CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

HOUSE BILL 1404

Chapter 112, Laws of 2013

63rd Legislature 2013 Regular Session

ALCOHOL POISONING--IMMUNITY FROM PROSECUTION

EFFECTIVE DATE: 07/28/13

Passed by the House March 5, 2013 Yeas 72 Nays 24

FRANK CHOPP

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 15, 2013 Yeas 44 Nays 3

BRAD OWEN

President of the Senate

Approved May 1, 2013, 2:15 p.m.

CERTIFICATE

I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **HOUSE BILL 1404** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

BARBARA BAKER

Chief Clerk

FILED

May 1, 2013

Secretary of State State of Washington

JAY INSLEE

Governor of the State of Washington

HOUSE BILL 1404

Passed Legislature - 2013 Regular Session

State of Washington63rd Legislature2013 Regular SessionBy Representatives Liias, Walsh, Goodman, Roberts, and JinkinsRead first time 01/25/13.Referred to Committee on Public Safety.

1 AN ACT Relating to prevention of alcohol poisoning deaths; amending 2 RCW 66.44.270; and creating a new section.

3 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

<u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 1. The legislature intends to save lives by 4 5 increasing timely medical attention to alcohol poisoning victims through the establishment of limited immunity from prosecution for 6 7 people under the age of twenty-one years who seek medical assistance in alcohol poisoning situations. Dozens of alcohol poisonings occur each 8 year in Washington state. Many of these incidents occur because people 9 10 delay or forego seeking medical assistance for fear of arrest or police 11 involvement, which researchers continually identify as a significant 12 barrier to the ideal response of calling 911.

13 Sec. 2. RCW 66.44.270 and 1998 c 4 s 1 are each amended to read as 14 follows:

(1) It is unlawful for any person to sell, give, or otherwise supply liquor to any person under the age of twenty-one years or permit any person under that age to consume liquor on his or her premises or on any premises under his or her control. For the purposes of this

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subsection, "premises" includes real property, houses, buildings, and other structures, and motor vehicles and watercraft. A violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

5 (2)(a) It is unlawful for any person under the age of twenty-one 6 years to possess, consume, or otherwise acquire any liquor. A 7 violation of this subsection is a gross misdemeanor punishable as 8 provided for in chapter 9A.20 RCW.

9 (b) It is unlawful for a person under the age of twenty-one years to be in a public place, or to be in a motor vehicle in a public place, 10 while exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor. For purposes 11 of this subsection, exhibiting the effects of having consumed liquor 12 means that a person has the odor of liquor on his or her breath and 13 14 either: (i) Is in possession of or close proximity to a container that has or recently had liquor in it; or (ii) by speech, manner, 15 appearance, behavior, lack of coordination, or otherwise, exhibits that 16 17 he or she is under the influence of liquor. This subsection (2)(b) does not apply if the person is in the presence of a parent or guardian 18 or has consumed or is consuming liquor under circumstances described in 19 subsection (4) $((or))_{\perp}$ (5), or (6) of this section. 20

(3) Subsections (1) and (2)(a) of this section do not apply to liquor given or permitted to be given to a person under the age of twenty-one years by a parent or guardian and consumed in the presence of the parent or guardian. This subsection shall not authorize consumption or possession of liquor by a person under the age of twenty-one years on any premises licensed under chapter 66.24 RCW.

(4) This section does not apply to liquor given for medicinal
purposes to a person under the age of twenty-one years by a parent,
guardian, physician, or dentist.

30 (5) This section does not apply to liquor given to a person under 31 the age of twenty-one years when such liquor is being used in 32 connection with religious services and the amount consumed is the 33 minimal amount necessary for the religious service.

(6)(a) A person under the age of twenty-one years acting in good faith who seeks medical assistance for someone experiencing alcohol poisoning shall not be charged or prosecuted under subsection (2)(a) of this section, if the evidence for the charge was obtained as a result of the person seeking medical assistance. 1 (b) A person under the age of twenty-one years who experiences 2 alcohol poisoning and is in need of medical assistance shall not be 3 charged or prosecuted under subsection (2)(a) of this section, if the 4 evidence for the charge was obtained as a result of the poisoning and 5 need for medical assistance.

6 (c) The protection in this subsection shall not be grounds for 7 suppression of evidence in other criminal charges.

8 (7) Conviction or forfeiture of bail for a violation of this 9 section by a person under the age of twenty-one years at the time of 10 such conviction or forfeiture shall not be a disqualification of that 11 person to acquire a license to sell or dispense any liquor after that 12 person has attained the age of twenty-one years.

Passed by the House March 5, 2013. Passed by the Senate April 15, 2013. Approved by the Governor May 1, 2013. Filed in Office of Secretary of State May 1, 2013.