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SENATE BILL 6220

State of Washington 55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

By Senators Horn, Heavey, Schow, Fraser, Anderson, Franklin and Newhouse

Read first time . Referred to Committee on .

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the ability of employees in the airline industry
- 2 to trade shifts voluntarily without creating overtime liability;
- 3 reenacting and amending RCW 49.46.130; and creating new sections.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature finds that employees in the
- 6 airline industry have a long-standing practice and tradition of trading
- 7 shifts voluntarily among themselves. The legislature also finds that
- 8 federal law exempts airline employees from the provisions of federal
- 9 overtime regulations. This act is intended to specify that airline
- 10 industry employers are not required to pay overtime compensation to an
- 11 employee agreeing to work additional hours for a coemployee.
- 12 Sec. 2. RCW 49.46.130 and 1997 c 311 s 1 and 1997 c 203 s 2 are
- 13 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 14 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, no employer shall
- 15 employ any of his employees for a work week longer than forty hours
- 16 unless such employee receives compensation for his employment in excess
- 17 of the hours above specified at a rate not less than one and one-half
- 18 times the regular rate at which he is employed.

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(2) This section does not apply to:

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- 2 (a) Any person exempted pursuant to RCW 49.46.010(5). The payment of compensation or provision of compensatory time off in addition to a salary shall not be a factor in determining whether a person is exempted under RCW 49.46.010(5)(c);
- 6 (b) Employees who request compensating time off in lieu of overtime 7 pay;
- 8 (c) Any individual employed as a seaman whether or not the seaman 9 is employed on a vessel other than an American vessel;
- 10 (d) Seasonal employees who are employed at concessions and 11 recreational establishments at agricultural fairs, including those 12 seasonal employees employed by agricultural fairs, within the state 13 provided that the period of employment for any seasonal employee at any 14 or all agricultural fairs does not exceed fourteen working days a year;
- (e) Any individual employed as a motion picture projectionist if that employee is covered by a contract or collective bargaining agreement which regulates hours of work and overtime pay;
- (f) An individual employed as a truck or bus driver who is subject to the provisions of the Federal Motor Carrier Act (49 U.S.C. Sec. 3101 et seq. and 49 U.S.C. Sec. 10101 et seq.), if the compensation system under which the truck or bus driver is paid includes overtime pay, reasonably equivalent to that required by this subsection, for working longer than forty hours per week;
- 24 (g) Any individual employed (i) on a farm, in the employ of any 25 person, in connection with the cultivation of the soil, or in 26 connection with raising or harvesting any agricultural or horticultural 27 commodity, including raising, shearing, feeding, caring for, training, and management of livestock, bees, poultry, and furbearing animals and 28 29 wildlife, or in the employ of the owner or tenant or other operator of 30 a farm in connection with the operation, management, conservation, improvement, or maintenance of such farm and its tools and equipment; 31 or (ii) in packing, packaging, grading, storing or delivering to 32 33 storage, or to market or to a carrier for transportation to market, any agricultural or horticultural commodity; or (iii) commercial canning, 34 35 commercial freezing, or any other commercial processing, or with respect to services performed in connection with the cultivation, 36 37 raising, harvesting, and processing of oysters or in connection with any agricultural or horticultural commodity after its delivery to a 38 39 terminal market for distribution for consumption;

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(h) Any industry in which federal law provides for an overtime payment based on a work week other than forty hours. However, the provisions of the federal law regarding overtime payment based on a work week other than forty hours shall nevertheless apply to employees covered by this section without regard to the existence of actual federal jurisdiction over the industrial activity of the particular employer within this state. For the purposes of this subsection, "industry" means a trade, business, industry, or other activity, or branch, or group thereof, in which individuals are gainfully employed (section 3(h) of the Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938, as amended (Public Law 93-259);

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- (i) Any hours worked by an employee of a carrier by air subject to
 the provisions of subchapter II of the Railway Labor Act (45 U.S.C.

 Sec. 181 et seq.), when such hours are voluntarily worked by the
 employee pursuant to a shift-trading practice under which the employee
 has the opportunity in the same or in other work weeks to reduce hours
 worked by voluntarily offering a shift for trade or reassignment.
- (3) No employer shall be deemed to have violated subsection (1) of this section by employing any employee of a retail or service establishment for a work week in excess of the applicable work week specified in subsection (1) of this section if:
- (a) The regular rate of pay of the employee is in excess of one and one-half times the minimum hourly rate required under RCW 49.46.020; and
- 25 (b) More than half of the employee's compensation for a 26 representative period, of not less than one month, represents 27 commissions on goods or services.
 - In determining the proportion of compensation representing commissions, all earnings resulting from the application of a bona fide commission rate is to be deemed commissions on goods or services without regard to whether the computed commissions exceed the draw or guarantee.
- (4) No employer of commissioned salespeople primarily engaged in the business of selling automobiles, trucks, recreational vessels, recreational vessel trailers, recreational vehicle trailers, recreational campers, manufactured housing, or farm implements to ultimate purchasers shall violate subsection (1) of this section with respect to such commissioned salespeople if the commissioned salespeople are paid the greater of:

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- 1 (a) Compensation at the hourly rate, which may not be less than the 2 rate required under RCW 49.46.020, for each hour worked up to forty 3 hours per week, and compensation of one and one-half times that hourly 4 rate for all hours worked over forty hours in one week; or
- 5 (b) A straight commission, a salary plus commission, or a salary 6 plus bonus applied to gross salary.
- 7 (5) No public agency shall be deemed to have violated subsection 8 (1) of this section with respect to the employment of any employee in 9 fire protection activities or any employee in law enforcement 10 activities (including security personnel in correctional institutions) if: (a) In a work period of twenty-eight consecutive days the employee 11 receives for tours of duty which in the aggregate exceed two hundred 12 forty hours; or (b) in the case of such an employee to whom a work 13 period of at least seven but less than twenty-eight days applies, in 14 15 his or her work period the employee receives for tours of duty which in 16 the aggregate exceed a number of hours which bears the same ratio to 17 the number of consecutive days in his or her work period as two hundred forty hours bears to twenty-eight days; compensation at a rate not less 18 19 than one and one-half times the regular rate at which he or she is 20 employed.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. This act does not alter the terms, conditions, or practices contained in any collective bargaining agreement.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. This act is remedial in nature and applies retroactively.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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