## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SENATE BILL 5691

Chapter 49, Laws of 2001

57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

JUVENILE RECORDS--MOTIONS TO SEAL

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/22/01

Passed by the Senate March 10, 2001 CERTIFICATE YEAS 48 NAYS 0 I, Tony M. Cook, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do ROSA FRANKLIN hereby certify that the attached is **SENATE BILL 5691** as passed by the President of the Senate Senate and the House Representatives on the dates hereon Passed by the House April 4, 2001 YEAS 95 NAYS 0 set forth. FRANK CHOPP TONY M. COOK Speaker of the Secretary House of Representatives CLYDE BALLARD Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved April 17, 2001 FILED April 17, 2001 - 9:13 a.m.

GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State

State of Washington

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## SENATE BILL 5691

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Passed Legislature - 2001 Regular Session

State of Washington 57th Legislature 2001 Regular Session

By Senators Costa, Long, Hargrove and Kohl-Welles

Read first time 01/31/2001. Referred to Committee on Human Services & Corrections.

- 1 AN ACT Relating to limitations on sealing of juvenile offender
- 2 records; amending RCW 13.50.050; and creating a new section.
- 3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** The legislature intends to change the
- 5 results of the holding of State v. T. K., 139 Wn. 2d 320 (1999), and
- 6 have any motion made after July 1, 1997, to seal juvenile records be
- 7 determined by the provisions of RCW 13.50.050 in effect after July 1,
- 8 1997.
- 9 **Sec. 2.** RCW 13.50.050 and 1999 c 198 s 4 are each amended to read
- 10 as follows:
- 11 (1) This section governs records relating to the commission of
- 12 juvenile offenses, including records relating to diversions.
- 13 (2) The official juvenile court file of any alleged or proven
- 14 juvenile offender shall be open to public inspection, unless sealed
- 15 pursuant to subsection (12) of this section.
- 16 (3) All records other than the official juvenile court file are
- 17 confidential and may be released only as provided in this section, RCW
- 18 13.50.010, 13.40.215, and 4.24.550.

- 1 (4) Except as otherwise provided in this section and RCW 13.50.010, 2 records retained or produced by any juvenile justice or care agency may 3 be released to other participants in the juvenile justice or care 4 system only when an investigation or case involving the juvenile in 5 question is being pursued by the other participant or when that other 6 participant is assigned the responsibility for supervising the 5 juvenile.
  - (5) Except as provided in RCW 4.24.550, information not in an official juvenile court file concerning a juvenile or a juvenile's family may be released to the public only when that information could not reasonably be expected to identify the juvenile or the juvenile's family.
  - (6) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, the release, to the juvenile or his or her attorney, of law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys' records pertaining to investigation, diversion, and prosecution of juvenile offenses shall be governed by the rules of discovery and other rules of law applicable in adult criminal investigations and prosecutions.
  - (7) Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may cooperate with schools in releasing information to a school pertaining to the investigation, diversion, and prosecution of a juvenile attending the school. Upon the decision to arrest or the arrest, incident reports may be released unless releasing the records would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses. If release of incident reports would jeopardize the investigation or prosecution or endanger witnesses, law enforcement and prosecuting attorneys may release information to the maximum extent possible to assist schools in protecting other students, staff, and school property.
- (8) The juvenile court and the prosecutor may set up and maintain a central record-keeping system which may receive information on all alleged juvenile offenders against whom a complaint has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.070 whether or not their cases are currently pending before the court. The central record-keeping system may be computerized. If a complaint has been referred to a diversion unit, the diversion unit shall promptly report to the juvenile court or the prosecuting attorney when the juvenile has agreed to diversion. offense shall not be reported as criminal history in any central

 record-keeping system without notification by the diversion unit of the date on which the offender agreed to diversion.

- (9) Upon request of the victim of a crime or the victim's immediate family, the identity of an alleged or proven juvenile offender alleged or found to have committed a crime against the victim and the identity of the alleged or proven juvenile offender's parent, guardian, or custodian and the circumstance of the alleged or proven crime shall be released to the victim of the crime or the victim's immediate family.
- (10) Subject to the rules of discovery applicable in adult criminal prosecutions, the juvenile offense records of an adult criminal defendant or witness in an adult criminal proceeding shall be released upon request to prosecution and defense counsel after a charge has actually been filed. The juvenile offense records of any adult convicted of a crime and placed under the supervision of the adult corrections system shall be released upon request to the adult corrections system.
- (11) In any case in which an information has been filed pursuant to RCW 13.40.100 or a complaint has been filed with the prosecutor and referred for diversion pursuant to RCW 13.40.070, the person the subject of the information or complaint may file a motion with the court to have the court vacate its order and findings, if any, and, subject to subsection (23) of this section, order the sealing of the official juvenile court file, the social file, and records of the court and of any other agency in the case.
- (12) The court shall <u>not</u> grant ((<del>the</del>)) <u>any</u> motion to seal records made pursuant to subsection (11) of this section ((<del>if</del>)) <u>that is filed</u> on or after July 1, 1997, unless it finds that:
- (a) For class B offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent ten consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction. For class C offenses other than sex offenses, since the last date of release from confinement, including full-time residential treatment, if any, or entry of disposition, the person has spent five consecutive years in the community without committing any offense or crime that subsequently results in conviction;
- 38 (b) No proceeding is pending against the moving party seeking the 39 conviction of a juvenile offense or a criminal offense;

p. 3 SB 5691.SL

- 1 (c) No proceeding is pending seeking the formation of a diversion 2 agreement with that person;
- 3 (d) The person has not been convicted of a class A or sex offense;
  4 and
  - (e) Full restitution has been paid.

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- 6 (13) The person making a motion pursuant to subsection (11) of this 7 section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the prosecution 8 and to any person or agency whose files are sought to be sealed.
- 9 (14) If the court grants the motion to seal made pursuant to subsection (11) of this section, it shall, subject to subsection (23) 10 of this section, order sealed the official juvenile court file, the 11 12 social file, and other records relating to the case as are named in the 13 order. Thereafter, the proceedings in the case shall be treated as if they never occurred, and the subject of the records may reply 14 15 accordingly to any inquiry about the events, records of which are 16 sealed. Any agency shall reply to any inquiry concerning confidential 17 or sealed records that records are confidential, and no information can be given about the existence or nonexistence of records concerning an 18 19 individual.
- 20 (15) Inspection of the files and records included in the order to 21 seal may thereafter be permitted only by order of the court upon motion 22 made by the person who is the subject of the information or complaint, 23 except as otherwise provided in RCW 13.50.010(8) and subsection (23) of 24 this section.
- (16) Any adjudication of a juvenile offense or a crime subsequent to sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order. Any charging of an adult felony subsequent to the sealing has the effect of nullifying the sealing order for the purposes of chapter 9.94A RCW.
- (17) A person eighteen years of age or older whose criminal history consists of only one referral for diversion may request that the court order the records in that case destroyed. The request shall be granted, subject to subsection (23) of this section, if the court finds that two years have elapsed since completion of the diversion agreement.
- 35 (18) If the court grants the motion to destroy records made 36 pursuant to subsection (17) of this section, it shall, subject to 37 subsection (23) of this section, order the official juvenile court 38 file, the social file, and any other records named in the order to be 39 destroyed.

1 (19) The person making the motion pursuant to subsection (17) of 2 this section shall give reasonable notice of the motion to the 3 prosecuting attorney and to any agency whose records are sought to be 4 destroyed.

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- (20) Any juvenile to whom the provisions of this section may apply shall be given written notice of his or her rights under this section at the time of his or her disposition hearing or during the diversion process.
- 9 (21) Nothing in this section may be construed to prevent a crime 10 victim or a member of the victim's family from divulging the identity 11 of the alleged or proven juvenile offender or his or her family when 12 necessary in a civil proceeding.
- (22) Any juvenile justice or care agency may, subject to the limitations in subsection (23) of this section and (a) and (b) of this subsection, develop procedures for the routine destruction of records relating to juvenile offenses and diversions.
- 17 (a) Records may be routinely destroyed only when the person the 18 subject of the information or complaint has attained twenty-three years 19 of age or older, or is eighteen years of age or older and his or her 20 criminal history consists entirely of one diversion agreement and two 21 years have passed since completion of the agreement.
- 22 (b) The court may not routinely destroy the official juvenile court 23 file or recordings or transcripts of any proceedings.
  - (23) No identifying information held by the Washington state patrol in accordance with chapter 43.43 RCW is subject to destruction or sealing under this section. For the purposes of this subsection, identifying information includes photographs, fingerprints, palmprints, soleprints, toeprints and any other data that identifies a person by physical characteristics, name, birthdate or address, but does not include information regarding criminal activity, arrest, charging, diversion, conviction or other information about a person's treatment by the criminal justice system or about the person's behavior.
- 33 (24) Information identifying child victims under age eighteen who 34 are victims of sexual assaults by juvenile offenders is confidential 35 and not subject to release to the press or public without the 36 permission of the child victim or the child's legal guardian. 37 Identifying information includes the child victim's name, addresses, 38 location, photographs, and in cases in which the child victim is a 39 relative of the alleged perpetrator, identification of the relationship

p. 5 SB 5691.SL

- 1 between the child and the alleged perpetrator. Information identifying
- 2 a child victim of sexual assault may be released to law enforcement,
- 3 prosecutors, judges, defense attorneys, or private or governmental
- 4 agencies that provide services to the child victim of sexual assault.

Passed the Senate March 10, 2001. Passed the House April 4, 2001. Approved by the Governor April 17, 2001. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 17, 2001.