CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6194

56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

Passed by the Senate March 9, 2000 YEAS 48 NAYS 0

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 8, 2000 YEAS 98 NAYS 0

CERTIFICATE

I, Tony M. Cook, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6194** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Secretary

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6194

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2000 Regular Session

State of Washington 56th Legislature 2000 Regular Session

By Senate Committee on Natural Resources, Parks & Recreation (originally sponsored by Senators T. Sheldon, Oke, Jacobsen, Stevens, Morton, Rasmussen, Gardner and Spanel)

Read first time 02/01/2000.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to unlawful rural garbage disposal; amending RCW
- 2 70.93.030, 70.93.060, 70.95.240, and 46.55.230; and prescribing
- 3 penalties.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 70.93.030 and 1998 c 257 s 3 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 As used in this chapter unless the context indicates otherwise:
- 8 (1) <u>"Conveyance" means a boat, airplane, or vehicle;</u>
- 9 (2) "Department" means the department of ecology;
- 10 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ <u>(3)</u> "Director" means the director of the department of 11 ecology;
- 12 (((3))) (4) "Disposable package or container" means all packages or
- 13 containers defined as such by rules and regulations adopted by the
- 14 department of ecology;
- 15 (((4+))) (5) "Junk vehicle" has the same meaning as defined in RCW
- 16 <u>46.55.010;</u>
- 17 <u>(6)</u> "Litter" means all waste material including but not limited to
- 18 disposable packages or containers thrown or deposited as herein
- 19 prohibited and solid waste that is illegally dumped, but not including

- 1 the wastes of the primary processes of mining, logging, sawmilling,
- 2 farming, or manufacturing;
- 3 (((5))) <u>(7)</u> "Litter bag" means a bag, sack, or other container made
- 4 of any material which is large enough to serve as a receptacle for
- 5 litter inside the vehicle or watercraft of any person. It is not
- 6 necessarily limited to the state approved litter bag but must be
- 7 similar in size and capacity;
- 8 (((6))) (8) "Litter receptacle" means those containers adopted by
- 9 the department of ecology and which may be standardized as to size,
- 10 shape, capacity, and color and which shall bear the state anti-litter
- 11 symbol, as well as any other receptacles suitable for the depositing of
- 12 litter;
- 13 $\left(\left(\frac{1}{1}\right)\right)$ (9) "Person" means any political subdivision, government
- 14 agency, municipality, industry, public or private corporation,
- 15 copartnership, association, firm, individual, or other entity
- 16 whatsoever;
- 17 ((8))) (10) "Public place" means any area that is used or held out
- 18 for use by the public whether owned or operated by public or private
- 19 <u>interests;</u>
- 20 (11) "Recycling" means transforming or remanufacturing waste
- 21 materials into a finished product for use other than landfill disposal
- 22 or incineration;
- (((+9))) (12) "Recycling center" means a central collection point
- 24 for recyclable materials;
- 25 (((10))) <u>(13) "To litter" means a single or cumulative act of</u>
- 26 <u>disposing of litter</u>;
- 27 (14) "Vehicle" includes every device capable of being moved upon a
- 28 public highway and in, upon, or by which any persons or property is or
- 29 may be transported or drawn upon a public highway, excepting devices
- 30 moved by human or animal power or used exclusively upon stationary
- 31 rails or tracks;
- $((\frac{11}{11}))$ <u>(15)</u> "Waste reduction" means reducing the amount or
- 33 toxicity of waste generated or reusing materials;
- $((\frac{12}{12}))$ <u>(16)</u> "Watercraft" means any boat, ship, vessel, barge, or
- 35 other floating craft((+
- 36 (13) "Public place" means any area that is used or held out for use
- 37 by the public whether owned or operated by public or private
- 38 interests)).

- 1 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.93.060 and 1997 c 159 s 1 are each amended to read 2 as follows:
- 3 (1) It is a violation of this section to abandon a junk vehicle 4 upon any property located in an unincorporated area of a county. In addition, no person shall throw, drop, deposit, discard, or otherwise 5 dispose of litter upon any public property in the state or upon private 6 7 property in this state not owned by him or her or in the waters of this 8 state whether from a vehicle or otherwise including but not limited to 9 any public highway, public park, beach, campground, forest land, recreational area, trailer park, highway, road, street, or alley 10 11 except:
- 12 (a) When the property is designated by the state or its agencies or 13 political subdivisions for the disposal of garbage and refuse, and the 14 person is authorized to use such property for that purpose;
- 15 (b) Into a litter receptacle in a manner that will prevent litter 16 from being carried away or deposited by the elements upon any part of 17 said private or public property or waters.
- 18 (2)(a) Except as provided in subsection (4) of this section, it is 19 a class 3 civil infraction as provided in RCW 7.80.120 for a person to 20 litter in an amount less than or equal to one cubic foot.
- (b) It is a class 1 civil infraction as provided in RCW 7.80.120 21 22 for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot in an incorporated area of a county. Unless suspended or modified by a 23 24 court, the person shall also pay a litter cleanup fee of twenty-five 25 dollars per cubic foot of litter. The court may, in addition to or in 26 lieu of part or all of the cleanup fee, order the person to pick up and 27 remove litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the 28 property. 29
- 30 (c) It is a misdemeanor for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot but less than one cubic yard in an unincorporated 31 area of a county. The person shall also pay a litter cleanup 32 restitution payment equal to twice the actual cost of cleanup, or fifty 33 34 dollars per cubic foot of litter, whichever is greater. The court 35 shall distribute one-half of the restitution payment to the landowner and one-half of the restitution payment to the law enforcement agency 36 investigating the incident. The court may, in addition to or in lieu 37 of part or all of the cleanup restitution payment, order the person to 38 39 pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior permission of

- 1 the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency
- 2 managing the property. The court may suspend or modify the litter
- 3 cleanup restitution payment for a first-time offender under this
- 4 section, if the person cleans up and properly disposes of the litter.
- 5 (d) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to litter in an amount
- 6 of one cubic yard or more in an unincorporated area of a county. The
- 7 person shall also pay a litter cleanup restitution payment equal to
- 8 twice the actual cost of cleanup, or one hundred dollars per cubic foot
- 9 of litter, whichever is greater. The court shall distribute one-half
- 10 of the restitution payment to the landowner and one-half of the
- 11 restitution payment to the law enforcement agency investigating the
- 12 incident. The court may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of
- 13 the cleanup restitution payment, order the person to pick up and remove
- 14 <u>litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or,</u>
- 15 <u>in the case of public property</u>, of the agency managing the property.
- 16 The court may suspend or modify the litter cleanup restitution payment
- 17 for a first-time offender under this section, if the person cleans up
- 18 and properly disposes of the litter.
- 19 (e) If a junk vehicle is abandoned in violation of this section,
- 20 RCW 46.55.230 governs the vehicle's removal, disposal, and sale, and
- 21 the penalties that may be imposed against the person who abandoned the
- 22 <u>vehicle</u>.
- 23 (3) If the violation occurs in a state park, the court shall, in
- 24 addition to any other penalties assessed, order the person to perform
- 25 twenty-four hours of community service in the state park where the
- 26 violation occurred if the state park has stated an intent to
- 27 participate as provided in RCW ((43.51.048(2))) 79A.05.050.
- 28 (4) It is a class 1 civil infraction as provided in RCW 7.80.120
- 29 for a person to discard, in violation of this section, a cigarette,
- 30 cigar, or other tobacco product that is capable of starting a fire.
- 31 **Sec. 3.** RCW 70.95.240 and 1998 c 36 s 19 are each amended to read
- 32 as follows:
- 33 (1) After the adoption of regulations or ordinances by any county,
- 34 city, or jurisdictional board of health providing for the issuance of
- 35 permits as provided in RCW 70.95.160, it shall be unlawful for any
- 36 person to dump or deposit or permit the dumping or depositing of any
- 37 solid waste onto or under the surface of the ground or into the waters

- of this state except at a solid waste disposal site for which there is a valid permit. This section does not:
- 3 (a) Prohibit a person from dumping or depositing solid waste 4 resulting from his or her own activities onto or under the surface of 5 ground owned or leased by him or her when such action does not violate 6 statutes or ordinances, or create a nuisance;
- 7 (b) Apply to a person using a waste-derived soil amendment that has 8 been approved by the department under RCW 70.95.205; or
- 9 (c) Apply to the application of commercial fertilizer that has been 10 registered with the department of agriculture as provided in RCW 11 15.54.325, and that is applied in accordance with the standards 12 established in RCW 15.54.800(3).
- 13 (2)(a) It is a class 3 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 14 for a person to litter in an amount less than or equal to one cubic 15 foot.
- (b) It is a class 1 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120 for 16 17 a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot in an unincorporated area of a county. Unless suspended or modified by a 18 19 court, the person shall also pay a litter cleanup fee of twenty-five dollars per cubic foot of litter. The court may, in addition to or in 20 lieu of part or all of the cleanup fee, order the person to pick up and 21 remove litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal 22 23 owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the 24 property.

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(c) It is a misdemeanor for a person to litter in an amount greater than one cubic foot but less than one cubic yard in an unincorporated area of a county. The person shall also pay a litter cleanup restitution payment equal to twice the actual cost of cleanup, or fifty dollars per cubic foot of litter, whichever is greater. The court shall distribute one-half of the restitution payment to the landowner and one-half of the restitution payment to the jurisdictional health department investigating the incident. The court may, in addition to or in lieu of part or all of the cleanup restitution payment, order the person to pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior permission of the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency managing the property. The court may suspend or modify the litter cleanup restitution payment for a first-time offender under this section, if the person cleans up and properly disposes of the litter.

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- (d) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to litter in an amount 1 of one cubic yard or more in an unincorporated area of a county. The 2 person shall also pay a litter cleanup restitution payment equal to 3 4 twice the actual cost of cleanup, or one hundred dollars per cubic foot of litter, whichever is greater. The court shall distribute one-half 5 of the restitution payment to the landowner and one-half of the 6 restitution payment to the jurisdictional health department 7 8 investigating the incident. The court may, in addition to or in lieu 9 of part or all of the cleanup restitution payment, order the person to pick up and remove litter from the property, with prior permission of 10 the legal owner or, in the case of public property, of the agency 11 managing the property. The court may suspend or modify the litter 12 cleanup restitution payment for a first-time offender under this 13 section, if the person cleans up and properly disposes of the litter. 14 15 (e) If a junk vehicle is abandoned in violation of this chapter, RCW 46.55.230 governs the vehicle's removal, disposal, and sale, and 16 the penalties that may be imposed against the person who abandoned the 17 vehicle. 18
- 19 **Sec. 4.** RCW 46.55.230 and 1991 c 292 s 2 are each amended to read 20 as follows:
- 21 (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any law enforcement officer having jurisdiction, or any employee or officer of a 22 23 jurisdictional health department acting pursuant to RCW 70.95.240, or 24 any person authorized by the director shall inspect and may authorize 25 the disposal of an abandoned junk vehicle. The person making the inspection shall record the make and vehicle identification number or 26 27 license number of the vehicle if available, and shall also verify that the approximate value of the junk vehicle is equivalent only to the 28 29 approximate value of the scrap in it.
- 30 (2) The law enforcement officer or department representative shall 31 provide information on the vehicle's registered and legal owner to the 32 landowner.
- 33 (3) Upon receiving information on the vehicle's registered and 34 legal owner, the landowner shall mail a notice to the registered and 35 legal owners shown on the records of the department. The notification 36 shall describe the redemption procedure and the right to arrange for 37 the removal of the vehicle.

- 1 (4) If the vehicle remains unclaimed more than fifteen days after 2 the landowner has mailed notification to the registered and legal 3 owner, the landowner may dispose of the vehicle or sign an affidavit of 4 sale to be used as a title document.
- 5 (5) If no information on the vehicle's registered and legal owner 6 is found in the records of the department, the landowner may 7 immediately dispose of the vehicle or sign an affidavit of sale to be 8 used as a title document.
- 9 (6)(a) It is a class 1 civil infraction as defined in RCW 7.80.120
 10 for a person to abandon a junk vehicle on property located in an
 11 incorporated area. If a junk vehicle is abandoned in an incorporated
 12 area, the landowner of the property upon which the junk vehicle is
 13 located is entitled to recover from the vehicle's registered owner any
 14 costs incurred in the removal of the junk vehicle.
- 15 (b) It is a gross misdemeanor for a person to abandon a junk vehicle on property located in an unincorporated area. If a junk 16 vehicle is abandoned in an unincorporated area, the vehicle's 17 registered owner shall also pay a cleanup restitution payment equal to 18 19 twice the costs incurred in the removal of the junk vehicle. The court shall distribute one-half of the restitution payment to the landowner 20 of the property upon which the junk vehicle is located, and one-half of 21 the restitution payment to the law enforcement agency or jurisdictional 22 health department investigating the incident. 23
- (7) For the purposes of this section, the term "landowner" includes a legal owner of private property, a person with possession or control of private property, or a public official having jurisdiction over public property.
- 28 (8) A person complying in good faith with the requirements of this 29 section is immune from any liability arising out of an action taken or 30 omission made in the compliance.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

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