CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2239

56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

CERTIFICATE
We, Dean R. Foster and Timothy A. Martin, Co-Chief Clerks of the House of Representatives of the State of
Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2239 as passed by the House of
Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.
Chief Clerk
Chief Clerk
FILED
Secretary of State State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2239

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 1999 Regular Session

State of Washington 56th Legislature 1999 Regular Session

By House Committee on Transportation (originally sponsored by Representatives Buck and Wood)

Read first time 03/08/1999.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to storm water control grant programs; amending RCW
- 2 90.78.005, 90.78.010, 90.78.020, and 75.50.165; and providing an
- 3 expiration date.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 90.78.005 and 1996 c 285 s 2 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 The legislature finds that the increasing population and continued
- 8 development throughout the state have increased the need for storm
- 9 water control. Storm water impacts have resulted in increased public
- 10 health risks related to drinking water and agricultural and seafood
- 11 products; increased disruption of economic activity, transportation
- 12 facilities, and other public and private land and facilities due to the
- 13 lack of adequate flood control measures; adverse affects on state fish
- 14 populations and watershed hydrology; and contamination of sediments.
- 15 In addition, current storm water control and management efforts
- 16 related to transportation projects lack necessary coordination on a
- 17 watershed, regional, and state-wide basis; have inadequate funding; and
- 18 fail to maximize use of available resources.

More stringent regulatory requirements have increased the costs that state and local governments must incur to deal with significant sources of pollution such as storm water. The costs estimated to properly maintain and construct storm water facilities far exceed available revenues.

Therefore, it is the intent of the legislature to establish a program to develop a state-wide coordination mechanism for the funding of state, county, and city highway and roadway-related storm water management and control projects that will facilitate the completion of the state's most urgently needed storm water projects in the most cost-effective manner. Unexpended annual utility fee payments that are not collected by virtue of defaulting in preparing a plan must be used in the storm water grant program as defined in RCW 90.78.010 and 90.78.020.

Sec. 2. RCW 90.78.010 and 1996 c 285 s 3 are each amended to read 16 as follows:

The department of transportation, in cooperation with the transportation improvement board, the department of ecology, cities, towns, counties, environmental organizations, business organizations, Indian tribes, and port districts, shall develop a storm water management funding and implementation program to address state, county, and city highway and roadway-related storm water control problems. As part of the program, the department may provide grants and may rate and rank local transportation improvement projects to facilitate the construction of the highest priority stand-alone state and local storm water management retrofit projects based on cost-effectiveness and contribution toward improved water quality, mitigating the impacts of altered stream hydrology, improved salmonid habitat, and reduced flooding in a watershed.

The program shall address, but is not limited to, the following objectives: (1) Greater state-wide coordination of the construction of storm water treatment facilities; (2) encouraging multijurisdictional projects; (3) developing priorities and approaches for implementing activities within watersheds; (4) methods to enhance, preserve, and restore salmonid habitat; (5) identification and prioritization of storm water retrofit programs; (((5))) (6) evaluating methods to determine cost benefits of proposed projects; (((6))) (7) identifying ways to facilitate the sharing of technical resources; (((7))) (8)

- 1 developing methods for monitoring and evaluating activities carried out
- 2 under the program; and $((\frac{8}{8}))$ (9) identifying potential funding
- 3 sources for continuation of the program.
- 4 **Sec. 3.** RCW 90.78.020 and 1996 c 285 s 4 are each amended to read 5 as follows:
- The department of transportation may provide grants and may rate 6 7 and rank local transportation improvement projects to implement state, 8 county, and city highway and roadway-related storm water control 9 measures. Cities, towns, counties, port districts, Indian tribes, and 10 the department of transportation are eligible to receive grants, on a matching basis. The transportation improvement board may administer 11 all grant programs specifically designed to assist cities, counties, 12 13 and local governments with storm water mitigation associated with 14 transportation projects. A committee consisting of two representatives 15 each from the department of transportation, with one as chair, the department of ecology, cities, and counties, and one representative 16 each from the transportation improvement board, the department of fish 17 18 and wildlife, an environmental organization, and a business 19 organization, shall oversee the grant program. The committee may add representatives of other agencies, organizations, or interest groups to 20 serve as members of the committee or in an advisory capacity. 21 developing project criteria, the committee shall identify the most 22 23 urgent state, county, and city highway and roadway-related storm water 24 management and control problems; develop methods for 25 priorities across watersheds; give added weight to projects based on local contribution, multijurisdictional involvement, and whether the 26 project is a priority for a local storm water utility; and determine 27 the benefits of, and, if appropriate, provide incentives for off-site 28 29 placement of storm water facilities and out-of-kind mitigation for storm water impacts. 30
- 31 **Sec. 4.** RCW 75.50.165 and 1998 c 249 s 16 are each amended to read 32 as follows:
- (1) The department of transportation ((is authorized to)) and the department of fish and wildlife may administer ((a)) and coordinate all
- 35 <u>state</u> grant programs <u>specifically designed</u> to assist state agencies,
- 36 local governments, private landowners, tribes, organizations, and
- 37 volunteer groups in identifying and removing impediments to

- 1 ((anadromous)) salmonid fish passage. ((The)) The transportation
- 2 improvement board may administer all grant programs specifically
- 3 <u>designed to assist cities, counties, and local governments with fish</u>
- 4 passage barrier corrections associated with transportation projects.
- 5 <u>All grant programs</u> ((shall)) <u>must</u> be administered <u>and be</u> consistent
- 6 with the following:
- 7 (a) ((Eligible projects include)) Salmonid-related corrective
- 8 projects, inventory, assessment, and prioritization efforts;
- 9 (b) <u>Salmonid projects ((shall be))</u> subject to a competitive 10 application process; <u>and</u>
- 11 (c) A minimum dollar match rate that is consistent with the funding
- 12 <u>authority's criteria</u>. <u>If no funding match is specified, a match amount</u>
- 13 of at least twenty-five percent per project is required. For local,
- 14 private, and volunteer projects, in-kind contributions may be counted
- 15 toward the match requirement.
- 16 (2) Priority shall be given to projects that immediately increase
- 17 access to available and improved spawning and rearing habitat for
- 18 depressed, threatened, and endangered stocks. Priority shall also be
- 19 given to project applications that are coordinated with other efforts
- 20 within a watershed((\div)).
- 21 (((d))) <u>(3) Except for projects administered by the transportation</u>
- 22 <u>improvement board</u>, all projects shall be reviewed and approved by the
- 23 fish passage barrier removal task force((; and
- 24 (e) A match of at least twenty five percent per project shall be
- 25 required. For local, private, and volunteer projects, in kind
- 26 contributions may be counted toward the match requirement.
- 27 (2) The department of transportation shall proceed expeditiously in
- 28 implementing the grant program during the 1998 summer construction
- 29 season)) or an alternative oversight committee designated by the state
- 30 <u>legislature</u>.
- 31 (4) Other agencies that administer natural resource based grant
- 32 programs that may include fish passage barrier removal projects shall
- 33 use fish passage selection criteria that are consistent with this
- 34 section.
- 35 (5) The departments of transportation and fish and wildlife shall
- 36 <u>establish a centralized data base directory of all fish passage barrier</u>
- 37 <u>information</u>. The data base directory must include, but is not limited
- 38 to, existing fish passage inventories, fish passage projects, grant
- 39 program applications, and other data bases. These data must be used to

- 1 coordinate and assist in habitat recovery and project mitigation
- 2 projects.
- 3 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** Sections 1 through 3 of this act expire July

4 1, 2003.

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