5211-S AMH REYK SILV 343

SSB 5211 - H AMD 466

By Representative Reykdal

ADOPTED 04/24/2013

- 1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:
- 3 "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. A new section is added to chapter 49.44 RCW 4 to read as follows:
- 5 (1) An employer may not:
- 6 (a) Request, require, or otherwise coerce an employee or applicant 7 to disclose login information for the employee's or applicant's
- 8 personal social networking account;
- 9 (b) Request, require, or otherwise coerce an employee or applicant
- 10 to access his or her personal social networking account in the
- 11 employer's presence in a manner that enables the employer to observe
- 12 the contents of the account;
- (c) Compel or coerce an employee or applicant to add a person,
- 14 including the employer, to the list of contacts associated with the
- 15 employee's or applicant's personal social networking account;
- 16 (d) Request, require, or cause an employee or applicant to alter
- 17 the settings on his or her personal social networking account that
- 18 affect a third party's ability to view the contents of the account;
- 19 or
- 20 (e) Take adverse action against an employee or applicant because
- 21 the employee or applicant refuses to disclose his or her login
- 22 information, access his or her personal social networking account in
- 23 the employer's presence, add a person to the list of contacts
- 24 associated with his or her personal social networking account, or
- 25 alter the settings on his or her personal social networking account
- 26 that affect a third party's ability to view the contents of the
- 27 account.

- 1 (2) This section does not apply to an employer's request or 2 requirement that an employee share content from his or her personal 3 social networking account if the following conditions are met:
- 4 (a) The employer requests or requires the content to make a 5 factual determination in the course of conducting an investigation;
- 6 (b) The employer undertakes the investigation in response to 7 receipt of information about the employee's activity on his or her 8 personal social networking account;
- 9 (c) The purpose of the investigation is to: (i) Ensure 10 compliance with applicable laws, regulatory requirements, or 11 prohibitions against work-related employee misconduct; or (ii) 12 investigate an allegation of unauthorized transfer of an employer's 13 proprietary information, confidential information, or financial data 14 to the employee's personal social networking account; and
- 15 (d) The employer does not request or require the employee to 16 provide his or her login information.
- 17 (3) This section does not:
- 18 (a) Apply to a social network, intranet, or other technology 19 platform that is intended primarily to facilitate work-related 20 information exchange, collaboration, or communication by employees or 21 other workers;
- (b) Prohibit an employer from requesting or requiring an employee 23 to disclose login information for access to: (i) An account or 24 service provided by virtue of the employee's employment relationship 25 with the employer; or (ii) an electronic communications device or 26 online account paid for or supplied by the employer;
- 27 (c) Prohibit an employer from enforcing existing personnel 28 policies that do not conflict with this section; or
- 29 (d) Prevent an employer from complying with the requirements of 30 state or federal statutes, rules or regulations, case law, or rules of 31 self-regulatory organizations.
- 32 (4) If, through the use of an employer-provided electronic 33 communications device or an electronic device or program that monitors 34 an employer's network, an employer inadvertently receives an 5211-S AMH REYK SILV 343 Official Print - 2

- 1 employee's login information, the employer is not liable for
- 2 possessing the information but may not use the login information to
- 3 access the employee's personal social networking account.
- 4 (5) For the purposes of this section and section 2 of this act:
- 5 (a) "Adverse action" means: discharging, disciplining, or
- 6 otherwise penalizing an employee; threatening to discharge,
- 7 discipline, or otherwise penalize an employee; and failing or refusing
- 8 to hire an applicant.
- 9 (b) "Applicant" means an applicant for employment.
- 10 (c) "Electronic communications device" means a device that uses
- 11 electronic signals to create, transmit, and receive information,
- 12 including computers, telephones, personal digital assistants, and
- 13 other similar devices.
- 14 (d) "Employer" means any person, firm, corporation, partnership,
- 15 business trust, legal representative, or other business entity which
- 16 engages in any business, industry, profession, or other activity in
- 17 this state and employs one or more employees, and includes the state,
- 18 any state institution, state agency, political subdivisions of the
- 19 state, and any municipal corporation or quasi-municipal corporation.
- 20 "Employer" includes an agent, a representative, or a designee of the
- 21 employer.
- (e) "Login information" means a user name and password, a
- 23 password, or other means of authentication that protects access to a
- 24 personal social networking account.

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- 26 NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. A new section is added to chapter 49.44 RCW
- 27 to read as follows:
- 28 An employee or applicant aggrieved by a violation of section 1 of
- 29 this act may bring a civil action in a court of competent
- 30 jurisdiction. The court may:
- 31 (1) Award a prevailing employee or applicant injunctive or other
- 32 equitable relief, actual damages, a penalty in the amount of five
- 33 hundred dollars, and reasonable attorneys' fees and costs; and

1 (2) Pursuant to RCW 4.84.185, award any prevailing party against 2 whom an action has been brought for a violation of section 1 of this 3 act reasonable expenses and attorneys' fees upon final judgment and 4 written findings by the trial judge that the action was frivolous and 5 advanced without reasonable cause."

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EFFECT: Strikes the underlying bill and:

- Prohibits an employer from:
 - o Requesting, requiring, or otherwise coercing an employee or applicant to: (1) disclose login information for his or her personal social networking account; or (2) access his or her account in the employer's presence in a manner that enables the employer to observe the contents of the account;
 - o Compelling or coercing an employee or applicant to add a person to the list of contacts associated with the account;
 - o Requesting, requiring, or otherwise causing an employee or applicant to alter the settings on the account that affect a third party's ability to view the contents of the account; or
 - o Taking adverse action against an employee or applicant because he or she refuses to provide login information, access the account in the employer's presence, add a person to his or her contacts, or alter the account settings.
- Provides that the bill does not apply to an employer's request or requirement that an employee share content from his or her personal social networking account if:
 - o The employer does not request or require the employee to provide his or her login information;
 - o The employer requests or requires the content to make a factual determination in the course of an investigation;
 - o The investigation is undertaken in response to receipt of information about the employee's activity on his or her personal social networking account; and
 - o The purpose of the investigation is either: (1) to ensure compliance with laws, regulatory requirements, or prohibitions against work-related employee misconduct; or (2) to investigate an allegation of unauthorized transfer of the employer's proprietary information, confidential information, or financial data.
- Provides that the bill does not:
 - o Apply to a social network, intranet, or other technology platform intended primarily to facilitate work-related information exchange, collaboration, or communication;
 - o Prohibit an employer from requesting or requiring an

- employee to disclose login information for access to an account or service provided by virtue of the employment relationship or to an electronic communications device or online account paid for or supplied by the employer;
- o Prohibit an employer from enforcing existing personnel policies that do not conflict with the bill; or
- o Prevent an employer from complying with requirements of statutes, rules, case law, or rules of self-regulatory organizations.
- Provides that if, through use of an employer-provided electronic communications device or an electronic device or program that monitors an employer's network, an employer inadvertently receives an employee's login information, the employer is not liable for possessing the information but may not use it to access the employee's account.
- Permits an aggrieved employee or applicant to bring a civil action. Permits a court to award injunctive relief, a \$500 penalty, actual damages, attorneys' fees, and costs. Permits a court to award attorneys' fees and costs to a prevailing defendant if the action was frivolous.
- Defines certain terms.

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