S-3602.1		

## SENATE BILL 6142

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State of Washington 55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

By Senators Kline, Roach, Patterson, Fairley, Swecker, T. Sheldon, Goings, Rasmussen, Oke and Benton

Read first time 01/12/98. Referred to Committee on Law & Justice.

- AN ACT Relating to administrative license suspension for first-time violators of laws against driving or being in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or any drug; amending RCW 46.20.308, 46.20.3101, and 46.20.355; and prescribing penalties.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.20.308 and 1995 c 332 s 1 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 8 as follows:
  9 (1) Any person who operates a motor vehicle within this state is
- 10 deemed to have given consent, subject to the provisions of RCW
- 11 46.61.506, to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood for the
- 12 purpose of determining the alcohol concentration or presence of any
- 13 drug in his or her breath or blood if arrested for any offense where,
- 14 at the time of the arrest, the arresting officer has reasonable grounds
- 15 to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical
- 16 control of a motor vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating
- 17 liquor or any drug or was in violation of RCW 46.61.503.
- 18 (2) The test or tests of breath shall be administered at the
- 19 direction of a law enforcement officer having reasonable grounds to

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believe the person to have been driving or in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of 2 intoxicating liquor or the person to have been driving or in actual 3 4 physical control of a motor vehicle while having alcohol in a 5 concentration of 0.02 or more in his or her system and being under the age of twenty-one. However, in those instances where the person is 6 7 incapable due to physical injury, physical incapacity, or other physical limitation, of providing a breath sample or where the person 8 9 is being treated in a hospital, clinic, doctor's office, emergency 10 medical vehicle, ambulance, or other similar facility in which a breath testing instrument is not present or where the officer has reasonable 11 grounds to believe that the person is under the influence of a drug, a 12 13 blood test shall be administered by a qualified person as provided in RCW 46.61.506(4). The officer shall inform the person of his or her 14 15 right to refuse the breath or blood test, and of his or her right to 16 have additional tests administered by any qualified person of his or 17 her choosing as provided in RCW 46.61.506. The officer shall warn the driver that: 18

- 19 (a) His or her license, permit, or privilege to drive will be 20 revoked or denied if he or she refuses to submit to the test;
- (b) His or her license, permit, or privilege to drive will be suspended, revoked, or denied((, or placed in probationary status)) if the test is administered and the test indicates the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.10 or more, in the case of a person age twenty-one or over, or 0.02 or more in the case of a person under age twenty-one; and
- (c) His or her refusal to take the test may be used in a criminal trial.
- 29 (3) Except as provided in this section, the test administered shall be of the breath only. If an individual is unconscious or is under 30 arrest for the crime of vehicular homicide as provided in RCW 46.61.520 31 or vehicular assault as provided in RCW 46.61.522, or if an individual 32 is under arrest for the crime of driving while under the influence of 33 34 intoxicating liquor or drugs as provided in RCW 46.61.502, which arrest 35 results from an accident in which there has been serious bodily injury to another person, a breath or blood test may be administered without 36 37 the consent of the individual so arrested.
- 38 (4) Any person who is dead, unconscious, or who is otherwise in a 39 condition rendering him or her incapable of refusal, shall be deemed

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not to have withdrawn the consent provided by subsection (1) of this section and the test or tests may be administered, subject to the provisions of RCW 46.61.506, and the person shall be deemed to have received the warnings required under subsection (2) of this section.

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- (5) If, following his or her arrest and receipt of warnings under subsection (2) of this section, the person arrested refuses upon the request of a law enforcement officer to submit to a test or tests of his or her breath or blood, no test shall be given except as authorized under subsection (3) or (4) of this section.
- 10 (6) If, after arrest and after the other applicable conditions and requirements of this section have been satisfied, a test or tests of 11 the person's blood or breath is administered and the test results 12 13 indicate that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood is 0.10 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or is 0.02 or 14 15 more if the person is under the age of twenty-one, or the person 16 refuses to submit to a test, the arresting officer or other law 17 enforcement officer at whose direction any test has been given, or the department, where applicable, if the arrest results in a test of the 18 19 person's blood, shall:
- 20 (a) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the 21 department of its intention to suspend, revoke, or deny((, or place in 22 probationary status)) the person's license, permit, or privilege to 23 drive as required by subsection (7) of this section;
- (b) Serve notice in writing on the person on behalf of the department of his or her right to a hearing, specifying the steps he or she must take to obtain a hearing as provided by subsection (8) of this section;
- (c) Mark the person's Washington state driver's license or permit to drive, if any, in a manner authorized by the department;
  - (d) Serve notice in writing that the marked license or permit, if any, is a temporary license that is valid for sixty days from the date of arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or until the suspension, revocation, or denial of the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive is sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first. No temporary license is valid to any greater degree than the license or permit that it replaces; and (e) Immediately notify the department of the arrest and transmit to

the department within seventy-two hours, except as delayed as the

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result of a blood test, a sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 that states:

- (i) That the officer had reasonable grounds to believe the arrested person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or was under the age of twenty-one years and had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle while having an alcohol concentration of 0.02 or more;
- 9 (ii) That after receipt of the warnings required by subsection (2)
  10 of this section the person refused to submit to a test of his or her
  11 blood or breath, or a test was administered and the results indicated
  12 that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10
  13 or more if the person is age twenty-one or over, or was 0.02 or more if
  14 the person is under the age of twenty-one; and
- 15 (iii) Any other information that the director may require by rule.
  - (7) The department of licensing, upon the receipt of a sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 under subsection (6)(e) of this section, shall suspend, revoke, or deny((, or place in probationary status)) the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive or any nonresident operating privilege, as provided in RCW 46.20.3101, such suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in probationary status)) to be effective beginning sixty days from the date of arrest or from the date notice has been given in the event notice is given by the department following a blood test, or when sustained at a hearing pursuant to subsection (8) of this section, whichever occurs first.
  - (8) A person receiving notification under subsection (6)(b) of this section may, within thirty days after the notice has been given, request in writing a formal hearing before the department. The person shall pay a fee of one hundred dollars as part of the request. If the request is mailed, it must be postmarked within thirty days after receipt of the notification. Upon timely receipt of such a request for a formal hearing, including receipt of the required one hundred dollar fee, the department shall afford the person an opportunity for a hearing. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the hearing is subject to and shall be scheduled and conducted in accordance with RCW 46.20.329 and 46.20.332. The hearing shall be conducted in the county of the arrest, except that all or part of the hearing may, at the discretion of the department, be conducted by telephone or other

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electronic means. The hearing shall be held within sixty days 1 following the arrest or following the date notice has been given in the 2 event notice is given by the department following a blood test, unless 3 4 otherwise agreed to by the department and the person, in which case the action by the department shall be stayed, and any valid temporary 5 license marked under subsection (6)(c) of this section extended, if the 6 7 person is otherwise eligible for licensing. For the purposes of this 8 section, the scope of the hearing shall cover the issues of whether a 9 law enforcement officer had reasonable grounds to believe the person 10 had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence of intoxicating liquor or 11 any drug or had been driving or was in actual physical control of a 12 motor vehicle within this state while having alcohol in his or her 13 system in a concentration of 0.02 or more and was under the age of 14 15 twenty-one, whether the person was placed under arrest, and (a) whether 16 the person refused to submit to the test or tests upon request of the officer after having been informed that such refusal would result in 17 the revocation of the person's license, permit, or privilege to drive, 18 19 or (b) if a test or tests were administered, whether the applicable requirements of this section were satisfied before the administration 20 of the test or tests, whether the person submitted to the test or 21 22 tests, or whether a test was administered without express consent as permitted under this section, and whether the test or tests indicated 23 24 that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 25 or more if the person was age twenty-one or over at the time of the 26 arrest, or was 0.02 or more if the person was under the age of twenty-27 one at the time of the arrest. The sworn report or report under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 submitted by a law enforcement 28 29 officer is prima facie evidence that the officer had reasonable grounds 30 to believe the person had been driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within this state while under the influence 31 of intoxicating liquor or drugs, or both, or the person had been 32 driving or was in actual physical control of a motor vehicle within 33 34 this state while having alcohol in his or her system in a concentration of 0.02 or more and was under the age of twenty-one and that the 35 officer complied with the requirements of this section. 36

A hearing officer shall conduct the hearing, may issue subpoenas for the attendance of witnesses and the production of documents, and shall administer oaths to witnesses. The hearing officer shall not

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issue a subpoena for the attendance of a witness at the request of the 1 2 person unless the request is accompanied by the fee required by RCW 5.56.010 for a witness in district court. The sworn report or report 3 4 under a declaration authorized by RCW 9A.72.085 of the law enforcement officer and any other evidence accompanying the report shall be 5 admissible without further evidentiary foundation 6 and the 7 certifications authorized by the criminal rules for courts of limited shall 8 jurisdiction be admissible without further evidentiary 9 foundation. The person may be represented by counsel, may question 10 witnesses, may present evidence, and may testify. The department shall order that the suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in 11 probationary status)) either be rescinded or sustained. 12

(9) If the suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in probationary status)) is sustained after such a hearing, the person whose license, privilege, or permit is suspended, revoked, or denied((or placed in probationary status)) has the right to file a petition in the superior court of the county of arrest to review the final order of revocation by the department in the same manner as an appeal from a decision of a court of limited jurisdiction. The appellant must pay the costs associated with obtaining the record of the hearing before the hearing officer. The filing of the appeal does not stay the effective date of the suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in probationary status)). A petition filed under this subsection must include the petitioner's grounds for requesting review. Upon granting petitioner's request for review, the court shall review department's final order of suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in probationary status)) as expeditiously as possible. judicial relief is sought for a stay or other temporary remedy from the department's action, the court shall not grant such relief unless the court finds that the appellant is likely to prevail in the appeal and that without a stay the appellant will suffer irreparable injury. the court stays the suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in probationary status)) it may impose conditions on such stay.

(10) If a person whose driver's license, permit, or privilege to drive has been or will be suspended, revoked, or denied((, or placed in probationary status)) under subsection (7) of this section, other than as a result of a breath test refusal, and who has not committed an offense within the last five years for which he or she was granted a deferred prosecution under chapter 10.05 RCW, petitions a court for a

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deferred prosecution on criminal charges arising out of the arrest for which action has been or will be taken under subsection (7) of this 2 section, the court may direct the department to stay any actual or 3 4 proposed suspension, revocation, or denial((, or placement in 5 probationary status)) for at least forty-five days but not more than ninety days. If the court stays the suspension, revocation, or 6 denial((, or placement in probationary status)), it may impose 7 8 conditions on such stay. If the person is otherwise eligible for 9 licensing, the department shall issue a temporary license, or extend 10 any valid temporary license marked under subsection (6) of this section, for the period of the stay. If a deferred prosecution 11 treatment plan is not recommended in the report made under RCW 12 13 10.05.050, or if treatment is rejected by the court, or if the person declines to accept an offered treatment plan, or if the person violates 14 15 any condition imposed by the court, then the court shall immediately 16 direct the department to cancel the stay and any temporary marked 17 license or extension of a temporary license issued under this subsection. 18

A suspension, revocation, or denial imposed under this section, other than as a result of a breath test refusal, shall be stayed if the person is accepted for deferred prosecution as provided in chapter 10.05 RCW for the incident upon which the suspension, revocation, or denial is based. If the deferred prosecution is terminated, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial reinstated. If the deferred prosecution is completed, the stay shall be lifted and the suspension, revocation, or denial canceled.

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(11) When it has been finally determined under the procedures of this section that a nonresident's privilege to operate a motor vehicle in this state has been suspended, revoked, or denied, the department shall give information in writing of the action taken to the motor vehicle administrator of the state of the person's residence and of any state in which he or she has a license.

33 **Sec. 2.** RCW 46.20.3101 and 1995 c 332 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

Pursuant to RCW 46.20.308, the department shall suspend, revoke, or deny the arrested person's license, permit, or privilege to drive as follows:

(1) In the case of a person who has refused a test or tests:

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1 (a) For a first refusal within five years, where there has not been 2 a previous incident within five years that resulted in administrative 3 action under this section, revocation or denial for one year;

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- (b) For a second or subsequent refusal within five years, or for a first refusal where there has been one or more previous incidents within five years that have resulted in administrative action under this section, revocation or denial for two years or until the person reaches age twenty-one, whichever is longer. A revocation imposed under this subsection (1)(b) shall run consecutively to the period of any suspension, revocation, or denial imposed pursuant to a criminal conviction arising out of the same incident.
- 12 (2) In the case of an incident where a person has submitted to or 13 been administered a test or tests indicating that the alcohol 14 concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.10 or more:
- 15 (a) For a first incident within five years, where there has not 16 been a previous incident within five years that resulted in 17 administrative action under this section, ((placement in probationary 18 status as provided in RCW 46.20.355)) suspension for ninety days;
- 19 (b) For a second or subsequent incident within five years, 20 revocation or denial for two years.
- (3) In the case of an incident where a person under age twenty-one has submitted to or been administered a test or tests indicating that the alcohol concentration of the person's breath or blood was 0.02 or more:
- 25 (a) For a first incident within five years, suspension or denial 26 for ninety days;
- (b) For a second or subsequent incident within five years, revocation or denial for one year or until the person reaches age twenty-one, whichever is longer.
- 30 **Sec. 3.** RCW 46.20.355 and 1995 1st sp.s. c 17 s 1 are each amended 31 to read as follows:
- (1) Upon ((placing a license, permit, or privilege to drive in probationary status under RCW 46.20.3101(2)(a), or upon)) receipt of an abstract indicating a deferred prosecution has been granted under RCW 10.05.060, or upon receipt of a notice of conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the department of licensing shall order the person to surrender any Washington state driver's license that may be in his or her possession. The department shall revoke the license, permit, or

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privilege to drive of any person who fails to surrender it as required by this section for one year, unless the license has been previously surrendered to the department, a law enforcement officer, or a court, or the person has completed an affidavit of lost, stolen, destroyed, or previously surrendered license, such revocation to take effect thirty days after notice is given of the requirement for license surrender.

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- (3) Following receipt of an abstract indicating a deferred 11 prosecution has been granted under RCW 10.05.060, ((or following 12 13 receipt of a sworn report under RCW 46.20.308 that requires immediate placement in probationary status under RCW 46.20.3101(2)(a),)) or upon 14 15 reinstatement or reissuance of a driver's license suspended or revoked as the result of a conviction of RCW 46.61.502 or 46.61.504, the 16 17 department shall require the person to obtain a probationary license in order to operate a motor vehicle in the state of Washington, except as 18 19 otherwise exempt under RCW 46.20.025. The department shall not issue 20 the probationary license unless the person is otherwise qualified for licensing, and the person must renew the probationary license on the 21 same cycle as the person's regular license would have been renewed 22 until the expiration of the five-year probationary status period 23 24 imposed under subsection (2) of this section.
  - (4) For each original issue or renewal of a probationary license under this section, the department shall charge a fee of fifty dollars in addition to any other licensing fees required. Except for when renewing a probationary license, the department shall waive the fifty-dollar fee if the person has a probationary license in his or her possession at the time a new probationary license is required.
  - (5) A probationary license shall enable the department and law enforcement personnel to determine that the person is on probationary status. The fact that a person's driving privilege is in probationary status or that the person has been issued a probationary license shall not be a part of the person's record that is available to insurance companies.

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