- 2 <u>SHB 1153</u> S COMM AMD **S2588.1**
- 3 By Committee on Education
- 4 ADOPTED AS AMENDED (FLR 352 & 386) 4/14/99
- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 13.40.215 and 1997 c 265 s 2 are each amended to read 8 as follows:
- 9 (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the 10 earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before
- 11 discharge, parole, or any other authorized leave or release, or before
- 12 transfer to a community residential facility, the secretary shall send
- 13 written notice of the discharge, parole, authorized leave or release,
- 14 or transfer of a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a
- 15 sex offense, or stalking, to the following:
- 16 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the juvenile 17 will reside;
- 18 (ii) The sheriff of the county in which the juvenile will reside;
 19 and
- 20 (iii) The approved private schools and the common school district
- 21 board of directors of the district in which the juvenile intends to
- 22 reside or the approved private school or public school district in
- 23 which the juvenile last attended school, whichever is appropriate,
- 24 except when it has been determined by the department that the juvenile
- 25 is twenty-one years old((; is not required to return to school under
- 26 chapter 28A.225 RCW;)) or will be in the community for less than seven
- 27 consecutive days on approved leave and will not be attending school
- 28 during that time.
- 29 (b) After ((July 27, 1997)) the effective date of this section, the
- 30 department shall send a written notice to approved private and public
- 31 schools under the same conditions identified in subsection (1)(a)(iii)
- 32 of this section when a juvenile adjudicated of any offense is
- 33 transferred to a community residential facility, discharged, paroled,
- 34 released, or granted a leave. The community residential facility shall
- 35 provide written notice of the offender's criminal history to any school
- 36 that the offender attends while residing at the community residential

1 <u>facility</u> and to any employer that employs the offender while residing 2 <u>at the community residential facility</u>.

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- (c) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing about a specific juvenile:
- (i) The victim of the offense for which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide;
- 8 (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the juvenile in any court 9 proceedings involving the offense; and
- (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. 10 Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the 11 12 notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by 13 the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are confidential and shall not be available to the juvenile. The notice to 14 15 the chief of police or the sheriff shall include the identity of the 16 juvenile, the residence where the juvenile will reside, the identity of 17 the person, if any, responsible for supervising the juvenile, and the time period of any authorized leave. 18
- 19 (d) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection 20 shall not apply to emergency medical furloughs.
- (e) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection will not require any extension of the release date in the event the release plan changes after notification.
- 24 (2)(a) If a juvenile found to have committed a violent offense, a 25 sex offense, or stalking escapes from a facility of the department, the 26 secretary shall immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means available, the chief of police of the city and the 27 sheriff of the county in which the juvenile resided immediately before 28 the juvenile's arrest. If previously requested, the secretary shall 29 30 also notify the witnesses and the victim of the offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's next of kin if the 31 crime was a homicide. If the juvenile is recaptured, the secretary 32 shall send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon 33 34 as possible but in no event later than two working days after the 35 department learns of such recapture.
- 36 (b) The secretary may authorize a leave, for a juvenile found to 37 have committed a violent offense, a sex offense, or stalking, which 38 shall not exceed forty-eight hours plus travel time, to meet an 39 emergency situation such as a death or critical illness of a member of

the juvenile's family. The secretary may authorize a leave, which 2 shall not exceed the time medically necessary, to obtain medical care not available in a juvenile facility maintained by the department. 3 4 Prior to the commencement of an emergency or medical leave, the secretary shall give notice of the leave to the appropriate law 5 enforcement agency in the jurisdiction in which the juvenile will be 6 during the leave period. The notice shall include the identity of the 7 8 juvenile, the time period of the leave, the residence of the juvenile 9 during the leave, and the identity of the person responsible for 10 supervising the juvenile during the leave. If previously requested, the department shall also notify the witnesses and victim of the 11 offense which the juvenile was found to have committed or the victim's 12 next of kin if the offense was a homicide. 13

In case of an emergency or medical leave the secretary may waive all or any portion of the requirements for leaves pursuant to RCW 13.40.205 (2)(a), (3), (4), and (5).

- 17 (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is 18 under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be 19 sent to the parents or legal guardian of the child.
- (4) The secretary shall send the notices required by this chapter to the last address provided to the department by the requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department with a current address.
- 24 (5) Upon discharge, parole, transfer to a community residential 25 facility, or other authorized leave or release, a convicted juvenile 26 sex offender shall not attend a public or approved private elementary, 27 middle, or high school that is attended by a victim or a sibling of a victim of the sex offender. The parents or legal guardians of the 28 convicted juvenile sex offender shall be responsible for transportation 29 30 or other costs associated with or required by the sex offender's change in school that otherwise would be paid by a school district. Upon 31 discharge, parole, transfer to a community residential facility, or 32 other authorized leave or release of a convicted juvenile sex offender, 33 the secretary shall send written notice of the discharge, parole, or 34 other authorized leave or release and the requirements of this 35 subsection to the common school district board of directors of the 36 37 district in which the sex offender intends to reside or the district in which the sex offender last attended school, whichever is appropriate. 38 39 The secretary shall send a similar notice to any approved private

- 1 school the juvenile will attend, if known, or if unknown, to the
- 2 approved private schools within the district the juvenile resides or
- 3 intends to reside.
- 4 (6) For purposes of this section the following terms have the 5 following meanings:
- 6 (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- 7 (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;
- 8 (c) "Stalking" means the crime of stalking as defined in RCW 9 9A.46.110;
- 10 (d) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, parents, siblings, and 11 children.
- 12 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28A.225.225 and 1997 c 265 s 3 are each amended to 13 read as follows:
- 14 (1) All districts accepting applications from nonresident students 15 or from students receiving home-based instruction for admission to the
- 16 district's schools shall consider equally all applications received.
- 17 Each school district shall adopt a policy establishing rational, fair,
- 18 and equitable standards for acceptance and rejection of applications by
- 19 June 30, 1990. The policy may include rejection of a nonresident
- 20 student if:
- 21 (a) Acceptance of a nonresident student would result in the 22 district experiencing a financial hardship;
- (b) The student's disciplinary records indicate a history of convictions for offenses or crimes, violent or disruptive behavior, or gang membership; or
- (c) The student has been expelled or suspended from a public school for more than ten consecutive days. Any policy allowing for readmission of expelled or suspended students under this subsection
- 29 (1)(c) must apply uniformly to both resident and nonresident
- 30 applicants.
- For purposes of subsection (1)(b) of this section, "gang" means a group which: (i) Consists of three or more persons; (ii) has identifiable leadership; and (iii) on an ongoing basis, regularly
- 34 conspires and acts in concert mainly for criminal purposes.
- 35 (2) The district shall provide to applicants written notification
- 36 of the approval or denial of the application in a timely manner. If
- 37 the application is rejected, the notification shall include the reason
- 38 or reasons for denial and the right to appeal under RCW 28A.225.230(3).

- 1 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.225.330 and 1997 c 266 s 4 are each amended to 2 read as follows:
- 3 (1) When enrolling a student who has attended school in another 4 school district, the school enrolling the student may request the 5 parent and the student to briefly indicate in writing whether or not 6 the student has:
 - (a) Any history of placement in special educational programs;
 - (b) Any past, current, or pending disciplinary action;

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- 9 (c) Any history of violent behavior, or behavior listed in RCW 10 13.04.155;
- 11 (d) Any unpaid fines or fees imposed by other schools; and
- 12 (e) Any health conditions affecting the student's educational 13 needs.
- (2) The school enrolling the student shall request the school the 14 15 student previously attended to send the student's permanent record including records of disciplinary action, history of violent behavior 16 or behavior listed in RCW 13.04.155, attendance, immunization records, 17 and academic performance. If the student has not paid a fine or fee 18 19 under RCW 28A.635.060, or tuition, fees, or fines at approved private 20 schools the school may withhold the student's official transcript, but shall transmit information about the student's academic performance, 21 placement, immunization records, 22 special ((and)) disciplinary action, and history of violent behavior or behavior listed 23 24 in RCW 13.04.155. If the official transcript is not sent due to unpaid 25 tuition, fees, or fines, the enrolling school shall notify both the 26 student and parent or guardian that the official transcript will not be sent until the obligation is met, and failure to have an official 27 transcript may result in exclusion from extracurricular activities or 28 failure to graduate. 29
- 30 (3) If information is requested under subsection (2) of this 31 section, the information shall be transmitted within two school days after receiving the request and the records shall be sent as soon as 32 possible. Any school district or district employee who releases the 33 34 information in compliance with this section is immune from civil 35 liability for damages unless it is shown that the school district employee acted with gross negligence or in bad faith. The state board 36 37 of education shall provide by rule for the discipline under chapter 28A.410 RCW of a school principal or other chief administrator of a 38

- 1 public school building who fails to make a good faith effort to assure 2 compliance with this subsection.
- 3 (4) Any school district or district employee who releases the 4 information in compliance with federal and state law is immune from 5 civil liability for damages unless it is shown that the school district 6 or district employee acted with gross negligence or in bad faith.
- 7 (5) When a school receives information under this section or RCW 8 13.40.215 that a student has a history of disciplinary actions, 9 criminal or violent behavior, or other behavior that indicates the 10 student could be a threat to the safety of educational staff or other 11 students, the school shall provide this information to the student's 12 teachers and security personnel.
- 13 **Sec. 4.** RCW 13.50.050 and 1997 c 338 s 40 are each amended to read 14 as follows:
- 15 (1) This section governs records relating to the commission of juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.
- 17 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven 18 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed 19 pursuant to subsection $((\frac{11}{11}))$ of this section.
- 20 (3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are 21 confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW 22 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.

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- (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the juvenile.
- 30 (5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's family.
- 35 (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the 36 release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and 37 prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion, 38 and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of

1 discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal 2 investigations and prosecutions.

- (7) Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may cooperate with schools in releasing information to a school pertaining to the investigation, diversion, and prosecution of a juvenile attending the school. Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, incident reports may be released unless releasing the records would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses. If release of incident reports would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may release information to the maximum extent possible to assist schools in protecting other students, staff, and school property.
- (8) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. An offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion.
- $((\frac{\langle 8 \rangle}{}))$ (9) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.
- $((rac{(9)}))$ (10) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system.

(((10))) (11) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the 2 prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion 4 with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection $((\frac{(22)}{2}))$ of this section, order the sealing of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.

9 $((\frac{11}{11}))$ (12) The court shall grant the motion to seal records made 10 pursuant to subsection $((\frac{10}{10}))$ (11) of this section if it finds that:

- (a) For class B offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction. For class C offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction;
- (b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the 21 22 conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense;
- 23 (c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversion agreement with that person; 24
- 25 (d) The person has not been convicted of a class A or sex offense; and 26
- (e) Full restitution has been paid. 27

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- $((\frac{12}{12}))$ (13) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection 28 (((10))) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the 29 30 motion to the prosecution and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed. 31
- (((13))) (14) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant 32 to subsection $((\frac{10}{10}))$ of this section, it shall, subject to 33 subsection $((\frac{(22)}{)})$ of this section, order sealed the official 34 35 juvenile court file, the social file, and other records relating to the case as are named in the order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the 36 37 case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the records may reply accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records 38 39 of which are sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning

1 confidential or sealed records that records are confidential, and no 2 information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records 3 concerning an individual.

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 $((\frac{14}{1}))$ (15) Inspection of the files and records included in the order to seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint, except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection $((\frac{22}{1}))$ (23) of this section.

9 (((15))) (16) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime 10 subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. 11 Any charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the 12 effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 13 9.94A RCW.

 $((\frac{16}{}))$ (17) A person eighteen years of age or older whose criminal history consists of only one referral for diversion may request that the court order the records in that case destroyed. The request shall be granted, subject to subsection $((\frac{22}{}))$ (23) of this section, if the court finds that two years have elapsed since completion of the diversion agreement.

(((17))) (18) If the court grants the motion to destroy records made pursuant to subsection (((16))) (17) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection (((22))) (23) of this section, order the official juvenile court file, the social file, and any other records named in the order to be destroyed.

 $((\frac{18}{18}))$ (19) The person making the motion pursuant to subsection $((\frac{16}{16}))$ (17) of this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are sought to be destroyed.

(((19))) <u>(20)</u> Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion process.

 $((\frac{(20)}{(20)}))$ (21) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a crime victim or a member of the victim's family from divulging the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her family when necessary in a civil proceeding.

 $((\frac{(21)}{2}))$ (22) Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to the limitations in subsection $((\frac{(22)}{2}))$ (23) of this section and (a) and

- 1 (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine destruction 2 of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.
- 3 (a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the 4 subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years 5 of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her 6 criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two 7 years have passed since completion of the agreement.
- 8 (b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile court 9 file or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.
- 10 $((\frac{(22)}{2}))$ No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to 11 destruction or sealing under this section. For the purposes of this 12 13 subsection, identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a 14 15 person by physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, 16 17 charging, diversion, conviction or other information about a person's treatment by the criminal justice system or about the person's 18 19 behavior.
- $((\frac{23}{23}))$ (24) Information identifying child victims under age 20 eighteen who are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is 21 confidential and not subject to release to the press or public without 22 the permission of the child victim or the child's legal guardian. 23 24 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, 25 location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a 26 relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Information identifying 27 a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement, 28 prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, or private or governmental 29 30 agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault."
- 31 **SHB 1153** S COMM AMD
- 32 By Committee on Education

33 ADOPTED 4/14/99

- On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "safety;" strike the
- 2 remainder of the title and insert "and amending RCW 13.40.215,
- 3 28A.225.225, 28A.225.330, and 13.50.050."

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