CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2928

64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

Passed by the House March 10, 2016 CERTIFICATE Yeas 96 Nays 1 I, Barbara Baker, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is Speaker of the House of Representatives SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL ENGROSSED 2928 as passed by House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth. Passed by the Senate March 9, 2016 Yeas 49 Nays 0

Chief Clerk

President of the Senate Approved

FILED

Secretary of State State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2928

AS AMENDED BY THE SENATE

Passed Legislature - 2016 Regular Session

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

By House Agriculture & Natural Resources (originally sponsored by Representatives Kretz, Blake, Schmick, Dunshee, Short, Haler, Stanford, and Chandler)

READ FIRST TIME 02/05/16.

AN ACT Relating to ensuring that restrictions on outdoor burning for air quality reasons do not impede measures necessary to ensure forest resiliency to catastrophic fires; creating a new section; providing an expiration date; and declaring an emergency.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

б NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The department of natural resources 7 shall conduct a forest resiliency burning pilot project. The goal of the pilot project is to monitor and evaluate the benefits of forest 8 9 resiliency burning and the impacts on ambient air quality. The 10 department of natural resources is responsible for establishing the 11 processes and procedures necessary to administer the pilot project, 12 including the review and approval of qualifying forest resiliency 13 burning proposals. The department of natural resources may consider 14 forest resiliency burning proposals that include treatments to reduce fuel loads prior to burning, including the thinning of forest stands 15 16 and grazing to clear brush.

17 (2)(a) The department of natural resources must, as the primary 18 focus of the pilot project, arrange with interested third parties to 19 perform forest resiliency burning on land prone to forest or wildland 20 fires in coordination with the following forest health collaboratives 21 as recognized by the United States forest service: 1 (i) North Central Washington forest health collaborative;

(ii) Northeast Washington forestry collaborative; and

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(iii) Tapash sustainable forest collaborative.

4 (b) The department of natural resources must also coordinate with 5 at least one organized group of public agencies and interested 6 stakeholders whose purpose is to protect, conserve, and expand the 7 safe and responsible use of prescribed fire on the Washington 8 landscape.

9 (3)(a) The department of natural resources must, as part of the pilot project, approve single day or multiple day forest resiliency 10 11 burns if the burning is unlikely to significantly contribute to an exceedance of air quality standards established by chapter 70.94 RCW. 12 Once approved, forest resiliency burns spanning multiple days may 13 14 only be revoked or postponed midway through the duration of the approved burn if necessary for the safety of adjacent property or 15 16 upon a determination by the department of natural resources or the 17 department of ecology that the burn has significantly contributed to 18 an exceedance of air quality standards under chapter 70.94 RCW.

(b) The department of natural resources must approve burns atleast twenty-four hours prior to ignition of the fire.

(4) Forest resiliency burning, when conducted under the pilot project authorized by this section, is not subject to the outdoor burning restrictions in RCW 70.94.6512(2) and 70.94.6514.

24 (5) The implementation of the pilot project authorized in this 25 section is not:

(a) Intended to require the department of natural resources to
update the smoke management plan defined in RCW 70.94.6536. However,
information obtained through the pilot project's implementation may
be used to inform any future updates to the smoke management plan;
and

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(b) Subject to the provisions of chapter 43.21C RCW.

32 (6) Forest resiliency burning, and the implementation of the 33 pilot project authorized in this section, must not be conducted at a 34 scale that would require a revision to the state implementation plan 35 under the federal clean air act.

36 (7) The department of natural resources shall submit a report to 37 the legislature, consistent with RCW 43.01.036, by December 1, 2018. 38 The report must include information and analyses regarding the 39 following elements: (a) The amount of forest resiliency burns proposed, approved, and
 conducted;

3 (b) The quantity and severity of air quality exceedances by4 pollutant type;

5 (c) A comparative analysis between the predicted smoke conditions 6 and the actual smoke conditions observed on location by qualified 7 meteorological personnel or trained prescribed burning professionals 8 during the forest resiliency burn; and

9 (d) Recommendations relating to continuing or expanding forest 10 resiliency burning and creating forest resiliency burning as a new 11 type of outdoor burning permitted by the department of natural 12 resources.

13 (8) The report to the legislature required by this section may 14 include recommendations for the updating of the smoke management plan 15 defined in RCW 70.94.6536.

16 (9) For the purposes of this section, "forest resiliency burning" 17 means silvicultural burning carried out under the supervision of 18 qualified silvicultural, ecological, or fire management professionals 19 and used to improve fire dependent ecosystems, mitigate wildfire 20 potential, decrease forest susceptibility to forest insect or disease 21 as defined in RCW 76.06.020, or otherwise enhance forest resiliency 22 to fire.

23 (10) This section expires July 1, 2019.

24 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 2. This act is necessary for the immediate 25 preservation of the public peace, health, or safety, or support of 26 the state government and its existing public institutions, and takes 27 effect immediately.

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