H-4625.1	

## HOUSE BILL 2995

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State of Washington

57th Legislature

2002 Regular Session

By Representative Fisher

Read first time 02/27/2002. Referred to Committee on Transportation.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to vehicle dealer documentary service fees;
- 2 amending RCW 63.14.010 and 63.14.130; reenacting and amending RCW
- 3 46.70.180; and creating a new section.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 **Sec. 1.** RCW 46.70.180 and 2001 c 272 s 10 and 2001 c 64 s 9 are 6 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 7 Each of the following acts or practices is unlawful:
- 8 (1) To cause or permit to be advertised, printed, displayed,
- 9 published, distributed, broadcasted, televised, or disseminated in any
- 10 manner whatsoever, any statement or representation with regard to the
- 11 sale, lease, or financing of a vehicle which is false, deceptive, or
- 12 misleading, including but not limited to the following:
- 13 (a) That no down payment is required in connection with the sale of
- 14 a vehicle when a down payment is in fact required, or that a vehicle
- 15 may be purchased for a smaller down payment than is actually required;
- 16 (b) That a certain percentage of the sale price of a vehicle may be
- 17 financed when such financing is not offered in a single document
- 18 evidencing the entire security transaction;

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1 (c) That a certain percentage is the amount of the service charge 2 to be charged for financing, without stating whether this percentage 3 charge is a monthly amount or an amount to be charged per year;

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- (d) That a new vehicle will be sold for a certain amount above or below cost without computing cost as the exact amount of the factory invoice on the specific vehicle to be sold;
- 7 (e) That a vehicle will be sold upon a monthly payment of a certain 8 amount, without including in the statement the number of payments of 9 that same amount which are required to liquidate the unpaid purchase 10 price.
- (2)(a) To incorporate within the terms of any purchase and sale or 11 lease agreement any statement or representation with regard to the 12 sale, lease, or financing of a vehicle which is false, deceptive, or 13 misleading, including but not limited to terms that include as an added 14 15 cost to the selling price or capitalized cost of a vehicle an amount for licensing or transfer of title of that vehicle which is not 16 actually due to the state, unless such amount has in fact been paid by 17 the dealer prior to such sale. However, an amount not to exceed 18 19 thirty-five dollars per vehicle sale or lease may be charged by a dealer to recover administrative costs for collecting motor vehicle 20 excise taxes, licensing and registration fees and other agency fees, 21 verifying and clearing titles, transferring titles, perfecting, 22 releasing, or satisfying liens or other security interests, and other 23 24 administrative and documentary services rendered by a dealer in connection with the sale or lease of a vehicle and in carrying out the 25 26 requirements of this chapter or any other provisions of state law.
  - (b) A dealer may charge the documentary service fee in (a) of this subsection under the following conditions:
- 29 <u>(i) The documentary service fee is disclosed in writing to a</u>
  30 <u>prospective purchaser or lessee before the execution of a purchase and</u>
  31 <u>sale or lease agreement;</u>
- (ii) The documentary service fee is not represented to the purchaser or lessee as a fee or charge required by the state to be paid by either the dealer or prospective purchaser or lessee;
- (iii) The documentary service fee is separately designated from the selling price or capitalized cost of the vehicle and from any other taxes, fees, or charges; and

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(iv) Dealers disclose in any advertisement that a documentary service fee in an amount up to twenty-five dollars may be added to the sale price or the capitalized cost.

For the purposes of this subsection (2), the term "documentary service fee" means the optional amount charged by a dealer to process sales and use taxes.

- (3) To set up, promote, or aid in the promotion of a plan by which vehicles are to be sold or leased to a person for a consideration and upon further consideration that the purchaser or lessee agrees to secure one or more persons to participate in the plan by respectively making a similar purchase and in turn agreeing to secure one or more persons likewise to join in said plan, each purchaser or lessee being given the right to secure money, credits, goods, or something of value, depending upon the number of persons joining the plan.
- 15 (4) To commit, allow, or ratify any act of "bushing" which is 16 defined as follows: Taking from a prospective buyer or lessee of a 17 vehicle a written order or offer to purchase or lease, or a contract 18 document signed by the buyer or lessee, which:
  - (a) Is subject to the dealer's, or his or her authorized representative's future acceptance, and the dealer fails or refuses within three calendar days, exclusive of Saturday, Sunday, or legal holiday, and prior to any further negotiations with said buyer or lessee, either (i) to deliver to the buyer or lessee the dealer's signed acceptance, or (ii) to void the order, offer, or contract document and tender the return of any initial payment or security made or given by the buyer or lessee, including but not limited to money, check, promissory note, vehicle keys, a trade-in, or certificate of title to a trade-in; or
- (b) Permits the dealer to renegotiate a dollar amount specified as trade-in allowance on a vehicle delivered or to be delivered by the buyer or lessee as part of the purchase price or lease, for any reason except:
- (i) Failure to disclose that the vehicle's certificate of ownership has been branded for any reason, including, but not limited to, status as a rebuilt vehicle as provided in RCW 46.12.050 and 46.12.075; or
  - (ii) Substantial physical damage or latent mechanical defect occurring before the dealer took possession of the vehicle and which could not have been reasonably discoverable at the time of the taking of the order, offer, or contract; or

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- (iii) Excessive additional miles or a discrepancy in the mileage. 1 "Excessive additional miles" means the addition of five hundred miles 2 or more, as reflected on the vehicle's odometer, between the time the 3 4 vehicle was first valued by the dealer for purposes of determining its trade-in value and the time of actual delivery of the vehicle to the 5 dealer. "A discrepancy in the mileage" means (A) a discrepancy between 6 the mileage reflected on the vehicle's odometer and the stated mileage 7 8 on the signed odometer statement; or (B) a discrepancy between the 9 mileage stated on the signed odometer statement and the actual mileage 10 on the vehicle; or
- 11 (c) Fails to comply with the obligation of any written warranty or 12 guarantee given by the dealer requiring the furnishing of services or 13 repairs within a reasonable time.
- 14 (5) To commit any offense relating to odometers, as such offenses 15 are defined in RCW 46.37.540, 46.37.550, 46.37.560, and 46.37.570. A 16 violation of this subsection is a class C felony punishable under 17 chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- 18 (6) For any vehicle dealer or vehicle salesperson to refuse to 19 furnish, upon request of a prospective purchaser or lessee, for 20 vehicles previously registered to a business or governmental entity, 21 the name and address of the business or governmental entity.
- 22 (7) To commit any other offense under RCW 46.37.423, 46.37.424, or 23 46.37.425.
  - (8) To commit any offense relating to a dealer's temporary license permit, including but not limited to failure to properly complete each such permit, or the issuance of more than one such permit on any one vehicle. However, a dealer may issue a second temporary permit on a vehicle if the following conditions are met:
- 29 (a) The lienholder fails to deliver the vehicle title to the dealer 30 within the required time period;
  - (b) The dealer has satisfied the lien; and
- (c) The dealer has proof that payment of the lien was made within two calendar days, exclusive of Saturday, Sunday, or a legal holiday, after the sales contract has been executed by all parties and all conditions and contingencies in the sales contract have been met or otherwise satisfied.
- 37 (9) For a dealer, salesperson, or mobile home manufacturer, having 38 taken an instrument or cash "on deposit" from a purchaser or lessee 39 prior to the delivery of the bargained-for vehicle, to commingle the

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"on deposit" funds with assets of the dealer, salesperson, or mobile 1 home manufacturer instead of holding the "on deposit" funds as trustee 2 in a separate trust account until the purchaser or lessee has taken 3 4 delivery of the bargained-for vehicle. Delivery of a manufactured home 5 shall be deemed to occur in accordance with RCW 46.70.135(5). Failure, immediately upon receipt, to endorse "on deposit" instruments to such 6 7 a trust account, or to set aside "on deposit" cash for deposit in such 8 trust account, and failure to deposit such instruments or cash in such 9 trust account by the close of banking hours on the day following 10 receipt thereof, shall be evidence of intent to commit this unlawful practice: PROVIDED, HOWEVER, That a motor vehicle dealer may keep a 11 separate trust account which equals his or her customary total customer 12 13 deposits for vehicles for future delivery. For purposes of this section, "on deposit" funds received from a purchaser of a manufactured 14 15 home means those funds that a seller requires a purchaser to advance 16 before ordering the manufactured home, but does not include any loan 17 proceeds or moneys that might have been paid on an installment 18 contract.

(10) For a dealer or manufacturer to fail to comply with the obligations of any written warranty or guarantee given by the dealer or manufacturer requiring the furnishing of goods and services or repairs within a reasonable period of time, or to fail to furnish to a purchaser or lessee, all parts which attach to the manufactured unit including but not limited to the undercarriage, and all items specified in the terms of a sales or lease agreement signed by the seller and buyer or lessee.

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- (11) For a vehicle dealer to pay to or receive from any person, firm, partnership, association, or corporation acting, either directly or through a subsidiary, as a buyer's agent for consumers, any compensation, fee, purchase moneys or funds that have been deposited into or withdrawn out of any account controlled or used by any buyer's agent, gratuity, or reward in connection with the purchase, sale, or lease of a new motor vehicle.
- (12) For a buyer's agent, acting directly or through a subsidiary, to pay to or to receive from any motor vehicle dealer any compensation, fee, gratuity, or reward in connection with the purchase, sale, or lease of a new motor vehicle. In addition, it is unlawful for any buyer's agent to engage in any of the following acts on behalf of or in the name of the consumer:

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- 1 (a) Receiving or paying any purchase moneys or funds into or out of 2 any account controlled or used by any buyer's agent;
- 3 (b) Signing any vehicle purchase orders, sales contracts, leases, 4 odometer statements, or title documents, or having the name of the 5 buyer's agent appear on the vehicle purchase order, sales contract, 6 lease, or title; or
- 7 (c) Signing any other documentation relating to the purchase, sale, 8 lease, or transfer of any new motor vehicle.

9 It is unlawful for a buyer's agent to use a power of attorney obtained from the consumer to accomplish or effect the purchase, sale, lease, or transfer of ownership documents of any new motor vehicle by any means which would otherwise be prohibited under (a) through (c) of this subsection. However, the buyer's agent may use a power of attorney for physical delivery of motor vehicle license plates to the consumer.

Further, it is unlawful for a buyer's agent to engage in any false, deceptive, or misleading advertising, disseminated in any manner whatsoever, including but not limited to making any claim or statement that the buyer's agent offers, obtains, or guarantees the lowest price on any motor vehicle or words to similar effect.

- (13) For a buyer's agent to arrange for or to negotiate the purchase, or both, of a new motor vehicle through an out-of-state dealer without disclosing in writing to the customer that the new vehicle would not be subject to chapter 19.118 RCW. This subsection also applies to leased vehicles. In addition, it is unlawful for any buyer's agent to fail to have a written agreement with the customer that: (a) Sets forth the terms of the parties' agreement; (b) discloses to the customer the total amount of any fees or other compensation being paid by the customer to the buyer's agent for the agent's services; and (c) further discloses whether the fee or any portion of the fee is refundable.
- 32 (14) Being a manufacturer, other than a motorcycle manufacturer 33 governed by chapter 46.94 RCW, to:
- (a) Coerce or attempt to coerce any vehicle dealer to order or accept delivery of any vehicle or vehicles, parts or accessories, or any other commodities which have not been voluntarily ordered by the vehicle dealer: PROVIDED, That recommendation, endorsement, exposition, persuasion, urging, or argument are not deemed to constitute coercion;

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- (b) Cancel or fail to renew the franchise or selling agreement of 1 any vehicle dealer doing business in this state without fairly 2 3 compensating the dealer at a fair going business value for his or her 4 capital investment which shall include but not be limited to tools, 5 equipment, and parts inventory possessed by the dealer on the day he or she is notified of such cancellation or termination and which are still 6 7 within the dealer's possession on the day the cancellation or 8 termination is effective, if: (i) The capital investment has been 9 entered into with reasonable and prudent business judgment for the 10 purpose of fulfilling the franchise; and (ii) the cancellation or nonrenewal was not done in good faith. Good faith is defined as the 11 duty of each party to any franchise to act in a fair and equitable 12 13 manner towards each other, so as to guarantee one party freedom from coercion, intimidation, or threats of coercion or intimidation from the 14 15 other party: PROVIDED, That recommendation, endorsement, exposition, 16 persuasion, urging, or argument are not deemed to constitute a lack of 17 good faith;
- (c) Encourage, aid, abet, or teach a vehicle dealer to sell or lease vehicles through any false, deceptive, or misleading sales or financing practices including but not limited to those practices declared unlawful in this section;

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- (d) Coerce or attempt to coerce a vehicle dealer to engage in any practice forbidden in this section by either threats of actual cancellation or failure to renew the dealer's franchise agreement;
- (e) Refuse to deliver any vehicle publicly advertised for immediate delivery to any duly licensed vehicle dealer having a franchise or contractual agreement for the retail sale or lease of new and unused vehicles sold or distributed by such manufacturer within sixty days after such dealer's order has been received in writing unless caused by inability to deliver because of shortage or curtailment of material, labor, transportation, or utility services, or by any labor or production difficulty, or by any cause beyond the reasonable control of the manufacturer;
- (f) To provide under the terms of any warranty that a purchaser or lessee of any new or unused vehicle that has been sold or leased, distributed for sale or lease, or transferred into this state for resale or lease by the vehicle manufacturer may only make any warranty claim on any item included as an integral part of the vehicle against the manufacturer of that item.

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- Nothing in this section may be construed to impair the obligations 1 2 or to prevent a manufacturer, distributor, contract representative, or any other person, whether or not licensed under this 3 chapter, from requiring performance of a written contract entered into 4 5 with any licensee hereunder, nor does the requirement of performance constitute a violation of any of the provisions of this 6 7 section if any such contract or the terms thereof requiring 8 performance, have been freely entered into and executed between the 9 contracting parties. This paragraph and subsection (14)(b) of this 10 section do not apply to new motor vehicle manufacturers governed by 11 chapter 46.96 RCW.
- 12 (15) Unlawful transfer of an ownership interest in a motor vehicle 13 as defined in RCW 19.116.050.
- (16) To knowingly and intentionally engage in collusion with a registered owner of a vehicle to repossess and return or resell the vehicle to the registered owner in an attempt to avoid a suspended license impound under chapter 46.55 RCW. However, compliance with chapter 62A.9A RCW in repossessing, selling, leasing, or otherwise disposing of the vehicle, including providing redemption rights to the debtor, is not a violation of this section.
- 21 **Sec. 2.** RCW 63.14.010 and 1999 c 113 s 1 are each amended to read 22 as follows:
- 23 In this chapter, unless the context otherwise requires:
- 24 (1) "Goods" means all chattels personal when purchased primarily 25 for personal, family, or household use and not for commercial or business use, but not including money or, except as provided in the 26 next sentence, things in action. The term includes but is not limited 27 to merchandise certificates or coupons, issued by a retail seller, to 28 29 be used in their face amount in lieu of cash in exchange for goods or 30 services sold by such a seller and goods which, at the time of sale or subsequently, are to be so affixed to real property as to become a part 31 thereof, whether or not severable therefrom; 32
- 33 (2) "Lender credit card" means a card or device under a lender 34 credit card agreement pursuant to which the issuer gives to a 35 cardholder residing in this state the privilege of obtaining credit 36 from the issuer or other persons in purchasing or leasing property or 37 services, obtaining loans, or otherwise, and the issuer of which is

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- not: (a) Principally engaged in the business of selling goods; or (b) 1 2 a financial institution;
- 3 (3) "Lender credit card agreement" means an agreement entered into 4 or performed in this state prescribing the terms of retail installment transactions pursuant to which the issuer may, with the buyer's 5 consent, purchase or acquire one or more retail sellers' indebtedness 6 7 of the buyer under a sales slip or memorandum evidencing the purchase, 8 lease, loan, or otherwise to be paid in accordance with the agreement. The issuer of a lender credit card agreement shall not be principally
- 9 10 engaged in the business of selling goods or be a financial institution;
- (4) "Financial institution" means any bank or trust company, mutual 11 savings bank, credit union, or savings and loan association organized 12 13 pursuant to the laws of any one of the United States of America or the United States of America, or the laws of a foreign country if also 14 15 qualified to conduct business in any one of the United States of America or pursuant to the laws of the United States of America; 16
- (5) "Services" means work, labor, or services of any kind when 17 purchased primarily for personal, family, or household use and not for 18 19 commercial or business use whether or not furnished in connection with 20 the delivery, installation, servicing, repair, or improvement of goods and includes repairs, alterations, or improvements upon or in 21 connection with real property, but does not include services for which 22 23 the price charged is required by law to be determined or approved by or 24 to be filed, subject to approval or disapproval, with the United States 25 or any state, or any department, division, agency, officer, or official 26 of either as in the case of transportation services;
- 27 (6) "Retail buyer" or "buyer" means a person who buys or agrees to buy goods or obtain services or agrees to have services rendered or 28 29 furnished, from a retail seller;
- 30 (7) "Retail seller" or "seller" means a person engaged in the business of selling goods or services to retail buyers; 31
- (8) "Retail installment transaction" means any transaction in which 32 a retail buyer purchases goods or services from a retail seller 33 pursuant to a retail installment contract, a retail charge agreement, 34 35 or a lender credit card agreement, as defined in this section, which provides for a service charge, as defined in this section, and under 36 37 which the buyer agrees to pay the unpaid principal balance in one or more installments or which provides for no service charge and under 38

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which the buyer agrees to pay the unpaid balance in more than four 1 2 installments;

- 3 (9) "Retail installment contract" or "contract" means a contract, 4 other than a retail charge agreement, a lender credit card agreement, 5 or an instrument reflecting a sale made pursuant thereto, entered into or performed in this state for a retail installment transaction. 6 7 term "retail installment contract" may include a chattel mortgage, a conditional sale contract, and a contract in the form of a bailment or 8 9 a lease if the bailee or lessee contracts to pay as compensation for 10 their use a sum substantially equivalent to or in excess of the value of the goods sold and if it is agreed that the bailee or lessee is 11 12 bound to become, or for no other or a merely nominal consideration, has 13 the option of becoming the owner of the goods upon full compliance with the provisions of the bailment or lease. The term "retail installment 14 contract does not include: (a) A "consumer lease," heretofore or 15 16 hereafter entered into, as defined in RCW 63.10.020; (b) a lease which would constitute such "consumer lease" but for the fact that: (i) It 17 was entered into before April 29, 1983; (ii) the lessee was not a 18 19 natural person; (iii) the lease was not primarily for personal, family, 20 or household purposes; or (iv) the total contractual obligations exceeded twenty-five thousand dollars; or (c) a lease-purchase 21 agreement under chapter 63.19 RCW; 22
  - (10) "Retail charge agreement," "revolving charge agreement," or "charge agreement" means an agreement between a retail buyer and a retail seller that is entered into or performed in this state and that prescribes the terms of retail installment transactions with one or more sellers which may be made thereunder from time to time and under the terms of which a service charge, as defined in this section, is to be computed in relation to the buyer's unpaid balance from time to time;
- (11) "Service charge" however denominated or expressed, means the amount which is paid or payable for the privilege of purchasing goods 33 or services to be paid for by the buyer in installments over a period of time. It does not include the amount, if any, charged for insurance premiums, delinquency charges, attorneys' fees, court costs, any vehicle dealer administrative fee under RCW 46.12.042, any vehicle 36 37 dealer documentary service fee under RCW 46.70.180(2), or official 38 fees;

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- (12) "Sale price" means the price for which the seller would have 1 2 sold or furnished to the buyer, and the buyer would have bought or obtained from the seller, the goods or services which are the subject 3 4 matter of a retail installment transaction. The sale price may include any taxes, registration and license fees, any vehicle dealer 5 administrative fee, any vehicle dealer documentary service fee, and 6 7 charges for transferring vehicle titles, delivery, installation, 8 servicing, repairs, alterations, or improvements;
- 9 (13) "Official fees" means the amount of the fees prescribed by law 10 and payable to the state, county, or other governmental agency for 11 filing, recording, or otherwise perfecting, and releasing or 12 satisfying, a retained title, lien, or other security interest created 13 by a retail installment transaction;
- 14 (14) "Time balance" means the principal balance plus the service 15 charge;
- 16 (15) "Principal balance" means the sale price of the goods or 17 services which are the subject matter of a retail installment contract less the amount of the buyer's down payment in money or goods or both, 18 19 plus the amounts, if any, included therein, if a separate identified 20 charge is made therefor and stated in the contract, for insurance, any vehicle dealer administrative fee, any vehicle dealer documentary 21 service fee, and official fees; and the amount actually paid or to be 22 23 paid by the retail seller pursuant to an agreement with the buyer to discharge a security interest or lien on like-kind goods traded in or 24 25 lease interest in the circumstance of a lease for like goods being terminated in conjunction with the sale pursuant to a retail 26 27 installment contract;
- 28 (16) "Person" means an individual, partnership, joint venture, 29 corporation, association, or any other group, however organized;
- 30 (17) "Rate" means the percentage which, when multiplied times the 31 outstanding balance for each month or other installment period, yields 32 the amount of the service charge for such month or period.
- 33 **Sec. 3.** RCW 63.14.130 and 1999 c 113 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:
- The service charge shall be inclusive of all charges incident to investigating and making the retail installment contract or charge agreement and for the privilege of making the installment payments thereunder and no other fee, expense or charge whatsoever shall be

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- taken, received, reserved or contracted therefor from the buyer, except for any vehicle dealer administrative fee under RCW 46.12.042 or for 2 any vehicle dealer documentary service fee under RCW 46.70.180(2). 3
- 4 (1) The service charge, in a retail installment contract, shall not exceed the dollar amount or rate agreed to by contract and disclosed under RCW 63.14.040(1)(h).

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- (2) The service charge in a retail charge agreement, revolving 7 8 charge agreement, lender credit card agreement, or charge agreement, 9 shall not exceed the schedule or rate agreed to by contract and disclosed under RCW 63.14.120(1). If the service charge so computed is 10 less than one dollar for any month, then one dollar may be charged. 11
- 12 NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. If House Bill No. 2969 is not ratified by the voters by January 1, 2003, this act is null and void. 13

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