<u>SHB 2776</u> - S AMD 997 By Senator

ADOPTED AND ENGROSSED 03/11/2010

Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the following:

3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) It is the legislature's intent to continue implementation of chapter 548, Laws of 2009, by adopting the 4 technical details of a new distribution formula for the instructional 5 6 program of basic education and authorizing a phase-in of implementation of a new distribution formula for pupil transportation, both to take 7 8 effect during the 2011-2013 biennium. Unless otherwise stated, the 9 numeric values adopted in section 2 of this act represent the 10 translation of 2009-2010 state funding levels for the basic education 11 act into the funding factors of the prototypical school funding 12 formula, based on the expert advice and extensive work of the funding 13 formula technical working group established by the legislature for this The legislature intends to continue to review and revise the 14 purpose. formulas and may make revisions as necessary for technical purposes and 15 16 consistency in the event of mathematical or other technical errors.

17 (2) The legislature intends that per-pupil basic education funding 18 for a school district shall not be decreased as a result of the 19 transition of basic education funding formulas in effect during the 2009-2011 biennium to the new funding formulas under RCW 28A.150.260 21 that take effect during the 2011-2013 biennium.

(3) It is also the legislature's intent to begin phasing-in enhancements to the baseline funding levels of 2009-10 in the 2011-2013 biennium for pupil transportation, class size allocations for grades kindergarten through three, full-day kindergarten, and allocations for maintenance, supplies, and operating costs.

(4) Finally, it is the legislature's intent to adjust the timelines for other working groups so that their expertise and advice can be received as soon as possible and to make technical adjustments to certain provisions of chapter 548, Laws of 2009. 1 Sec. 2. RCW 28A.150.260 and 2009 c 548 s 106 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

The purpose of this section is to provide for the allocation of state funding that the legislature deems necessary to support school districts in offering the minimum instructional program of basic education under RCW 28A.150.220. The allocation shall be determined as follows:

8 (1) The governor shall and the superintendent of public instruction 9 may recommend to the legislature a formula for the distribution of a 10 basic education instructional allocation for each common school 11 district.

(2) The distribution formula under this section shall be for 12 allocation purposes only. Except as may be required under chapter 13 28A.155, 28A.165, 28A.180, or ((28A.155)) 28A.185 RCW, or federal laws 14 and regulations, nothing in this section requires school districts to 15 use basic education instructional funds to implement a particular 16 instructional approach or service. Nothing in this section requires 17 school districts to maintain a particular classroom teacher-to-student 18 ratio or other staff-to-student ratio or to use allocated funds to pay 19 for particular types or classifications of staff. Nothing in this 20 21 section entitles an individual teacher to a particular teacher planning 22 period.

23 (3)(a) To the extent the technical details of the formula have been 24 adopted by the legislature and except when specifically provided as a school district allocation, the distribution formula for the basic 25 26 education instructional allocation shall be based on minimum staffing 27 and nonstaff costs the legislature deems necessary to support instruction and operations in prototypical schools serving high, 28 middle, and elementary school students as provided in this section. 29 30 The use of prototypical schools for the distribution formula does not constitute legislative intent that schools should be operated or 31 32 structured in a similar fashion as the prototypes. Prototypical schools illustrate the level of resources needed to operate a school of 33 a particular size with particular types and grade levels of students 34 35 using commonly understood terms and inputs, such as class size, hours 36 of instruction, and various categories of school staff. It is the 37 intent that the funding allocations to school districts be adjusted 38 from the school prototypes based on the actual number of annual average

full-time equivalent students in each grade level at each school in the district and not based on the grade-level configuration of the school to the extent that data is available. The allocations shall be further adjusted from the school prototypes with minimum allocations for small schools and to reflect other factors identified in the omnibus appropriations act.

7 (b) For the purposes of this section, prototypical schools are8 defined as follows:

9 (i) A prototypical high school has six hundred average annual full-10 time equivalent students in grades nine through twelve;

(ii) A prototypical middle school has four hundred thirty-two average annual full-time equivalent students in grades seven and eight; and

14 (iii) A prototypical elementary school has four hundred average 15 annual full-time equivalent students in grades kindergarten through 16 six.

17 $((\frac{c}{c}))$ (4)(a) The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical school shall be based on the number of full-time 18 equivalent classroom teachers needed to provide instruction over the 19 minimum required annual instructional hours under RCW 28A.150.220 and 20 21 provide at least one teacher planning period per school day, and based 22 on ((an)) the following general education average class size ((as specified in the omnibus appropriations act.)) of full-time equivalent 23 24 students per teacher:

25	<u>General education</u>
26	average
27	<u>class size</u>
28	<u>Grades K-3</u>
29	Grade 4
30	Grades 5-6
31	Grades 7-8
32	<u>Grades 9-12</u>
33	(b) During the 2011-2013 biennium and beginning with schools with
34	the highest percentage of students eligible for free and reduced-price
35	meals in the prior school year, the general education average class
36	size for grades K-3 shall be reduced until the average class size
37	funded under this subsection (4) is no more than 17.0 full-time
38	equivalent students per teacher beginning in the 2017-18 school year

1	(c) The minimum allocation for each prototypical middle and high
2	school shall also provide for full-time equivalent classroom teachers
3	based on the following number of full-time equivalent students per
4	teacher in career and technical education:
5	Career and technical
б	education average
7	<u>class size</u>
8	Approved career and technical education offered at
9	the middle school and high school level
10	Skill center programs meeting the standards established
11	by the office of the superintendent of public instruction 22.76
12	(d) In addition, the omnibus appropriations act shall at a minimum
13	specify:
14	(i) ((Basic average class size;
15	(ii) Basic)) <u>A high-poverty</u> average class size in schools where
16	more than fifty percent of the students are eligible for free and
17	reduced-price meals; <u>and</u>
18	(((iii))) <u>(ii) A specialty a</u> verage class size for ((exploratory and
19	<pre>preparatory career and technical education,)) laboratory science,</pre>
20	advanced placement, and international baccalaureate courses((; and
21	(iv) Average class size in grades kindergarten through three)).
22	(((d))) <u>(5)</u> The minimum allocation for each level of prototypical
23	school shall include allocations for the following types of staff in
24	addition to classroom teachers:
25	(((i) Principals, including assistant principals, and other
26	certificated building-level administrators;
27	(ii) Teacher librarians, performing functions including information
28	literacy, technology, and media to support school library media
29	programs;
30	(iii) Student health services, a function that includes school
31	nurses, whether certificated instructional or classified employee, and
32	social workers;
33	(iv) Guidance counselors, performing functions including parent
34	outreach and graduation advisor;
35	(v) Professional development coaches;
36	(vi) Teaching assistance, which includes any aspect of educational
37	instructional services provided by classified employees;

1	(vii)	-Office	support,	techno	logy	support,	and	other
2	noninstruct:	ional aide	isi					
3	(viii)	Custodia	ans, ware	house,	maint	enance,	laborer,	and
4	professional	l and tec h	mical educa	tion sup	port e	mployees;	and	
5	(ix) Cla	assified s	taff provid	ing stud	lent an	d staff sa	fety.	
б	(4)(a)))						

7		Elementary	Middle	<u>High</u>
8		School	<u>School</u>	<u>School</u>
9	Principals, assistant principals, and other certificated building-level			
10	administrators	<u>1.253</u>	<u>1.353</u>	<u>1.880</u>
11	Teacher librarians, a function that includes information literacy,			
12	technology, and media to support school library media programs	<u>0.663</u>	<u>0.519</u>	<u>0.523</u>
13	Health and social services:			
14	School nurses	<u>0.076</u>	<u>0.060</u>	<u>0.096</u>
15	Social workers	<u>0.042</u>	<u>0.006</u>	<u>0.015</u>
16	Psychologists	<u>0.017</u>	<u>0.002</u>	<u>0.007</u>
17	Guidance counselors, a function that includes parent outreach and			
18	graduation advising	<u>0.493</u>	<u>1.116</u>	<u>1.909</u>
19	Teaching assistance, including any aspect of educational instructional			
20	services provided by classified employees	<u>0.936</u>	<u>0.700</u>	<u>0.652</u>
21	Office support and other noninstructional aides	<u>2.012</u>	<u>2.325</u>	<u>3.269</u>
22	Custodians	<u>1.657</u>	<u>1.942</u>	<u>2.965</u>
23	Classified staff providing student and staff safety	<u>0.079</u>	<u>0.092</u>	<u>0.141</u>
24	Parent involvement coordinators	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>
25	(6)(a) The minimum staffing allocation f	or each s	school di	strict to
26	provide district-wide support services sh	all be a	allocated	per one

26 provide district-wide support services shall be allocated per one 27 thousand annual average full-time equivalent students in grades K-12 as 28 follows:

29	Staff per 1,000
30	K-12 students
31	<u>Technology</u>
32	Facilities, maintenance, and grounds
33	Warehouse, laborers, and mechanics
34	(b) The minimum allocation of staff units for each school district
35	to support certificated and classified staffing of central

1	administration shall be 5.30 percent of the staff units generated under
2	subsections (4)(a) and (b) and (5) of this section and (a) of this
3	subsection.
4	(7) The distribution formula shall include staffing allocations to
5	school districts for career and technical education and skill center
6	administrative and other school-level certificated staff, as specified
7	in the omnibus appropriations act.
8	(8)(a) Except as provided in (b) of this subsection, the minimum
9	allocation for each school district shall include allocations per
10	annual average full-time equivalent student for the following
11	materials, supplies, and operating costs, to be adjusted for inflation
12	from the 2008-09 school year: ((Student technology; utilities;
13	curriculum, textbooks, library materials, and instructional supplies;
14	instructional professional development for both certificated and
15	classified staff; other building-level costs including maintenance,
16	custodial, and security; and central office administration.))
17	<u>Per annual average</u>
18	<u>full-time equivalent student</u>
19	in grades K-12
20	<u>Technology</u>
21	<u>Utilities and insurance</u>
22	<u>Curriculum and textbooks</u>
23	Other supplies and library materials
24	Instructional professional development for certified and
25	<u>classified staff </u>
26	Facilities maintenance
27	<u>Security and central office</u>
28	(b) ((The annual average full-time equivalent student amounts in
29	(a) of this subsection shall be enhanced)) During the 2011-2013
30	biennium, the minimum allocation for maintenance, supplies, and
31	operating costs shall be increased as specified in the omnibus
32	appropriations act. The following allocations, adjusted for inflation
33	from the 2007-08 school year, are provided in the 2015-16 school year,
34	after which the allocations shall be adjusted annually for inflation as
35	specified in the omnibus appropriations act:
36	<u>Per annual average</u>
37	<u>full-time equivalent student</u>

1	<u>in grades K-12</u>
2	<u>Technology</u>
3	<u>Utilities and insurance</u>
4	<u>Curriculum and textbooks</u>
5	Other supplies and library materials
6	Instructional professional development for certificated and
7	<u>classified staff </u>
8	<u>Facilities maintenance</u>
9	Security and central office administration

10 (9) In addition to the amounts provided in subsection (8) of this 11 section, the omnibus appropriations act shall provide an amount based 12 on full-time equivalent student enrollment in <u>each of the following:</u>

(a) Exploratory career and technical education courses for students
 in grades seven through twelve;

15 <u>(b) Laboratory science courses for students in grades nine through</u> 16 twelve;

(c) Preparatory career and technical education courses for students
 in grades nine through twelve offered in a high school; and

<u>(d) P</u>reparatory career and technical education courses for students
 in grades eleven and twelve offered through a skill center.

(((5))) (10) In addition to the allocations otherwise provided under ((subsections (3) and (4) of)) this section ((shall be enhanced as follows to provide additional allocations for classroom teachers and maintenance, supplies, and operating costs)), amounts shall be provided to support the following programs and services:

26 (a) То provide supplemental instruction and services for underachieving students through the learning assistance program under 27 28 RCW 28A.165.005 through 28A.165.065, allocations shall be based on the ((percent)) district percentage of students in ((each school)) grades 29 30 <u>K-12</u> who ((are)) were eligible for free ((and)) or reduced-price meals 31 in the prior school year. The minimum allocation for the ((learning 32 assistance)) program shall provide ((an extended school day and 33 extended school year)) for each level of prototypical school ((and a 34 per student allocation for maintenance, supplies, and operating costs)) resources to provide, on a statewide average, 1.5156 hours per week in 35 extra instruction with a class size of fifteen learning assistance 36 37 program students per teacher.

(b) To provide supplemental instruction and services for students 1 2 whose primary language is other than English, allocations shall be based on the head count number of students in each school who are 3 eligible for and enrolled in the transitional bilingual instruction 4 program under RCW 28A.180.010 through 28A.180.080. 5 The minimum 6 allocation for each level of prototypical school shall provide ((for 7 supplemental instruction based on percent of the school day a student 8 is assumed to receive supplemental instruction and a per student 9 allocation for maintenance, supplies, and operating costs)) resources to provide, on a statewide average, 4.7780 hours per week in extra 10 instruction with fifteen transitional bilingual instruction program 11 12 students per teacher.

13 (((6) The allocations provided under subsections (3) and (4) of this section shall be enhanced)) (c) To provide additional allocations 14 to support programs for highly capable students under RCW 28A.185.010 15 through 28A.185.030, allocations shall be based on two and three 16 hundred fourteen one-thousandths percent of each school district's 17 equivalent <u>basic</u> education enrollment. 18 full-time The minimum 19 allocation for the programs shall provide ((an extended school day and 20 extended school year for each level of prototypical school and a per 21 student allocation for maintenance, supplies, and operating costs)) resources to provide, on a statewide average, 2.1590 hours per week in 22 extra instruction with fifteen highly capable program students per 23 24 teacher.

25 (((7))) (11) The allocations under subsections (((3))) (4)(a) and 26 (b), (((c)(i), and (d), (4),)) (5), (6), and (8) of this section shall 27 be enhanced as provided under RCW 28A.150.390 on an excess cost basis 28 to provide supplemental instructional resources for students with 29 disabilities.

30 (((8) The distribution formula shall include allocations to school 31 districts to support certificated and classified staffing of central 32 office administration. The minimum allocation shall be calculated as 33 a percentage, identified in the omnibus appropriations act, of the 34 total allocations for staff under subsections (3) and (6) of this 35 section for all schools in the district.

36 (9)) (12)(a) For the purposes of allocations for prototypical high 37 schools and middle schools under subsections (((3))) (4) and (((5)))38 (10) of this section that are based on the percent of students in the school who are eligible for free and reduced-price meals, the actual percent of such students in a school shall be adjusted by a factor identified in the omnibus appropriations act to reflect underreporting of free and reduced-price meal eligibility among middle and high school students.

6 (b) Allocations or enhancements provided under subsections (((3) 7 and)) (4)<u>, (7), and (9)</u> of this section for exploratory and preparatory 8 career and technical education courses shall be provided only for 9 courses approved by the office of the superintendent of public 10 instruction under chapter 28A.700 RCW.

11 (((10))) <u>(13)</u>(a) This formula for distribution of basic education 12 funds shall be reviewed biennially by the superintendent and governor. 13 The recommended formula shall be subject to approval, amendment or 14 rejection by the legislature.

(b) In the event the legislature rejects the distribution formula recommended by the governor, without adopting a new distribution formula, the distribution formula for the previous school year shall remain in effect.

(c) The enrollment of any district shall be the annual average 19 number of full-time equivalent students and part-time students as 20 21 provided in RCW 28A.150.350, enrolled on the first school day of each 22 month, including students who are in attendance pursuant to RCW 28A.335.160 and 28A.225.250 who do not reside within the servicing 23 24 school district. The definition of full-time equivalent student shall be determined by rules of the superintendent of public instruction and 25 26 shall be included as part of the superintendent's biennial budget 27 request. The definition shall be based on the minimum instructional hour offerings required under RCW 28A.150.220. Any revision of the 28 present definition shall not take effect until approved by the house 29 ways and means committee and the senate ways and means committee. 30

31 (d) The office of financial management shall make a monthly review 32 of the superintendent's reported full-time equivalent students in the 33 common schools in conjunction with RCW 43.62.050.

34 **Sec. 3.** RCW 28A.150.390 and 2009 c 548 s 108 are each amended to 35 read as follows:

36 (1) The superintendent of public instruction shall submit to each37 regular session of the legislature during an odd-numbered year a

programmed budget request for special education programs for students 1 2 with disabilities. Funding for programs operated by local school 3 districts shall be on an excess cost basis from appropriations provided by the legislature for special education programs for students with 4 disabilities and shall take account of state funds accruing through RCW 5 28A.150.260 (((3) (b), (c)(i), and (d), (4), and (8) and federal 6 7 medical assistance and private funds accruing under RCW 74.09.5249 8 through 74.09.5253 and 74.09.5254 through 74.09.5256)) (4)(a) and (b), (5), (6), and (8). 9

10 (2) The excess cost allocation to school districts shall be based 11 on the following:

(a) A district's annual average headcount enrollment of students
ages birth through four and those five year olds not yet enrolled in
kindergarten who are eligible for and enrolled in special education,
multiplied by the district's base allocation per full-time equivalent
student, multiplied by 1.15; and

(b) A district's annual average full-time equivalent basic education enrollment, multiplied by the district's funded enrollment percent, multiplied by the district's base allocation per full-time equivalent student, multiplied by 0.9309.

21

(3) As used in this section:

(a) "Base allocation" means the total state allocation to all schools in the district generated by the distribution formula under RCW 28A.150.260 (((3) (b), (c)(i), and (d), (4), and (8))) <u>(4)(a) and (b),</u> (5), (6), and (8), to be divided by the district's full-time equivalent enrollment.

(b) "Basic education enrollment" means enrollment of resident students including nonresident students enrolled under RCW 28A.225.225 and students from nonhigh districts enrolled under RCW 28A.225.210 and excluding students residing in another district enrolled as part of an interdistrict cooperative program under RCW 28A.225.250.

32 (c) "Enrollment percent" means the district's resident special 33 education annual average enrollment, excluding students ages birth 34 through four and those five year olds not yet enrolled in kindergarten, 35 as a percent of the district's annual average full-time equivalent 36 basic education enrollment.

37 (d) "Funded enrollment percent" means the lesser of the district's38 actual enrollment percent or twelve and seven-tenths percent.

1 Sec. 4. RCW 28A.150.315 and 2009 c 548 s 107 are each amended to
2 read as follows:

(1) Beginning with the 2007-08 school year, funding for voluntary 3 4 all-day kindergarten programs shall be phased-in beginning with schools with the highest poverty levels, defined as those schools with the 5 6 highest percentages of students qualifying for free and reduced-price 7 lunch support in the prior school year. During the 2011-2013 biennium, funding shall continue to be phased-in each year until full statewide 8 implementation of all-day kindergarten is achieved in the 2017-18 9 Once a school receives funding for the all-day 10 school year. kindergarten program, that school shall remain eligible for funding in 11 12 subsequent school years regardless of changes in the school's 13 percentage of students eligible for free and reduced-price lunches as 14 long as other program requirements are fulfilled. Additionally, schools receiving all-day kindergarten program support shall agree to 15 the following conditions: 16

17

(a) Provide at least a one thousand-hour instructional program;

(b) Provide a curriculum that offers a rich, varied set ofexperiences that assist students in:

(i) Developing initial skills in the academic areas of reading,mathematics, and writing;

22 (ii) Developing a variety of communication skills;

(iii) Providing experiences in science, social studies, arts,
 health and physical education, and a world language other than English;
 (iv) Acquiring large and small motor skills;

26 (v) Acquiring social and emotional skills including successful 27 participation in learning activities as an individual and as part of a 28 group; and

29 (vi) Learning through hands-on experiences;

30 (c) Establish learning environments that are developmentally 31 appropriate and promote creativity;

32 (d) Demonstrate strong connections and communication with early33 learning community providers; and

(e) Participate in kindergarten program readiness activities withearly learning providers and parents.

36 (2) Subject to funds appropriated for this purpose, the 37 superintendent of public instruction shall designate one or more school 38 districts to serve as resources and examples of best practices in

designing and operating a high-quality all-day kindergarten program. 1 2 Designated school districts shall serve as lighthouse programs and provide technical assistance to other school districts in the initial 3 4 stages of implementing an all-day kindergarten program. Examples of topics addressed by the technical assistance include strategic 5 planning, developing the instructional program and curriculum, working б 7 with early learning providers to identify students and communicate with 8 parents, and developing kindergarten program readiness activities.

9 Sec. 5. 2009 c 548 s 112 (uncodified) is amended to read as 10 follows:

11 (1)The legislature intends to continue to redefine the 12 instructional program of education under RCW 28A.150.220 that fulfills 13 obligations and requirements of Article IX of the state the 14 Constitution. The funding formulas under RCW 28A.150.260 to support the instructional program shall be implemented to the extent the 15 16 technical details of the formula have been established and according to an implementation schedule to be adopted by the legislature. 17 The object of the schedule is to assure that any increases in funding 18 allocations are timely, predictable, and occur concurrently with any 19 20 increases in program or instructional requirements. It is the intent 21 of the legislature that no increased programmatic or instructional 22 expectations be imposed upon schools or school districts without an 23 accompanying increase in resources as necessary to support those 24 increased expectations.

(2) The office of financial management, with assistance and support from the office of the superintendent of public instruction, shall convene a technical working group to:

(a) Develop the details of the funding formulas under RCW28A.150.260;

30 (b) Recommend to the legislature an implementation schedule for 31 phasing-in any increased program or instructional requirements 32 concurrently with increases in funding for adoption by the legislature; 33 and

34 (c) Examine possible sources of revenue to support increases in 35 funding allocations and present options to the legislature and the 36 quality education council created in ((section 114 of this act)) <u>RCW</u> 37 <u>28A.290.010</u> for consideration.

The working group shall include representatives of the 1 (3) 2 legislative evaluation and accountability program committee, school district and educational service district financial managers, the 3 Washington association of school business officers, the Washington 4 association, the Washington association 5 education of school 6 administrators, the association of Washington school principals, the Washington state school directors' association, the public school 7 8 employees of Washington, and other interested stakeholders with expertise in education finance. The working group may convene advisory 9 subgroups on specific topics as necessary to assure participation and 10 11 input from a broad array of diverse stakeholders.

12 (4) The working group shall be monitored and overseen by the 13 legislature and the quality education council established in ((section 14 114 of this act)) <u>RCW 28A.290.010</u>. The working group shall submit its 15 recommendations to the legislature by December 1, 2009.

16 (5) After the 2009 report to the legislature, the office of 17 financial management and the office of the superintendent of public 18 instruction shall periodically reconvene the working group to monitor 19 and provide advice on further development and implementation of the 20 funding formulas under RCW 28A.150.260 and provide technical assistance 21 to the ongoing work of the quality education council.

22 Sec. 6. 2009 c 548 s 302 (uncodified) is amended to read as 23 follows:

(1) Beginning ((July)) <u>April</u> 1, 2010, the office of financial
management, with assistance and support from the office of the
superintendent of public instruction, shall convene a technical working
group to develop options for a new system of supplemental school
funding through local school levies and local effort assistance.

(2) The working group shall consider the impact on overall school district revenues of the new basic education funding system established under ((this act)) chapter 548, Laws of 2009 and shall recommend a phase-in plan that ensures that no school district suffers a decrease in funding from one school year to the next due to implementation of the new system of supplemental funding.

- 35 (3) <u>The working group shall also:</u>
- 36 (a) Examine local school district capacity to address facility

1 <u>needs associated with phasing-in full-day kindergarten across the state</u>

2 and reducing class size in kindergarten through third grade; and

3 (b) Provide the quality education council with analysis on the 4 potential use of local funds that may become available for redeployment 5 and redirection as a result of increased state funding allocations for 6 pupil transportation and maintenance, supplies, and operating costs.

7 (4) The working group shall be composed of representatives from the 8 department of revenue, the legislative evaluation and accountability program committee, school district and educational service district 9 financial managers, and representatives of the Washington association 10 of school business officers, the Washington education association, the 11 12 Washington association of school administrators, the association of 13 Washington school principals, the Washington state school directors' association, the public school employees of Washington, and other 14 15 interested stakeholders with expertise in education finance. The working group may convene advisory subgroups on specific topics as 16 17 necessary to assure participation and input from a broad array of 18 diverse stakeholders.

19 (((4))) <u>(5)</u> The local funding working group shall be monitored and 20 overseen by the legislature and by the quality education council 21 created in ((section 114 of this act)) <u>RCW 28A.290.010</u>. The working 22 group shall report to the legislature ((December 1)) <u>June 30</u>, 2011.

23 Sec. 7. RCW 43.41.398 and 2009 c 548 s 601 are each amended to 24 read as follows:

25 (1) The legislature recognizes that providing students with the 26 opportunity to access a world-class educational system depends on our continuing ability to provide students with access to world-class 27 28 educators. The legislature also understands that continuing to attract 29 and retain the highest quality educators will require increased 30 The legislature intends to enhance the current salary investments. allocation model and recognizes that changes to the current model 31 32 cannot be imposed without great deliberation and input from teachers, administrators, and classified employees. Therefore, it is the intent 33 34 of the legislature to begin the process of developing an enhanced 35 salary allocation model that is collaboratively designed to ensure the 36 rationality of any conclusions regarding what constitutes adequate 37 compensation.

(2) Beginning July 1, 2011, the office of the superintendent of 1 2 public instruction, in collaboration with the office of financial management, shall convene a technical working group to recommend the 3 4 details of an enhanced salary allocation model that aligns state expectations for educator development and certification with the 5 compensation system and establishes recommendations for a concurrent б 7 implementation schedule. In addition to any other details the 8 technical working group deems necessary, the technical working group shall make recommendations on the following: 9

10 (a) How to reduce the number of tiers within the existing salary 11 allocation model;

(b) How to account for labor market adjustments;

13 (c) How to account for different geographic regions of the state 14 where districts may encounter difficulty recruiting and retaining 15 teachers;

16

12

(d) The role of and types of bonuses available;

17 (e) Ways to accomplish salary equalization over a set number of 18 years; and

(f) Initial fiscal estimates for implementing the recommendations including a recognition that staff on the existing salary allocation model would have the option to grandfather in permanently to the existing schedule.

(3) As part of its work, the technical working group shall conduct or contract for a preliminary comparative labor market analysis of salaries and other compensation for school district employees to be conducted and shall include the results in any reports to the legislature. For the purposes of this subsection, "salaries and other compensation" includes average base salaries, average total salaries, average employee basic benefits, and retirement benefits.

30 (4) The analysis required under subsection (1) of this section 31 must:

32 (a) Examine salaries and other compensation for teachers, other 33 certificated instructional staff, principals, and other building-level 34 certificated administrators, and the types of classified employees for 35 whom salaries are allocated;

36 (b) Be calculated at a statewide level that identifies labor
37 markets in Washington through the use of data from the United States
38 bureau of the census and the bureau of labor statistics; and

1 (c) Include a comparison of salaries and other compensation to the 2 appropriate labor market for at least the following subgroups of 3 educators: Beginning teachers and types of educational staff 4 associates.

The working group shall include representatives of the 5 (5) 6 department of personnel, the professional educator standards board, the office of the superintendent of public instruction, the Washington 7 8 association, the Washington association of education school 9 administrators, the association of Washington school principals, the 10 Washington state school directors' association, the public school 11 employees of Washington, and other interested stakeholders with 12 appropriate expertise in compensation related matters. The working 13 group may convene advisory subgroups on specific topics as necessary to 14 assure participation and input from a broad array of diverse 15 stakeholders.

16 (6) The working group shall be monitored and overseen by the 17 legislature and the quality education council created in RCW 18 28A.290.010. The working group shall make an initial report to the 19 legislature by ((December 1)) <u>June 30</u>, 2012, and shall include in its 20 report recommendations for whether additional further work of the group 21 is necessary.

22 Sec. 8. RCW 28A.160.192 and 2009 c 548 s 311 are each amended to 23 read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall phase-in the
implementation of the distribution formula under this chapter for
allocating state funds to school districts for the transportation of
students to and from school. The phase-in shall ((be according to the
implementation schedule adopted by the legislature and shall)) begin no
later than the ((2013-14 school year)) 2011-2013 biennium and be fully
implemented by the 2013-2015 biennium.

(a) The formula must be developed and revised on an ongoing basis using the major cost factors in student transportation, including basic and special student loads, school district land area, average distance to school, roadway miles, and number of locations served. Factors must include all those site characteristics that are statistically significant after analysis of the data required by the revised reporting process. 1 (b) The formula must allocate funds to school districts based on 2 the average predicted costs of transporting students to and from 3 school, using a regression analysis.

4 (2) During the phase-in period, funding provided to school 5 districts for student transportation operations shall be distributed on 6 the following basis:

7 (a) Annually, each school district shall receive the lesser of the 8 previous school year's pupil transportation operations allocation, or 9 the total of allowable pupil transportation expenditures identified on 10 the previous school year's final expenditure report to the state plus 11 district indirect expenses using the state recovery rate identified by 12 the superintendent; and

(b) Annually, any funds appropriated by the legislature in excess of the maintenance level funding amount for student transportation shall be distributed among school districts on a prorated basis using the difference between the amount identified in (a) of this subsection and the amount determined under the formula in RCW 28A.160.180.

18 (((3) The superintendent shall develop, implement, and provide a 19 copy of the rules specifying the student transportation reporting 20 requirements to the legislature and school districts no later than 21 December 1, 2009.

22 (4) Beginning in December 2009, and continuing until December 2014, 23 the superintendent shall provide quarterly updates and progress reports 24 to the fiscal committees of the legislature on the implementation and 25 testing of the distribution formula.))

26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. A new section is added to chapter 28A.160 27 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The superintendent of public instruction shall develop,
 implement, and provide a copy of the rules specifying the student
 transportation reporting requirements to the legislature and school
 districts no later than December 1, 2010.

32 (2) Beginning in December 2010, and continuing until December 2014,
 33 the superintendent shall provide quarterly updates and progress reports
 34 to the fiscal committees of the legislature on the implementation and
 35 testing of the distribution formula.

36 (3) This section expires June 30, 2015.

1 Sec. 10. RCW 28A.150.410 and 2007 c 403 s 1 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

(1) The legislature shall establish for each school year in the 3 4 appropriations act a statewide salary allocation schedule, for allocation purposes only, to be used to distribute funds for basic 5 6 education certificated instructional staff salaries under RCW 28A.150.260. For the purposes of this section, the staff allocations 7 for classroom teachers, teacher librarians, guidance counselors, and 8 9 student health services staff under RCW 28A.150.260 are considered allocations for certificated instructional staff. 10

allocations for 11 (2)Salary state-funded basic education 12 certificated instructional staff shall be calculated the by 13 superintendent of public instruction by determining the district's salary for certificated instructional staff, using the 14 average statewide salary allocation schedule and related documents, conditions, 15 and limitations established by the omnibus appropriations act. 16

(3) Beginning January 1, 1992, no more than ninety college quarterhour credits received by any employee after the baccalaureate degree may be used to determine compensation allocations under the state salary allocation schedule and LEAP documents referenced in the omnibus appropriations act, or any replacement schedules and documents, unless:

22

(a) The employee has a master's degree; or

(b) The credits were used in generating state salary allocationsbefore January 1, 1992.

(4) Beginning in the 2007-08 school year, the calculation of years 25 26 of service for occupational therapists, physical therapists, speech-27 language pathologists, audiologists, nurses, social workers, counselors, and psychologists regulated under Title 18 RCW may include 28 experience in schools and other nonschool positions as occupational 29 therapists, 30 physical therapists, speech-language pathologists, audiologists, nurses, social workers, counselors, or psychologists. 31 32 The calculation shall be that one year of service in a nonschool position counts as one year of service for purposes of this chapter, up 33 to a limit of two years of nonschool service. Nonschool years of 34 35 service included in calculations under this subsection shall not be 36 applied to service credit totals for purposes of any retirement benefit 37 under chapter 41.32, 41.35, or 41.40 RCW, or any other state retirement system benefits. 38

Sec. 11. RCW 28A.175.010 and 2005 c 207 s 3 are each amended to 1 2 read as follows: Each school district shall account for the educational progress of 3 4 each of its students. To achieve this, school districts shall be 5 required to report annually to the superintendent of public instruction: б (1) For students enrolled in each of a school district's high 7 8 school programs: (a) The number of students who graduate in fewer than four years; 9 10 (b) The number of students who graduate in four years; (c) The number of students who remain in school for more than four 11

12 years but who eventually graduate and the number of students who remain 13 in school for more than four years but do not graduate;

14 (d) The number of students who transfer to other schools;

(e) The number of students in the ninth through twelfth grade whodrop out of school over a four-year period; and

(f) The number of students whose status is unknown.

18 (2) Dropout rates of students in each of the grades seven through19 twelve.

20 (3) Dropout rates for student populations in each of the grades21 seven through twelve by:

22 (a) Ethnicity;

23 (b) Gender;

17

24 (c) Socioeconomic status; and

25 (d) Disability status.

(4) The causes or reasons, or both, attributed to students forhaving dropped out of school in grades seven through twelve.

(5) The superintendent of public instruction shall adopt rules 28 under chapter 34.05 RCW to assure uniformity in the information 29 districts are required to report under subsections (1) through (4) of 30 In developing rules, the superintendent of public 31 this section. 32 instruction shall consult with school districts, including administrative and counseling personnel, with regard to the methods 33 through which information is to be collected and reported. 34

(6) In reporting on the causes or reasons, or both, attributed to
students for having dropped out of school, school building officials
shall, to the extent reasonably practical, obtain such information

directly from students. In lieu of obtaining such information directly from students, building principals and counselors shall identify the causes or reasons, or both, based on their professional judgment.

4 (7) The superintendent of public instruction shall report annually
5 to the legislature the information collected under subsections (1)
6 through (4) of this section.

7 (8) The Washington state institute for public policy shall 8 calculate an annual estimate of the savings to taxpayers resulting from 9 any improvement compared to the prior school year in the extended 10 graduation rate, as calculated by the superintendent of public 11 instruction. The superintendent shall include the estimate from the 12 institute in an appendix of the report required under subsection (7) of 13 this section, beginning with the 2010 report.

14 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 12. A new section is added to chapter 28A.300
15 RCW to read as follows:

The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall 16 implement and maintain an internet-based portal that provides ready 17 public access to the state's prototypical school funding model for 18 basic education under RCW 28A.150.260. The portal must provide 19 20 citizens the opportunity to view, for each local school building, the 21 staffing levels and other prototypical school funding elements that are 22 assumed under the state funding formula. The portal must also provide 23 a matrix displaying how individual school districts are deploying those same state resources through their allocation of staff and other 24 25 resources to school buildings, so that citizens are able to compare the 26 state assumptions to district allocation decisions for each local 27 school building.

28 **Sec. 13.** RCW 28A.150.100 and 1990 c 33 s 103 are each amended to 29 read as follows:

30 (1) For the purposes of this section and RCW 28A.150.410 and 31 28A.400.200, "basic education certificated instructional staff" 32 ((shall)) means all full_time equivalent classroom teachers, teacher 33 librarians, guidance counselors, certificated student health services 34 staff, and other certificated instructional staff in the following 35 programs as defined for statewide school district accounting purposes: Basic education, secondary vocational education, general instructional
 support, and general supportive services.

3 (2) ((In the 1988-89 school year and thereafter,)) Each school 4 district shall maintain a ratio of at least forty-six basic education 5 certificated instructional staff to one thousand annual average full 6 time equivalent students.

7 Sec. 14. 2009 c 548 s 710 (uncodified) is amended to read as 8 follows:

9 (1) RCW 28A.150.030 (School day) and 1971 ex.s. c 161 s 1 & 1969 10 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.01.010;

11 (2) RCW 28A.150.060 (Certificated employee) and 2005 c 497 s 212, 12 1990 c 33 s 102, 1977 ex.s. c 359 s 17, 1975 1st ex.s. c 288 s 21, & 13 1973 1st ex.s. c 105 s 1;

14 (3) ((RCW 28A.150.100 (Basic education certificated instructional 15 staff--Definition--Ratio to students) and 1990 c 33 s 103 & 1987 1st 16 ex.s. c 2 s 203;

17 (4))) RCW 28A.150.040 (School year--Beginning--End) and 1990 c 33
18 s 101, 1982 c 158 s 5, 1977 ex.s. c 286 s 1, 1975-'76 2nd ex.s. c 118
19 s 22, & 1969 ex.s. c 223 s 28A.01.020;

20 (((5))) (4) RCW 28A.150.370 (Additional programs for which 21 legislative appropriations must or may be made) and 1995 c 335 s 102, 22 1995 c 77 s 5, 1990 c 33 s 114, 1982 1st ex.s. c 24 s 1, & 1977 ex.s. 23 c 359 s 7; and

24 (((6))) <u>(5)</u> RCW 28A.155.180 (Safety net funds--Application--25 Technical assistance--Annual survey) and 2007 c 400 s 8.

26 **Sec. 15.** RCW 28A.290.010 and 2009 c 548 s 114 are each amended to 27 read as follows:

(1) The quality education council is created to recommend and 28 inform the ongoing implementation by the legislature of an evolving 29 30 program of basic education and the financing necessary to support such The council shall develop strategic recommendations on the 31 program. program of basic education for the common schools. The council shall 32 take into consideration the capacity report produced under RCW 33 34 28A.300.172 and the availability of data and progress of implementing 35 the data systems required under RCW 28A.655.210. Any recommendations 36 for modifications to the program of basic education shall be based on evidence that the programs effectively support student learning. The council shall update the statewide strategic recommendations every four years. The recommendations of the council are intended to:

4 (a) Inform future educational policy and funding decisions of the 5 legislature and governor;

6 (b) Identify measurable goals and priorities for the educational 7 system in Washington state for a ten-year time period, including the 8 goals of basic education and ongoing strategies for coordinating 9 statewide efforts to eliminate the achievement gap and reduce student 10 dropout rates; and

11 (c) Enable the state of Washington to continue to implement an 12 evolving program of basic education.

13 (2) The council may request updates and progress reports from the 14 office of the superintendent of public instruction, the state board of 15 education, the professional educator standards board, and the 16 department of early learning on the work of the agencies as well as 17 educational working groups established by the legislature.

18 (3) The chair of the council shall be selected from the 19 councilmembers. The council shall be composed of the following 20 members:

(a) Four members of the house of representatives, with two members representing each of the major caucuses and appointed by the speaker of the house of representatives;

(b) Four members of the senate, with two members representing each
of the major caucuses and appointed by the president of the senate;
((and))

(c) One representative each from the office of the governor, office of the superintendent of public instruction, state board of education, professional educator standards board, and department of early learning; and

31 (d) One nonlegislative representative from the achievement gap 32 oversight and accountability committee established under RCW 33 28A.300.136, to be selected by the members of the committee.

(4) In the 2009 fiscal year, the council shall meet as often as
 necessary as determined by the chair. In subsequent years, the council
 shall meet no more than four times a year.

37 (5)(a) The council shall submit an initial report to the governor38 and the legislature by January 1, 2010, detailing its recommendations,

including recommendations for resolving issues or decisions requiring legislative action during the 2010 legislative session, and recommendations for any funding necessary to continue development and implementation of chapter 548, Laws of 2009.

5

(b) The initial report shall, at a minimum, include:

6 (i) Consideration of how to establish a statewide beginning teacher7 mentoring and support system;

8 (ii) Recommendations for a program of early learning for at-risk9 children;

10 (iii) A recommended schedule for the concurrent phase-in of the 11 changes to the instructional program of basic education and the 12 implementation of the funding formulas and allocations to support the 13 new instructional program of basic education as established under 14 chapter 548, Laws of 2009. The phase-in schedule shall have full 15 implementation completed by September 1, 2018; and

16 (iv) A recommended schedule for phased-in implementation of the new 17 distribution formula for allocating state funds to school districts for 18 the transportation of students to and from school, with phase-in 19 beginning no later than September 1, 2013.

20 (6) <u>The council shall submit a report to the governor and the</u> 21 <u>legislature by December 1, 2010, that includes:</u>

(a) Recommendations for specific strategies, programs, and funding, including funding allocations through the funding distribution formula in RCW 28A.150.260, that are designed to close the achievement gap and increase the high school graduation rate in Washington public schools. The council shall consult with the achievement gap oversight and accountability committee and the building bridges work group in developing its recommendations; and

(b) Recommendations for assuring adequate levels of state-funded
 classified staff to support essential school and district services.

31 <u>(7)</u> The council shall be staffed by the office of the 32 superintendent of public instruction and the office of financial 33 management. Additional staff support shall be provided by the state 34 entities with representatives on the committee. Senate committee 35 services and the house of representatives office of program research 36 may provide additional staff support.

37 (((7))) <u>(8)</u> Legislative members of the council shall serve without 38 additional compensation but may be reimbursed for travel expenses in 1 accordance with RCW 44.04.120 while attending sessions of the council 2 or on official business authorized by the council. Nonlegislative 3 members of the council may be reimbursed for travel expenses in 4 accordance with RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060.

5 **Sec. 16.** 2009 c 548 s 805 (uncodified) is amended to read as 6 follows:

7 Sections 304 through 311 of this act take effect September 1, 8 ((2013)) 2011.

9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 17. 2009 c 548 s 112, as amended by section 5 10 of this act, is codified as a section in chapter 28A.290 RCW.

11 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 18. RCW 43.41.398 is recodified as a section in 12 chapter 28A.400 RCW.

13 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 19. Sections 2, 3, 4, 8, 10, 13, and 14 of this 14 act take effect September 1, 2011.

15 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 20. Section 6 of this act is necessary for the 16 immediate preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or 17 support of the state government and its existing public institutions, 18 and takes effect immediately."

<u>SHB 2776</u> - S AMD By Senator

ADOPTED AND ENGROSSED 03/11/2010

19 On page 1, line 2 of the title, after "education;" strike the remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 20 28A.150.260, 28A.150.390, 28A.150.315, 43.41.398, 28A.160.192, 28A.150.410, 21 22 28A.175.010, 28A.150.100, and 28A.290.010; amending 2009 c 548 s 112 23 (uncodified); amending 2009 c 548 s 302 (uncodified); amending 2009 c 548 s 710 (uncodified); amending 2009 c 548 s 805 (uncodified); adding 24 25 a new section to chapter 28A.160 RCW; adding a new section to chapter

28A.300 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.290 RCW; adding a new 1 section to chapter 28A.400 RCW; creating a new section; recodifying RCW 2 43.41.398; providing effective dates; and declaring an emergency." 3

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