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HOUSE BILL 2052

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Representatives G. Chandler, Quall, Bush, Grant, Hatfield and Kessler

Read first time 02/13/2001. Referred to Committee on Judiciary.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to the equal access to justice act; amending RCW
- 2 4.84.340, 4.84.350, and 4.84.360; and adding new sections to chapter
- 3 4.84 RCW.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 4.84.340 and 1995 c 403 s 902 are each amended to read 6 as follows:
- 7 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 8 this section apply throughout RCW 4.84.340 through 4.84.360.
- 9 (1) "Adjudicative proceeding" means an adjudicative proceeding as
- 10 <u>defined in RCW 34.05.010</u> and an administrative review under RCW
- 11 34.05.464. RCW 4.84.340 through 4.84.360 and sections 4 and 5 of this
- 12 act apply only to the following adjudicative proceedings:
- 13 (a) Cases conducted for the department of social and health
- 14 services, but excluding the division of child support and the division
- 15 of juvenile rehabilitation;
- 16 (b) Licensing cases conducted for the liquor control board;
- 17 (c) Business and professional licensing cases for the department of
- 18 <u>licensing</u>, but excluding motor vehicle franchise cases under chapter
- 19 46.96 RCW;

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- 1 (d) Business and professional licensing cases for the department of labor and industries;
- 3 (e) Employer assessment and penalty cases conducted under chapters
- 4 49.17, 51.48, and 51.52 RCW for the department of labor and industries;
- 5 <u>and</u>
- 6 (f) Employer assessment and penalty cases conducted under chapter
- 7 50.24 RCW for the employment security department.
- 8 (2) "Administrative review" means an adjudicative proceeding under
- 9 RCW 34.05.464.
- 10 (3) "Administrative tribunal" means an independent agency that
- 11 conducts adjudicative proceedings, as defined in RCW 34.05.010, as its
- 12 sole or principal duty, to: (a) Review decisions of another agency or
- 13 governmental unit; or (b) resolve disputes in which the tribunal is not
- 14 a party.
- 15 (4) "Agency" means any state board, commission, department,
- 16 institution of higher education, or officer, authorized by law to make
- 17 rules or to conduct adjudicative proceedings, except those in the
- 18 legislative or judicial branches, the governor, or the attorney general
- 19 except to the extent otherwise required by law.
- 20 $((\frac{2}{2}))$ "Agency action" means agency action as defined by
- 21 chapter 34.05 RCW.
- (((3))) (6) "Fees and other expenses" includes the reasonable
- 23 expenses of expert witnesses, the reasonable cost of a study, analysis,
- 24 engineering report, test, or project that is found by the court,
- 25 presiding officer, or reviewing officer to be necessary for the
- 26 preparation of the party's case, and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 27 Reasonable attorneys' fees shall be based on the prevailing market
- 28 rates for the kind and quality of services furnished, except that (a)
- 29 no expert witness shall be compensated at a rate in excess of the
- 30 highest rates of compensation for expert witnesses paid by the state of
- 31 Washington, and (b) attorneys' fees shall not be awarded in excess of
- 32 one hundred fifty dollars per hour unless the court, presiding officer,
- 33 or reviewing officer determines that an increase in the cost of living
- 34 or a special factor, such as the limited availability of qualified
- 35 attorneys for the proceedings involved, justifies a higher fee.
- 36 (((4))) "Judicial review" means a judicial review as defined by
- 37 chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 38 (8) "Presiding officer" means a presiding officer under RCW
- 39 34.05.425.

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- (9) "Qualified administrative party" means (a) an individual whose 1 net worth did not exceed two hundred fifty thousand dollars at the time 2 3 the initial petition for an adjudicatory proceeding was filed, or (b) 4 a sole owner of an unincorporated business, or a partnership, corporation, association, or organization whose net worth did not 5 exceed one million two hundred fifty thousand dollars at the time the 6 7 initial petition for an adjudicatory proceeding was filed, except that 8 an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the federal Internal 9 Revenue Code of 1954 as exempt from taxation under section 501(a) of the code and a cooperative association as defined in section 15(a) of 10 the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141J(a)), may be a party 11 regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative 12 13 association.
- 14 (((5))) (10) "Qualified judicial party" means (a) an individual 15 whose net worth did not exceed one million dollars at the time the 16 initial petition for judicial review was filed, or (b) a sole owner of 17 an unincorporated business, or a partnership, corporation, association, or organization whose net worth did not exceed five million dollars at 18 19 the time the initial petition for judicial review was filed, except 20 that an organization described in section 501(c)(3) of the federal <u>Internal Revenue Code of 1954 as exempt from taxation under section</u> 21 22 501(a) of the code and a cooperative association as defined in section 23 15(a) of the Agricultural Marketing Act (12 U.S.C. 1141J(a)), may be a 24 party regardless of the net worth of such organization or cooperative 25 association.
- 26 <u>(11) "Qualified party" means a qualified judicial party or a</u> 27 qualified administrative party.
- 28 <u>(12) "Reviewing officer" means a reviewing officer under RCW</u>
 29 <u>34.05.464.</u>
- 30 **Sec. 2.** RCW 4.84.350 and 1995 c 403 s 903 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- 32 (1) Except as otherwise specifically provided by statute, a court
 33 shall award a qualified judicial party that prevails in a judicial
 34 review of an agency action and a presiding officer or reviewing officer
 35 shall award a qualified administrative party that prevails in an
 36 adjudicative proceeding challenging an agency action, fees and other
 37 expenses, including reasonable attorneys' fees, unless the court,
 38 presiding officer, or reviewing officer finds that the agency action

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- 1 was substantially justified or that circumstances make an award unjust.
- 2 A qualified party shall be considered to have prevailed if the
- 3 qualified party obtained relief on a significant issue that achieves
- 4 some benefit that the qualified party sought.
- 5 (2) The amount awarded a qualified party under subsection (1) of
- 6 this section shall not exceed ((twenty-five)) fifty thousand dollars
- 7 for the total request for the combined proceedings, administrative
- 8 <u>hearing</u>, administrative review, or superior court proceedings.
- 9 Subsection (1) of this section shall not apply unless all parties
- 10 challenging the agency action are qualified parties. If two or more
- 11 qualified parties join in an action, the award in total shall not
- 12 exceed ((twenty-five)) fifty thousand dollars. The court, presiding
- 13 officer, or reviewing officer, in its discretion, may reduce the amount
- 14 to be awarded ((pursuant to)) under subsection (1) of this section, or
- 15 deny any award, to the extent that a qualified party during the course
- 16 of the proceedings engaged in conduct that unduly or unreasonably
- 17 protracted the final resolution of the matter in controversy.
- 18 (3) The agencies that conduct their own administrative hearings or
- 19 <u>administrative reviews under chapter 34.05 RCW, the chief</u>
- 20 administrative law judge of the office of administrative hearings, and
- 21 the board of industrial insurance appeals are authorized to adopt rules
- 22 to implement RCW 4.84.340 through 4.84.360 and sections 4 and 5 of this
- 23 act. These rules may include reasonable requirements for notices of
- 24 appearances by authorized representatives, requirements for notices of
- 25 <u>intent to seek fees under this section, limitations on the eligibility</u>
- 26 for fees for nonattorney representatives, and a schedule for hours,
- 27 rates, or limitations on amounts of fees and other expenses presumed
- 28 reasonable for the type of adjudicative proceeding. In addition, rules
- 29 may set a maximum total amount including all fees and expenses for
- 30 specific types of adjudicative proceedings.
- 31 **Sec. 3.** RCW 4.84.360 and 1995 c 403 s 904 are each amended to read
- 32 as follows:
- Fees and other expenses awarded under RCW 4.84.340 and 4.84.350
- 34 shall be paid by the agency over which the party prevails from
- 35 operating funds appropriated to the agency within sixty days. Agencies
- 36 paying fees and other expenses ((pursuant to)) under RCW 4.84.340 and
- 37 4.84.350 shall report all payments to the office of financial
- 38 management within five days of paying the fees and other expenses.

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- 1 Fees and other expenses awarded by the court, presiding officer, or
- 2 <u>reviewing officer</u> shall be subject to the provisions of chapter 39.76
- 3 RCW and shall be deemed payable on the date the court, presiding
- 4 officer, or reviewing officer announces the award.
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 4.84 RCW 6 to read as follows:
- 7 When an agency has made an offer to participate in an alternative
- 8 dispute resolution process, the appellant must participate in good
- 9 faith or be precluded from applying for an award of attorneys' fees or
- 10 expenses under RCW 4.84.340 through 4.84.360, this section, and section
- 11 5 of this act.
- 12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 5.** A new section is added to chapter 4.84 RCW
- 13 to read as follows:
- 14 No fees or other expenses may be awarded against an administrative
- 15 tribunal.

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