S-4271.1

## SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6528

State of Washington 64th Legislature 2016 Regular Session

**By** Senate Trade & Economic Development (originally sponsored by Senators Brown, Sheldon, Dammeier, Parlette, Schoesler, Warnick, Honeyford, Braun, Angel, Hewitt, Miloscia, O'Ban, Becker, Rivers, and Rolfes)

READ FIRST TIME 01/28/16.

1 AN ACT Relating to promoting economic development through 2 protection of information technology resources; amending RCW 3 43.105.054; reenacting and amending RCW 43.105.020; and creating new 4 sections.

5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) Communication and information resources in the various public agencies of the state are strategic 7 and vital assets belonging to the people of Washington and are an 8 important component of maintaining a vibrant economy. Coordinated 9 efforts and a sense of urgency are necessary to protect these assets 10 11 against unauthorized access, disclosure, use, and modification or 12 destruction, whether accidental or deliberate, as well as to assure 13 the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information.

14 (2) State government has a duty to Washington citizens to ensure
15 that the information entrusted to public agencies is safe, secure,
16 and protected from unauthorized access, unauthorized use, or
17 destruction.

(3) Securing the state's communication and information resources
 is a statewide imperative requiring a coordinated and shared effort
 from all departments, agencies, and political subdivisions of the

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state and a long-term commitment to state funding that ensures the
 success of such efforts.

3 (4) Risks to communication and information resources must be 4 managed, and the integrity of data and the source, destination, and 5 processes applied to data must be assured.

6 (5) Information security standards, policies, and guidelines must 7 be adopted and implemented throughout public agencies to ensure the 8 development and maintenance of minimum information security controls 9 to protect communication and information resources that support the 10 operations and assets of those agencies.

11 (6) Washington state must build upon its existing expertise in 12 information technology including research and development facilities 13 and workforce to become a national leader in cybersecurity.

14 Sec. 2. RCW 43.105.020 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 102 are each 15 reenacted and amended to read as follows:

16 The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter 17 unless the context clearly requires otherwise.

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(1) "Agency" means the consolidated technology services agency.

19 (2) "Board" means the technology services board.

(3) "Customer agencies" means all entities that purchase or use
 information technology resources, telecommunications, or services
 from the consolidated technology services agency.

(4) "Director" means the state chief information officer, who isthe director of the consolidated technology services agency.

(5) "Enterprise architecture" means an ongoing activity for translating business vision and strategy into effective enterprise change. It is a continuous activity. Enterprise architecture creates, communicates, and improves the key principles and models that describe the enterprise's future state and enable its evolution.

30 (6) "Equipment" means the machines, devices, and transmission 31 facilities used in information processing, including but not limited 32 to computers, terminals, telephones, wireless communications system 33 facilities, cables, and any physical facility necessary for the 34 operation of such equipment.

35 (7) "Information" includes, but is not limited to, data, text, 36 voice, and video.

37 (8) <u>"Information security" means the protection of communication</u> 38 <u>and information resources from unauthorized access, use, disclosure,</u> 39 <u>disruption, modification, or destruction in order to:</u> 1 (a) Prevent improper information modification or destruction;
2 (b) Preserve authorized restrictions on information access and
3 disclosure;

4 (c) Ensure timely and reliable access to and use of information;
5 and

6 (d) Maintain the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of
 7 information.

8 (9) "Information technology" includes, but is not limited to, all 9 electronic technology systems and services, automated information 10 handling, system design and analysis, conversion of data, computer 11 programming, information storage and retrieval, telecommunications, 12 requisite system controls, simulation, electronic commerce, radio 13 technologies, and all related interactions between people and 14 machines.

15 (((<del>9)</del>)) <u>(10)</u> "Information technology portfolio" or "portfolio" 16 means a strategic management process documenting relationships 17 between agency missions and information technology and 18 telecommunications investments.

19 ((<del>(10)</del>)) <u>(11)</u> "K-20 network" means the network established in RCW
20 43.41.391.

21 ((<del>(11)</del>)) <u>(12)</u> "Local governments" includes all municipal and 22 quasi-municipal corporations and political subdivisions, and all 23 agencies of such corporations and subdivisions authorized to contract 24 separately.

25 (((12))) (13) "Office" means the office of the state chief 26 information officer within the consolidated technology services 27 agency.

28 (((13))) (14) "Oversight" means a process of comprehensive risk 29 analysis and management designed to ensure optimum use of information 30 technology resources and telecommunications.

31 (((14))) (15) "Proprietary software" means that software offered 32 for sale or license.

33 (((15))) (16) "Public agency" means any agency of this state or 34 another state; any political subdivision or unit of local government 35 of this state or another state including, but not limited to, 36 municipal corporations, quasi-municipal corporations, special purpose 37 districts, and local service districts; any public benefit nonprofit 38 corporation; any agency of the United States; and any Indian tribe 39 recognized as such by the federal government.

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1 ((<del>(16)</del>)) <u>(17)</u> "Public benefit nonprofit corporation" means a 2 public benefit nonprofit corporation as defined in RCW 24.03.005 that 3 is receiving local, state, or federal funds either directly or 4 through a public agency other than an Indian tribe or political 5 subdivision of another state.

6 ((<del>(17)</del>)) <u>(18)</u> "Public record" has the definitions in RCW 7 42.56.010 and chapter 40.14 RCW and includes legislative records and 8 court records that are available for public inspection.

9 (((18))) (19) "Security incident" means an accidental or 10 deliberative event that results in or constitutes an imminent threat 11 of the unauthorized access, loss, disclosure, modification, 12 disruption, or destruction of communication and information 13 resources.

14 (20) "State agency" means every state office, department, 15 division, bureau, board, commission, or other state agency, including 16 offices headed by a statewide elected official.

17 (((19))) (21) "Telecommunications" includes, but is not limited 18 to, wireless or wired systems for transport of voice, video, and data 19 communications, network systems, requisite facilities, equipment, 20 system controls, simulation, electronic commerce, and all related 21 interactions between people and machines.

((<del>(20)</del>)) <u>(22)</u> "Utility-based infrastructure services" includes personal computer and portable device support, servers and server administration, security administration, network administration, telephony, email, and other information technology services commonly used by state agencies.

27 **Sec. 3.** RCW 43.105.054 and 2015 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 108 are each 28 amended to read as follows:

(1) The director shall establish standards and policies to governinformation technology in the state of Washington.

31 (2) The office shall have the following powers and duties related 32 to information services:

33 (a) To develop statewide standards and policies governing the:

34 (i) Acquisition of equipment, software, and technology-related35 services;

36 (ii) Disposition of equipment;

37 (iii) Licensing of the radio spectrum by or on behalf of state 38 agencies; and

39 (iv) Confidentiality of computerized data;

(b) To develop statewide and interagency technical policies,
 standards, and procedures;

3 (c) To review and approve standards and common specifications for 4 new or expanded telecommunications networks proposed by agencies, 5 public postsecondary education institutions, educational service 6 districts, or statewide or regional providers of K-12 information 7 technology services;

8 (d) With input from the legislature and the judiciary, ((<del>[to]</del>)) 9 <u>to</u> provide direction concerning strategic planning goals and 10 objectives for the state;

(e) To establish policies for the periodic review by the director of state agency performance which may include but are not limited to analysis of:

14 (i) Planning, management, control, and use of information 15 services;

16 (ii) Training and education;

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(iv) Cybersecurity;

(iii) Project management; and

(f) To coordinate with state agencies with an annual information technology expenditure that exceeds ten million dollars to implement a technology business management program to identify opportunities for savings and efficiencies in information technology expenditures and to monitor ongoing financial performance of technology investments; ((and))

(g) In conjunction with the consolidated technology services agency, to develop statewide standards for agency purchases of technology networking equipment and services<u>;</u>

28 (h) To implement a process for detecting, reporting, and 29 responding to security incidents consistent with the information 30 security standards, policies, and guidelines adopted by the director;

31 (i) To develop plans and procedures to ensure the continuity of 32 commerce for information resources that support the operations and 33 assets of state agencies in the event of a security incident; and

(j) To work with the department of commerce and other economic
 development stakeholders to facilitate the development of Washington
 as a national leader in cybersecurity.

37 (3) Statewide technical standards to promote and facilitate
 38 electronic information sharing and access are an essential component
 39 of acceptable and reliable public access service and complement

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1 content-related standards designed to meet those goals. The office
2 shall:

3 (a) Establish technical standards to facilitate electronic access
4 to government information and interoperability of information
5 systems, including wireless communications systems; and

6 (b) Require agencies to include an evaluation of electronic 7 public access needs when planning new information systems or major 8 upgrades of systems.

9 In developing these standards, the office is encouraged to 10 include the state library, state archives, and appropriate 11 representatives of state and local government.

12 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> Sec. 4. This act may be known and cited as the 13 cybersecurity jobs act.

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