

CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT
SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1642

63rd Legislature
2013 Regular Session

Passed by the House April 22, 2013
Yeas 86 Nays 9

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 16, 2013
Yeas 47 Nays 0

President of the Senate

Approved

Governor of the State of Washington

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1642** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

Chief Clerk

FILED

**Secretary of State
State of Washington**

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1642

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2013 Regular Session

State of Washington 63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

By House Appropriations (originally sponsored by Representatives Pettigrew, Springer, Habib, Holy, Ryu, and Magendanz)

READ FIRST TIME 03/01/13.

1 AN ACT Relating to establishing policies to support academic
2 acceleration for high school students; adding new sections to chapter
3 28A.320 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 28A.300 RCW; and creating
4 new sections.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** (1) The legislature finds that progress is
7 being made in making dual high school and college credit courses
8 available for students:

9 (a) Overall dual credit program enrollments increased by almost
10 four percent between 2009 and 2012;

11 (b) The number of dual credit programs offered by Washington high
12 schools increased by almost fifteen percent between the 2009-10 school
13 year and the 2011-12 school year; and

14 (c) Dual credit program participation rates for low-income students
15 increased more than fourteen percent between the 2009-10 school year
16 and the 2011-12 school year.

17 (2) However, the legislature further finds that more can be done to
18 promote academic acceleration for all students and eliminate barriers,

1 real or perceived, that may prevent students from enrolling in rigorous
2 advanced courses, including dual credit courses.

3 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.320
4 RCW to read as follows:

5 (1) Each school district board of directors is encouraged to adopt
6 an academic acceleration policy for high school students as provided
7 under this section.

8 (2) Under an academic acceleration policy:

9 (a) The district automatically enrolls any student who meets the
10 state standard on the high school statewide student assessment in the
11 next most rigorous level of advanced courses offered by the high
12 school. Students who successfully complete such an advanced course are
13 then enrolled in the next most rigorous level of advanced course, with
14 the objective that students will eventually be automatically enrolled
15 in courses that offer the opportunity to earn dual credit for high
16 school and college.

17 (b) The subject matter of the advanced courses in which the student
18 is automatically enrolled depends on the content area or areas of the
19 statewide student assessment where the student has met the state
20 standard. Students who meet the state standard on both end-of-course
21 mathematics assessments are considered to have met the state standard
22 for high school mathematics. Students who meet the state standard in
23 both reading and writing are eligible for enrollment in advanced
24 courses in English, social studies, humanities, and other related
25 subjects.

26 (c) The district must notify students and parents or guardians
27 regarding the academic acceleration policy and the advanced courses
28 available to students.

29 (d) The district must provide a parent or guardian with an
30 opportunity to opt out of the academic acceleration policy and enroll
31 a student in an alternative course.

32 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.320
33 RCW to read as follows:

34 (1) Subject to funds appropriated specifically for this purpose,
35 the academic acceleration incentive program is established as provided
36 in this section. The intent of the legislature is that the funds

1 awarded under the program be used to support teacher training,
2 curriculum, technology, examination fees, and other costs associated
3 with offering dual credit courses to high school students.

4 (2) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall
5 allocate half of the funds appropriated for the purposes of this
6 section on a competitive basis to provide one-time grants for high
7 schools to expand the availability of dual credit courses. To be
8 eligible for a grant, a school district must have adopted an academic
9 acceleration policy as provided under section 2 of this act. In making
10 grant awards, the office of the superintendent of public instruction
11 must give priority to grants for high schools with a high proportion of
12 low-income students and high schools seeking to develop new capacity
13 for dual credit courses rather than proposing marginal expansion of
14 current capacity.

15 (3) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall
16 allocate half of the funds appropriated for the purposes of this
17 section to school districts as an incentive award for each student who
18 earned dual high school and college credit, as described under
19 subsection (4) of this section, for courses offered by the district's
20 high schools during the previous school year. School districts must
21 distribute the award to the high schools that generated the funds. The
22 award amount for low-income students eligible to participate in the
23 federal free and reduced-price meals program who earn dual credits must
24 be set at one hundred twenty-five percent of the base award for other
25 students. A student who earns more than one dual credit in the same
26 school year counts only once for the purposes of the incentive award.

27 (4) For the purposes of this section, the following students are
28 considered to have earned dual high school and college credit in a
29 course offered by a high school:

30 (a) Students who achieve a score of three or higher on an AP
31 examination;

32 (b) Students who achieve a score of four or higher on an
33 examination of the international baccalaureate diploma programme;

34 (c) Students who successfully complete a Cambridge advanced
35 international certificate of education examination;

36 (d) Students who successfully complete a course through the college
37 in the high school program under RCW 28A.600.290 and are awarded credit
38 by the partnering institution of higher education; and

1 (e) Students who satisfy the dual enrollment and class performance
2 requirements to earn college credit through a tech prep course.

3 (5) If a high school provides access to online courses for students
4 to earn dual high school and college credit at no cost to the student,
5 such a course is considered to be offered by the high school. Students
6 enrolled in the running start program under RCW 28A.600.300 do not
7 generate an incentive award under this section.

8 (6) The office of the superintendent of public instruction shall
9 report to the education policy committees and the fiscal committees of
10 the legislature, by January 1st of each year, information about the
11 demographics of the students earning dual credits in the schools
12 receiving grants under this section for the prior school year.
13 Demographic data shall be disaggregated pursuant to RCW 28A.300.042.

14 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** A new section is added to chapter 28A.300
15 RCW to read as follows:

16 In addition to data on student enrollment in dual credit courses,
17 the office of the superintendent of public instruction shall collect
18 and post on the Washington state report card web site the rates at
19 which students earn college credit through a dual credit course, using
20 the following criteria:

21 (1) Students who achieve a score of three or higher on an AP
22 examination;

23 (2) Students who achieve a score of four or higher on an
24 examination of the international baccalaureate diploma programme;

25 (3) Students who successfully complete a Cambridge advanced
26 international certificate of education examination;

27 (4) Students who successfully complete a course through the college
28 in the high school program under RCW 28A.600.290 and are awarded credit
29 by the partnering institution of higher education; and

30 (5) Students who satisfy the dual enrollment and class performance
31 requirements to earn college credit through a tech prep course; and

32 (6) Students who successfully complete a course through the running
33 start program under RCW 28A.600.300 and are awarded credit by the
34 institution of higher education.

35 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** If specific funding for purposes of section

1 3 of this act, referencing section 3 of this act by bill or chapter and
2 section number, is not provided by June 30, 2013, in the omnibus
3 operating appropriations act, section 3 of this act is null and void.

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