## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6195

Chapter 131, Laws of 2008

60th Legislature 2008 Regular Session

RURAL COUNTY--DEFINITION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/01/09

Passed by the Senate March 10, 2008 YEAS 46 NAYS 0

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 7, 2008 YEAS 93 NAYS 0

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved March 25, 2008, 11:22 a.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Thomas Hoemann, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE SENATE** BILL 6195 as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

THOMAS HOEMANN

Secretary

FILED

March 25, 2008

Secretary of State State of Washington

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE

Governor of the State of Washington

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6195

AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

Passed Legislature - 2008 Regular Session

State of Washington60th Legislature2008 Regular SessionBySenate Economic Development, Trade & Management (originally<br/>sponsored by Senators Haugen and Rasmussen)

READ FIRST TIME 02/04/08.

AN ACT Relating to the definition of rural county for economic development purposes; amending RCW 43.160.020, 43.168.020, 43.330.086, and 82.16.0491; creating a new section; and providing an effective date.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 **Sec. 1.** RCW 43.160.020 and 2004 c 252 s 1 are each amended to read 7 as follows:

8 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 9 this section apply throughout this chapter.

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(1) "Board" means the community economic revitalization board.

11 (2) "Bond" means any bond, note, debenture, interim certificate, or 12 other evidence of financial indebtedness issued by the board pursuant 13 to this chapter.

14 (3) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and15 economic development.

(4) "Financial institution" means any bank, savings and loan
 association, credit union, development credit corporation, insurance
 company, investment company, trust company, savings institution, or

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other financial institution approved by the board and maintaining an
 office in the state.

3 (5) "Industrial development facilities" means "industrial
4 development facilities" as defined in RCW 39.84.020.

5 (6) "Industrial development revenue bonds" means tax-exempt revenue
6 bonds used to fund industrial development facilities.

7 (7) "Local government" or "political subdivision" means any port 8 district, county, city, town, special purpose district, and any other 9 municipal corporations or quasi-municipal corporations in the state 10 providing for public facilities under this chapter.

(8) "Sponsor" means any of the following entities which customarily provide service or otherwise aid in industrial or other financing and are approved as a sponsor by the board: A bank, trust company, savings bank, investment bank, national banking association, savings and loan association, building and loan association, credit union, insurance company, or any other financial institution, governmental agency, or holding company of any entity specified in this subsection.

18 (9) "Umbrella bonds" means industrial development revenue bonds 19 from which the proceeds are loaned, transferred, or otherwise made 20 available to two or more users under this chapter.

(10) "User" means one or more persons acting as lessee, purchaser,
 mortgagor, or borrower under a financing document and receiving or
 applying to receive revenues from bonds issued under this chapter.

24 (11) "Public facilities" means a project of a local government or 25 a federally recognized Indian tribe for the planning, acquisition, construction, repair, reconstruction, replacement, rehabilitation, or 26 27 improvement of bridges, roads, domestic and industrial water, earth stabilization, sanitary sewer, storm sewer, railroad, electricity, 28 telecommunications, transportation, natural gas, buildings 29 or structures, and port facilities, all for the purpose of job creation, 30 31 job retention, or job expansion.

32 (12) "Rural county" ((means a county with a population density of 33 fewer than one hundred persons per square mile as determined by the 34 office of financial management)) has the same meaning as provided in 35 <u>RCW 82.14.370</u>.

36 (13) "Rural natural resources impact area" means:

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(a) A nonmetropolitan county, as defined by the 1990 decennial

1 census, that meets three of the five criteria set forth in subsection
2 (14) of this section;

3 (b) A nonmetropolitan county with a population of less than forty 4 thousand in the 1990 decennial census, that meets two of the five 5 criteria as set forth in subsection (14) of this section; or

6 (c) A nonurbanized area, as defined by the 1990 decennial census, 7 that is located in a metropolitan county that meets three of the five 8 criteria set forth in subsection (14) of this section.

9 (14) For the purposes of designating rural natural resources impact 10 areas, the following criteria shall be considered:

11 (a) A lumber and wood products employment location quotient at or 12 above the state average;

13 (b) A commercial salmon fishing employment location quotient at or 14 above the state average;

15 (c) Projected or actual direct lumber and wood products job losses 16 of one hundred positions or more;

(d) Projected or actual direct commercial salmon fishing job lossesof one hundred positions or more; and

(e) An unemployment rate twenty percent or more above the state 19 average. The counties that meet these criteria shall be determined by 20 21 the employment security department for the most recent year for which 22 data is available. For the purposes of administration of programs under this chapter, the United States post office five-digit zip code 23 24 delivery areas will be used to determine residence status for 25 eligibility purposes. For the purpose of this definition, a zip code delivery area of which any part is ten miles or more from an urbanized 26 27 area is considered nonurbanized. A zip code totally surrounded by zip codes qualifying as nonurbanized under this definition is also 28 considered nonurbanized. The office of financial management shall make 29 available a zip code listing of the areas to all agencies and 30 31 organizations providing services under this chapter.

32 Sec. 2. RCW 43.168.020 and 2005 c 136 s 3 are each amended to read 33 as follows:

34 Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the definitions in 35 this section apply throughout this chapter.

36 (1) "Department" means the department of community, trade, and 37 economic development.

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(2) "Director" means the director of community, trade, and economic
 development.

(3) "Distressed area" means: (a) A rural county; (b) a county 3 which has an unemployment rate which is twenty percent above the state 4 5 average for the immediately previous three years; (c) a county that has a median household income that is less than seventy-five percent of the 6 7 state median household income for the previous three years; (d) a metropolitan statistical area, as defined by the office of federal 8 statistical policy and standards, United States department of commerce, 9 10 in which the average level of unemployment for the calendar year immediately preceding the year in which an application is filed under 11 this chapter exceeds the average state unemployment for such calendar 12 13 year by twenty percent; or (e) an area within a county, which area: 14 (i) Is composed of contiguous census tracts; (ii) has a minimum population of five thousand persons; (iii) has at least seventy percent 15 of its families and unrelated individuals with incomes below eighty 16 17 percent of the county's median income for families and unrelated individuals; and (iv) has an unemployment rate which is at least forty 18 percent higher than the county's unemployment rate. For purposes of 19 this definition, "families and unrelated individuals" has the same 20 21 meaning that is ascribed to that term by the federal department of 22 housing and urban development in its regulations authorizing action economic development and neighborhood revitalization 23 grants for 24 projects.

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(4) "Fund" means the rural Washington loan fund.

(5) "Local development organization" means a nonprofit organization which is organized to operate within an area, demonstrates a commitment to a long-standing effort for an economic development program, and makes a demonstrable effort to assist in the employment of unemployed or underemployed residents in an area.

31 (6) "Project" means the establishment of a new or expanded business 32 in an area which when completed will provide employment opportunities. 33 "Project" also means the retention of an existing business in an area 34 which when completed will provide employment opportunities.

35 (7) "Rural county" ((means a county with a population density of 36 fewer that one hundred persons per square mile as determined by the 37 office of financial management)) has the same meaning as provided in 38 <u>RCW 82.14.370</u>. 1 Sec. 3. RCW 43.330.086 and 2007 c 249 s 5 are each amended to read
2 as follows:

3 To the extent that funds are specifically appropriated therefor, 4 contracts with associate development organizations for the provision of 5 services under RCW 43.330.080(1) shall be awarded according to the 6 following annual schedule:

7 (1) For associate development associations serving urban counties, 8 which are counties other than rural counties as defined in RCW 9 ((43.160.020)) 82.14.370, a locally matched allocation of up to ninety 10 cents per capita, totaling no more than three hundred thousand dollars 11 per organization; and

(2) For associate development associations in rural counties, as
defined in RCW ((43.160.020)) 82.14.370, a per county base allocation
of up to forty thousand dollars and a locally matched allocation of up
to ninety cents per capita.

16 **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.16.0491 and 2004 c 238 s 1 are each amended to read 17 as follows:

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(1) The following definitions apply to this section:

(a) "Qualifying project" means a project designed to achieve job creation or business retention, to add or upgrade nonelectrical infrastructure, to add or upgrade health and safety facilities, to accomplish energy and water use efficiency improvements, including renewable energy development, or to add or upgrade emergency services in any designated qualifying rural area.

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(b) "Qualifying rural area" means:

(i) A rural county((, which on the date that a contribution is made to an electric utility rural economic development revolving fund is a county with a population density of less than one hundred persons per square mile as determined by the office of financial management)) as defined in RCW 82.14.370; or

31 (ii) Any geographic area in the state that receives electricity 32 from a light and power business with twelve thousand or fewer 33 customers.

34 (c) "Electric utility rural economic development revolving fund" 35 means a fund devoted exclusively to funding qualifying projects in 36 qualifying rural areas.

(d) "Local board" is (i) a board of directors with at least, but 1 2 not limited to, three members representing local businesses and community groups who have been appointed by the sponsoring electric 3 utility to oversee and direct the activities of the electric utility 4 rural economic development revolving fund; or (ii) a board of directors 5 of an existing associate development organization serving the б 7 qualifying rural area who have been designated by the sponsoring electrical utility to oversee and direct the activities of the electric 8 utility rural economic development revolving fund. 9

(2) A light and power business shall be allowed a credit against 10 taxes due under this chapter in an amount equal to fifty percent of 11 12 contributions made in any fiscal year directly to an electric utility 13 rural economic development revolving fund. The credit shall be taken 14 in a form and manner as required by the department. The credit under this section shall not exceed twenty-five thousand dollars per fiscal 15 year per light and power business. The credit may not exceed the tax 16 17 that would otherwise be due under this chapter. Refunds shall not be granted in the place of credits. Expenditures not used to earn a 18 credit in one fiscal year may not be used to earn a credit in 19 subsequent years, except that this limitation does not apply to 20 21 expenditures made between January 1, 2004, and March 31, 2004, which 22 expenditures may be used to earn a credit through December 30, 2004.

(3) The right to earn tax credits under this section expires June30, 2011.

(4) To qualify for the credit in subsection (2) of this section, 25 the light and power business shall establish, or have a local board 26 27 establish with the business's contribution, an electric utility rural economic development revolving fund which is governed by a local board 28 whose members shall reside or work in the qualifying rural area served 29 by the light and power business. Expenditures from the electric 30 utility rural economic development revolving fund shall be made solely 31 32 on qualifying projects, and the local board shall have authority to determine all criteria and conditions for the expenditure of funds from 33 the electric utility rural economic development revolving fund, and for 34 35 the terms and conditions of repayment.

36 (5) Any funds repaid to the electric utility rural economic 37 development revolving fund by recipients shall be made available for 38 additional qualifying projects.

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1 (6) If at any time the electric utility rural economic development 2 revolving fund is dissolved, any moneys claimed as a tax credit under 3 this section shall either be granted to a qualifying project or 4 refunded to the state within two years of termination.

5 (7) The total amount of credits that may be used in any fiscal year 6 shall not exceed three hundred fifty thousand dollars in any fiscal 7 year. The department shall allow the use of earned credits on a first-8 come, first-served basis. Unused earned credits may be carried over to 9 subsequent years.

(8) The following provisions apply to expenditures under subsection 10 (2) of this section made between January 1, 2004, and March 31, 2004: 11 12 (a) Credits earned from such expenditures are not considered in 13 computing the statewide limitation set forth in subsection (7) of this section for the period July 1, 2004, through December 31, 2004; and 14 (b) For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2005, the credit allowed 15 16 under this section for light and power businesses making expenditures 17 is limited to thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars.

18 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 5. If specific funding for the purposes of this 19 act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by 20 June 30, 2008, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and 21 void.

22 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 6. This act takes effect July 1, 2009. Passed by the Senate March 10, 2008. Passed by the House March 7, 2008. Approved by the Governor March 25, 2008. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 25, 2008.