CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1038

Chapter 245, Laws of 2009

61st Legislature
2009 Regular Session

SPECIALIZED FOREST PRACTICES--PERMITS

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/26/09

Passed by the House April 16, 2009
Yeas 97  Nays 0

FRANK CHOPP
Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 7, 2009
Yeas 44  Nays 0

BRAD OWEN
President of the Senate

Approved April 28, 2009, 3:49 p.m.

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1038 as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BARBARA BAKER
Chief Clerk

FILED
April 29, 2009

CHRISTINE GREGOIRE
Governor of the State of Washington
AN ACT Relating to forest products addressed by chapter 76.48 RCW; amending RCW 76.48.010, 76.48.020, 76.48.060, 76.48.080, 76.48.050, 76.48.062, 76.48.094, 76.48.085, 76.48.098, 76.48.030, 76.48.120, 76.48.130, 76.48.140, 76.48.040, 76.48.110, 76.48.100, 76.48.210, 76.48.150, 76.48.200, 76.48.902, and 76.48.910; adding new sections to chapter 76.48 RCW; creating a new section; recodifying RCW 76.48.010, 76.48.020, 76.48.060, 76.48.080, 76.48.050, 76.48.062, 76.48.094, 76.48.085, 76.48.098, 76.48.030, 76.48.120, 76.48.130, 76.48.140, 76.48.040, 76.48.110, 76.48.100, 76.48.210, 76.48.150, 76.48.200, 76.48.900, 76.48.902, and 76.48.910; decodifying RCW 76.48.901; repealing RCW 76.48.070, 76.48.086, 76.48.096, and 76.48.075; and prescribing penalties.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that the specialized forest products work group created pursuant to section 2, chapter 392, Laws of 2007 produced a number of consensus recommendations to the legislature as to how the permitting requirements of chapter 76.48 RCW can be improved. In making
recommendations, the work group focused on the goals enumerated in RCW 76.48.010 (as recodified by this act).

(2) It is the intent of the legislature to enact those recommendations contained in the report submitted to the legislature from the specialized forest products work group in December 2008 that require statutory modifications.

(3) It is also the intent of the legislature for the department of natural resources, along with other state and local agencies, to take those administrative actions necessary to execute the recommendations contained in the report that do not require statutory changes. When taking administrative actions regarding specialized forest products, those actions should, when appropriate, be conducted consistent with recommendations contained in the report submitted to the legislature from the specialized forest products work group.

Sec. 2. RCW 76.48.010 and 1967 ex.s. c 47 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is in the public interest of this state to protect ((a great)) an important natural resource and to provide ((a high degree of)) protection to the landowners of the state of Washington from the theft of specialized forest products.

(2) To satisfy this public interest, this chapter is intended to:
(a) Provide law enforcement with reasonable tools;
(b) Reasonably protect landowners from theft;
(c) Ensure that requirements are not unduly burdensome to those harvesting, transporting, possessing, and purchasing specialized forest products;
(d) Craft requirements that are clear and readily understandable; and
(e) Establish requirements that are able to be administered and enforced consistently statewide.

Sec. 3. RCW 76.48.020 and 2008 c 191 s 9 are each amended to read as follows:

The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

(1) "Artistic cedar product" means a product made from the wood of a cedar tree, including western red cedar, that is not included in the
definition of "cedar products" and has been carved, turned, or otherwise manipulated to more than an insignificant degree with the objective intent to be an artistic expression and that would be or is recognized by the applicable local market as having an economic value greater than the value of the raw materials used. Examples of artistic cedar products include, but are not limited to:

(a) Chainsaw carvings;
(b) Hand carvings;
(c) Decorative bowls and boxes.

(2) "Authorization" means a properly completed preprinted form authorizing the transportation or possession of Christmas trees (which contains the information required by) prepared consistent with RCW 76.48.080 (a sample of which is filed before the harvesting occurs with the sheriff of the county in which the harvesting is to occur) (as recodified by this act).

(4) "Bill of lading" means a written or printed itemized list or statement of particulars pertinent to the transportation or possession of a specialized forest product prepared consistent with RCW 76.48.080 (as recodified by this act).

(4) "Cascara bark" means the bark of a Cascara tree.

(4) "Cedar processor" means any person who purchases, takes, or retains possession of cedar products or cedar salvage for later sale in the same or modified form following removal and delivery from the land where harvested.)

(5) ("Cedar products" means cedar shakeboards, shake and shingle bolts, and rounds one to three feet in length.

(6) "Cedar salvage" means cedar chunks, slabs, stumps, and logs having a volume greater than one cubic foot and being harvested or transported from areas not associated with the concurrent logging of timber stands—(a) under a forest practices application approved or notification received by the department of natural resources, or (b) under a contract or permit issued by an agency of the United States government.) (a) "Cedar products" means the following if made from the wood of a cedar tree, including western red cedar:

(i) Shake and shingle bolts;
(ii) Fence posts and fence rails;
(iii) Logs not covered by a valid approved forest practices application or notification under chapter 76.09 RCW; and
(iv) Other pieces measuring fifteen inches or longer.

(b) "Cedar products" does not include those materials identified in the definition of "processed cedar products" or "artistic cedar products."

(7) "Christmas trees" means any evergreen trees (or the top thereof, commonly known as Christmas trees, with limbs and branches, with or without roots, including fir, pine, spruce, cedar, and other coniferous species) including fir, pine, spruce, cedar, and other coniferous species commonly known as Christmas trees. The definition of Christmas trees includes trees with or without the roots intact and the tops of the trees. The definition of Christmas trees does not include trees without limbs or branches.

(8) "Cut or picked evergreen foliage" means evergreen boughs, huckleberry foliage, salal, fern, Oregon grape, rhododendron, mosses, bear grass, (scotch broom (Cytisus scoparius)) and other cut or picked evergreen products. "Cut or picked evergreen foliage" does not include cones, berries, any foliage that does not remain green year-round, (or) seeds, or any plant listed on the state noxious weed list under RCW 17.10.080.

(9) "Department" means the department of natural resources.

"First specialized forest products buyer" means the first person that receives any specialized forest products after they leave the harvest site.

(10) "Harvest" means to separate, by cutting, prying, picking, peeling, breaking, pulling, splitting, or otherwise removing, a specialized forest product (from its physical connection or contact with the land or vegetation upon which it is or was growing or (b) from the position in which it is lying upon the land). "Harvest" includes both removing a specialized forest product from its original physical connection with the land and collecting a specialized forest product that has been previously separated from the land.

(11) "Harvest site" means each location where one or more persons are engaged in harvesting specialized forest products close enough to each other that communication can be conducted with an investigating law enforcement officer in a normal conversational tone.

(12) "Huckleberry" means the following species of edible berries, if they are not nursery grown: Big huckleberry (Vaccinium membranaceum), Cascade blueberry (Vaccinium deliciosum), evergreen
huckleberry (Vaccinium ovatum), red huckleberry (Vaccinium parvifolium), globe huckleberry (Vaccinium globulare), oval-leaf huckleberry (Vaccinium ovalifolium), Alaska huckleberry (Vaccinium alaskaense), dwarf huckleberry (Vaccinium caespitosum), western huckleberry (Vaccinium occidentale), bog blueberry (Vaccinium uliginosum), dwarf bilberry (Vaccinium myrtillus), and grouse whortleberry (Vaccinium scoparium).

"Landowner" means, with regard to real property, the private owner, the state of Washington or any political subdivision, the federal government, or a person who by deed, contract, or lease has authority to harvest and sell the specialized forest products of the property. "Landowner" does not include the purchaser or successful high bidder at a public or private timber sale.

"Native ornamental trees and shrubs" means any trees or shrubs which are not nursery grown and which have been removed from the ground with the roots intact.

"Permit area" means a designated tract of land that may contain single or multiple harvest sites.

"Permittee" means a person who is authorized by a permit issued consistent with this chapter to harvest, possess, and transport specialized forest products or to sell huckleberries.

"Permittor" means the landowner of the land from where specialized forest products were, or are planned to be, harvested under a permit issued consistent with this chapter.

"Person" includes the plural and all corporations, foreign or domestic, copartnerships, firms, and associations of persons.

"Processed cedar products" means (cedar shakes, shingles, fence posts, hop poles, pickets, stakes, rails, or rounds less than one foot in length) products made from the wood of a cedar tree, including western red cedar, that have undergone more than an insignificant degree of value-added processing and are not included in the definition of "cedar products." Examples of processed cedar products include, but are not limited to:

(a) Shakes;
(b) Shingles;
(c) Hop poles;
(d) Pickets; and
(e) Stakes.
"Sheriff" means, for the purpose of validating specialized forest products permits, the county sheriff, deputy sheriff, or an authorized employee of the sheriff's office or an agent of the office.

"Sales invoice" means a written or printed itemized list or statement of particulars pertinent to the transportation or possession of a specialized forest product prepared consistent with RCW 76.48.080 (as recodified by this act).

"Secondary specialized forest products buyer" means any person who receives any specialized forest products after the transaction with the first specialized forest products buyer.

"Specialized forest products" means (Christmas trees, native ornamental trees and shrubs, cut or picked evergreen foliage, cedar products, cedar salvage, processed cedar products, specialty wood, wild edible mushrooms, and Cascara bark) the following:

(a) Specialty wood;
(b) More than five Christmas trees;
(c) More than five native ornamental trees and shrubs;
(d) More than twenty pounds of cut or picked evergreen foliage;
(e) More than five pounds of Cascara bark; and
(f) More than five United States gallons of wild edible mushrooms.

"Specialized forest products permit" or "permit" means a printed document (in a form printed by the department of natural resources, or true copy thereof, that is signed by a landowner or his or her authorized agent or representative, referred to in this chapter as "permitter" and validated by the county sheriff and authorizes a designated person, referred to in this chapter as "permittee," who has also signed the permit, to harvest and transport a designated specialized forest product from land owned or controlled and specified by the permitter and that is located in the county where the permit is issued, or sell raw or unprocessed huckleberries) and all attachments completed in compliance with the requirements of this chapter and includes both validated permits and verifiable permits.

"Specialty wood" means (wood):
(a) A cedar product; or
(b) Englemann spruce, Sitka spruce, big leaf maple, or western red alder that (is):

(i) Is in logs (less than eight feet in length)), chunks, slabs, stumps, or burls; (and
(b) One or more of the following:

(i) Of the species western red cedar, Englemann spruce, Sitka spruce, big leaf maple, or western red alder;

(ii) Is capable of being cut into a segment that is without knots in a portion of the surface area at least ((twenty-one)) nineteen inches long and seven and a quarter inches wide when measured from the outer surface toward the center; ((or

(iii) Suitable for the purposes of making musical instruments or ornamental boxes))

(iii) Measures:
(A) Nineteen inches or longer;
(B) Greater than one and three-quarter inches thick; and
(C) Seven and one-quarter inches or greater in width; and

(iv) Is being harvested or transported from areas not associated with the concurrent logging of timber stands:
(A) Under a forest practices application approval or notification received by the department under chapter 76.09 RCW; or
(B) Under a contract or permit issued by an agency of the United States government.

((21) "Specialty wood buyer" means the first person that receives any specialty wood product after it leaves the harvest site.

(22)) (24) "Specialty wood processor" means any person who purchases, takes, or retains possession of specialty wood ((products or specialty wood salvage)) for later sale in the same or modified form following removal and delivery from the land where harvested.

((23)) (25) "Transportation" means the physical conveyance of specialized forest products outside or off of a harvest site by any means.

((24)) (26) "True copy" means a replica of a ((validated)) specialized forest products permit ((as)) reproduced ((by a copy machine capable of effectively reproducing the information contained on the permittee's copy of the specialized forest products permit. A copy is made true by the permittee or the permittee and permitter signing in the space provided on the face of the copy. A true copy will be effective until the expiration date of the specialized forest products permit unless the permittee or the permittee and permitter specify an earlier date. A permitter may require the actual signatures of both the permittee and permitter for execution of a true copy by so
indicating in the space provided on the original copy of the specialized forest products permit. A permittee, or, if so indicated, the permittee and permitter, may condition the use of the true copy to harvesting only, transportation only, possession only, or any combination thereof) as provided in section 6 of this act.

"Validated permit" means a permit that is validated as required under this chapter prior to the harvest, transportation, or possession of specialized forest products.

"Verifiable permit" means a permit that contains the required information allowing a law enforcement officer to verify the validity of the information contained on the permit but that does not require validation prior to the harvest, transportation, or possession of specialized forest products.

"Wild edible mushrooms" means edible mushrooms not cultivated or propagated by (artificial) domestic means.

Sec. 4. RCW 76.48.060 and 2008 c 191 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 76.48.100 (as recodified by this act), a completed specialized forest products permit ((validated by the county sheriff shall be obtained by a person prior to)) issued under this chapter is required prior to engaging in the following activities:

(a) Harvesting any specialized forest products from any lands, including his or her own((, more than five Christmas trees, more than five native ornamental trees or shrubs, more than five pounds of cut or picked evergreen foliage, any cedar products, cedar salvage, processed cedar products, or more than five pounds of Cascara bark, or more than five United States gallons of a single species of wild edible mushroom; or

(b) Selling, or offering for sale, any amount of raw or unprocessed huckleberries.

(2) Specialized forest products permit forms shall be provided by the department of natural resources, and shall be made available through the office of the county sheriff to permittees or permitters in reasonable quantities. A permit form shall be completed in triplicate for each permittee's property on which a permittee harvests specialized forest products. A properly completed permit form shall be mailed or
presented for validation to the sheriff of the county in which the specialized forest products are to be harvested.

(3) Before a permit form is validated by the sheriff, sufficient personal identification may be required to reasonably identify the person mailing or presenting the permit form and the sheriff may conduct other investigations as deemed necessary to determine the validity of the information alleged on the form. When the sheriff is reasonably satisfied as to the truth of the information, the form shall be validated with the sheriff’s validation stamp.

(4) Upon validation, the form shall become the specialized forest products permit authorizing the harvesting, possession, or transportation of specialized forest products and the sale of huckleberries, subject to any other conditions or limitations which the permitter may specify. Two copies of the permit shall be given or mailed to the permitter, or one copy shall be given or mailed to the permitter and the other copy given or mailed to the permittee. The original permit shall be retained in the office of the county sheriff validating the permit.

(5) In the event a single land ownership is situated in two or more counties, a specialized forest product permit shall be completed as to the land situated in each county.

(6) While engaged in harvesting of specialized forest products, permittees, or their agents or employees, must have readily available at each harvest site a valid permit or true copy of the permit.)

(b) Possessing or transporting any specialized forest products, unless the person has in his or her possession either of the following in lieu of a permit:

(i) A true copy of the permit;

(ii) If the person is transporting the specialized forest product from a location other than the harvest site or is a first or secondary specialized forest products buyer, a sales invoice, bill of lading, or, for the possession and transportation of Christmas trees only, an authorization if a copy of the authorization has been filed prior to the harvest of the Christmas trees with the sheriff's office for the county in which the Christmas trees are to be harvested;

(iii) A bill of lading or documentation issued in or by another state, a Canadian province, or the federal government indicating the
true_origin_of_the_specialized_forest_products_as_being_outside_of
Washington; or

(iv) If the products were harvested within the operational area
defined by a valid forest practices application or notification under
chapter 76.09 RCW, a sequentially numbered load ticket generated by the
landowner or the landowner's agent that includes, at a minimum, all
information required on a bill of lading and the forest practices
application number.

(c) Selling, or offering for sale, any amount of raw or unprocessed
huckleberries, regardless if the huckleberries were harvested with the
consent of the landowner, unless the possessor of the huckleberries
being offered for sale is able to show that the huckleberries
originated on land owned by the United States forest service and
displays a valid permit from the United States forest service that
lawfully entitles the possessor to harvest the huckleberries in
question.

(2)(a) Unless otherwise designated by the permittor as provided in
this subsection, a permit or true copy must be readily available for
inspection at each harvest site.

(b) An individual permit or true copy must be carried and made
readily available for inspection by each individual permittee at a
harvest site if the permittor designated an individual permit or true
copy as an additional condition or limitation specified on the permit
under RCW 76.48.050 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 5. RCW 76.48.080 and 1979 ex.s. c 94 s 7 are each amended to
read as follows:

((The)) An authorization, sales invoice, or bill of lading
((required by RCW 76.48.070 shall)) must specify the following in order
to satisfy the requirements of this chapter:

(1) The date of ((its execution)) the product's transportation.

(2) The ((number)) amount and type of specialized forest products
((sold or)) being transported.

(3) The name and address of the ((owner, vendor, or donor of the
specialized forest products.

(4) The name and address of the vendee, donee, or receiver of the))
person receiving the specialized forest products.
((5) The location of origin of the specialized forest products.)

(4) The name and address of the first or secondary specialized forest products buyer, specialty wood processor, or other person from where the specialized forest products are being transported.

(5) The name of the driver transporting the specialized forest products.

(6) The license plate number of the vehicle transporting the specialized forest product.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. A new section is added to chapter 76.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A true copy of a specialized forest products permit is valid if:

(a) The copy is reproduced by a copy machine capable of effectively reproducing the permit information required under RCW 76.48.050 (as recodified by this act); and

(b)(i) The permittee has provided an original signature in the space provided on the face of the copy.

(ii) An actual signature of the permittor is also required for a true copy to be valid if the permittor indicates on the space provided for signatures on the original permit that the actual signature of the permittor is required for the validation of any copies.

(2) A true copy is effective until the expiration date of the underlying permit unless an earlier date is provided by the signatories to the copy.

(3) Either signatory to a permit may condition the use of the true copy for only harvesting, only possessing, only transporting, or a combination of harvesting, possessing, and transporting the associated specialized forest products by indicating the limitations of the true copy on the permit or the copy.

(4) Any permittee issuing a true copy must record and retain for one year the following information:

(a) The date the true copy is issued;

(b) The license plate number and make and model of the vehicle to be used with the true copy;

(c) The name and address of the person receiving the true copy;

(d) The unique number assigned to a valid state identification document issued to the person; and
NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 76.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1)(a) Except for the sale of huckleberries, the permit requirements of RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) may be satisfied with either a validated permit or a verifiable permit. The decision to use a validated or verifiable permit must be made and agreed upon jointly by the permittee and the permittor.

(b) For the sale of huckleberries, only a validated permit satisfies the requirements of RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act).

(2)(a) Forms for both validated permits and verifiable permits must be provided by the department and be made available in reasonable quantities through county sheriff offices and other locations deemed appropriate by the department.

(b) In designing the forms, the department shall ensure that:

(i) All mandatory requirements of this chapter are satisfied;

(ii) The type of permit is clearly marked on the form;

(iii) Each permit is separately numbered and the issuance of the permits are by unique numbers; and

(iv) The form is designed in a manner allowing a permittor to require his or her signature on all true copies as provided in section 6 of this act.

(3) Permit forms must be completed in triplicate for each property and in each county in which specialized forest products are proposed to be harvested or huckleberries sold.

(4)(a) Within five business days after the signature of the permittor on the form for a verifiable permit, as required in RCW 76.48.050 (as recodified by this act), the original permit form must be provided by the permittee to the sheriff of the county in which the specialized forest products are to be harvested. The permittee may provide the permit form in a manner convenient to the permittee and the sheriff's office, including in-person presentation or by mail. If mailed, the permit form must be postmarked within the time window established under this subsection.

(b) Upon full completion, as provided in RCW 76.48.050 (as recodified by this act), the permit form for a validated permit must,
except for permits to sell huckleberries, be mailed or presented for validation to the sheriff of the county in which the specialized forest products are to be harvested. Validated permits relating to the sale of huckleberries may be validated by the sheriff of any county in the state.

(5) Two copies of the permit must be retained by the permittee, of which one copy must be given or mailed to the permittor by the permittee. The original permit must be retained in the office of the county sheriff for the purposes of verifying the permit, if necessary.

(6) All permits expire no later than the end of the calendar year in which they are issued.

(7) Permits provided under this section are subject to any other conditions or limitations that the permittor may specify.

(8) Before a permit form is accepted or validated by a sheriff, sufficient personal identification may be required to reasonably identify the person mailing or presenting the permit form. The sheriff may conduct other investigations as deemed necessary to determine the validity of the information alleged on the form.

(9) In the event a single land ownership is situated in two or more counties, a permit form must be completed, as provided in this section, for the portions of the ownership situated in each county.

(10) Permits that are validated by or provided to a sheriff's office under this section must be maintained by that office for a length of time determined by the appropriate records retention schedule.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. A new section is added to chapter 76.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) Forms for a verifiable permit become valid for the purposes of RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) upon the completion of all information required by RCW 76.48.050 (as recodified by this act).

(2) Forms for a validated permit become valid for the purposes of RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) upon the validation of the form by the appropriate county sheriff.

Sec. 9. RCW 76.48.050 and 2008 c 191 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ((Except as otherwise provided in subsection (3) of this
A specialized forest products ((permits shall consist of properly completed permit forms validated by the sheriff of the county in which the specialized forest products are to be harvested. Each permit shall be separately numbered and the issuance of the permits shall be by consecutive numbers. All specialized forest products permits shall expire at the end of the calendar year in which issued, or sooner, at the discretion of the permitter)) permit form may not be validated or accepted for verification by a sheriff unless the permit satisfies the requirements of this section.

(2) A properly completed ((specialized forest products)) permit form shall include:

(a) The date of its execution and expiration;
(b) The name, address, up to three telephone numbers, ((if any,)) and signature of the ((permitter)) permittee and permittor;
(c) ((The name, address, telephone number, if any, and signature of the permittee;
   (d))) The type of specialized forest products to be harvested or transported;
   ((e)) (d) The approximate amount or volume of specialized forest products to be harvested or transported;
   ((f)) (e)(i) For validated permits only, the parcel number or the legal description of the property from which the specialized forest products are to be harvested or transported((, including));
   (ii) For verifiable permits only:
      (A) The parcel number for where the harvesting is to occur, unless the owner of the parcel actually lives at the parcel and the parcel's boundaries comprise an area one acre in size or smaller;
      (B) The address of the property where the harvesting is to occur if the owner of the property lives at the parcel and the parcel's boundaries comprise an area less than one acre;
      (C) The name of the county((, or the state or province if outside the state of Washington)) where the harvesting is to occur; and
      (D) An accurate report or statement from the county assessor of the county where the specialized forest products are to be harvested that provides clear evidence that the permittor named on the verifiable permit is the owner of the parcel named on the permit;
   ((g)) (f) A description by local landmarks of where the
harvesting is to occur, or from where the specialized forest products
are to be transported;

((h)) (g) For ((cedar products, cedar salvage, and)) specialty
wood, a copy of a map or aerial photograph, with defined permitted
boundaries, included as an attachment to the permit;

((i)) (h)(i) For validated permits, a copy of a valid picture
identification of the permittee on the copy of the permit form that is
presented to the sheriff; and

(ii) For verifiable permits, the unique number assigned to a valid
state identification document for both the permittee and permittor; and

((j)) (i) The details of any other condition or limitation which
the ((permittee)) permittor may specify.

(3) For permits intended to satisfy the requirements of RCW
((76.48.210)) 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) relating ((only))
to the sale of huckleberries, the ((specialized forest products))
permit:

(a) ((May be obtained from the department of natural resources or
the sheriff of any county in the state;)

(b)) Must, in addition to the requirements of subsection (2) of
this section, also contain information relating to where the
huckleberries were, or plan to be, harvested, and the approximate
amount of huckleberries that are going to be offered for sale; and

((c)) (b) Must include a statement designed to inform the
possessor that permission from the landowner is still required prior to
the harvesting of huckleberries.

((d) Except for the harvesting of Christmas trees, the permit or
true copy thereof must be carried by the permittee and the permittee's
agents and be available for inspection at all times. For the
harvesting of Christmas trees only a single permit or true copy thereof
is necessary to be available at the harvest site.))

Sec. 10. RCW 76.48.062 and 1995 c 366 s 15 are each amended to
read as follows:

(1) County sheriffs may contract with other entities to serve as
authorized agents to ((validate specialized forest product)) accept and
validate permits under section 7 of this act. ((These)) Entities that
a county sheriff may contract with include the department, the United
States forest service, the bureau of land management, the department of natural resources, local police departments, and other entities as decided upon by the county sheriffs' departments.

(2) An entity that contracts with a county sheriff to serve as an authorized agent (to validate specialized forest product permits) under this section may make reasonable efforts to verify the information provided on the permit form such as the (section, township, and range) legal description or parcel number of the area where harvesting is to occur.

(3) All processes and requirements applicable to county sheriffs under section 7 of this act also apply to entities contracted under this section.

Sec. 11. RCW 76.48.094 and 2005 c 401 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Cedar or) It is unlawful for any first or secondary specialized forest products buyer, or for any other person, to purchase, take possession of, or retain specialized forest products subsequent to the harvesting and prior to the retail sale of the products unless the supplier of the product displays:

(a) An apparently valid permit required by RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act);

(b) A true copy of an apparently valid permit; or

(c) When applicable:

(i) A bill of lading, authorization, sales invoice, or a government-issued documentation, prepared consistent with RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) indicating the true origin of the specialized forest products as being outside of Washington;

(ii) If the products were harvested within the operational area defined by a valid forest practices application or notification under chapter 76.09 RCW, a sequentially numbered load ticket generated by the landowner or the landowner's agent that includes, at a minimum, all information required on a bill of lading and the forest practices application number; or

(iii) A statement claiming the products offered for sale are otherwise exempt from the permit requirements of this chapter under RCW 76.48.100 (as recodified by this act).
(2) In addition to the requirements of RCW 76.48.085 (as recodified by this act), specialty wood processors ((shall make and maintain a record of the purchase, taking possession, or retention of cedar products, cedar salvage, or specialty wood for at least one year after the date of receipt. The record must be legible and must be made at the time each delivery is made.  

(2)--The)) are required to ensure that a bill of lading ((must accompany)), authorization, or sales invoice accompanies all (cedar products, cedar salvage, or) specialty wood ((products after the products are received by the cedar or specialty wood processor)) upon the receipt of the specialty wood into or the shipping of the specialty wood out of the property of the specialty wood processor. ((The bill of lading must include the specialized forest products permit number or the information provided for in RCW 76.48.075(5) and must also specify:

(a) The date of transportation;

(b) The name and address of the first cedar or specialty wood processor or buyer who recorded the specialized forest products information;

(c) The name and address from where the cedar or specialty wood products are being transported;

(d) The name of the person receiving the cedar or specialty wood products;

(e) The address to where the cedar or specialty wood products are being transported;

(f) The name of the driver;

(g) The vehicle license number;

(h) The type of cedar or specialty wood product being shipped; and

(i) The amount of cedar or specialty wood product being shipped.))

Sec. 12. RCW 76.48.085 and 2008 c 191 s 4 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) ((Buyers who purchase specialized forest products or huckleberries)) (a) First and secondary specialized forest products buyers and huckleberry buyers are required to record:

((a))) (i) If the person is a first specialized forest product buyer, the permit number or, if applicable, a sequentially numbered load ticket generated by the landowner or the landowner's agent that includes, at a minimum, all information required on a bill of lading
(1) The buyer or processor of specialized forest products shall keep a record of this information, along
with any accompanying bill of lading, sales invoice, or authorization, for a period of one year from the date of purchase and must make the records available for inspection upon demand by enforcement officials authorized under RCW 76.48.040 (as recodified by this act) to enforce this chapter.

(2) The buyer or processor may, when applicable, note that the seller claims that the products offered for sale are

(3) The buyer of specialized forest products must record the

(4) In lieu of a permit number or forest practices

identification and load ticket number, the buyer may, when applicable, note that the seller claims that the products offered for sale are

and the forest practices application or notification number if the seller claims the specialized forest product in question is exempt from the permit requirements of this chapter, as provided in RCW 76.48.100 (as recodified by this act), due to its harvest within the operational area defined by a valid forest practices application or notification under chapter 76.09 RCW;

((b)) (ii) Whether or not the products were accompanied by a bill of lading, authorization, or sales invoice;

(iii) The type of specialized forest product purchased, and ((whether)) if applicable, an indication that huckleberries were purchased;

(iv) The (permit holder's) name of the seller; (and

(v) The amount of specialized forest product or huckleberries purchased;

(vi) The date of delivery;

(vii) The name of the person driving the vehicle in which the specialized forest products were transported to the buyer, as confirmed by a visual inspection of the applicable driver's license, unless the buyer has previously recorded the driver's information in an accessible record; and

(viii) Except for transactions involving Christmas trees, the license plate number of the vehicle in which the specialized forest products were transported to the buyer.

(2) The buyer or processor of specialized forest products shall keep a record of this information, along with any accompanying bill of lading, sales invoice, or authorization, for a period of one year from the date of purchase and must make the records available for inspection upon demand by enforcement officials authorized under RCW 76.48.040 (as recodified by this act) to enforce this chapter.

(3) The buyer of specialized forest products must record the license plate number of the vehicle transporting the forest products or huckleberries on the bill of sale, as well as the seller's permit number on the bill of sale. This section shall not apply to transactions involving Christmas trees.

(4) In lieu of a permit number or forest practices identification and load ticket number, the buyer may, when applicable, note that the seller claims that the products offered for sale are

and the forest practices application or notification number if the seller claims the specialized forest product in question is exempt from the permit requirements of this chapter, as provided in RCW 76.48.100 (as recodified by this act), due to its harvest within the operational area defined by a valid forest practices application or notification under chapter 76.09 RCW;
exempt from the permit requirements of this chapter under RCW 76.48.100
(as recodified by this act), or were lawfully transported into
Washington from out of state. All other information required by this
section must be recorded.

(2) This section ((shall)) does not apply to buyers of specialized
forest products at the retail sales level.

(3) Records of buyers of specialized forest products and
huckleberries collected under this section may be made available to
colleges and universities for the purpose of research.

Sec. 13. RCW 76.48.098 and 2005 c 401 s 9 are each amended to read
as follows:

Every ((cedar or)) first or secondary specialized forest products
buyer purchasing specialty wood and specialty wood ((buyer or))
processor shall prominently display a ((valid registration
certificate)) master license issued by the department of licensing
under RCW 19.02.070 or a copy ((thereof)) of the license((, obtained
from the department of revenue under RCW 82.32.030)) at each location
where the buyer or processor receives ((cedar products, cedar salvage,
or)) specialty wood if the first or secondary specialized forest
products buyer or specialty wood processor is required to possess a
license incorporated into the master license system created in chapter
19.02 RCW.

((Permittees shall sell cedar products, cedar salvage, or specialty
wood products only to cedar or specialty wood processors displaying
registration certificates which appear to be valid.))

Sec. 14. RCW 76.48.030 and 2007 c 392 s 4 are each amended to read
as follows:

It is unlawful for any person to:

(1) ((Harvest)) Sell or attempt to sell huckleberries, or harvest,
possess, or transport specialized forest products ((as described in RCW
76.48.020, in the quantities specified)) in violation of RCW
76.48.060((, without first obtaining a validated specialized forest
products permit)) (as recodified by this act);

(2) Engage in activities or phases of harvesting specialized forest
products not authorized by ((the)) a permit under this chapter;
(3) Harvest specialized forest products in any lesser quantities than those specified in RCW 76.48.060(, as now or hereafter amended,)) (as recodified by this act) without first obtaining permission from the landowner or ((his or her duly)) the landowner's authorized agent or representative; or

(4) Harvest huckleberries in any amount using a rake, mechanical device, or any other method that damages the huckleberry bush.

**Sec. 15.** RCW 76.48.120 and 2008 c 191 s 7 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person, upon official inquiry, investigation, or other authorized proceedings, to:

(a) Offer as genuine any paper, document, or other instrument in writing purporting to be a specialized forest products permit, ((or (as thereof))) true copy ((thereof)) of a permit, authorization, sales invoice, ((or (as thereof))) bill of lading, or other document required under this chapter; or

(b) To make any representation of authority to possess or conduct harvesting or transporting of specialized forest products, or to conduct the sale of huckleberries, ((knowing the same to be)) with knowledge that the representation of authority is in any manner false, fraudulent, forged, or stolen.

(2) It is unlawful for any person to produce a document for a first or secondary specialized forest products buyer purporting to be a true and genuine permit when delivering or attempting to deliver a specialized forest product with knowledge that the document is in any manner false, fraudulent, forged, or stolen.

(3) Any person who knowingly or intentionally violates this section is guilty of a class C felony punishable by imprisonment in a state correctional institution for a maximum term fixed by the court of not more than five years or by a fine of not more than five thousand dollars, or by both imprisonment and fine.

(((3) Whenever any law enforcement officer reasonably suspects that a specialized forest products permit or true copy thereof, authorization, sales invoice, or bill of lading is forged, fraudulent, or stolen, it may be retained by the officer until its authenticity can be verified.)))
Sec. 16. RCW 76.48.130 and 2007 c 392 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Except as provided in RCW 76.48.120 (as recodified by this act), a person who violates a provision of this chapter (other than the provisions contained in RCW 76.48.120, as now or hereafter amended) is guilty of a gross misdemeanor (and upon conviction thereof shall be punished) punishable by a fine of not more than one thousand dollars (or by), imprisonment in the county jail for a term not to exceed one year, or by both a fine and imprisonment.

(2) In any prosecution for a violation of this chapter's requirements to obtain or possess a specialized forest products permit (or thereof, an authorization, sales invoice, or), bill of lading, authorization, or sales invoice, it is an affirmative defense, if established by the defendant by a preponderance of the evidence, that:

(a) The specialized forest products were harvested from the defendant's own land; or

(b) The specialized forest products were harvested with the permission of the landowner.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 17. A new section is added to chapter 76.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) The court presiding over the conviction of any person for a violation of RCW 76.48.120 or 76.48.130 (as recodified by this act) who has been convicted of violating either RCW 76.48.120 or 76.48.130 (as recodified by this act) at least two other times shall order up to a three-year suspension of that person's privilege to obtain a specialized forest products permit under this chapter.

(2) If a court issues a suspension under this section after a conviction involving the misuse of a permit with a specified permittor, the legislature requests that the court notify the permittor listed on the permit of the suspension.

(3) Nothing in this section limits the ability of a court to order the suspension of any privileges related to specialized forest products as a condition of probation regardless of whether the person has any past convictions.
Sec. 18. RCW 76.48.140 and 2005 c 401 s 12 are each amended to read as follows:

All fines collected for violations of this chapter shall be paid into the general fund of the county treasury of the county in which the violation occurred and distributed equally among the district courts in the county, the county sheriff's office, and the state treasurer. The portion of the revenue provided to the state treasurer must be distributed to the specialized forest products outreach and education account created in section 26 of this act.

Sec. 19. RCW 76.48.040 and 1995 c 366 s 3 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) Primary enforcement responsibility of this chapter belongs with county sheriffs. However, other entities that may enforce this chapter include:

(a) The department;
(b) The Washington state patrol, county sheriffs and their deputies; (c) County or municipal police forces; (d) Authorized personnel of the United States forest service; and (e) Authorized personnel of the department of fish and wildlife.

(2) The legislature encourages county sheriffs' offices to enter into interlocal agreements with these other agencies in order to receive additional assistance with their enforcement responsibilities.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 20. A new section is added to chapter 76.48 RCW to read as follows:

(1) A law enforcement officer may take into custody and detain for a reasonable time any specialized forest products, authorizations, sales invoices, bills of lading, other documents, and vehicles in which the specialized forest products were transported if, under official inquiry, investigation, or other authorized proceeding regarding specialized forest products not covered by a valid permit or other
acceptable document as provided in this chapter, the inspecting law
enforcement officer has probable cause to believe that the specialized
forest products were obtained in violation of this chapter until the
true origin of the specialized forest products can be determined.

(2) A law enforcement officer may retain a specialized forest
products permit, true copy of a permit, authorization, sales invoice,
bill of lading, or other document required under this chapter if the
officer reasonably suspects that the document is forged in violation of
RCW 76.48.120 (as recodified by this act), fraudulent, or stolen, until
the authenticity of the document can be verified.

(3)(a) If no arrest is made at the conclusion of the official
inquiry, investigation, or other authorized proceeding for a violation
of this chapter or another state law, all materials detained under this
section must be returned to the person or persons from whom the
materials were taken.

(b)(i) If an arrest does follow the inquiry, investigation, or
authorized proceeding, and the law enforcement officer has probable
cause to believe that a person is selling or attempting to sell
huckleberries, or is harvesting, in possession of, or transporting
specialized forest products in violation of this chapter, any
specialized forest products or huckleberries found at the time of
arrest may be seized.

(ii) If the specialized forest product triggering the arrest is
specialty wood, the law enforcement officer may also seize any
equipment, vehicles, tools, or paperwork associated with the arrest.

(c) Materials seized under this chapter are subject to the
provisions of RCW 76.48.110 (as recodified by this act).

Sec. 21. RCW 76.48.110 and 2008 c 191 s 6 are each amended to read
as follows:

(1) ((Whenever any law enforcement officer has probable cause to
believe that a person is harvesting or is in possession of or
transporting specialized forest products, or selling or attempting to
sell huckleberries, in violation of the provisions of this chapter, he
or she may, at the time of making an arrest, seize and take possession
of any specialized forest products or huckleberries found.

If the specialized forest product is a cedar product, cedar
salvage, or specialty wood, at the time of making an arrest the law
enforcement officer may seize and take possession of any equipment, vehicles, tools, or paperwork. The law enforcement officer shall provide)

(a) Reasonable protection must be provided for ((the)) any equipment, vehicles, tools, paperwork, huckleberries, or specialized forest products ((involved)) seized under section 20 of this act during the period of ((litigation or he or she shall dispose of the equipment, vehicles, tools, paperwork, or specialized forest products at the discretion or order of)) adjudication unless the court before which the arrested person is ordered to appear orders the disposal of any or all of the seized materials.

(b) Given the perishable nature of huckleberries and specialized forest products, the seizing agency may sell the product at fair market value and retain all proceeds until a final disposition of the case has been reached.

(2) Upon any disposition of the case by the court, the court shall:

(a) Make a reasonable effort to return ((the equipment, vehicles, tools, paperwork, huckleberries, or specialized forest products)) all materials seized under section 20 of this act to its ((rightful)) lawful owner or owners; or

(b) Order the disposal of or return of any or all materials seized under this section, including tools, vehicles, equipment, paperwork, or specialized forest products.

(3) If the court orders the disposal of seized materials, it may:

(a) Pay the proceeds of any sale of seized specialized forest products or huckleberries, less any reasonable expenses of the sale, to the ((rightful)) lawful owner; or

(b) Pay the proceeds of any sale of seized tools, equipment, or vehicles, less any reasonable expenses of the sale or, if applicable, towards any outstanding court costs, and then to the lawful owner or owners.

(4) If, for any reason, the proceeds of ((the)) any sale of materials seized under this section cannot be ((disposed of)) provided to the ((rightful)) lawful owner, the proceeds of the sale, less ((the)) reasonable expenses ((of)) relating to the sale, shall be paid to the treasurer of the county in which the violation occurred( (The county treasurer shall deposit the same in)) for deposit into the county general fund and for distribution equally among the district courts in the county, the county sheriff's office, and the state
treasurer. The portion of the revenue provided to the state treasurer must be distributed to the specialized forest products outreach and education account created in section 26 of this act.

(5) The owner or owners of materials seized under section 20 of this act must be offered an opportunity to appeal an order for the disposal of the seized materials.

(6) The return of ((the equipment, vehicles, tools, paperwork, or specialized forest products)) materials seized under section 20 of this act, or the payment of the proceeds of any sale of products seized to the owner, shall not preclude the court from imposing any fine or penalty upon the violator for the violation of the provisions of this chapter.

Sec. 22. RCW 76.48.100 and 2005 c 401 s 10 are each amended to read as follows:

((The provisions of)) Except as otherwise conditioned, this chapter ((do)) does not apply to:

(1) Nursery grown products.

(2) The following products when harvested within the operational areas as defined by a valid forest practices application or notification under chapter 76.09 RCW, and when the person harvesting is able to provide a sequentially numbered load ticket provided by the landowner or the landowner's agent that includes, at a minimum, all information required on a bill of lading and the forest practices application or notification number, or under a contract or permit issued by an agency of the United States government:

(a) Logs ((except as included in the definition of "cedar salvage" under RCW 76.48.020))

(b) Speciality wood;

(c) Cut or picked evergreen foliage;

(d) Poles;

(e) Pilings;

(f) Other major forest products from which substantially all of the limbs and branches have been removed,((specialty wood, and cedar salvage when harvested concurrently with timber stands (a) under an approved forest practices application or notification, or (b) under a contract or permit issued by an agency of the United States government)).
(3) (The activities of a) Noncommercial harvest, transportation, or possession by the landowner, (his or her) the landowner's agent (or representative, (or of a lessee of land in carrying on noncommercial property management, maintenance, or improvements on or in connection with the land of the landowner)) or lessee of specialized forest products originating from property belonging to the landowner.

(4) Harvest, transportation, or possession of specialized forest products by:

(a) A governmental entity or the entity's agent for the purposes of clearing or maintaining the governmental entity's right-of-way or easement; or

(b) A public or regulated utility or the utility's agent for the purpose of clearing or maintaining the utility's right-of-way or easement.

Sec. 23. RCW 76.48.210 and 2008 c 191 s 1 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) (Except as otherwise provided in this section, no person may sell, or attempt to sell, any amount of raw or unprocessed huckleberries without first obtaining a specialized forest products permit as provided in RCW 76.48.060, regardless if the huckleberries were harvested with the consent of the landowner.

(2) If the possessor of the huckleberries being offered for sale is able to show that the huckleberries originated on land owned by the United States forest service, then the requirements of this section may be satisfied with the display of a valid permit from the United States forest service that lawfully entitles the possessor to harvest the huckleberries in question.

(3) Nothing in (this section) RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) creates a requirement that a specialized forest products permit is required for an individual to harvest, possess, or transport huckleberries.

(4) Compliance with (this section) RCW 76.48.060 (as recodified by this act) allows an individual to sell, or offer for sale, raw or unprocessed huckleberries. Possession of a specialized forest products permit does not create a right or privilege to harvest huckleberries. Huckleberries may be harvested only with the permission
of the landowner and under the terms and conditions established between
the landowner and the harvester.

Sec. 24. RCW 76.48.150 and 2005 c 401 s 13 are each amended to
read as follows:

(1) Subject to the availability of funds in the specialized forest
products outreach and education account established under section 26 of
this act, the department (of natural resources is the designated
agency to develop and print the specialized forest products permit and
distribute it to the county sheriffs. In addition, the department of
natural resources) shall develop educational material (and other)
including printed information, for law enforcement, forest landowners,
and specialized forest products (harvesters) permittees, buyers, and
processors specific to this chapter.

(2) The department is encouraged to foster partnerships with
federal agencies, other state agencies, universities, local
governments, and private interests in order to minimize educational and
outreach expenses.

Sec. 25. RCW 76.48.200 and 2008 c 191 s 8 are each amended to read
as follows:

(1) Minority groups have long been participants in the specialized
forest products and huckleberry harvesting industry. The legislature
encourages agencies serving minority communities, community-based
organizations, refugee centers, social service agencies, agencies and
organizations with expertise in the specialized forest products and
huckleberry harvesting (industry) industries, and other interested
groups to work cooperatively to accomplish the following purposes:

((1))) (a) To provide assistance and make referrals on translation
services and to assist in translating educational materials, laws, and
rules regarding specialized forest products and huckleberries;

((2))) (b) To hold clinics to teach techniques for effective
picking; and

((3))) (c) To work with both minority and nonminority permittees
in order to protect resources and foster understanding between minority
and nonminority permittees.

(2) To the extent practicable within their existing resources, the
department, the state commission on (Asian-American) Asian Pacific
American affairs created in RCW 43.117.030, and the state commission on Hispanic affairs created in RCW 43.115.020 (and the department of natural resources) are encouraged to coordinate efforts under this chapter.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 26. A new section is added to chapter 76.48 RCW to read as follows:

The specialized forest products outreach and education account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. All receipts from RCW 76.48.140 and 76.48.110 (as recodified by this act), any legislative appropriations, private donations, or any other private or public source directed to the account must be deposited in the account. Expenditures from the account may only be used by the department for funding activities under RCW 76.48.150 and 76.48.200 (as recodified by this act). Only the commissioner of public lands or the commissioner's designee may authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to the allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is not required for expenditures.

Sec. 27. RCW 76.48.902 and 1979 ex.s. c 94 s 17 are each amended to read as follows:

If any provision of this act or this chapter or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or this chapter or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.

Sec. 28. RCW 76.48.910 and 1967 ex.s. c 47 s 16 are each amended to read as follows:

This chapter is not intended to repeal, supersede, or modify any provision of existing law.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 29. The following sections are codified or recodified in chapter 76.48 RCW in the following order:

RCW 76.48.010;
RCW 76.48.020;
RCW 76.48.060;
RCW 76.48.080;
Section 6 of this act;
Section 7 of this act;  
Section 8 of this act;  
RCW 76.48.050;  
RCW 76.48.062;  
RCW 76.48.094;  
RCW 76.48.085;  
RCW 76.48.098;  
RCW 76.48.030;  
RCW 76.48.120;  
RCW 76.48.130;  
section 17 of this act;  
RCW 76.48.140;  
RCW 76.48.040;  
Section 20 of this act;  
RCW 76.48.110;  
RCW 76.48.100;  
RCW 76.48.210;  
RCW 76.48.150;  
RCW 76.48.200;  
Section 26 of this act;  
RCW 76.48.900;  
RCW 76.48.902; and  
RCW 76.48.910.

NEW SECTION. Sec. 30. The following acts or parts of acts are each repealed:

(1) RCW 76.48.070 (Transporting or possessing cedar or other specialized forest products--Requirements) and 2005 c 401 s 4, 1995 c 366 s 6, 1992 c 184 s 3, 1979 ex.s. c 94 s 6, 1977 ex.s. c 147 s 6, & 1967 ex.s. c 47 s 8;

(2) RCW 76.48.086 (Records of buyers available for research) and 2008 c 191 s 5 & 1995 c 366 s 16;

(3) RCW 76.48.096 (Obtaining products from suppliers not having specialized forest products permit unlawful) and 2005 c 401 s 8, 1995 c 366 s 8, 1979 ex.s. c 94 s 10, & 1977 ex.s. c 147 s 12; and

(4) RCW 76.48.075 (Specialized forest products from out-of-state)
NEW SECTION. Sec. 31. RCW 76.48.901 is decodified.

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