CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL 4002

57th Legislature 2001 Regular Legislative Session

Passed by the House March 9, 2001 Yeas 98 Nays 0

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 4, 2001 Yeas 49 Nays 0

President of the Senate

Approved

FILED

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

We, Timothy A. Martin and Cynthia Zehnder, Co-Chief Clerks of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL 4002** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

Chief Clerk

Secretary of State State of Washington

## HOUSE JOINT MEMORIAL 4002

Passed Legislature - 2001 Regular Session

## State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

**By** Representatives Veloria, Campbell, Cody, Pennington, Cox, Kessler, Woods, Kenney, Romero, Bush, Keiser, Schoesler, Armstrong, Clements, Delvin, Santos, McIntire, O'Brien, D. Schmidt, Tokuda, Haigh, Edwards, Darneille, Schual-Berke and Talcott

Read first time 01/17/2001. Referred to Committee on State Government.

TO THE HONORABLE GEORGE W. BUSH, PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED
STATES, AND TO THE PRESIDENT OF THE SENATE AND THE SPEAKER OF THE
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES, AND TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF
REPRESENTATIVES OF THE UNITED STATES, IN CONGRESS ASSEMBLED:
We, your Memorialists, the Senate and House of Representatives
of the State of Washington, in legislative session assembled,
respectfully represent and petition as follows:

8 WHEREAS, The Philippine Islands was a territory of the United 9 States until July 4, 1946, and the United States had control over 10 Philippine nationals and its internal affairs. The Philippines 11 Commonwealth had no function in matters of foreign affairs and 12 could not declare war nor surrender its forces; and

WHEREAS, On July 26, 1941, U.S. President Roosevelt issued a Military Order and invoked his powers under Section 2(a)(12) of the Philippine Independence Act (P.L. No. 77-127 Section 10(a)) to "call and order into the service of the Armed Forces of the United States...all of the organized military forces of the government of the Commonwealth of the Philippines"; and

WHEREAS, World War II is remembered as The Good War thatPresident Roosevelt claimed to have defended the great human

freedoms against the encroachment and attack of the dark forces of
 despotism; and

3 WHEREAS, Filipino soldiers fought during World War II under the 4 American flag and under the direction and control of United States 5 military leaders pursuant to President Roosevelt's July 1941 6 Military Order; and

7 WHEREAS, Shortly after the war in 1946, the U.S. Congress 8 passed the Rescission Act which specifically mandates that 9 services rendered by Filipino World War II veterans "...shall not 10 be deemed to have been active military, naval, or air service for 11 the purposes of any law of the United States conferring rights, 12 privileges or benefits..."; and

WHEREAS, The legislative rider appended to the 1946 Rescission Act denies U.S. military status and benefits to those veterans who fought under the command of officers of the U.S. Armed Forces in the Philippines; and

WHEREAS, The significant and adverse impact of the 1946 Rescission Act is its unjust discrimination against Filipino soldiers of World War II by denying them eligibility for equal benefits administered by the department of veterans affairs; and

21 WHEREAS, Filipinos are the only national group singled out for 22 denial of full U.S. veterans status while the soldiers of more 23 than sixty-six other U.S. allied countries, who were similarly 24 inducted into the service of the armed forces of the United States 25 during World War II, were granted full U.S. veterans status; and 26 WHEREAS, The United States government has yet to fully restore

27 the rights, privileges, and benefits guaranteed, then taken away 28 from Filipino soldiers of WWII; and

WHEREAS, The gallantry, loyalty, and sacrifices of Filipino veterans of WWII, who fought for freedom and democracy in the Armed Forces of the United States, deserve recognition and their honor and dignity restored; and

33 WHEREAS, There is no pending legislation in the U.S. Congress 34 that will restore full United States veterans status to Filipino 35 WWII veterans;

NOW, THEREFORE, Your Memorialists respectfully pray that the
 President and Congress of the United States during the First
 Session of the 106th Congress take action necessary to amend the

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1 1946 Rescission Act and honor our country's moral obligation to 2 restore these Filipino veterans full United States veterans status 3 with the military benefits that they deserve;

BE IT RESOLVED, That copies of this Memorial be immediately transmitted to the Honorable George W. Bush, President of the United States, the President of the United States Senate, the Speaker of the House of Representatives, and each member of Congress from the State of Washington.

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