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## HOUSE BILL 3011

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Representatives Lambert and Ruderman; by request of Secretary of State

Read first time 01/25/2000. Referred to Committee on Local Government.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to new counties; amending RCW 36.32.020 and
- 2 84.09.030; adding new sections to chapter 36.09 RCW; adding a new
- 3 section to chapter 47.01 RCW; creating a new section; repealing RCW
- 4 4.12.070, 36.09.010, 36.09.020, 36.09.035, 36.09.040, and 36.09.050;
- 5 and prescribing penalties.
- 6 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 7 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The purpose of this act is to establish
- 8 procedures for the orderly formation of new counties or consolidation
- 9 of existing counties and to provide for an equitable apportionment of
- 10 the debts, liabilities, and assets of the parent county or counties
- 11 between the new county and the remaining portions or portion of each
- 12 parent county.
- 13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 2.** Unless the context clearly requires
- 14 otherwise, the definitions in this section apply throughout this
- 15 chapter.
- 16 (1) "Assets" means all: (a) Real estate and leasehold interests
- 17 in real estate owned by the parent county; (b) tangible personal
- 18 property owned or leased by the parent county; and (c) intangible

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- 1 personal property owned by the parent county including cash, 2 securities, commercial paper, notes, accounts receivable, and contract 3 rights. Assets are determined as of the first day of the interim 4 period.
- (2) "Interim period" means the period during which a new county 5 government is established, the apportionment of debts, liabilities, and 6 7 assets is implemented, and the transfer of all records from the parent 8 county or counties to the new county is completed. The period begins 9 on January 1st after the end of the regular session at which the new 10 county is created by special legislation or the year in which an election for the formation of a new county is approved, and the period 11 12 ends on December 31st of the same year.
- 13 (3) "New county" means the county that is created by striking 14 territory from a parent county or counties under Article XI, section 3 15 of the state Constitution.
- 16 (4) "Parent county or counties" means the existing county or 17 counties out of which territory is stricken to create a new county 18 under Article XI, section 3 of the state Constitution.
- 19 (5) "Proponents" means up to five individuals who are registered 20 voters in the proposed new county who initiate the petition process to 21 create a new county under section 3 of this act.
- 22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 3.** The proponent or proponents of a proposed 23 new county shall, before the circulation of a petition in support of 24 the formation of that new county, file with the secretary of state a 25 statement designating the name of the proposed county and containing the legal description of the proposed county, together with an 26 affidavit from each proponent that he or she is a registered voter 27 within the territory of the proposed county. If there are two or more 28 29 proponents, one of them must be designated as the principal proponent for the purpose of receiving notices and communications required by 30 31 law.
- NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** (1) Upon receipt of the legal description and affidavit of sponsorship for a proposed new county, the secretary of state shall forward a copy of the legal description to the office of financial management.
- 36 (2) Within thirty days of receipt of this request from the 37 secretary of state, the director of the office of financial management

- shall determine if the legal description is consistent and the territory described is a single, contiguous area. If the legal description is defective, the director shall notify the secretary of state and the principal proponent of the nature and extent of the defect.
- 6 (3) If the legal description is not defective, the director shall
  7 also determine the population of the proposed new county and the
  8 population of the remaining portion or portions of each parent county,
  9 using the most current data available. The director shall certify
  10 these populations to the secretary of state and the principal proponent
  11 of the new county within thirty days of receipt of the request from the
  12 secretary of state.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. Petitions for the formation of a new county must be substantially in the following form:
- 15 WARNING
- Every person who signs this petition with any other than his or her true name, knowingly signs more than one petition for the same new county, signs this petition when he or she is not a registered voter, or makes any false statement on this petition may be punished by fine or imprisonment or both.
- 21 PETITION FOR THE FORMATION OF ..... COUNTY
- 22 To the Honorable ......, Secretary of State of the State of 23 Washington:
- We the undersigned citizens and legal voters of the state of 24 Washington, respectfully direct that this petition for the formation of 25 26 . . . . county, a full, true, and correct copy of the legal description of which is printed on the reverse side of this petition, 27 be transmitted to the legislature of the state of Washington, at its 28 next ensuing regular session. We respectfully petition the legislature 29 to create this new county as provided by law. Each of us for himself 30 31 or herself declares that: I have personally signed this petition, I am a legal voter of the state of Washington, my residence address is 32 correctly stated, and I have not knowingly signed any other petition 33
- 34 for the formation of this county.

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2	Petitioner's	‡ Print name ‡ Residence address, ‡ City ‡
3	signature	‡ for positive ‡ street, and number, ‡ or ‡ County
4		‡ identification ‡ if any ‡ Town ‡
5		‡ ‡ ‡
9	(Here fo	ollow 20 numbered lines divided into columns as below.)
8		‡
9		‡ ‡ ‡
10 11	1 " " " " "	‡
13 14 15	2""""""	‡
19 18 19	3	
<u>3</u> 9	etc.	

A complete legal description of the proposed county must be printed on the reverse side of the petition sheet. A map of the proposed new county may be printed on the front or back of the petition.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. Petitions for the formation of a new county, signed by the requisite number of registered voters in the proposed county, may be submitted to the secretary of state at any time up to three years after the certification of the legal description and populations under section 4 of this act. The standards for acceptance or rejection of signature petitions for the formation of a new county are the same as for initiatives under RCW 29.79.150, and any appeal of a refusal by the secretary of state to file signature petitions will proceed in the same manner as provided for initiatives under RCW 29.79.160 and 29.79.170.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A petition for the creation of a new county circulated before the effective date of this act, filed under section 6 of this act with the secretary of state within three years of the effective date of this act, and differing in form from the information required by section 5 of this act is acceptable as to the requirements for form.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A petition proposing the creation of a new county must be signed by at least fifty percent of the registered voters residing in the combined portions of each parent county from which territory is proposed to be stricken and included in the new county.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. (1) Every person who signs a petition requesting the creation of a new county with any other than his or her true name is guilty of a class C felony punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- (2) Every person who: (a) Knowingly signs more than one petition for the same effort to create a new county; (b) signs a petition requesting the creation of a new county knowing that he or she is not a legal voter; or (c) makes a false statement as to his or her residence on any petition requesting the creation of a new county, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor punishable under chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- Within sixty days of receipt of the 16 NEW SECTION. Sec. 10. 17 petition under section 6 of this act, the secretary of state shall 18 examine the signatures on the petition and determine if the number of valid signatures of registered voters on the petition exceeds the 19 number required by section 8 of this act. The secretary of state may 20 21 contract with the appropriate county auditor or county auditors to 22 conduct the examination of the signatures in that county or perform any 23 other functions necessary to making the determination of the number of 24 valid signatures on the petition. A variation between the signature on 25 the petition and that on the registration record due to the substitution of initials or the use of common nicknames is permitted so 26 long as the surname and handwriting are clearly the same. 27
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. (1) The secretary of state shall certify to the proponents and to the legislature whether the proposed new county and the remaining parent county or counties, if any, will have the minimum populations required by the state Constitution and whether the petition has been signed by at least fifty percent of the registered voters in the combined portions of each parent county that is to be stricken to form the new county.
- 35 (2) The secretary of state shall also notify the presiding judge of 36 the division of the state court of appeals that contains the greatest

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- 1 portion of the population of the new county that a petition for the 2 formation of a new county has been transmitted to the legislature and 3 shall transmit with the notice a copy of the legal description of the 4 proposed county.
- 5 (3) The secretary of state shall also notify the director of the 6 department of revenue that a petition for the formation of a new county 7 has been transmitted to the legislature and shall transmit with the 8 notice a copy of the legal description of the proposed county.
- 9 (4) Any proponent or opponent of the new county, dissatisfied with 10 the determination of the secretary of state under this section, may 11 appeal that determination to the superior court of Thurston county. 12 The review by the superior court will proceed in the same manner as for 13 initiatives under RCW 29.79.210.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** (1) When a division of the court of appeals 15 is notified under section 11 of this act that a new county has been proposed that strikes part of the territory of a parent county or 16 counties, the presiding judge shall appoint a special master to gather 17 18 facts, conduct hearings, review evidence, and make recommendations to 19 the court regarding the division of assets and liabilities between the new county and the parent county or counties in accordance with 20 sections 13 through 19 of this act. The principal proponent of the new 21 22 county and the legislative authority of any parent county or counties 23 from which territory is to be stricken are proper parties to this 24 proceeding and may recommend individuals to serve as the special 25 master.
- (2) If the petition for a new county proposes the consolidation of two or more existing counties where there is no remaining territory in any parent county or counties, the presiding judge may enter an order under section 17(1) of this act without appointing a special master.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 13. (1) The special master may employ appraisers, accountants, actuaries, engineers, attorneys, or other experts, and consult with state and local agencies, to assemble and evaluate evidence and exercise all other powers otherwise granted to the court that are necessary for the efficient and just resolution of issues.
- 36 (2) The court of appeals may award payment of fees and costs to any 37 special master and any experts that the special master is authorized to

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- l retain and may assess such fees and costs against the parent county and
- 2 the new county in such proportions as it deems just.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Whenever a new county is created out of 4 territory that was stricken from another county or counties, the new
- 4 territory that was stricken from another county or counties, the new
- 5 county is liable for an equitable proportion of the debts and
- 6 liabilities of the parent county or counties and must receive an
- 7 equitable proportion of the assets of the parent county or counties.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 15.** (1) In apportioning the debts and
- 9 liabilities under section 14 of this act, the court shall not charge
- 10 either county with any share of debts or liabilities then existing
- 11 incurred in the purchase of county property, or in the purchase or
- 12 construction of public buildings then in use or under construction, or
- 13 roads or bridges then in use or under construction, that are located
- 14 within the other county except where the repayment of the debt or
- 15 liability is being made or is to be made from bonds originally
- 16 authorized by a vote of the qualified electors in the other county.
- 17 (2) The remaining debts and liabilities of the parent county must
- 18 be apportioned so that the new county is assigned an amount of these
- 19 debts and liabilities that is in the same proportion as the assessed
- 20 valuation of the new county, that was part of that parent county, is to
- 21 the total assessed valuation in the parent county before the creation
- 22 of the new county. The assessed valuations must be those used for
- 23 taxes imposed in the year before the election was held authorizing the
- 24 creation of the new county.
- 25 (3) This section may not be construed to affect the rights of
- 26 creditors.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. (1) In apportioning the assets of the
- 28 parent county or counties, each parent county retains ownership of real
- 29 property it owns that remains in its boundaries after the creation of
- 30 the new county. At the effective date of the creation of the new
- 31 county, the new county acquires ownership of real property that was
- 32 owned by the parent county or counties that is located in the new
- 33 county. No valuation of or compensation for real property is required.
- 34 (2) All equipment owned by each parent county that is used in the
- 35 construction or maintenance of roads or bridges must be apportioned
- 36 based on total appraised value of the equipment between the new county

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- and the parent county so that the new county receives a portion of this equipment that is in the same proportion as the number of miles of county roads in the new county, that were part of that parent county, is to the total number of miles of county roads in the parent county before the creation of the new county.
- (3) All other assets of each parent county, the apportionment of 6 which is not otherwise provided for, must be apportioned between the 7 8 parent county and the new county based on total appraised value of the 9 assets so that the new county receives a portion of these assets that 10 is in the same proportion as the assessed valuation of the new county, 11 that was part of the parent county, is to the total assessed valuation 12 of the parent county before the creation of the new county. 13 assessed valuations must be those used for taxes imposed in the year of the election authorizing creation of the new county. 14
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. (1) Within six months after receiving notice under section 11(2) of this act, the court of appeals shall enter an order apportioning all debts, liabilities, and assets of the parent county or counties between the parent counties and new county and providing for the method of transfer or payment, subject to the creation of the new county under section 19 of this act. The order of the court of appeals is final.
- (2) RCW 2.06.040 applies to a proceeding under this section, except that a decision rendered under this section does not have precedential value and need not be published as an opinion of the court.
- 25 NEW SECTION. Sec. 18. Within six months of the receipt of a notice under section 11 of this act, the director of the department of 26 revenue, in conjunction with the department of community, trade, and 27 28 economic development and the office of financial management, shall analyze and prepare a report on the impact of the creation of the new 29 county on the revenues and expenditures of the parent county or 30 31 counties.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. (1) If all the requirements of Article XI, section 3 of the state Constitution for the creation of a new county have been met, the legislature may, during the first regular session after certification under section 11(1) of this act, enact special legislation creating that county, subject to approval by a majority of

- the voters in the proposed new county at the next general election more than one hundred twenty days after the adjournment of the session at which the special legislation is adopted.
- 4 (2) If the legislature does not enact special legislation creating 5 the county under subsection (1) of this section, the question of the 6 creation of that county must be referred to a vote of the registered 7 voters residing in the proposed new county at the next general election 8 more than one hundred twenty days after the adjournment of the session.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** (1) If the legislature provides for the 10 creation of a new county under section 19 of this act by special 11 legislation, that special legislation must include:
- 12 (a) A legal description of the proposed new county;
- 13 (b) The initial annual salaries of the elected officers of the new 14 county;
  - (c) An initial county seat for the new county;

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- 16 (d) Provision for the initial election of officers of the new 17 county if those are different from sections 21 through 23 of this act;
- 18 (e) Provision for a superior court and district court for the new 19 county;
- 20 (f) Boundaries for three commissioner districts in the proposed new 21 county subject to the criteria in RCW 29.70.100(4);
- (g) Provision for any necessary financial resources for the new county during the interim period and until the receipt of regular taxes and other revenues; and
- 25 (h) Any other measures the legislature finds appropriate to the 26 efficient organization and operation of the new county government.
- 27 (3) All counties must consist of a single contiguous area of land and water. If the legislature decides to modify the boundaries of the 28 29 proposed new county, it shall consider the economic stability, the 30 efficiency of administration, natural geographic transportation corridors, and the boundaries of existing communities 31 and governmental units, as such factors affect the proposed new county 32 and the remaining parent county or counties. The legislature may not 33 make changes in the boundaries that would result in the creation of a 34 new county that does not satisfy the requirements of Article XI, 35 36 section 3 of the state Constitution.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. (1) If special legislation enacted under section 19(1) of this act does not provide otherwise or if the question of the formation of a new county is referred under section 19(2) of this act and if the new county includes part of the territory from one or more parent counties, that question must be submitted to the voters of the new county in substantially the following form:
- 7 "Shall the new county of (insert name of new county) be created and 8 the assets and liabilities of (insert the name of the parent county or 9 counties) be divided with this new county as provided in (cite the 10 order of the court of appeals)? - yes or no?"
- 11 (2) If the new county consolidates all of the territory of two or 12 more parent counties, the question must be submitted to the voters of 13 the new county in substantially the following form:
- "Shall the new county of (insert name of new county) be created and shall it assume all of the assets and liabilities of (insert the name of the parent counties) as provided in (cite the order of the court of appeals)? - yes or no?"
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. (1) If special legislation enacted under 18 section 19(1) of this act does not provide otherwise or if the question 19 20 of the formation of a new county is referred under section 19(2) of 21 this act, a primary must be held under RCW 29.13.070 for the nomination of candidates for the various county elected offices, and elections for 22 those offices must be held in conjunction with the state general 23 24 election in that year. Except as provided in this section, nominations 25 and elections must be held as provided by the general election laws for partisan county offices. 26
  - (2) Declarations of candidacy for the initial terms of office for the elected county offices in the new county must be filed with the county auditor of the parent county if the new county is to be created out of territory from only one county and with the secretary of state if the new county is to be formed out of territory from more than one parent county.
- 33 (3) Candidates for the office of county commissioner shall file for 34 one of three separate county commissioner positions. If county 35 commissioner districts were created by the special legislation, the 36 filing officer shall designate one position for each district, and the

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voters in each district shall nominate the candidates for county 1 commissioner for that district.

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- (4) If any parent county does not provide a local voters' pamphlet for the primary or the general election under chapter 29.81A RCW, the secretary of state shall provide a pamphlet for the jurisdiction of the proposed new county only.
- 7 (5) If the local voters' pamphlet is produced by the secretary of 8 state, the committees to draft statements for and against the measures 9 will be appointed as provided for state measures under RCW 29.81.240. 10 The local voters' pamphlet must include the legal description and map 11 of the proposed new county, a summary of the allocation of assets, debts, and liabilities adopted by the court of appeals, and the report 12 by the department of revenue about the revenue and expenditure impact 13 of the formation of the new county on the parent county or counties. 14
- (6) The county auditor or auditors shall conduct and canvass the 15 election and certify the results to the secretary of state, who shall 16 canvass and certify the results of the primary and the election. 17
- (7) The newly elected county officials shall assume office 18 19 immediately upon the certification of the election with limited powers 20 during the interim period as provided in this chapter and full powers after the expiration of the interim period. 21
  - NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. If the legislature creates a new county under section 19(1) of this act or if a majority of the registered voters who reside within the boundaries of the proposed new county voting on the question vote in favor of creation of a new county under section 19 (1) or (2) of this act, the new county is established, with an interim organization period commencing on January 1st of the year after the session at which the special legislation was enacted or the election at which the voters approved the formation of the new county. The interim period expires on December 31st of the year in which it started.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 24. (1) Except as provided in subsection (2) of 32 this section, the terms of office for all of the initial county 33 officials are from the date of the certification of their election 34 35 until their successors are elected and qualified at the next general election that is two years before the year in which the governor is 36 37 elected.

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- 1 (2) The commissioner or commissioners who receive the greatest 2 number of votes for their respective positions at the general election 3 provided for under section 22 of this act will receive the longer 4 unexpired term or terms.
- 5 (3) No regular or unexpired term elections may be held during the 6 interim period. Vacancies in elected county offices will be filled by 7 appointment.
- 8 (4) After the expiration of the first set of unexpired terms, the 9 terms of all officers will be four years and until their successors are 10 elected and qualified.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 25. If the new county is created, the new 11 12 county shall reimburse the parent county or counties for its share of the primary and election costs under RCW 29.13.045. If the new county 13 14 is not created, the parent county or counties shall pay the cost of 15 conducting the primary and the election to create a new county and 16 elect county officers. For the purposes of this section, the proportionate share of the costs of producing and distributing the 17 18 local voters' pamphlet under section 22 of this act are included in the 19 cost of conducting the primary and election on the formation of the new 20 county.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. Except as provided in this section, the creation of a new county may not affect the boundaries of a city, town, or special district of any kind.
  - (1) Unless the initial board of county commissioners provides otherwise, a single road district must exist in the new county composed of all the unincorporated area within the new county. Territory that is stricken from a parent county to create a new county must also be stricken from the road district or districts of the parent county effective as of the final day of the interim period.
- (2) An area in a new county that was included in a county rural 30 library district must remain part of that county rural library 31 32 district. The trustees of such a library district must be appointed by 33 joint action of the members of the county legislative authorities of the parent county or counties and the new county, with the vote on each 34 35 appointment distributed among the members of the county legislative authorities so that the combined total vote of all the members of a 36 37 single county legislative authority is in direct proportion to the

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percentage of population within the library district residing in that county and each member of that county legislative authority receiving an equal portion of that vote.

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- 4 (3) Effective on the first day after the interim period for the 5 creation of a new county, a public transportation benefit area that includes territory located in both the remaining parent county and new 6 county will have its boundaries reduced to eliminate any territory 7 8 located in the new county.
- 9 NEW SECTION. Sec. 27. The superior court and district court for 10 the new county shall obtain jurisdiction over all new matters filed on or after the interim period expires, over which those courts otherwise 11 have jurisdiction under the state Constitution and state law. 12 The superior court and district court of the parent county or counties 13 14 shall retain jurisdiction of any matters pending before them or on 15 appeal from them on December 31st at the close of the interim period 16 unless all parties to the matter stipulate to a change of venue to the superior or district court of the new county. 17
- 18 All pleadings, process, documents, and files in the office of the 19 county clerk and in the offices of officers of the superior or district court of a parent county pertaining to actions and proceedings 20 transferred to the superior or district court of the new county must be 21 certified and transferred to the county clerk or to officers of the 22 23 superior or district court of the new county.
- 24 NEW SECTION. Sec. 28. Within ten months of the beginning of the interim period for a new county, all records, documents, and papers in 25 the offices of county auditor, county assessor, county treasurer, and 27 other county officers of a parent county, affecting the title or possession of real property in the new county, assessed valuation of property located in the new county, registration of voters residing in 29 the new county, or other appropriate matters, must be certified by the 30 appropriate parent county official and must be transferred to the appropriate county officials and officers of the new county. Ιf 33 original records, documents, or papers are not transferred, certified copies must be provided. The appropriate county officials of the 34 35 parent county and the new county may agree to these transfers through electronic, mechanical, or other methods that adequately ensure the 36 37 accuracy of the transferred information. The new county shall pay all

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- 1 costs incurred with regard to the transfer of records, documents, and 2 papers.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. During the interim period for a new county, the initial county officials have the following powers:
- 5 (1) The initial board of county commissioners may adopt ordinances 6 and adopt resolutions necessary to implement the general powers 7 provided by this section. The initial board of county commissioners 8 may also adopt ordinances on any matter within the authority of a 9 noncharter county. The ordinances become effective on the expiration 10 of the interim period.
- (2) The initial county officials, subject to state law governing counties in general, may purchase or lease land, buildings, equipment, and supplies; contract for services; and employ staff as necessary to implement the powers provided by this section and to assure the establishment of the necessary infrastructure and staffing for the full operation of county government on the expiration of the interim period.
- 17 (3) The initial county officials may enter interlocal agreements 18 with the parent county or counties to facilitate the establishment of 19 the new county government and for services to be rendered following the 20 interim period.
  - (4) The initial board of county commissioners may:

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- (a) Cause tax anticipation or revenue anticipation notes or warrants or other short-term obligations to be issued as provided in chapter 39.50 RCW;
- 25 (b) Authorize the borrowing of money from state or federal agencies 26 to the same extent as is authorized for a nonhome-rule county;
- (c) Submit ballot propositions to the voters of the new county authorizing a single-year excess levy to be imposed, as provided by RCW 84.52.052;
- 30 (d) Submit ballot propositions to the voters of the new county 31 authorizing both voter-approved general indebtedness and bond 32 retirement excess levies, as provided by RCW 84.52.056 and 39.36.050;
- 33 (e) Impose property taxes as authorized for counties, to be 34 collected after the interim period; and
- (f) Impose excise taxes as authorized for counties effective on January 1st after the interim period, including, but not limited to, sales and use taxes authorized in chapter 82.14 RCW and real estate excise taxes authorized in chapter 82.46 RCW.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. The initial county officers of a new county during the interim period are subject to all state laws limiting the authority of or imposing obligations on such offices as if the new county were fully established.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. All ordinances, rules, and regulations of a parent county that are in effect at the beginning of the interim period for a new county and that are adopted by the parent county during the interim period of a new county have their full force and effect within the portion of the parent county that is stricken to form the new county until the end of the interim period, unless repealed by the parent county before that date.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 32. During the interim period for a new county, the parent county or counties remains responsible for providing all county services previously provided by that parent county in the portion of the parent county that is stricken to form a new county at the current level of service, unless otherwise agreed to between the parent county and the initial officers of the new county.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 33. (1) The budget for the interim period for a new county must be adopted as provided in this section. The budget for the first budget cycle of the new county after the interim period must be adopted as provided in chapter 36.40 RCW.
- 22 (2) The initial board of county commissioners shall adopt a budget 23 for the interim period and make any subsequent amendments in consultation with the state auditor and the department of community, 24 25 trade, and economic development. The department of community, trade, and economic development shall provide to the initial officers of the 26 27 new county, at the earliest date feasible after the election authorizing formation of the new county, a report detailing the 28 potential revenues and expenses of the new county. The interim period 29 30 budget may initially authorize expenditure of moneys by general category without specific detail. The budget may 31 be amended 32 periodically during the interim period to reflect actual revenues or 33 expenditure requirements as they become known.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 34. During the interim period for a new county, the initial board of county commissioners may borrow money from the

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- 1 state treasurer in amounts and on terms deemed prudent and reasonable
- 2 by the state treasurer.
- 3 Any loan obtained under this section must be repaid within three
- 4 years of the initial disbursement. The state treasurer may withhold
- 5 moneys from the funds otherwise payable to the new county to assure
- 6 repayment.
- 7 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 35.** Each parent county shall continue imposing
- 8 sales and use taxes throughout its entire boundaries until the end of
- 9 the interim period. Before the end of the interim period, each parent
- 10 county will continue receiving federal and state moneys allocated to it
- 11 as if the new county did not exist. State moneys must be allocated to
- 12 the new county on whatever basis these moneys are distributed
- 13 commencing on the first day after the interim period.
- 14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 36.** The rule of strict construction does not
- 15 apply to this chapter. The authority granted to the initial county
- 16 commissioners of a new county must be liberally interpreted to provide
- 17 for a transition to a new county during the interim period so that, to
- 18 the greatest extent possible, a new county will be able to fully
- 19 function as a complete county government at the date the new county is
- 20 officially created.
- 21 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 37.** A new section is added to chapter 47.01 RCW
- 22 to read as follows:
- Beginning on January 1st following the interim period for a new
- 24 county, the department of transportation shall adjust the allocations
- 25 of transportation moneys made to counties to include the new county on
- 26 the same bases as apply to previously existing counties.
- 27 **Sec. 38.** RCW 36.32.020 and 1982 c 226 s 4 are each amended to read
- 28 as follows:
- 29 The board of county commissioners of each county shall divide their
- 30 county into three commissioner districts so that each district shall
- 31 comprise as nearly as possible one-third of the population of the
- 32 county((: PROVIDED, That)). The territory comprised in any voting
- 33 precincts of such districts shall remain compact, and shall not be
- 34 divided by the lines of said districts.

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However, the commissioners of any county composed entirely of islands and with a population of less than thirty-five thousand may divide their county into three commissioner districts without regard to 4 population, except that if any single island is included in more than one district, the districts on such island shall comprise, as nearly as possible, equal populations.

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The lines of the districts shall not be changed ((oftener)) more often than once in four years except for the initial districts in a new county created under section 19 of this act and only when a full board of commissioners is present. The districts shall be designated as districts numbered one, two, and three.

12 **Sec. 39.** RCW 84.09.030 and 1996 c 230 s 1613 are each amended to read as follows: 13

Except as follows, the boundaries of counties, cities and all other taxing districts, for purposes of property taxation and the levy of property taxes, shall be the established official boundaries of such districts existing on the first day of March of the year in which the property tax levy is made.

The official boundaries of a newly incorporated taxing district 19 shall be established at a different date in the year in which the 20 incorporation occurred as follows: 21

- (1) Boundaries for a newly incorporated city shall be established on the last day of March of the year in which the initial property tax levy is made, and the boundaries of a road district, library district, or fire protection district or districts, that include any portion of the area that was incorporated within its boundaries shall be altered as of this date to exclude this area, if the budget for the newly incorporated city is filed pursuant to RCW 84.52.020 and the levy request of the newly incorporated city is made pursuant to RCW Whenever a proposed city incorporation is on the March special election ballot, the county auditor shall submit the legal description of the proposed city to the department of revenue on or before the first day of March;
- (2) Boundaries for a newly incorporated port district shall be established on the first day of October if the boundaries of the newly incorporated port district are coterminous with the boundaries of another taxing district, as they existed on the first day of March of that year;

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- 1 (3) Boundaries of any other newly incorporated taxing district 2 shall be established on the first day of June of the year in which the 3 property tax levy is made if the taxing district has boundaries 4 coterminous with the boundaries of another taxing district, as they 5 existed on the first day of March of that year;
  - (4) Boundaries for a newly incorporated water-sewer district shall be established on the fifteenth of June of the year in which the proposition under RCW 57.04.050 authorizing a water district excess levy is approved; and
- (5) Boundaries of a new county, the counties from which territory is stricken to create the new county, any road districts in the counties from which the territory is stricken, and road districts in the newly created county will be established on the first day of January of the interim period after the formation of that new county.

The boundaries of a taxing district shall be established on the first day of June if territory has been added to, or removed from, the taxing district after the first day of March of that year with boundaries coterminous with the boundaries of another taxing district as they existed on the first day of March of that year. However, the boundaries of a road district, library district, or fire protection district or districts, that include any portion of the area that was annexed to a city or town within its boundaries shall be altered as of this date to exclude this area. In any case where any instrument setting forth the official boundaries of any newly established taxing district, or setting forth any change in such boundaries, is required by law to be filed in the office of the county auditor or other county official, said instrument shall be filed in triplicate. The officer with whom such instrument is filed shall transmit two copies to the county assessor.

No property tax levy shall be made for any taxing district whose boundaries are not established as of the dates provided in this section.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 40. The following acts or parts of acts are ach repealed:
- (1) RCW 4.12.070 (Change to newly created county) and 1891 c 33 s
- 36 2, Code 1881 s 53, 1877 p 12 s 54, 1869 p 14 s 54, & 1854 p 377 s 2;
- 37 (2) RCW 36.09.010 (Debts and property to be apportioned) and 1963

38 c 4 s 36.09.010;

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- 1 (3) RCW 36.09.020 (Procedure to settle amount charged new county--2 Basis of apportionment) and 1963 c 4 s 36.09.020;
- 3 (4) RCW 36.09.035 (Procedure to settle amount charged new county--
- 4 Disagreement between auditors--Determination by third person) and 1963
- 5 c 4 s 36.09.035;
- 6 (5) RCW 36.09.040 (Payment of indebtedness--Transfer of property)
- 7 and 1963 c 4 s 36.09.040; and
- 8 (6) RCW 36.09.050 (Collection of taxes levied--Apportionment) and
- 9 1963 c 4 s 36.09.050.
- 10 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 41.** Sections 2 through 36 of this act are added
- 11 to chapter 36.09 RCW.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 42.** If any provision of this act or its
- 13 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the
- 14 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other
- 15 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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