H-4166.1

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2522

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2002 Regular Session

By House Committee on State Government (originally sponsored by Representatives Sullivan, Romero, Lovick, Murray, Upthegrove, Miloscia, Chase, Rockefeller, Lantz, Simpson, Kagi, McIntire, Wood, Santos, Linville and Edwards)

Read first time 02/07/2002. Referred to Committee on .

AN ACT Relating to the purchasing of clean technologies; amending RCW 43.19.1905, 43.19.570, and 43.19.637; and adding a new section to chapter 39.35B RCW.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.19.1905 and 1995 c 269 s 1402 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 The director of general administration shall establish overall 8 state policy for compliance by all state agencies, including 9 educational institutions, regarding the following purchasing and 10 material control functions:

(1) Development of a state commodity coding system, includingcommon stock numbers for items maintained in stores for reissue;

(2) Determination where consolidations, closures, or additions of
 stores operated by state agencies and educational institutions should
 be initiated;

(3) Institution of standard criteria for determination of when andwhere an item in the state supply system should be stocked;

18 (4) Establishment of stock levels to be maintained in state stores,19 and formulation of standards for replenishment of stock;

(5) Formulation of an overall distribution and redistribution
 system for stock items which establishes sources of supply support for
 all agencies, including interagency supply support;

4 (6) Determination of what function data processing equipment,
5 including remote terminals, shall perform in statewide purchasing and
6 material control for improvement of service and promotion of economy;

7 (7) Standardization of records and forms used statewide for supply 8 system activities involving purchasing, receiving, inspecting, storing, 9 requisitioning, and issuing functions, including а standard 10 notification form for state agencies to report cost-effective direct purchases, which shall at least identify the price of the goods as 11 available through the division of purchasing, the price of the goods as 12 13 available from the alternative source, the total savings, and the 14 signature of the notifying agency's director or the director's 15 designee;

16 (8) Screening of supplies, material, and equipment excess to the 17 requirements of one agency for overall state need before sale as 18 surplus;

(9) Establishment of warehouse operation and storage standards toachieve uniform, effective, and economical stores operations;

(10) Establishment of time limit standards for the issuing of material in store and for processing requisitions requiring purchase; (11) Formulation of criteria for determining when centralized rather than decentralized purchasing shall be used to obtain maximum benefit of volume buying of identical or similar items, including procurement from federal supply sources;

(12) Development of criteria for use of leased, rather than stateowned, warehouse space based on relative cost and accessibility;

(13) Institution of standard criteria for purchase and placement of
 state furnished materials, carpeting, furniture, fixtures, and nonfixed
 equipment, in newly constructed or renovated state buildings;

(14) Determination of how transportation costs incurred by the
 state for materials, supplies, services, and equipment can be reduced
 by improved freight and traffic coordination and control;

(15) Establishment of a formal certification program for state
 employees who are authorized to perform purchasing functions as agents
 for the state under the provisions of chapter 43.19 RCW;

(16) Development of performance measures for the reduction of total
 overall expense for material, supplies, equipment, and services used
 each biennium by the state;

4 (17) Establishment of a standard system for all state organizations
5 to record and report dollar savings and cost avoidance which are
6 attributable to the establishment and implementation of improved
7 purchasing and material control procedures;

8 (18) Development of procedures for mutual and voluntary cooperation 9 between state agencies, including educational institutions, and 10 political subdivisions for exchange of purchasing and material control 11 services;

(19) Resolution of all other purchasing and material matters which require the establishment of overall statewide policy for effective and economical supply management;

15 (20) Development of guidelines and criteria for the purchase of vehicles, high gas mileage vehicles, alternate vehicle fuels and 16 systems, equipment, and materials that reduce overall energy-related 17 costs and energy use by the state, including investigations into all 18 19 opportunities to aggregate the purchasing of clean technologies by state and local governments, and including the requirement that new 20 passenger vehicles purchased by the state meet the minimum standards 21 22 for passenger automobile fuel economy established by the United States 23 secretary of transportation pursuant to the energy policy and 24 conservation act (15 U.S.C. Sec. 2002).

25 **Sec. 2.** RCW 43.19.570 and 1989 c 113 s 1 are each amended to read 26 as follows:

(1) The department shall direct and be responsible for the acquisition, operation, maintenance, storage, repair, and replacement of state motor vehicles under its control. The department shall utilize state facilities available for the maintenance, repair, and storage of such motor vehicles, and may provide directly or by contract for the maintenance, repair, and servicing of all motor vehicles, and other property related thereto and under its control.

(2) The department may arrange, by agreement with agencies, for the
 utilization by one of the storage, repair, or maintenance facilities of
 another, with such provision for charges and credits as may be agreed
 upon. The department may acquire and maintain storage, repair, and

maintenance facilities for the motor vehicles under its control from
 such funds as may be appropriated by the legislature.

3 (3)(a) The legislature finds that a clean environment is important 4 and that global warming effects may be offset by decreasing the 5 emissions of harmful compounds from motor vehicles. The legislature 6 further finds that the state is in a position to set an example of 7 large scale use of alternative fuels in motor vehicles <u>and other clean</u> 8 <u>technologies</u>.

9 (b) The department shall consider the use of state vehicles to 10 conduct field tests on alternative fuels in areas where air pollution 11 constraints may be eased by these optional fuels. These fuels should 12 include but are not limited to gas-powered and electric-powered 13 vehicles.

14 (c) For planned purchases of vehicles using alternative fuels, the 15 department and other state agencies shall explore opportunities to purchase these vehicles together with the federal government, agencies 16 17 of other states, other Washington state agencies, local governments, or private organizations for less cost. All agencies must investigate and 18 19 determine whether or not they can make clean technologies more costeffective by combining their purchasing power before completing a 20 planned vehicle purchase. 21

22 **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.19.637 and 1991 c 199 s 213 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) At least thirty percent of all new vehicles purchased througha state contract shall be clean-fuel vehicles.

(2) The percentage of clean-fuel vehicles purchased through a statecontract shall increase at the rate of five percent each year.

(3) In meeting the procurement requirement established in this section, preference shall be given to vehicles designed to operate exclusively on clean fuels. In the event that vehicles designed to operate exclusively on clean fuels are not available or would not meet the operational requirements for which a vehicle is to be procured, conventionally powered vehicles may be converted to clean fuel or dual fuel use to meet the requirements of this section.

35 (4) Fuel purchased through a state contract shall be a clean fuel 36 when the fuel is purchased for the operation of a clean-fuel vehicle. 37 (5)(a) Weight classes are established by the following motor 38 vehicle types:

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1 (i) Passenger cars;

2 (ii) Light duty trucks, trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating
3 by the vehicle manufacturer of less than eight thousand five hundred
4 pounds;

5 (iii) Heavy duty trucks, trucks with a gross vehicle weight rating 6 by the vehicle manufacturer of eight thousand five hundred pounds or 7 more.

8 (b) This subsection does not place an obligation upon the state or 9 its political subdivisions to purchase vehicles in any number or weight 10 class other than to meet the percent procurement requirement.

(6) The provisions for purchasing clean-fuel vehicles under 11 subsections (1) and (2) of this section are intended as minimum levels. 12 13 The department should seek to increase the purchasing levels of cleanfuel vehicles above the minimum. The department must also investigate 14 15 all opportunities to aggregate their purchasing with local governments to determine whether or not they can lower their costs and make it 16 cost-efficient to increase the percentage of clean-fuel or high gas 17 mileage vehicles in both the state and local fleets. 18

19 (7) For the purposes of this section, "clean fuels" and "clean-fuel 20 vehicles" shall be those fuels and vehicles meeting the specifications 21 provided for in RCW 70.120.210.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 39.35B RCW 23 to read as follows:

(1) The department of general administration, in cooperation with public agencies, shall investigate opportunities to aggregate the purchase of clean technologies with other public agencies to determine whether or not combined purchasing can reduce the unit cost of clean technologies.

29 (2) Public agencies that are retail electric customers shall 30 investigate opportunities to aggregate the purchase of electricity 31 produced from generation resources that are fueled by wind or solar 32 energy for their facilities located within a single utility's service 33 area, to determine whether or not combined purchasing can reduce the 34 unit cost of those resources.

35 (3) No public agency is required under this section to purchase36 clean technologies at prohibitive costs.

37 (4)(a) "Public agency" shall have the same meaning as provided38 under RCW 39.35.030.

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1 (b) "Electric utility" shall have the same meaning as provided 2 under RCW 19.29A.010.

3 (c) "Clean technology" includes, but may not be limited to, 4 alternative fueled hybrid-electric and fuel cell vehicles, and 5 distributive power generation.

6 (d) "Distributive power generation" means the generation of 7 electricity from an integrated or stand-alone power plant that 8 generates electricity from wind energy, solar energy, or fuel cells.

9 (e) "Retail electric customer" shall have the same meaning as 10 provided under RCW 19.29A.010.

11 (f) "Facility" means any building owned or leased by a public 12 agency.

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