SENATE BILL REPORT

EHB 1085

As Reported By Senate Committee On: Judiciary, February 25, 2000

Title: An act relating to possession of stolen checks or drafts.

Brief Description: Penalizing possession of stolen checks.

Sponsors: Representatives Dunn, Conway, Lambert and Esser.

Brief History:

Committee Activity: Judiciary: 2/24/2000, 2/25/2000 [DPA].

SENATE COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

Majority Report: Do pass as amended.

Signed by Senators Heavey, Chair; Kline, Vice Chair; Costa, Goings, Hargrove, Haugen, Johnson, Long, McCaslin and Roach.

Staff: Aldo Melchiori (786-7439)

Background: Possession of stolen access devices issued in the names of two or more persons creates a presumption that the possessor had knowledge that the items were stolen. Possession or theft of stolen access devices are both class C felonies ranked at level I on the sentencing grid.

Summary of Amended Bill: A person is guilty of possessing stolen property in the second degree, a class C felony ranked at level I on the sentencing grid, if he or she is not a financial institution and possesses a stolen check or draft. Possession of stolen checks with different account numbers creates a presumption that the possessor had knowledge that the items were stolen.

Theft of a check or draft is theft in the second degree, a class C felony ranked at level I on the sentencing grid.

Amended Bill Compared to Original Bill: No substantive changes were made.

Appropriation: None.

Fiscal Note: Available.

Effective Date: The bill contains an emergency clause and takes effect immediately.

Testimony For: This has become a serious crime because of the numbers of victims. Banks and individual victims suffer serious harm when criminals traffic in stolen checks.

Testimony Against: None.

Testified: Jan Gee, Washington Retail Association, Washington Food Industry (pro).