shall meet in open session for 10 this purpose annually on the 15th day of July and, having each taken an oath fairly and impartially to perform their duties as members of such 11 board, they shall examine and compare the returns of the assessment of 12 13 the property of the county and proceed to equalize the same, so that the appraised value of each tract or lot of real property and each 14 15 article or class of personal property shall be entered on the assessment list at its true and fair value, according to the measure of 16 17 value used by the county assessor in such assessment year, ((which is presumed to be correct pursuant to RCW 84.40.0301)) and so that the 18 19 assessed value of each tract or lot of real property is entered on the assessment list at its correct amount, and subject to the following 20 rules: 21

First. They shall raise the <u>appraised</u> valuation of each tract or lot or item of real property which is returned below its true and fair value to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof, and raise the assessed valuation of each tract or lot or item of real property which is returned below its correct amount to the correct amount after at least five days' notice shall have been given in writing to the owner or agent.

Second. They shall reduce the <u>appraised</u> valuation of each tract or lot or item which is returned above its true and fair value to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof <u>and reduce the assessed valuation of each tract or lot or item of real property which is returned above its correct amount to the correct amount.</u>

Third. They shall raise the valuation of each class of personal property which is returned below its true and fair value to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof, and they shall raise the aggregate value of the personal property of each individual whenever the aggregate value is less than the true valuation of the taxable personal property possessed by such individual, to such sum or

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amount as to be the true value thereof, after at least five days' notice shall have been given in writing to the owner or agent thereof.

Fourth. They shall reduce the valuation of each class of personal property enumerated on the detail and assessment list of the current year, which is returned above its true and fair value, to such price or sum as to be the true and fair value thereof; and they shall reduce the aggregate valuation of the personal property of such individual who has been assessed at too large a sum to such sum or amount as was the true and fair value of the personal property.

Fifth. The board may review all claims for either real or personal property tax exemption as determined by the county assessor, and shall consider any taxpayer appeals from the decision of the assessor thereon to determine (1) if the taxpayer is entitled to an exemption, and (2) if so, the amount thereof.

The clerk of the board shall keep an accurate journal or record of the proceedings and orders of said board showing the facts and evidence upon which their action is based, and the said record shall be published the same as other proceedings of county legislative authority, and shall make a true record of the changes of the descriptions and ((assessed)) appraised values ordered by the county board of equalization. The assessor shall recalculate assessed values and correct the real and personal assessment rolls in accordance with the changes made by the said county board of equalization, and the assessor shall make duplicate abstracts of such corrected values, one copy of which shall be retained in the office, and one copy forwarded to the department of revenue on or before the eighteenth day of August next following the meeting of the county board of equalization.

The county board of equalization shall meet on the 15th day of July and may continue in session and adjourn from time to time during a period not to exceed four weeks, but shall remain in session not less than three days: PROVIDED, That the county board of equalization with the approval of the county legislative authority may convene at any time when petitions filed exceed twenty-five, or ten percent of the number of appeals filed in the preceding year, whichever is greater.

No taxes, except special taxes, shall be extended upon the tax rolls until the property valuations are equalized by the department of revenue for the purpose of raising the state revenue.

County legislative authorities as such shall at no time have any authority to change the valuation of the property of any person or to

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- 1 release or commute in whole or in part the taxes due on the property of 2 any person.
- 3 **Sec. 110.** RCW 84.48.065 and 1996 c 296 s 1 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- 5 (1) The county assessor or treasurer may cancel or correct assessments on the assessment or tax rolls which are erroneous due to 6 7 manifest errors in description, double assessments, clerical errors in extending the rolls, clerical errors in calculating the assessed value 8 9 under section 105 of this act, and such manifest errors in the listing of the property which do not involve a revaluation of property, except 10 11 in the case that a taxpayer produces proof that an authorized land use 12 authority has made a definitive change in the property's land use designation. In such a case, correction of the assessment or tax rolls 13 14 may be made notwithstanding the fact that the action involves a 15 revaluation of property. Manifest errors that do not involve a revaluation of property include the assessment of property exempted by 16 law from taxation or the failure to deduct the exemption allowed by law 17 18 to the head of a family. When the county assessor cancels or corrects 19 an assessment, the assessor shall send a notice to the taxpayer in accordance with RCW 84.40.045, advising the taxpayer that the action 20 21 has been taken and notifying the taxpayer of the right to appeal the cancellation or correction to the county board of equalization, in 22 23 accordance with RCW 84.40.038. When the county assessor or treasurer 24 cancels or corrects an assessment, a record of such action shall be 25 prepared, setting forth therein the facts relating to the error. record shall also set forth by legal description all property belonging 26 exclusively to the state, any county, or any municipal corporation 27 whose property is exempt from taxation, upon which there remains, 28 29 according to the tax roll, any unpaid taxes. No manifest error 30 cancellation or correction, including a cancellation or correction made due to a definitive change of land use designation, shall be made for 31 32 any period more than three years preceding the year in which the error 33 is discovered.
- (2)(a) In the case of a definitive change of land use designation, an assessor shall make corrections that involve a revaluation of property to the assessment roll when:
- (i) The assessor and taxpayer have signed an agreement as to the true and fair value of the taxpayer's property setting forth in the

- 1 agreement the valuation information upon which the agreement is based;
- 2 and
- 3 (ii) The assessment roll has previously been certified in 4 accordance with RCW 84.40.320.
- 5 (b) In all other cases, an assessor shall make corrections that 6 involve a revaluation of property to the assessment roll when:
- 7 (i) The assessor and taxpayer have signed an agreement as to the 8 true and fair value of the taxpayer's property setting forth in the 9 agreement the valuation information upon which the agreement is based; 10 and
- 11 (ii) The following conditions are met:
- 12 (A) The assessment roll has previously been certified in accordance 13 with RCW 84.40.320;
- 14 (B) The taxpayer has timely filed a petition with the county board 15 of equalization pursuant to RCW 84.40.038 for the current assessment 16 year;
- 17 (C) The county board of equalization has not yet held a hearing on 18 the merits of the taxpayer's petition.
- 19 (3) The assessor shall issue a supplementary roll or rolls 20 including such cancellations and corrections, and the assessment and 21 levy shall have the same force and effect as if made in the first 22 instance, and the county treasurer shall proceed to collect the taxes 23 due on the rolls as modified.
- 24 **Sec. 111.** RCW 84.48.075 and 1988 c 222 s 23 are each amended to 25 read as follows:
- (1) The department of revenue shall annually, prior to the first 26 Monday in September, determine and submit to each assessor a 27 preliminary indicated ratio for each county: PROVIDED, That the 28 29 department shall establish rules and regulations pertinent to the determination of the indicated ratio, the indicated real property ratio 30 and the indicated personal property ratio: PROVIDED FURTHER, That 31 32 these rules and regulations may provide that data, as is necessary for 33 said determination, which is available from the county assessor of any 34 county and which has been audited as to its validity by the department, shall be utilized by the department in determining the indicated ratio. 35
- 36 (2) To such extent as is reasonable, the department may define use 37 classes of property for the purposes of determination of the indicated

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- 1 ratio. Such use classes may be defined with respect to property use 2 and may include agricultural, open space, timber and forest lands.
- (3) The department shall review each county's preliminary ratio 3 4 with the assessor, a landowner, or an owner of an intercounty public 5 utility or private car company of that county, if requested by the assessor, a landowner, or an owner of an intercounty public utility or 6 private car company of that county, respectively, between the first and 7 8 third Mondays of September. Prior to equalization of assessments pursuant to RCW 84.48.080 and after the third Monday of September, the 9 10 department shall certify to each county assessor the real and personal 11 property ratio for that county.
- (4) The department of revenue shall also examine procedures used by 12 13 the assessor to assess real and personal property in the county, including calculations, use of prescribed value schedules, and efforts 14 15 to locate all taxable property in the county. If any examination by 16 the department discloses other than market value is being listed as 17 appraised value on the county assessment rolls of the county by the assessor and, after due notification by the department, is not 18 19 corrected, the department of revenue shall, in accordance with rules 20 adopted by the department, adjust the ratio of that type of property, which adjustment shall be used for determining the county's indicated 21 22 ratio.
- 23 **Sec. 112.** RCW 84.48.080 and 1995 2nd sp.s. c 13 s 3 are each 24 amended to read as follows:
 - (1) Annually during the months of September and October, the department of revenue shall examine and compare the returns of the assessment of the property in the several counties of the state, and the assessment of the property of railroad and other companies assessed by the department, and proceed to equalize the same, so that each county in the state shall pay its due and just proportion of the taxes for state purposes for such assessment year, according to the ratio the assessed valuation of the property in each county bears to the correct total assessed valuation of all property in the state.
- First. The department shall classify all property, real and personal, and shall raise and lower the <u>assessed</u> valuation of any class of property in any county to a value that shall be equal, so far as possible, to the ((true and fair)) <u>correct assessed</u> value of such class as of January 1st of the current year, <u>after determining the correct</u>

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appraised value, and any adjustment applicable under section 105 of 1 this act for the property, for the purpose of ascertaining the just 2 amount of tax due from each county for state purposes. 3 In equalizing 4 personal property as of January 1st of the current year, the department 5 the assessment level of the preceding year. classification may be on the basis of types of property, geographical 6 7 areas, or both. For purposes of this section, for each county that has 8 not provided the department with an assessment return by December 1st, 9 the department shall proceed, using facts and information and in a 10 manner it deems appropriate, to estimate the value of each class of 11 property in the county.

Second. The department shall keep a full record of its proceedings and the same shall be published annually by the department.

(2) The department shall levy the state taxes authorized by law. 14 15 The amount levied in any one year for general state purposes shall not 16 exceed the lawful dollar rate on the dollar of the assessed value of 17 the property of the entire state((, which assessed value shall be one hundred percent of the true and fair value of such property in money)) 18 19 as equalized under this section. The department shall apportion the 20 amount of tax for state purposes levied by the department, among the several counties, in proportion to the <u>assessed</u> valuation of the 21 taxable property of the county for the year as equalized by the 22 PROVIDED, That for purposes of this apportionment, the 23 department: 24 shall recompute the previous year's levy and department 25 apportionment thereof to correct for changes and errors in taxable values reported to the department after October 1 of the preceding year 26 and shall adjust the apportioned amount of the current year's state 27 levy for each county by the difference between the apportioned amounts 28 established by the original and revised levy computations for the 29 30 previous year. For purposes of this section, changes in taxable values mean a final adjustment made by a county board of equalization, the 31 state board of tax appeals, or a court of competent jurisdiction and 32 33 shall include additions of omitted property, other additions or 34 deletions from the assessment or tax rolls, any assessment return 35 provided by a county to the department subsequent to December 1st, or a change in the indicated ratio of a county. Errors in taxable values 36 37 mean errors corrected by a final reviewing body.

In addition to computing a levy under this subsection that is reduced under RCW 84.55.012, the department shall compute a

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- 1 hypothetical levy without regard to the reduction under RCW 84.55.012.
- 2 This hypothetical levy shall also be apportioned among the several
- 3 counties in proportion to the valuation of the taxable property of the
- 4 county for the year, as equalized by the department, in the same manner
- 5 as the actual levy and shall be used by the county assessors for the
- 6 purpose of recomputing and establishing a consolidated levy under RCW
- 7 84.52.010.
- 8 (3) The department shall have authority to adopt rules and
- 9 regulations to enforce obedience to its orders in all matters in
- 10 relation to the returns of county assessments, the equalization of
- 11 values, and the apportionment of the state levy by the department.
- 12 (4) After the completion of the duties prescribed in this section,
- 13 the director of the department shall certify the record of the
- 14 proceedings of the department under this section, the tax levies made
- 15 for state purposes and the apportionment thereof among the counties,
- 16 and the certification shall be available for public inspection.
- 17 **Sec. 113.** RCW 84.12.270 and 1994 c 301 s 20 are each amended to 18 read as follows:

The department of revenue shall annually make an assessment of the 19 operating property of all companies; and between the fifteenth day of 20 March and the first day of July of each of said years shall prepare an 21 assessment roll upon which it shall enter ((and assess)) the ((true and 22 23 fair)) assessed value of all the operating property of each of such 24 companies as of the first day of January of the year in which the 25 assessment is made. For the purpose of determining the ((true and fair)) assessed value of such property the department of revenue may 26 27 inspect the property belonging to said companies and may take into consideration any information or knowledge obtained by it from such 28 29 examination and inspection of such property, or of the books, records 30 and accounts of such companies, the statements filed as required by this chapter, the reports, statements or returns of such companies 31 filed in the office of any board, office or commission of this state or 32 33 any county thereof, the earnings and earning power of such companies, 34 the franchises owned or used by such companies, the assessed valuation of any and all property of such companies, whether operating or 35 36 nonoperating property, and whether situated within or outside the 37 state, and any other facts, evidence or information that may be obtainable bearing upon the value of the operating property: PROVIDED, 38

- 1 That in no event shall any statement or report required from any
- 2 company by this chapter be conclusive upon the department of revenue
- 3 in determining the amount, character and ((true and fair)) assessed
- 4 value of the operating property of such company.
- 5 **Sec. 114.** RCW 84.12.280 and 1987 c 153 s 2 are each amended to 6 read as follows:
- (1) In making the assessment of the operating property of any 7 railroad or logging railroad company and in the apportionment of the 8 values and the taxation thereof, all land occupied and claimed 9 10 exclusively as the right-of-way for railroads, with all the tracks and 11 substructures and superstructures which support the same, together with 12 all side tracks, second tracks, turn-outs, station houses, depots, round houses, machine shops, or other buildings belonging to the 13 14 company, used in the operation thereof, without separating the same 15 into land and improvements, shall be assessed as real property. And 16 the rolling stock and other movable property belonging to any railroad 17 or logging railroad company shall be considered as personal property 18 and taxed as such: PROVIDED, That all of the operating property of 19 street railway companies shall be assessed and taxed as personal 20 property.
- (2) All of the operating property of airplane companies, telegraph companies, pipe line companies, water companies and toll bridge companies; the floating equipment of steamboat companies, and all of the operating property other than lands and buildings of electric light and power companies, telephone companies, gas companies and heating companies shall be assessed and taxed as personal property.
- 27 (3) Notwithstanding subsections (1) and (2) of this section, the 28 limit provided under section 105 of this act shall be applied in the 29 assessment of property under this section to the same extent as that 30 limit is generally applied to property not assessed under this chapter.
- 31 **Sec. 115.** RCW 84.12.310 and 1994 c 301 s 21 are each amended to 32 read as follows:
- For the purpose of determining the system value of the operating property of any such company, the department of revenue shall deduct from the ((true and fair)) assessed value of the total assets of such company, the ((actual cash)) assessed value of all nonoperating property owned by such company. For such purpose the department of

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- 1 revenue may require of the assessors of the various counties within
- 2 this state a detailed list of such company's properties assessed by
- 3 them, together with the assessable or assessed value thereof:
- 4 PROVIDED, That such assessed or assessable value shall be advisory only
- 5 and not conclusive on the department of revenue as to the value
- 6 thereof.

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- 7 **Sec. 116.** RCW 84.12.330 and 1994 c 301 s 22 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 Upon the assessment roll shall be placed after the name of each company a general description of the operating property of the company, 10 which shall be considered sufficient if described in the language of 11 12 ((subdivision (17) of)) RCW 84.12.200(13), as applied to ((said)) the 13 company, following which shall be entered the ((true and fair)) 14 assessed value of the operating property as determined by the 15 department of revenue. No assessment shall be invalidated by reason of a mistake in the name of the company assessed, or the omission of the 16 name of the owner or by the entry as owner of a name other than that of 17 18 the true owner. When the department of revenue shall have prepared the 19 assessment roll and entered thereon the ((true and fair)) assessed value of the operating property of the company, as herein required, it 20
- 23 **Sec. 117.** RCW 84.12.350 and 1994 c 301 s 23 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

shall notify the company by mail of the valuation determined by it and

25 Upon determination by the department of revenue of the ((true and 26 fair)) assessed value of the property appearing on such rolls it shall 27 apportion such value to the respective counties entitled thereto, as 28 hereinafter provided, and shall determine the equalized assessed 29 valuation of such property in each such county and in the several taxing districts therein, by applying to such actual apportioned value 30 the same ratio as the ratio of assessed to ((actual)) the correct 31 32 assessed value of the general property in such county: PROVIDED, That, 33 whenever the amount of the true and correct assessed value of the operating property of any company otherwise apportionable to any county 34 35 or other taxing district shall be less than two hundred fifty dollars, such amount need not be apportioned to such county or taxing district 36

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entered upon ((said)) the roll.

- 1 but may be added to the amount apportioned to an adjacent county or 2 taxing district.
- 3 **Sec. 118.** RCW 84.12.360 and 1994 c 301 s 24 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

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- The ((true and fair)) value of the operating property assessed to a company, as fixed and determined by the department of revenue, shall be apportioned by the department of revenue to the respective counties and to the taxing districts thereof wherein such property is located in the following manner:
- (1) Property of all railroad companies other than street railroad 10 companies, telegraph companies and pipe line companies upon the basis 11 12 of that proportion of the value of the total operating property within the state which the mileage of track, as classified by the department 13 14 of revenue (in case of railroads), mileage of wire (in the case of 15 telegraph companies), and mileage of pipe line (in the case of pipe line companies) within each county or taxing district bears to the 16 total mileage thereof within the state, at the end of the calendar year 17 18 last past. For the purpose of such apportionment the department may 19 classify railroad track.
- (2) Property of street railroad companies, telephone companies, electric light and power companies, gas companies, water companies, heating companies and toll bridge companies upon the basis of relative value of the operating property within each county and taxing district to the value of the total operating property within the state to be determined by such factors as the department of revenue shall deem proper.
 - (3) Planes or other aircraft of airplane companies and watercraft of steamboat companies upon the basis of such factor or factors of allocation, to be determined by the department of revenue, as will secure a substantially fair and equitable division between counties and other taxing districts.
- All other property of airplane companies and steamboat companies«
 33 upon the basis set forth in subsection (2) of this section.
- The basis of apportionment with reference to all public utility companies above prescribed shall not be deemed exclusive and the department of revenue in apportioning values of such companies may also take into consideration such other information, facts, circumstances, or allocation factors as will enable it to make a substantially just

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- 1 and correct valuation of the operating property of such companies 2 within the state and within each county thereof.
- 3 **Sec. 119.** RCW 84.16.040 and 1994 c 301 s 26 are each amended to 4 read as follows:

5 The department of revenue shall annually make an assessment of the operating property of each private car company; and between the first 6 7 day of May and the first day of July of each of said years shall prepare an assessment roll upon which it shall enter ((and assess)) the 8 9 ((true and fair)) assessed value of all the operating property of each of such companies as of the first day of January of the year in which 10 the assessment is made. For the purpose of determining the ((true and 11 12 fair)) assessed value of such property the department of revenue may take into consideration any information or knowledge obtained by it 13 14 from an examination and inspection of such property, or of the books, 15 records and accounts of such companies, the statements filed as required by this chapter, the reports, statements or returns of such 16 companies filed in the office of any board, office or commission of 17 18 this state or any county thereof, the earnings and earning power of 19 such companies, the franchises owned or used by such companies, the assessed valuation of any and all property of such companies, whether 20 operating property or nonoperating property, and whether situated 21 within or without the state, and any other facts, evidences or 22 23 information that may be obtainable bearing upon the value of the 24 operating property: PROVIDED, That in no event shall any statement or 25 report required from any company by this chapter be conclusive upon the department of revenue in determining the amount, character and ((true 26 27 and fair)) assessed value of the operating property of such company.

28 **Sec. 120.** RCW 84.16.050 and 1994 c 301 s 27 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

The department of revenue may, in determining the ((true and fair)) assessed value of the operating property to be placed on the assessment roll value the entire property as a unit. If the company owns, leases, operates or uses property partly within and partly without the state, the department of revenue may determine the value of the operating property within this state by the proportion that the value of such property bears to the value of the entire operating property of the company, both within and without this state. In determining the

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operating property which is located within this state the department of 1 2 revenue may consider and base such determination on the proportion which the number of car miles of the various classes of cars made in 3 4 this state bears to the total number of car miles made by the same cars within and without this state, or to the total number of car miles made 5 by all cars of the various classes within and without this state. If 6 the value of the operating property of the company cannot be fairly 7 8 determined in such manner the department of revenue may use any other 9 reasonable and fair method to determine the value of the operating 10 property of the company within this state.

11 **Sec. 121.** RCW 84.16.090 and 1994 c 301 s 28 are each amended to 12 read as follows:

Upon the assessment roll shall be placed after the name of each 13 14 company a general description of the operating property of the company, 15 which shall be considered sufficient if described in the language of 16 ((subsection (3) of)) RCW 84.16.010(3) or otherwise, following which shall be entered the ((true and fair)) assessed value of the operating 17 18 property as determined by the department of revenue. No assessment 19 shall be invalid by a mistake in the name of the company assessed, by omission of the name of the owner or by the entry of a name other than 20 that of the true owner. When the department of revenue shall have 21 22 prepared the assessment roll and entered thereon the ((true and fair)) 23 <u>assessed</u> value of the operating property of the company, as ((herein)) 24 required, it shall notify the company by mail of the valuation 25 determined by it and entered upon ((said)) the roll; and thereupon such 26 assessed valuation shall become the ((true and fair)) assessed value of the operating property of the company, subject to revision or 27 correction by the department of revenue as hereinafter provided; and 28 29 shall be the valuation upon which, after equalization by the department 30 of revenue as hereinafter provided, the taxes of such company shall be based and computed. 31

32 **Sec. 122.** RCW 84.16.110 and 1994 c 301 s 29 are each amended to 33 read as follows:

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36 37 Upon determination by the department of revenue of the true and ((fair)) correct assessed value of the property appearing on such rolls the department shall apportion such value to the respective counties entitled thereto as hereinafter provided, and shall determine the

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- equalized or assessed valuation of such property in such counties by 1 2 applying to such actual apportioned value the same ratio as the ratio of assessed to ((actual)) the correct assessed value of the general 3 4 property of the respective counties: PROVIDED, That, whenever the 5 amount of the true and correct <u>assessed</u> value of the operating property of any company otherwise apportionable to any county shall be less than 6 two hundred fifty dollars, such amount need not be apportioned to such 7 8 county but may be added to the amount apportioned to an adjacent 9 county.
- 10 **Sec. 123.** RCW 84.16.120 and 1994 c 301 s 30 are each amended to 11 read as follows:
- The ((true and fair)) assessed value of the property of each company as fixed and determined by the department of revenue as herein provided shall be apportioned to the respective counties in the following manner:
- (1) If all the operating property of the company is situated entirely within a county and none of such property is located within, extends into, or through or is operated into or through any other county, the entire value thereof shall be apportioned to the county within which such property is ((situate [situated])) situated, located, and operated.
- 22 (2) If the operating property of any company is situated or located 23 within, extends into or is operated into or through more than one 24 county, the value thereof shall be apportioned to the respective 25 counties into or through which its cars are operated in the proportion 26 that the length of main line track of the respective railroads moving 27 such cars in such counties bears to the total length of main line track 28 of such respective railroads in this state.
- (3) If the property of any company is of such character that it will not be reasonable, feasible or fair to apportion the value as hereinabove provided, the value thereof shall be apportioned between the respective counties into or through which such property extends or is operated or in which the same is located in such manner as may be reasonable, feasible and fair.
- 35 **Sec. 124.** RCW 84.36.041 and 1993 c 151 s 1 are each amended to 36 read as follows:

- 1 (1) All real and personal property used by a nonprofit home for the 2 aging that is reasonably necessary for the purposes of the home is 3 exempt from taxation if the benefit of the exemption inures to the home 4 and:
- 5 (a) At least fifty percent of the occupied dwelling units in the 6 home are occupied by eligible residents; or

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- (b) The home is subsidized under a federal department of housing and urban development program. The department of revenue shall provide by rule a definition of homes eligible for exemption under this subsection (b), consistent with the purposes of this section.
- (2) All real and personal property used by a nonprofit home for the 11 aging that is reasonably necessary for the purposes of the home is 12 13 exempt from taxation if the benefit of the exemption inures to the home and the construction, rehabilitation, acquisition, or refinancing of 14 15 the home is financed under a program using bonds exempt from federal 16 income tax if at least seventy-five percent of the total amount 17 financed uses the tax exempt bonds and the financing program requires the home to reserve a percentage of all dwelling units so financed for 18 19 low-income residents. The initial term of the exemption under this subsection shall equal the term of the tax exempt bond used in 20 connection with the financing program, or the term of the requirement 21 to reserve dwelling units for low-income residents, whichever is 22 shorter. If the financing program involves less than the entire home, 23 24 only those dwelling units included in the financing program are 25 eligible for total exemption. The department of revenue shall provide 26 by rule the requirements for monitoring compliance with the provisions of this subsection and the requirements for exemption including: 27
 - (a) The number or percentage of dwelling units required to be occupied by low-income residents, and a definition of low income;
- 30 (b) The type and character of the dwelling units, whether 31 independent units or otherwise; and
- 32 (c) Any particular requirements for continuing care retirement 33 communities.
 - (3) A home for the aging is eligible for a partial exemption on the real property and a total exemption for the home's personal property if the home does not meet the requirements of subsection (1) of this section because fewer than fifty percent of the occupied dwelling units are occupied by eligible residents, as follows:

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- 1 (a) A partial exemption shall be allowed for each dwelling unit in 2 a home occupied by a resident requiring assistance with activities of 3 daily living.
- 4 (b) A partial exemption shall be allowed for each dwelling unit in 5 a home occupied by an eligible resident.
- 6 (c) A partial exemption shall be allowed for an area jointly used
 7 by a home for the aging and by a nonprofit organization, association,
 8 or corporation currently exempt from property taxation under one of the
 9 other provisions of this chapter. The shared area must be reasonably
 10 necessary for the purposes of the nonprofit organization, association,
 11 or corporation exempt from property taxation under one of the other
 12 provisions of this chapter, such as kitchen, dining, and laundry areas.
 - (d) The amount of exemption shall be calculated by multiplying the assessed value of the property reasonably necessary for the purposes of the home, less the assessed value of any area exempt under (c) of this subsection, by a fraction. The numerator of the fraction is the number of dwelling units occupied by eligible residents and by residents requiring assistance with activities of daily living. The denominator of the fraction is the total number of occupied dwelling units as of January 1st of the year for which exemption is claimed.
- 21 (4) To be exempt under this section, the property must be used 22 exclusively for the purposes for which the exemption is granted, except 23 as provided in RCW 84.36.805.
 - (5) A home for the aging is exempt from taxation only if the organization operating the home is exempt from income tax under section 501(c) of the federal internal revenue code as existing on January 1, 1989, or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent with the purposes of this section.
- 29 (6) In order for the home to be eligible for exemption under 30 subsections (1)(a) and (2)(b) of this section, each eligible resident of a home for the aging shall submit an income verification form to the 31 county assessor by July 1st of the assessment year in which the 32 application for exemption is made. The income verification form shall 33 be prescribed and furnished by the department of revenue. An eligible 34 35 resident who has filed a form for a previous year need not file a new form until there is a change in status affecting the person's 36 37 eligibility.
- 38 (7) In determining the ((true and fair)) assessed value of a home 39 for the aging for purposes of the partial exemption provided by

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- subsection (3) of this section, the assessor shall apply the computation method provided by RCW 84.34.060 and shall consider only the use to which such property is applied during the years for which such partial exemptions are available and shall not consider potential uses of such property.
- 6 (8) A home for the aging that was exempt or partially exempt for 7 taxes levied in 1993 for collection in 1994 is partially exempt for 8 taxes levied in 1994 for collection in 1995, has an increase in taxable 9 value for taxes levied in 1994 for collection in 1995 due to the change 10 prescribed by chapter 151, Laws of 1993 with respect to the numerator of the fraction used to determine the amount of a partial exemption, 11 and is not fully exempt under this section is entitled to partial 12 13 exemptions as follows:
- (a) For taxes levied in 1994 for collection in 1995, the home shall pay taxes based upon the taxable value in 1993 plus one-third of the increase in the taxable value from 1993 to the nonexempt value calculated under subsection (3)(d) of this section for 1994.
- (b) For taxes levied in 1995 for collection in 1996, the home shall pay taxes based upon the taxable value for 1994 as calculated in (a) of this subsection plus one-half of the increase in the taxable value from 1994 to the nonexempt value calculated under subsection (3)(d) of this section for 1995. For taxes levied in 1996 for collection in 1997 and for taxes levied thereafter, this subsection (8) does not apply, and the home shall pay taxes without reference to this subsection (8).
- (c) For purposes of this subsection (8), "taxable value" means the value of the home upon which the tax rate is applied in order to determine the amount of taxes due.
 - (9) As used in this section:

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- (a) "Eligible resident" means a person who:
- (i) Occupied the dwelling unit as a principal place of residence as of January 1st of the year for which the exemption is claimed. Confinement of the person to a hospital or nursing home does not disqualify the claim of exemption if the dwelling unit is temporarily unoccupied or if the dwelling unit is occupied by a spouse, a person financially dependent on the claimant for support, or both; and
- (ii) Is sixty-one years of age or older on December 31st of the year in which the exemption claim is filed, or is, at the time of filing, retired from regular gainful employment by reason of physical disability. Any surviving spouse of a person who was receiving an

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exemption at the time of the person's death shall qualify if the surviving spouse is fifty-seven years of age or older and otherwise meets the requirements of this subsection; and

- (iii) Has a combined disposable income of no more than the greater of twenty-two thousand dollars or eighty percent of the median income adjusted for family size as most recently determined by the federal department of housing and urban development for the county in which the person resides. For the purposes of determining eligibility under this section, a "cotenant" means a person who resides with an eligible resident and who shares personal financial resources with the eligible resident.
- (b) "Combined disposable income" means the disposable income of the person submitting the income verification form, plus the disposable income of his or her spouse, and the disposable income of each cotenant occupying the dwelling unit for the preceding calendar year, less amounts paid by the person submitting the income verification form or his or her spouse or cotenant during the previous year for the treatment or care of either person received in the dwelling unit or in a nursing home. If the person submitting the income verification form was retired for two months or more of the preceding year, the combined disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person during the months such person was retired by twelve. If the income of the person submitting the income verification form is reduced for two or more months of the preceding year by reason of the death of the person's spouse, the combined disposable income of such person shall be calculated by multiplying the average monthly combined disposable income of such person after the death of the spouse by twelve.
 - (c) "Disposable income" means adjusted gross income as defined in the federal internal revenue code, as amended prior to January 1, 1989, or such subsequent date as the director may provide by rule consistent with the purpose of this section, plus all of the following items to the extent they are not included in or have been deducted from adjusted gross income:
 - (i) Capital gains, other than nonrecognized gain on the sale of a principal residence under section 1034 of the federal internal revenue code, or gain excluded from income under section 121 of the federal internal revenue code to the extent it is reinvested in a new principal residence;

- 1 (ii) Amounts deducted for loss;
- 2 (iii) Amounts deducted for depreciation;
- 3 (iv) Pension and annuity receipts;
- 4 (v) Military pay and benefits other than attendant-care and 5 medical-aid payments;
- 6 (vi) Veterans benefits other than attendant-care and medical-aid 7 payments;
- 8 (vii) Federal social security act and railroad retirement benefits;
- 9 (viii) Dividend receipts; and
- 10 (ix) Interest received on state and municipal bonds.
- 11 (d) "Resident requiring assistance with activities of daily living"
- 12 means a person who requires significant assistance with the activities
- 13 of daily living and who would be at risk of nursing home placement
- 14 without this assistance.
- 15 (e) "Home for the aging" means a residential housing facility that
- 16 (i) provides a housing arrangement chosen voluntarily by the resident,
- 17 the resident's guardian or conservator, or another responsible person;
- 18 (ii) has only residents who are at least sixty-one years of age or who
- 19 have needs for care generally compatible with persons who are at least
- 20 sixty-one years of age; and (iii) provides varying levels of care and
- 21 supervision, as agreed to at the time of admission or as determined
- 22 necessary at subsequent times of reappraisal.
- 23 (10) A for-profit home for the aging that converts to nonprofit
- 24 status after June 11, 1992, and would otherwise be eligible for tax
- 25 exemption under this section may not receive the tax exemption until
- 26 five years have elapsed since the conversion. The exemption shall then
- 27 be ratably granted over the next five years.
- 28 **Sec. 125.** RCW 84.52.063 and 1973 1st ex.s. c 195 s 105 are each
- 29 amended to read as follows:
- 30 A rural library district may impose a regular property tax levy in
- 31 an amount equal to that which would be produced by a levy of fifty
- 32 cents per thousand dollars of assessed value multiplied by an equalized
- 33 assessed valuation ((equal to one hundred percent of the true and fair
- 34 value of the taxable property in the rural library district)), as
- 35 determined by the department of revenue's indicated county ratio:
- 36 PROVIDED, That when any county assessor shall find that the aggregate
- 37 rate of levy on any property will exceed the limitation set forth in
- 38 RCW 84.52.043 and ((RCW)) 84.52.050, as now or hereafter amended,

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before recomputing and establishing a consolidated levy in the manner 1 2 set forth in RCW 84.52.010, the assessor shall first reduce the levy of any rural library district, by such amount as may be necessary, but the 3 levy of any rural library district shall not be reduced to less than 4 5 fifty cents per thousand dollars against the value of the taxable property, as determined by the county, prior to any further adjustments 6 pursuant to RCW 84.52.010. For purposes of this section "regular 7 property tax levy" shall mean a levy subject to the limitations 8 provided for in Article VII, section 2 of the state Constitution and/or 9 10 by statute.

- 11 **Sec. 126.** RCW 84.70.010 and 1994 c 301 s 56 are each amended to 12 read as follows:
- (1) If, on or before December 31 in any calendar year, any real or personal property placed upon the assessment roll of that year is destroyed in whole or in part, or is in an area that has been declared a disaster area by the governor and has been reduced in value by more than twenty percent as a result of a natural disaster, the ((true and fair)) assessed value of such property shall be reduced for that year by an amount determined as follows:
- 20 (a) First take the ((true and fair)) assessed value of such taxable 21 property before destruction or reduction in value and deduct therefrom 22 the true and fair value of the remaining property after destruction or 23 reduction in value.
- (b) Then divide any amount remaining by the number of days in the year and multiply the quotient by the number of days remaining in the calendar year after the date of the destruction or reduction in value of the property.
- (2) No reduction in the ((true and fair)) assessed value shall be made more than three years after the date of destruction or reduction in value.
- 31 (3) The assessor shall make such reduction on his or her own 32 motion; however, the taxpayer may make application for reduction on 33 forms prepared by the department and provided by the assessor. The 34 assessor shall notify the taxpayer of the amount of reduction.
- 35 (4) If destroyed property is replaced prior to the valuation dates 36 contained in RCW 36.21.080 and 36.21.090, the total taxable value for 37 that year shall not exceed the value as of the appropriate valuation 38 date in RCW 36.21.080 or 36.21.090, whichever is appropriate.

- 1 (5) The taxpayer may appeal the amount of reduction to the county 2 board of equalization within thirty days of notification or July 1st of 3 the year of reduction, whichever is later. The board shall reconvene, 4 if necessary, to hear the appeal.
- 5 PART II
- 6 106 PERCENT LIMIT
- 7 **Sec. 201.** RCW 84.55.005 and 1994 c 301 s 49 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 As used in this chapter((, the term)):
- 10 (1) "Inflation" means the percentage change in the implicit price
- 11 <u>deflator for personal consumption expenditures for the United States as</u>
- 12 <u>published for the most recent twelve-month period by the bureau of</u>
- 13 <u>economic analysis of the federal department of commerce in September of</u>
- 14 the year before the taxes are payable;
- 15 (2) "Limit factor" means:
- 16 (a) For taxing districts with a population of less than ten
- 17 thousand in the calendar year prior to the assessment year, one hundred
- 18 six percent;
- 19 (b) For taxing districts for which a limit factor is authorized
- 20 under section 204 of this act, the lesser of the limit factor
- 21 <u>authorized under that section or one hundred six percent;</u>
- 22 (c) For all other districts, the lesser of one hundred six percent
- 23 or one hundred percent plus inflation; and
- 24 (3) "Regular property taxes" has the meaning given it in RCW
- 25 84.04.140, and also includes amounts received in lieu of regular
- 26 property taxes.
- 27 **Sec. 202.** RCW 84.55.010 and 1979 ex.s. c 218 s 2 are each amended
- 28 to read as follows:
- 29 Except as provided in this chapter, the levy for a taxing district
- 30 in any year shall be set so that the regular property taxes payable in
- 31 the following year shall not exceed ((one hundred six percent of)) the
- 32 <u>limit factor multiplied by</u> the amount of regular property taxes
- 33 lawfully levied for such district in the highest of the three most
- 34 recent years in which such taxes were levied for such district plus an
- 35 additional dollar amount calculated by multiplying the increase in
- 36 assessed value in that district resulting from new construction,

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- 1 improvements to property, and any increase in the assessed value of
- 2 state-assessed property by the regular property tax levy rate of that
- 3 district for the preceding year.

for the preceding year.

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- 4 **Sec. 203.** RCW 84.55.020 and 1971 ex.s. c 288 s 21 are each amended 5 to read as follows:
- Notwithstanding the limitation set forth in RCW 84.55.010, the 6 7 first levy for a taxing district created from consolidation of similar taxing districts shall be set so that the regular property taxes 8 9 payable in the following year shall not exceed ((one hundred six percent of)) the limit factor multiplied by the sum of the amount of 10 regular property taxes lawfully levied for each component taxing 11 12 district in the highest of the three most recent years in which such taxes were levied for such district plus the additional dollar amount 13 14 calculated by multiplying the increase in assessed value in each 15 component district resulting from new construction and improvements to
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 204.** A new section is added to chapter 84.55 RCW to read as follows:

property by the regular property tax rate of each component district

- Upon a finding of substantial need, the legislative authority of a 20 21 taxing district other than the state may provide for the use of a limit 22 factor under this chapter of one hundred six percent or less. 23 districts with legislative authorities of four members or less, two-24 thirds of the members must approve an ordinance or resolution under 25 this section. In districts with more than four members, a majority plus one vote must approve an ordinance or resolution under this 26 27 The new limit factor shall be effective for taxes collected 28 in the following year only.
- 29 **Sec. 205.** RCW 35.61.210 and 1990 c 234 s 3 are each amended to 30 read as follows:
- The board of park commissioners may levy or cause to be levied a general tax on all the property located in said park district each year not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value of the property in such park district. In addition, the board of park commissioners may levy or cause to be levied a general tax on all property located in said park district each year not to exceed twenty-

five cents per thousand dollars of assessed valuation. Although park 1 2 districts are authorized to impose two separate regular property tax levies, the levies shall be considered to be a single levy for purposes 4 of the ((one hundred six percent)) limitation provided for in chapter 84.55 RCW.

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The board is hereby authorized to levy a general tax in excess of 6 7 its regular property tax levy or levies when authorized so to do at a 8 special election conducted in accordance with and subject to all the 9 requirements of the Constitution and laws of the state now in force or 10 hereafter enacted governing the limitation of tax levies. The board is hereby authorized to call a special election for the purpose of 11 submitting to the qualified voters of the park district a proposition 12 13 to levy a tax in excess of the seventy-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value herein specifically authorized. The manner of 14 15 submitting any such proposition, of certifying the same, and of giving or publishing notice thereof, shall be as provided by law for the 16 17 submission of propositions by cities or towns.

The board shall include in its general tax levy for each year a 18 19 sufficient sum to pay the interest on all outstanding bonds and may 20 include a sufficient amount to create a sinking fund for the redemption of all outstanding bonds. The levy shall be certified to the proper 21 county officials for collection the same as other general taxes and 22 23 when collected, the general tax shall be placed in a separate fund in 24 the office of the county treasurer to be known as the "metropolitan 25 park district fund" and paid out on warrants.

26 Sec. 206. RCW 70.44.060 and 1990 c 234 s 2 are each amended to read as follows: 27

All public hospital districts organized under the provisions of 28 29 this chapter shall have power:

- 30 (1) To make a survey of existing hospital and other health care facilities within and without such district. 31
- (2) To construct, condemn and purchase, purchase, acquire, lease, 32 33 add to, maintain, operate, develop and regulate, sell and convey all 34 lands, property, property rights, equipment, hospital and other health care facilities and systems for the maintenance of hospitals, 35 36 buildings, structures, and any and all other facilities, and to exercise the right of eminent domain to effectuate the foregoing 37 purposes or for the acquisition and damaging of the same or property of 38

p. 29 SB 5835 any kind appurtenant thereto, and such right of eminent domain shall be exercised and instituted pursuant to a resolution of the commission and conducted in the same manner and by the same procedure as in or may be provided by law for the exercise of the power of eminent domain by incorporated cities and towns of the state of Washington in the acquisition of property rights: PROVIDED, That no public hospital district shall have the right of eminent domain and the power of condemnation against any health care facility.

- (3) To lease existing hospital and other health care facilities and equipment and/or other property used in connection therewith, including ambulances, and to pay such rental therefor as the commissioners shall deem proper; to provide hospital and other health care services for residents of said district by facilities located outside the boundaries of said district, by contract or in any other manner said commissioners may deem expedient or necessary under the existing conditions; and said hospital district shall have the power to contract with other communities, corporations, or individuals for the services provided by said hospital district; and they may further receive in said hospitals and other health care facilities and furnish proper and adequate services to all persons not residents of said district at such reasonable and fair compensation as may be considered proper: PROVIDED, That it must at all times make adequate provision for the needs of the district and residents of said district shall have prior rights to the available hospital and other health care facilities of said district, at rates set by the district commissioners.
- (4) For the purpose aforesaid, it shall be lawful for any district so organized to take, condemn and purchase, lease, or acquire, any and all property, and property rights, including state and county lands, for any of the purposes aforesaid, and any and all other facilities necessary or convenient, and in connection with the construction, maintenance, and operation of any such hospitals and other health care facilities, subject, however, to the applicable limitations provided in subsection (2) of this section.
- (5) To contract indebtedness or borrow money for corporate purposes on the credit of the corporation or the revenues of the hospitals thereof, and the revenues of any other facilities or services that the district is or hereafter may be authorized by law to provide, and to issue and sell: (a) Revenue bonds, revenue warrants, or other revenue obligations therefor payable solely out of a special fund or funds into

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which the district may pledge such amount of the revenues of the 1 hospitals thereof, and the revenues of any other facilities or services 2 3 that the district is or hereafter may be authorized by law to provide, 4 to pay the same as the commissioners of the district may determine, such revenue bonds, warrants, or other obligations to be issued and 5 sold in the same manner and subject to the same provisions as provided 6 7 for the issuance of revenue bonds, warrants, or other obligations by 8 cities or towns under the Municipal Revenue Bond Act, chapter 35.41 9 RCW, as may hereafter be amended; (b) general obligation bonds therefor 10 in the manner and form as provided in RCW 70.44.110 and 70.44.130, as may hereafter be amended; or (c) interest-bearing warrants to be drawn 11 on a fund pending deposit in such fund of money sufficient to redeem 12 13 such warrants and to be issued and paid in such manner and upon such 14 terms and conditions as the board of commissioners may deem to be in 15 the best interest of the district; and to assign or sell hospital accounts receivable, and accounts receivable for the use of other 16 facilities or services that the district is or hereafter may be 17 authorized by law to provide, for collection with or without recourse. 18 19 General obligation bonds shall be issued and sold in accordance with 20 chapter 39.46 RCW. Revenue bonds, revenue warrants, or other revenue obligations may be issued and sold in accordance with chapter 39.46 21 22 RCW.

(6) To raise revenue by the levy of an annual tax on all taxable property within such public hospital district not to exceed fifty cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, and an additional annual tax on all taxable property within such public hospital district not to exceed twenty-five cents per thousand dollars of assessed value, or such further amount as has been or shall be authorized by a vote of the people. Although public hospital districts are authorized to impose two separate regular property tax levies, the levies shall be considered to be a single levy for purposes of the ((one hundred six percent)) limitation provided for in chapter 84.55 RCW. hospital districts are authorized to levy such a general tax in excess of their regular property taxes when authorized so to do at a special election conducted in accordance with and subject to all of the requirements of the Constitution and the laws of the state of Washington now in force or hereafter enacted governing the limitation of tax levies. The said board of district commissioners is authorized and empowered to call a special election for the purpose of submitting

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to the qualified voters of the hospital district a proposition or 1 propositions to levy taxes in excess of its regular property taxes. 2 The superintendent shall prepare a proposed budget of the contemplated 3 4 financial transactions for the ensuing year and file the same in the 5 records of the commission on or before the first Monday in September. Notice of the filing of said proposed budget and the date and place of 6 7 hearing on the same shall be published for at least two consecutive 8 weeks in a newspaper printed and of general circulation in said county. 9 On the first Monday in October the commission shall hold a public 10 hearing on said proposed budget at which any taxpayer may appear and be heard against the whole or any part of the proposed budget. Upon the 11 conclusion of said hearing, the commission shall, by resolution, adopt 12 the budget as finally determined and fix the final amount of 13 14 expenditures for the ensuing year. Taxes levied by the commission 15 shall be certified to and collected by the proper county officer of the county in which such public hospital district is located in the same 16 17 manner as is or may be provided by law for the certification and collection of port district taxes. The commission is authorized, prior 18 19 to the receipt of taxes raised by levy, to borrow money or issue warrants of the district in anticipation of the revenue to be derived 20 by such district from the levy of taxes for the purpose of such 21 district, and such warrants shall be redeemed from the first money 22 available from such taxes when collected, and such warrants shall not 23 24 exceed the anticipated revenues of one year, and shall bear interest at 25 a rate or rates as authorized by the commission. 26

- (7) To enter into any contract with the United States government or any state, municipality, or other hospital district, or any department of those governing bodies, for carrying out any of the powers authorized by this chapter.
- 30 (8) To sue and be sued in any court of competent jurisdiction: 31 PROVIDED, That all suits against the public hospital district shall be 32 brought in the county in which the public hospital district is located.
 - (9) To pay actual necessary travel expenses and living expenses incurred while in travel status for (a) qualified physicians who are candidates for medical staff positions, and (b) other qualified persons who are candidates for superintendent or other managerial and technical positions, when the district finds that hospitals or other health care facilities owned and operated by it are not adequately staffed and determines that personal interviews with said candidates to be held in

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- 1 the district are necessary or desirable for the adequate staffing of 2 said facilities.
- 3 (10) To make contracts, employ superintendents, attorneys, and 4 other technical or professional assistants and all other employees; to
- 5 make contracts with private or public institutions for employee
- 6 retirement programs; to print and publish information or literature;
- 7 and to do all other things necessary to carry out the provisions of
- 8 this chapter.
- 9 **Sec. 207.** RCW 84.08.115 and 1991 c 218 s 2 are each amended to 10 read as follows:
- 11 (1) The department shall prepare a clear and succinct explanation 12 of the property tax system, including but not limited to:
- 13 (a) The standard of true and fair value as the basis of the 14 property tax.
- 15 (b) How the assessed value for particular parcels is determined.
- 16 (c) The procedures and timing of the assessment process.
- 17 (d) How district levy rates are determined, including the ((one 18 hundred six percent)) limit under chapter 84.55 RCW.
- 19 (e) How the composite tax rate is determined.
- 20 (f) How the amount of tax is calculated.

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- 21 (g) How a taxpayer may appeal an assessment, and what issues are 22 appropriate as a basis of appeal.
- 23 (h) A summary of tax exemption and relief programs, along with the 24 eligibility standards and application processes.
- (2) Each county assessor shall provide copies of the explanation to taxpayers on request, free of charge. Each revaluation notice shall

include information regarding the availability of the explanation.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 208. It is the intent of sections 201 through 29 207 of this act to lower the one hundred six percent limit while still
- 29 207 of this act to lower the one hundred six percent limit while still 30 allowing taxing districts to raise revenues in excess of the limit if
- 31 approved by a majority of the voters as provided in RCW 84.55.050.
- 32 **Sec. 209.** RCW 84.55.120 and 1995 c 251 s 1 are each amended to 33 read as follows:
- 34 A taxing district, other than the state, that collects regular
- 35 levies shall hold a public hearing on revenue sources for the
- 36 district's following year's current expense budget. The hearing must

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1 include consideration of possible increases in property tax revenues 2 and shall be held prior to the time the taxing district levies the

2 and shall be held prior to the time the taxing district levies the 3 taxes or makes the request to have the taxes levied. The county

4 legislative authority, or the taxing district's governing body if the

5 district is a city, town, or other type of district, shall hold the

district is a city, town, or other type or district, sharr hord the

6 hearing. For purposes of this section, "current expense budget" means

7 that budget which is primarily funded by taxes and charges and reflects

8 the provision of ongoing services. It does not mean the capital,

9 enterprise, or special assessment budgets of cities, towns, counties,

10 or special purpose districts.

If the taxing district is otherwise required to hold a public hearing on its proposed regular tax levy, a single public hearing may be held on this matter.

No increase in property tax revenue, other than that resulting from 14 15 the addition of new construction and improvements to property and any 16 increase in the value of state-assessed property, may be authorized by a taxing district, other than the state, except by adoption of a 17 separate ordinance or resolution, pursuant to notice, specifically 18 19 authorizing the increase in terms of both dollars and percentage. The 20 ordinance or resolution may cover a period of up to two years, but the ordinance shall specifically state for each year the dollar increase 21 and percentage change in the levy from the previous year. 22

PART III

PERMANENT STATE LEVY REDUCTION

NEW SECTION. Sec. 301. A new section is added to chapter 84.55

26 RCW to read as follows:

27 The state property tax levy for collection in 1998 shall be reduced 28 by 4.7187 percent of the levy amount that would otherwise be allowed

29 under this chapter without regard to this section.

30 PART IV
31 REPEAL OF PERMANENT STATE LEVY REDUCTION
32 UNDER ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1417

NEW SECTION. **Sec. 401.** The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

35 (1) RCW 84.55.--- and 1997 c 2 s 2; and

2	PART V
3	MISCELLANEOUS

(2) 1997 c 2 s 5 (uncodified).

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- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 501.** (1) Sections 101 through 126 of this act 5 apply to taxes levied for collection in 1999 and thereafter.
- 6 (2) Sections 201 through 207 of this act apply to taxes levied for 7 collection in 1998 and thereafter.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 502.** If any provision of this act or its 9 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 10 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 11 persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 503.** Part headings used in this act are not any part of the law.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 504.** Except for section 401 of this act, the secretary of state shall submit this act to the people for their adoption and ratification, or rejection, at the next general election to be held in this state, in accordance with Article II, section 1 of the state Constitution and the laws adopted to facilitate its operation.

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