## SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1114

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

**By** House Judiciary (originally sponsored by Representatives Pedersen, Rodne, Morrell, Nealey, Green, and Jinkins)

READ FIRST TIME 02/15/13.

AN ACT Relating to criminal incompetency and civil commitment;
 amending RCW 10.77.086, 10.77.088, 10.77.270, 71.05.235, 71.05.280,
 71.05.320, and 71.05.425; and creating a new section.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. The legislature finds that persons with a mental illness or developmental disability are more likely to be б 7 victimized by crime than to be perpetrators of crime. The legislature further finds that there are a small number of individuals who commit 8 9 repeated violent acts against others while suffering from the effects 10 of a mental illness and/or developmental disability that both 11 contributes to their criminal behaviors and renders them legally 12 incompetent to be held accountable for those behaviors. The 13 legislature further finds that the primary statutory mechanisms 14 designed to protect the public from violent behavior, either criminal 15 commitment to a corrections institution, or long-term commitment as not 16 guilty by reason of insanity, are unavailable due to the legal 17 incompetence of these individuals to stand trial. The legislature 18 further finds that the existing civil system of short-term commitments 19 under the Washington's involuntary treatment act is insufficient to

protect the public from these violent acts because it fails to 1 2 recognize the important link in some individuals between continued incompetence, a mental condition, and the risk to commit further acts 3 4 of violence. Finally, the legislature finds that changes to the involuntary treatment act to account for this small number of 5 individuals is necessary in order to serve Washington's compelling б 7 interest in public safety and to provide for the proper care of these 8 individuals.

9 Sec. 2. RCW 10.77.086 and 2012 c 256 s 6 are each amended to read 10 as follows:

(1) (a) If the defendant is charged with a felony and determined to be incompetent, until he or she has regained the competency necessary to understand the proceedings against him or her and assist in his or her own defense, or has been determined unlikely to regain competency pursuant to RCW 10.77.084(1)(b), but in any event for a period of no longer than ninety days, the court:

(i) Shall commit the defendant to the custody of the secretary who shall place such defendant in an appropriate facility of the department for evaluation and treatment; or

(ii) May alternatively order the defendant to undergo evaluation
and treatment at some other facility as determined by the department,
or under the guidance and control of a professional person.

(b) For a defendant whose highest charge is a class C felony, or a
class B felony that is not classified as violent under RCW 9.94A.030,
the maximum time allowed for the initial period of commitment for
competency restoration is forty-five days.

(2) On or before expiration of the initial period of commitment
under subsection (1) of this section the court shall conduct a hearing,
at which it shall determine whether or not the defendant is
incompetent.

(3) If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that a defendant charged with a felony is incompetent, the court shall have the option of extending the order of commitment or alternative treatment for an additional period of ninety days, but the court must at the time of extension set a date for a prompt hearing to determine the defendant's competency before the expiration of the second restoration period. The defendant, the defendant's attorney, or the

prosecutor has the right to demand that the hearing be before a jury.
No extension shall be ordered for a second or third restoration period
as provided in subsection (4) of this section if the defendant's
incompetence has been determined by the secretary to be solely the
result of a developmental disability which is such that competence is
not reasonably likely to be regained during an extension.

7 (4) For persons charged with a felony, at the hearing upon the 8 expiration of the second restoration period or at the end of the first restoration period, in the case of a defendant with a developmental 9 10 disability, if the jury or court finds that the defendant is incompetent, the charges shall be dismissed without prejudice, and the 11 12 court shall ((either order the release of the defendant or)) order the 13 defendant be committed to a state hospital ((or secure mental health facility)) as defined in RCW 72.23.020 for up to seventy-two hours 14 starting from admission to the facility, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, 15 and holidays, for evaluation for the purpose of filing a civil 16 commitment petition <u>under chapter 71.05 RCW</u>. The criminal charges 17 shall not be dismissed if the court or jury finds that: (a) The 18 19 defendant (i) is a substantial danger to other persons; or (ii) a substantial likelihood of committing criminal acts 20 presents 21 jeopardizing public safety or security; and (b) there is a substantial 22 probability that the defendant will regain competency within a reasonable period of time. In the event that the court or jury makes 23 24 such a finding, the court may extend the period of commitment for up to 25 an additional six months.

26 **Sec. 3.** RCW 10.77.088 and 2007 c 375 s 5 are each amended to read 27 as follows:

(1)(a) If the defendant is charged with a nonfelony crime which is a serious offense as identified in RCW 10.77.092 and found by the court to be not competent, then the court shall order the secretary to place the defendant:

(i) At a secure mental health facility in the custody of the department or an agency designated by the department for mental health treatment and restoration of competency. The placement shall not exceed fourteen days in addition to any unused time of the evaluation under RCW 10.77.060. The court shall compute this total period and include its computation in the order. The fourteen-day period plus any

unused time of the evaluation under RCW 10.77.060 shall be considered 1 2 to include only the time the defendant is actually at the facility and 3 shall be in addition to reasonable time for transport to or from the 4 facility;

(ii) On conditional release for up to ninety days for mental health 5 treatment and restoration of competency; or 6

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(iii) Any combination of this subsection.

8 (b)(i) If the proceedings are dismissed under RCW 10.77.084 and the defendant was on conditional release at the time of dismissal, the 9 10 court shall order the designated mental health professional within that county to evaluate the defendant pursuant to chapter 71.05 RCW. 11 The 12 evaluation may be conducted in any location chosen by the professional.

13 (ii) If the defendant was in custody and not on conditional release at the time of dismissal, the defendant shall be detained and sent to 14 ((an evaluation and treatment facility)) a state hospital as defined in 15 <u>RCW 72.23.020</u> for up to seventy-two hours, excluding Saturdays, 16 17 Sundays, and holidays, for evaluation for purposes of filing a petition 18 under chapter 71.05 RCW. The state hospital may arrange to screen the 19 defendant prior to transport and release the defendant if the civil commitment criteria are not met. 20

21 If a local evaluation and treatment facility, the regional support network, and the state hospital agree, a local evaluation and treatment 22 23 facility may be utilized.

(iii) The seventy-two-hour period shall commence upon the next 24 25 nonholiday weekday following the court order and shall run to the end 26 of the last nonholiday weekday within the seventy-two-hour period.

27 (2) If the defendant is charged with a nonfelony crime that is not a serious offense as defined in RCW 10.77.092: 28

29 The court may stay or dismiss proceedings and detain the defendant 30 for sufficient time to allow the designated mental health professional to evaluate the defendant and consider initial detention proceedings 31 32 under chapter 71.05 RCW. The court must give notice to all parties at least twenty-four hours before the dismissal of any proceeding under 33 34 this subsection, and provide an opportunity for a hearing on whether to 35 dismiss the proceedings.

36 Sec. 4. RCW 10.77.270 and 2010 c 263 s 1 are each amended to read as follows: 37

(1) The secretary shall establish an independent public safety 1 2 review panel for the purpose of advising the secretary and the courts 3 with respect to persons who have been found not guilty by reason of 4 insanity, or persons committed under the involuntary treatment act where the court has made a special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b). 5 6 The panel shall provide advice regarding all recommendations to the secretary, decisions by the secretary, or actions pending in court: 7 (a) For a change in commitment status; (b) to allow furloughs or 8 temporary leaves accompanied by staff; (c) not to seek further 9 commitment terms under RCW 71.05.320; or (((c))) (d) to permit movement 10 11 about the grounds of the treatment facility, with or without the 12 accompaniment of staff.

13 (2) The members of the public safety review panel shall be 14 appointed by the governor for a renewable term of three years and shall 15 include the following:

16 (a) A psychiatrist;

17 (b) A licensed clinical psychologist;

18 (c) A representative of the department of corrections;

(d) A prosecutor or a representative of a prosecutor's association;
 (e) A representative of law enforcement or a law enforcement
 association;

22 (f) A consumer and family advocate representative; and

23 (g) A public defender or a representative of a defender's 24 association.

(3) Thirty days prior to issuing a recommendation for conditional 25 26 release under RCW 10.77.150 or forty-five days prior to issuing a 27 recommendation for release under RCW 10.77.200, the secretary shall submit its recommendation with the committed person's application and 28 29 the department's risk assessment to the public safety review panel. 30 The public safety review panel shall complete an independent assessment the public safety risk entailed by the secretary's proposed 31 of 32 conditional release recommendation or release recommendation and 33 provide this assessment in writing to the secretary. The public safety review panel may, within funds appropriated for this purpose, request 34 35 additional evaluations of the committed person. The public safety 36 review panel may indicate whether it is in agreement with the 37 secretary's recommendation, or whether it would issue a different recommendation. The secretary shall provide the panel's assessment 38

when it is received along with any supporting documentation, including all previous reports of evaluations of the committed person in the person's hospital record, to the court, prosecutor in the county that ordered the person's commitment, and counsel for the committed person.

5 (4) The secretary shall notify the public safety review panel at appropriate intervals concerning any changes in the commitment or 6 7 custody status of persons found not quilty by reason of insanity, or 8 persons committed under the involuntary treatment act where the court has made a special finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b). The panel shall 9 10 have access, upon request, to a committed person's complete hospital record, and any other records deemed necessary by the public safety 11 12 review panel.

13 (5) The department shall provide administrative and financial 14 support to the public safety review panel. The department, in 15 consultation with the public safety review panel, may adopt rules to 16 implement this section.

17 (6) By December 1, 2014, the public safety review panel shall 18 report to the appropriate legislative committees the following:

(a) Whether the public safety review panel has observed a change in statewide consistency of evaluations and decisions concerning changes in the commitment status of persons found not guilty by reason of insanity;

(b) Whether the public safety review panel should be given theauthority to make release decisions and monitor release conditions;

25 (c) Whether further changes in the law are necessary to enhance 26 public safety in cases where incompetency prevents operation of the 27 criminal justice system and/or long-term commitment of the criminally 28 insane; and

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(d) Any other issues the public safety review panel deems relevant.

30 Sec. 5. RCW 71.05.235 and 2008 c 213 s 5 are each amended to read 31 as follows:

(1) If an individual is referred to a designated mental health professional under RCW 10.77.088(1)(b)(i), the designated mental health professional shall examine the individual within forty-eight hours. If the designated mental health professional determines it is not appropriate to detain the individual or petition for a ninety-day less restrictive alternative under RCW 71.05.230(4), that decision shall be

immediately presented to the superior court for hearing. The court 1 2 shall hold a hearing to consider the decision of the designated mental health professional not later than the next judicial day. 3 At the hearing the superior court shall review the determination of the 4 designated mental health professional and determine whether an order 5 б should be entered requiring the person to be evaluated at an evaluation 7 and treatment facility. No person referred to an evaluation and 8 treatment facility may be held at the facility longer than seventy-two 9 hours.

10 (2) If an individual is placed in ((an evaluation and treatment 11 facility)) a state hospital as defined in RCW 72.23.020, under RCW 10.77.088(1)(b)(ii) or 10.77.086(4) or an evaluation and treatment 12 13 facility under RCW 10.77.088(1)(b)(ii), a professional person shall evaluate the individual for purposes of determining whether to file a 14 15 ninety-day inpatient or outpatient petition under chapter 71.05 RCW. Before expiration of the seventy-two hour evaluation period authorized 16 under RCW 10.77.088(1)(b)(ii) or 10.77.086(4), the professional person 17 shall file a petition or, if the recommendation of the professional 18 19 person is to release the individual, present his or her recommendation 20 to the superior court of the county in which the criminal charge was 21 dismissed. The superior court shall review the recommendation not 22 later than forty-eight hours, excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and 23 holidays, after the recommendation is presented. If the court rejects 24 the recommendation to unconditionally release the individual, the court may order the individual detained at a designated evaluation and 25 26 treatment facility for not more than a seventy-two hour evaluation and 27 treatment period and direct the individual to appear at a surety hearing before that court within seventy-two hours, or the court may 28 release the individual but direct the individual to appear at a surety 29 30 hearing set before that court within eleven days, at which time the prosecutor may file a petition under this chapter for ninety-day 31 32 inpatient or outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed by the prosecutor, the court may order that the person named in the petition 33 be detained at the evaluation and treatment facility that performed the 34 35 evaluation under this subsection or order the respondent to be in 36 outpatient treatment. If a petition is filed but the individual fails 37 to appear in court for the surety hearing, the court shall order that a mental health professional or peace officer shall take such person or 38

cause such person to be taken into custody and placed in an evaluation 1 2 and treatment facility to be brought before the court the next judicial day after detention. Upon the individual's first appearance in court 3 after a petition has been filed, proceedings under RCW 71.05.310 and 4 5 71.05.320 shall commence. For an individual subject to this subsection, the prosecutor or professional person may directly file a 6 7 petition for ninety-day inpatient or outpatient treatment and no 8 petition for initial detention or fourteen-day detention is required before such a petition may be filed. 9

10 The court shall conduct the hearing on the petition filed under this subsection within five judicial days of the date the petition is 11 12 filed. The court may continue the hearing upon the written request of the person named in the petition or the person's attorney, for good 13 cause shown, which continuance shall not exceed five additional 14 judicial days. If the person named in the petition requests a jury 15 trial, the trial shall commence within ten judicial days of the date of 16 17 the filing of the petition. The burden of proof shall be by clear, cogent, and convincing evidence and shall be upon the petitioner. 18 The 19 person shall be present at such proceeding, which shall in all respects accord with the constitutional guarantees of due process of law and the 20 21 rules of evidence pursuant to RCW 71.05.360 (8) and (9).

During the proceeding the person named in the petition shall continue to be detained and treated until released by order of the court. If no order has been made within thirty days after the filing of the petition, not including any extensions of time requested by the detained person or his or her attorney, the detained person shall be released.

(3) If a designated mental health professional or the professional person and prosecuting attorney for the county in which the criminal charge was dismissed or attorney general, as appropriate, stipulate that the individual does not present a likelihood of serious harm or is not gravely disabled, the hearing under this section is not required and the individual, if in custody, shall be released.

34 (4) The individual shall have the rights specified in RCW 71.05.36035 (8) and (9).

36 **Sec. 6.** RCW 71.05.280 and 2008 c 213 s 6 are each amended to read 37 as follows:

At the expiration of the fourteen-day period of intensive treatment or a restoration period under RCW 10.77.086, a person may be confined for further treatment pursuant to RCW 71.05.320 if:

(1) Such person after having been taken into custody for evaluation
and treatment has threatened, attempted, or inflicted: (a) Physical
harm upon the person of another or himself or herself, or substantial
damage upon the property of another, and (b) as a result of mental
disorder presents a likelihood of serious harm; or

9 (2) Such person was taken into custody as a result of conduct in 10 which he or she attempted or inflicted physical harm upon the person of 11 another or himself or herself, or substantial damage upon the property 12 of others, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder, a 13 likelihood of serious harm; or

14 (3) Such person has been determined to be incompetent and criminal 15 charges have been dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4), and has 16 committed acts constituting a felony, and as a result of a mental 17 disorder <u>or developmental disability</u>, presents a substantial likelihood 18 of repeating similar acts.

19 (a) In any proceeding pursuant to this subsection it shall not be 20 necessary to show intent, willfulness, or state of mind as an element 21 of the crime;

22 (b) For any person subject to commitment under this subsection 23 where the charge underlying the finding of incompetence is for a felony 24 classified as violent under RCW 9.94A.030, the court shall determine 25 whether the acts the person committed constitute a violent offense 26 under RCW 9.94A.030; or

27 (4) Such person is gravely disabled.

28 **Sec. 7.** RCW 71.05.320 and 2009 c 323 s 2 are each amended to read 29 as follows:

(1) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 30 31 71.05.280 have been proven and that the best interests of the person or others will not be served by a less restrictive treatment which is an 32 alternative to detention, the court shall remand him or her to the 33 34 custody of the department or to a facility certified for ninety day 35 treatment by the department for a further period of intensive treatment 36 not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment. If the grounds 37 set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis of commitment, then the

1 period of treatment may be up to but not exceed one hundred eighty days 2 from the date of judgment in a facility certified for one hundred 3 eighty day treatment by the department.

4 (2) If the court or jury finds that grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280 have been proven, but finds that treatment less restrictive 5 than detention will be in the best interest of the person or others, 6 7 then the court shall remand him or her to the custody of the department 8 or to a facility certified for ninety day treatment by the department or to a less restrictive alternative for a further period of less 9 10 restrictive treatment not to exceed ninety days from the date of judgment. If the grounds set forth in RCW 71.05.280(3) are the basis 11 12 of commitment, then the period of treatment may be up to but not exceed 13 one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment.

14 (3) The person shall be released from involuntary treatment at the 15 expiration of the period of commitment imposed under subsection (1) or 16 (2) of this section unless the superintendent or professional person in 17 charge of the facility in which he or she is confined, or in the event 18 of a less restrictive alternative, the designated mental health 19 professional, files a new petition for involuntary treatment on the 20 grounds that the committed person:

(a) During the current period of court ordered treatment: (i) Has threatened, attempted, or inflicted physical harm upon the person of another, or substantial damage upon the property of another, and (ii) as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability presents a likelihood of serious harm; or

(b) Was taken into custody as a result of conduct in which he or she attempted or inflicted serious physical harm upon the person of another, and continues to present, as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability a likelihood of serious harm; or

30 (c) Is in custody pursuant to RCW 71.05.280(3) and as a result of mental disorder or developmental disability <u>continues to</u> present((<del>s</del>)) 31 32 a substantial likelihood of repeating ((similar)) acts ((considering)) similar to the charged criminal behavior, when considering the person's 33 34 life history, progress in treatment, and the public safety. In cases 35 under this subsection where the court has made an affirmative special 36 finding under RCW 71.05.280(3)(b), the commitment shall continue for up to an additional one hundred eighty day period whenever the petition 37 presents prima facie evidence that the person continues to suffer from 38

1 <u>a mental disorder or developmental disability that results in a</u> 2 <u>substantial likelihood of committing acts similar to the charged</u> 3 <u>criminal behavior, unless the person presents proof through an</u> 4 <u>admissible expert opinion that the person's condition has so changed</u> 5 <u>such that the mental disorder or developmental disability no longer</u> 6 <u>presents a substantial likelihood of the person committing acts similar</u> 7 to the charged criminal behavior; or

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(d) Continues to be gravely disabled.

9 If the conduct required to be proven in (b) and (c) of this 10 subsection was found by a judge or jury in a prior trial under this 11 chapter, it shall not be necessary to prove such conduct again.

12 (4) For a person committed under subsection (2) of this section who 13 has been remanded to a period of less restrictive treatment, in 14 addition to the grounds specified in subsection (3) of this section, 15 the designated mental health professional may file a new petition for 16 continued less restrictive treatment if:

(a) The person was previously committed by a court to detention for involuntary mental health treatment during the thirty-six months that preceded the person's initial detention date during the current involuntary commitment cycle, excluding any time spent in a mental health facility or in confinement as a result of a criminal conviction;

(b) In view of the person's treatment history or current behavior,
the person is unlikely to voluntarily participate in outpatient
treatment without an order for less restrictive treatment; and

(c) Outpatient treatment that would be provided under a less restrictive treatment order is necessary to prevent a relapse, decompensation, or deterioration that is likely to result in the person presenting a likelihood of serious harm or the person becoming gravely disabled within a reasonably short period of time.

30 (5) A new petition for involuntary treatment filed under subsection 31 (3) or (4) of this section shall be filed and heard in the superior 32 court of the county of the facility which is filing the new petition 33 for involuntary treatment unless good cause is shown for a change of 34 venue. The cost of the proceedings shall be borne by the state.

35 (6) The hearing shall be held as provided in RCW 71.05.310, and if 36 the court or jury finds that the grounds for additional confinement as 37 set forth in this section are present, the court may order the 38 committed person returned for an additional period of treatment not to

exceed one hundred eighty days from the date of judgment. At the end 1 2 of the one hundred eighty day period of commitment, the committed person shall be released unless a petition for another one hundred 3 4 eighty day period of continued treatment is filed and heard in the same manner as provided in this section. Successive one hundred eighty day 5 6 commitments are permissible on the same grounds and pursuant to the 7 same procedures as the original one hundred eighty day commitment. 8 However, a commitment is not permissible under subsection (4) of this 9 section if thirty-six months have passed since the last date of 10 discharge from detention for inpatient treatment that preceded the 11 current less restrictive alternative order, nor shall a commitment 12 under subsection (4) of this section be permissible if the likelihood 13 of serious harm in subsection (4)(c) of this section is based solely on 14 harm to the property of others.

(7) No person committed as provided in this section may be detained 15 unless a valid order of commitment is in effect. 16 No order of 17 commitment can exceed one hundred eighty days in length.

18 sec. 8. RCW 71.05.425 and 2011 c 305 s 5 are each amended to read as follows: 19

20 (1)(a) Except as provided in subsection (2) of this section, at the 21 earliest possible date, and in no event later than thirty days before 22 conditional release, final release, authorized leave under RCW 71.05.325(2), or transfer to a facility other than a state mental 23 hospital, the superintendent shall send written notice of conditional 24 25 release, release, authorized leave, or transfer of a person committed 26 under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, 27 violent, or felony harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) to the following: 28

29 (i) The chief of police of the city, if any, in which the person 30 will reside; ((and))

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(ii) The sheriff of the county in which the person will reside; and 32 (iii) The prosecuting attorney of the county in which the criminal

charges against the committed person were dismissed. 33

34 (b) The same notice as required by (a) of this subsection shall be 35 sent to the following, if such notice has been requested in writing 36 about a specific person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or

1 71.05.320(3)(c) following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony 2 harassment offense pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4):

3 (i) The victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense 4 that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) preceding commitment 5 under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) or the victim's next of kin 6 if the crime was a homicide;

7 (ii) Any witnesses who testified against the person in any court 8 proceedings;

9 (iii) Any person specified in writing by the prosecuting attorney. 10 Information regarding victims, next of kin, or witnesses requesting the 11 notice, information regarding any other person specified in writing by 12 the prosecuting attorney to receive the notice, and the notice are 13 confidential and shall not be available to the person committed under 14 this chapter; and

(iv) The chief of police of the city, if any, and the sheriff of the county, if any, which had jurisdiction of the person on the date of the applicable offense.

18 (c) The thirty-day notice requirements contained in this subsection19 shall not apply to emergency medical transfers.

20 (d) The existence of the notice requirements in this subsection 21 will not require any extension of the release date in the event the 22 release plan changes after notification.

23 (2) If a person committed under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3)(c) 24 following dismissal of a sex, violent, or felony harassment offense 25 pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) escapes, the superintendent shall 26 immediately notify, by the most reasonable and expedient means 27 available, the chief of police of the city and the sheriff of the 28 county in which the person escaped and in which the person resided 29 immediately before the person's arrest and the prosecuting attorney of 30 the county in which the criminal charges against the committed person were dismissed. If previously requested, the superintendent shall also 31 32 notify the witnesses and the victim of the sex, violent, or felony harassment offense that was dismissed pursuant to RCW 10.77.086(4) 33 preceding commitment under RCW 71.05.280(3) or 71.05.320(3) or the 34 35 victim's next of kin if the crime was a homicide. In addition, the 36 secretary shall also notify appropriate parties pursuant to RCW 37 71.05.390(18). If the person is recaptured, the superintendent shall

send notice to the persons designated in this subsection as soon as
 possible but in no event later than two working days after the
 department learns of such recapture.

4 (3) If the victim, the victim's next of kin, or any witness is
5 under the age of sixteen, the notice required by this section shall be
6 sent to the parent or legal guardian of the child.

7 (4) The superintendent shall send the notices required by this 8 chapter to the last address provided to the department by the 9 requesting party. The requesting party shall furnish the department 10 with a current address.

11 (5) For purposes of this section the following terms have the 12 following meanings:

13 (a) "Violent offense" means a violent offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

14 (b) "Sex offense" means a sex offense under RCW 9.94A.030;

15 (c) "Next of kin" means a person's spouse, state registered 16 domestic partner, parents, siblings, and children;

17 (d) "Felony harassment offense" means a crime of harassment as18 defined in RCW 9A.46.060 that is a felony.

19 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 9. If any provision of this act or its 20 application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the 21 remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other 22 persons or circumstances is not affected.

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