
ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1047

State of Washington

65th Legislature

2017 Regular Session

By House Health Care & Wellness (originally sponsored by Representatives Peterson, Appleton, Stanford, Robinson, Lytton, Ormsby, Senn, Jenkins, Bergquist, Frame, Gregerson, Doglio, Fey, Tharinger, Ryu, Kilduff, Macri, Hudgins, Farrell, Sawyer, and Cody)

READ FIRST TIME 02/17/17.

1 AN ACT Relating to protecting the public's health by creating a
2 system for safe and secure collection and disposal of unwanted
3 medications; amending RCW 42.56.270 and 69.41.030; adding a new
4 section to chapter 69.50 RCW; adding a new section to chapter 70.95
5 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 43.131 RCW; adding a new chapter
6 to Title 69 RCW; creating a new section; prescribing penalties; and
7 providing an expiration date.

8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

9 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 1.** LEGISLATIVE FINDINGS. (1) Abuse, fatal
10 overdoses, and poisonings from prescription and over-the-counter
11 medicines used in the home have emerged as an epidemic in recent
12 years. Poisoning is the leading cause of unintentional injury-related
13 death in Washington, and more than ninety percent of poisoning deaths
14 are due to drug overdoses. Poisoning by prescription and over-the-
15 counter medicines is also one of the most common means of suicide and
16 suicide attempts, with poisonings involved in more than twenty-eight
17 thousand suicide attempts between 2004 and 2013.

18 (2) Home medicine cabinets are the most common source of
19 prescription drugs that are diverted and misused. Studies find about
20 seventy percent of those who abuse prescription medicines obtain the
21 drugs from family members or friends, usually for free. People who

1 are addicted to heroin often first abused prescription opiate
2 medicines. Unused, unwanted, and expired medicines that accumulate in
3 homes increase risks of drug abuse, overdoses, and preventable
4 poisonings.

5 (3) A safe system for the collection and disposal of unused,
6 unwanted, and expired medicines is a key element of a comprehensive
7 strategy to prevent prescription drug abuse, but disposing of
8 medicines by flushing them down the toilet or placing them in the
9 garbage can contaminate groundwater and other bodies of water,
10 contributing to long-term harm to the environment and animal life.

11 (4) The legislature therefore finds that it is in the interest of
12 public health to establish a single, uniform, statewide system of
13 regulation for safe and secure collection and disposal of medicines
14 through a uniform drug "take-back" program operated and funded by
15 drug manufacturers.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 2.** DEFINITIONS. The definitions in this
17 section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly
18 requires otherwise.

19 (1) "Administer" means the direct application of a legend drug
20 whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion, or any other means, to
21 the body of the patient or research subject by:

22 (a) A practitioner; or

23 (b) The patient or research subject at the direction of the
24 practitioner.

25 (2) "Authorized collector" means any of the following persons or
26 entities that have entered into an agreement with a program operator
27 to collect covered drugs:

28 (a) A person or entity that is registered with the United States
29 drug enforcement administration and that qualifies under federal law
30 to modify its registration to collect controlled substances for the
31 purpose of destruction;

32 (b) A law enforcement agency; or

33 (c) An entity authorized by the department to provide an
34 alternative collection mechanism for certain covered drugs that are
35 not controlled substances, as defined in RCW 69.50.101.

36 (3) "Collection site" means the location where an authorized
37 collector operates a secure collection receptacle for collecting
38 covered drugs.

1 (4)(a) "Covered drug" means a drug from a covered entity that the
2 covered entity no longer wants and that the covered entity has
3 abandoned or discarded or intends to abandon or discard. "Covered
4 drug" includes legend drugs and nonlegend drugs, brand name and
5 generic drugs, drugs for veterinary use for household pets, and drugs
6 in medical devices and combination products.

7 (b) "Covered drug" does not include:

8 (i) Vitamins, minerals, or supplements;

9 (ii) Herbal-based remedies and homeopathic drugs, products, or
10 remedies;

11 (iii) Controlled substances contained in schedule I of the
12 uniform controlled substances act, chapter 69.50 RCW;

13 (iv) Cosmetics, shampoos, sunscreens, lip balm, toothpaste,
14 antiperspirants, or other personal care products that are regulated
15 as both cosmetics and nonprescription drugs under the federal food,
16 drug, and cosmetic act, 21 U.S.C. Sec. 301 et seq.;

17 (v) Drugs for which manufacturers provide a pharmaceutical
18 product stewardship or drug take-back program as part of a federal
19 food and drug administration managed risk evaluation and mitigation
20 strategy under 21 U.S.C. Sec. 355-1;

21 (vi) Biological drug products, as defined by 21 C.F.R. 600.3 (h)
22 as it exists on the effective date of this section, for which
23 manufacturers provide a pharmaceutical product stewardship or drug
24 take-back program and who provide the department with a report
25 describing the program, including how the drug product is collected
26 and safely disposed and how patients are made aware of the drug take-
27 back program, and who updates the department on changes that
28 substantially alter their drug take-back program;

29 (vii) Drugs that are administered in a clinical setting;

30 (viii) Emptied injector products or emptied medical devices and
31 their component parts or accessories;

32 (ix) Exposed needles or sharps, or used drug products that are
33 medical wastes; or

34 (x) Pet pesticide products contained in pet collars, powders,
35 shampoos, topical applications, or other forms.

36 (5) "Covered entity" means a state resident or other nonbusiness
37 entity and includes an ultimate user, as defined by regulations
38 adopted by the United States drug enforcement administration.
39 "Covered entity" does not include a business generator of
40 pharmaceutical waste, such as a hospital, clinic, health care

1 provider's office, veterinary clinic, pharmacy, or law enforcement
2 agency.

3 (6) "Covered manufacturer" means a person, corporation, or other
4 entity engaged in the manufacture of covered drugs sold in or into
5 Washington state. "Covered manufacturer" does not include a retail
6 pharmacy that sells a drug under the retail pharmacy's store label if
7 the manufacturer of the drug is identified under section 4 of this
8 act.

9 (7) "Department" means the department of health.

10 (8)(a) "Drug" means:

11 (a) Substances recognized as drugs in the official United States
12 pharmacopoeia, official homeopathic pharmacopoeia of the United
13 States, or official national formulary, or any supplement to any of
14 them;

15 (b) Substances intended for use in the diagnosis, cure,
16 mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in human beings or
17 animals;

18 (c) Substances other than food, minerals, or vitamins that are
19 intended to affect the structure or any function of the body of human
20 beings or animals; and

21 (d) Substances intended for use as a component of any article
22 specified in (a), (b), or (c) of this subsection.

23 (9) "Drug take-back organization" means an organization
24 designated by a manufacturer or group of manufacturers to act as an
25 agent on behalf of each manufacturer to develop and implement a drug
26 take-back program.

27 (10) "Drug take-back program" or "program" means a program
28 implemented by a program operator for the collection, transportation,
29 and disposal of covered drugs.

30 (11) "Drug wholesaler" means an entity licensed as a wholesaler
31 under chapter 18.64 RCW.

32 (12) "Generic drug" means a drug that is chemically identical or
33 bioequivalent to a brand name drug in dosage form, safety, strength,
34 route of administration, quality, performance characteristics, and
35 intended use. The inactive ingredients in a generic drug need not be
36 identical to the inactive ingredients in the chemically identical or
37 bioequivalent brand name drug.

38 (13) "Legend drug" means a drug, including a controlled substance
39 under chapter 69.50 RCW, that is required by any applicable federal

1 or state law or regulation to be dispensed by prescription only or
2 that is restricted to use by practitioners only.

3 (14) "Mail-back distribution location" means a facility, such as
4 a town hall or library, that offers prepaid, preaddressed mailing
5 envelopes to covered entities.

6 (15) "Mail-back program" means a method of collecting covered
7 drugs from covered entities by using prepaid, preaddressed mailing
8 envelopes.

9 (16) "Manufacture" has the same meaning as in RCW 18.64.011.

10 (17) "Nonlegend drug" means a drug that may be lawfully sold
11 without a prescription.

12 (18) "Pharmacy" means a place licensed as a pharmacy under
13 chapter 18.64 RCW.

14 (19) "Program operator" means a drug take-back organization,
15 covered manufacturer, or group of covered manufacturers that
16 implements or intends to implement a drug take-back program approved
17 by the department.

18 (20) "Retail pharmacy" means a place licensed as a pharmacy under
19 chapter 18.64 RCW for the retail sale and dispensing of drugs.

20 (21) "Secretary" means the secretary of health.

21 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 3.** REQUIREMENT TO PARTICIPATE IN A DRUG TAKE-
22 BACK PROGRAM. A covered manufacturer must establish and implement a
23 drug take-back program that complies with the requirements of this
24 chapter. A manufacturer that becomes a covered manufacturer after the
25 effective date of this section must, no later than six months after
26 the date on which the manufacturer became a covered manufacturer,
27 participate in an approved drug take-back program or establish and
28 implement a drug take-back program that complies with the
29 requirements of this chapter. A covered manufacturer may establish
30 and implement a drug take-back program independently, as part of a
31 group of covered manufacturers, or through membership in a drug take-
32 back organization.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 4.** IDENTIFICATION OF COVERED MANUFACTURERS.
34 (1) No later than ninety days after the effective date of this
35 section, a drug wholesaler that sells a drug in or into Washington
36 must provide a list of drug manufacturers to the department in a form
37 agreed upon with the department. A drug wholesaler must provide an
38 updated list to the department on January 15th of each year.

1 (2) No later than ninety days after the effective date of this
2 section, a retail pharmacy must provide written notification to the
3 department identifying the drug manufacturer from which the retail
4 pharmacy obtains a drug that the retail pharmacy sells under its
5 store label.

6 (3) A person or entity that receives a letter of inquiry from the
7 department regarding whether or not it is a covered manufacturer
8 under this chapter shall respond in writing no later than sixty days
9 after receipt of the letter. If the person or entity does not believe
10 it is a covered manufacturer for purposes of this chapter, it shall:
11 (a) State the basis for the belief; (b) provide a list of any drugs
12 it sells, distributes, repackages, or otherwise offers for sale
13 within the state; and (c) identify the name and contact information
14 of the manufacturer of the drugs identified under (b) of this
15 subsection.

16 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 5.** DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM APPROVAL. (1) By
17 July 1, 2019, a program operator must submit a proposal for the
18 establishment and implementation of a drug take-back program to the
19 department for approval. The department shall approve a proposed
20 program if the applicant submits a completed application, the
21 proposed program meets the requirements of subsection (2) of this
22 section, and the applicant pays the appropriate fee established by
23 the department under section 12 of this act.

24 (2) To be approved by the department, a proposed drug take-back
25 program must:

26 (a) Identify and provide contact information for the program
27 operator and each participating covered manufacturer;

28 (b) Identify and provide contact information for the authorized
29 collectors for the proposed program, as well as the reasons for
30 excluding any potential authorized collectors from participation in
31 the program;

32 (c) Provide for a collection system that complies with section 6
33 of this act;

34 (d) Provide for a handling and disposal system that complies with
35 section 8 of this act;

36 (e) Identify any transporters and waste disposal facilities that
37 the program will use;

38 (f) Adopt policies and procedures to be followed by persons
39 handling covered drugs collected under the program to ensure safety,

1 security, and compliance with regulations adopted by the United
2 States drug enforcement administration, as well as any applicable
3 laws;

4 (g) Ensure the security of patient information on drug packaging
5 during collection, transportation, recycling, and disposal;

6 (h) Promote the program by providing consumers, pharmacies, and
7 other entities with educational and informational materials as
8 required by section 7 of this act;

9 (i) Demonstrate adequate funding for all administrative and
10 operational costs of the drug take-back program, with costs
11 apportioned among participating covered manufacturers;

12 (j) Set long-term and short-term goals with respect to collection
13 amounts and public awareness; and

14 (k) Consider: (i) The use of existing providers of pharmaceutical
15 waste transportation and disposal services; (ii) separation of
16 covered drugs from packaging to reduce transportation and disposal
17 costs; and (iii) recycling of drug packaging.

18 (3)(a) No later than one hundred twenty days after receipt of a
19 drug take-back program proposal, the department shall either approve
20 or reject the proposal in writing to the applicant. The department
21 may extend the deadline for approval or rejection of a proposal for
22 good cause. If the department rejects the proposal, it shall provide
23 the reason for rejection.

24 (b) No later than ninety days after receipt of a notice of
25 rejection under (a) of this subsection, the applicant shall submit a
26 revised proposal to the department. The department shall either
27 approve or reject the revised proposal in writing to the applicant
28 within ninety days after receipt of the revised proposal, including
29 the reason for rejection, if applicable.

30 (c) If the department rejects a revised proposal, the department
31 may:

32 (i) Require the program operator to submit a further revised
33 proposal;

34 (ii) Develop and impose changes to some or all of the revised
35 proposal to address deficiencies;

36 (iii) Require the covered manufacturer or covered manufacturers
37 that proposed the rejected revised proposal to participate in a
38 previously approved drug take-back program; or

1 (iv) Find the covered manufacturer out of compliance with the
2 requirements of this chapter and take enforcement action as provided
3 in section 11 of this act.

4 (4) The program operator must initiate operation of an approved
5 drug take-back program no later than one hundred eighty days after
6 approval of the proposal by the department.

7 (5)(a) Proposed changes to an approved drug take-back program
8 that substantially alter program operations must have prior written
9 approval of the department. A program operator must submit to the
10 department such a proposed change in writing at least fifteen days
11 before the change is scheduled to occur. Changes requiring prior
12 approval of the department include changes to participating covered
13 manufacturers, collection methods, achievement of the service
14 convenience goal described in section 6 of this act, policies and
15 procedures for handling covered drugs, education and promotion
16 methods, and selection of disposal facilities.

17 (b) For changes to a drug take-back program that do not
18 substantially alter program operations, a program operator must
19 notify the department at least seven days before implementing the
20 change. Changes that do not substantially alter program operations
21 include changes to collection site locations, methods for scheduling
22 and locating periodic collection events, and methods for distributing
23 prepaid, preaddressed mailers.

24 (c) A program operator must notify the department of any changes
25 to the official point of contact for the program no later than
26 fifteen days after the change. A program operator must notify the
27 department of any changes in ownership or contact information for
28 participating covered manufacturers no later than ninety days after
29 such change.

30 (6) No later than four years after a drug take-back program
31 initiates operations, and every four years thereafter, the program
32 operator must submit an updated proposal to the department describing
33 any substantive changes to program elements described in subsection
34 (2) of this section. The department shall approve or reject the
35 updated proposal using the process described in subsection (3) of
36 this section.

37 (7) The department shall make all proposals submitted under this
38 section available to the public and shall provide an opportunity for
39 written public comment on each proposal.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 6.** COLLECTION SYSTEM. (1)(a) At least one
2 hundred twenty days prior to submitting a proposal under section 5 of
3 this act, a program operator must notify potential authorized
4 collectors of the opportunity to serve as an authorized collector for
5 the proposed drug take-back program. A program operator must commence
6 good faith negotiations with a potential authorized collector no
7 later than thirty days after the potential authorized collector
8 expresses interest in participating in a proposed program.

9 (b) A person or entity may serve as an authorized collector for a
10 drug take-back program voluntarily or in exchange for compensation,
11 but nothing in this chapter requires a person or entity to serve as
12 an authorized collector.

13 (c) A drug take-back program must include as an authorized
14 collector any retail pharmacy, hospital or clinic with an on-site
15 pharmacy, or law enforcement agency that offers to participate in the
16 program without compensation and meets the requirements of subsection
17 (2) of this section. Such a pharmacy, hospital, clinic, or law
18 enforcement agency must be included as an authorized collector in the
19 program no later than ninety days after receiving the offer to
20 participate.

21 (d) A drug take-back program may also locate collection sites at:

22 (i) A long-term care facility where a pharmacy, or a hospital or
23 clinic with an on-site pharmacy, operates a secure collection
24 receptacle;

25 (ii) A substance use disorder treatment program, as defined in
26 RCW 71.24.025; or

27 (iii) Any other authorized collector willing to participate as a
28 collection site and able to meet the requirements of subsection (2)
29 of this section.

30 (2)(a) A collection site must accept all covered drugs from
31 covered entities during the hours that the authorized collector is
32 normally open for business with the public.

33 (b) A collection site located at a long-term care facility may
34 only accept covered drugs that are in the possession of individuals
35 who reside or have resided at the facility.

36 (c) A collection site must use secure collection receptacles in
37 compliance with state and federal law, including any applicable on-
38 site storage and collection standards adopted by rule pursuant to
39 chapter 70.95 or 70.105 RCW and United States drug enforcement
40 administration regulations. The program operator must provide a

1 service schedule that meets the needs of each collection site to
2 ensure that each secure collection receptacle is serviced as often as
3 necessary to avoid reaching capacity and that collected covered drugs
4 are transported to final disposal in a timely manner, including a
5 process for additional prompt collection service upon notification
6 from the collection site. Secure collection receptacle signage must
7 prominently display a toll-free telephone number and web site for the
8 program so that members of the public may provide feedback on
9 collection activities.

10 (d) An authorized collector must comply with applicable
11 provisions of chapters 70.95 and 70.105 RCW, including rules adopted
12 pursuant to those chapters that establish collection and
13 transportation standards, and federal laws and regulations governing
14 the handling of covered drugs, including United States drug
15 enforcement administration regulations.

16 (3)(a) A drug take-back program's collection system must be safe,
17 secure, and convenient on an ongoing, year-round basis and must
18 provide equitable and reasonably convenient access for residents
19 across the state.

20 (b) In establishing and operating a collection system, a program
21 operator must give preference to locating collection sites at retail
22 pharmacies, hospitals or clinics with on-site pharmacies, and law
23 enforcement agencies.

24 (c)(i) Each population center must have a minimum of one
25 collection site, plus one additional collection site for every fifty
26 thousand residents of the city or town located within the population
27 center. Collection sites must be geographically distributed to
28 provide reasonably convenient and equitable access to all residents
29 of the population center.

30 (ii) On islands and in areas outside of population centers, a
31 collection site must be located at the site of each potential
32 authorized collector that is regularly open to the public, unless the
33 program operator demonstrates to the satisfaction of the department
34 that a potential authorized collector is unqualified or unwilling to
35 participate in the drug take-back program, in accordance with the
36 requirements of subsection (1) of this section.

37 (iii) For purposes of this section, "population center" means a
38 city or town and the unincorporated area within a ten-mile radius
39 from the center of the city or town.

1 (d) A program operator must establish mail-back distribution
2 locations or hold periodic collection events to supplement service to
3 any area of the state that is underserved by collection sites, as
4 determined by the department, in consultation with the local health
5 jurisdiction. The program operator, in consultation with the
6 department, local law enforcement, the local health jurisdiction, and
7 the local community, must determine the number and locations of mail-
8 back distribution locations or the frequency and location of these
9 collections events, to be held at least twice a year, unless
10 otherwise determined through consultation with the local community.
11 The program must arrange any periodic collection events in advance
12 with local law enforcement agencies and conduct periodic collection
13 events in compliance with United States drug enforcement
14 administration regulations and protocols and applicable state laws.

15 (e) Upon request, a drug take-back program must provide a mail-
16 back program free of charge to covered entities and to retail
17 pharmacies that offer to distribute prepaid, preaddressed mailing
18 envelopes for the drug take-back program. A drug take-back program
19 must permit covered entities to request prepaid, preaddressed mailing
20 envelopes through the program's web site, the program's toll-free
21 telephone number, and a request to a pharmacist at a retail pharmacy
22 distributing the program's mailing envelopes.

23 (f) The program operator must provide alternative collection
24 methods for any covered drugs, other than controlled substances, that
25 cannot be accepted or commingled with other covered drugs in secure
26 collection receptacles, through a mail-back program, or at periodic
27 collection events, to the extent permissible under applicable state
28 and federal laws. The department shall review and approve of any
29 alternative collection methods prior to their implementation.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 7.** DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM PROMOTION. (1) A
31 drug take-back program must develop and provide a system of
32 promotion, education, and public outreach about the safe storage and
33 secure collection of covered drugs. This system may include signage,
34 written materials to be provided at the time of purchase or delivery
35 of covered drugs, and advertising or other promotional materials. At
36 a minimum, each program must:

37 (a) Promote the safe storage of legend drugs and nonlegend drugs
38 by residents before secure disposal through a drug take-back program;

1 (b) Discourage residents from disposing of covered drugs in solid
2 waste collection, sewer, or septic systems;

3 (c) Promote the use of the drug take-back program so that where
4 and how to return covered drugs is widely understood by residents,
5 pharmacists, retail pharmacies, health care facilities and providers,
6 veterinarians, and veterinary hospitals;

7 (d) Establish a toll-free telephone number and web site
8 publicizing collection options and collection sites and discouraging
9 improper disposal practices for covered drugs, such as flushing them
10 or placing them in the garbage;

11 (e) Prepare educational and outreach materials that: Promote safe
12 storage of covered drugs; discourage the disposal of covered drugs in
13 solid waste collection, sewer, or septic systems; and describe how to
14 return covered drugs to the drug take-back program. The materials
15 must use plain language and explanatory images to make collection
16 services and discouraged disposal practices readily understandable to
17 all residents, including residents with limited English proficiency;

18 (f) Disseminate the educational and outreach materials described
19 in (e) of this subsection to pharmacies, health care facilities, and
20 other interested parties for dissemination to covered entities;

21 (g) Work with authorized collectors to develop a readily
22 recognizable, consistent design of collection receptacles, as well as
23 clear, standardized instructions for covered entities on the use of
24 collection receptacles. The department may provide guidance to
25 program operators on the development of the instructions and design;
26 and

27 (h) Annually report on its promotion, outreach, and public
28 education activities in its annual report required by section 10 of
29 this act.

30 (2) If more than one drug take-back program is approved by the
31 department, the programs must coordinate their promotional activities
32 to ensure that all state residents can easily identify, understand,
33 and access the collection services provided by any drug take-back
34 program. Coordination efforts must include providing residents with a
35 single toll-free telephone number and single web site to access
36 information about collection services for every approved program.

37 (3) Pharmacies and other entities that sell medication in the
38 state are encouraged to promote secure disposal of covered drugs
39 through the use of one or more approved drug take-back programs. Upon
40 request, a pharmacy must provide materials explaining the use of

1 approved drug take-back programs to its customers. The program
2 operator must provide pharmacies with these materials upon request
3 and at no cost to the pharmacy.

4 (4) The department, the health care authority, the department of
5 social and health services, the department of ecology, and any other
6 state agency that is responsible for health, solid waste management,
7 and wastewater treatment shall, through their standard educational
8 methods, promote safe storage of prescription and nonprescription
9 drugs by covered entities, secure disposal of covered drugs through a
10 drug take-back program, and the toll-free telephone number and web
11 site for approved drug take-back programs. Local health jurisdictions
12 and local government agencies are encouraged to promote approved drug
13 take-back programs.

14 (5) The department:

15 (a) Shall conduct a survey of covered entities and a survey of
16 pharmacists, health care providers, and veterinarians who interact
17 with covered entities on the use of medicines after the first full
18 year of operation of the drug take-back program, and again every two
19 years thereafter. Survey questions must: Measure consumer awareness
20 of the drug take-back program; assess the extent to which collection
21 sites and other collection methods are convenient and easy to use;
22 assess knowledge and attitudes about risks of abuse, poisonings, and
23 overdoses from drugs used in the home; and assess covered entities'
24 practices with respect to unused, unwanted, or expired drugs, both
25 currently and prior to implementation of the drug take-back program;
26 and

27 (b) May, upon review of results of public awareness surveys,
28 direct a program operator for an approved drug take-back program to
29 modify the program's promotion and outreach activities to better
30 achieve widespread awareness among Washington state residents and
31 health care professionals about where and how to return covered drugs
32 to the drug take-back program.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 8.** DISPOSAL AND HANDLING OF COVERED DRUGS.

34 (1) Covered drugs collected under a drug take-back program must be
35 disposed of at a permitted hazardous waste disposal facility that
36 meets the requirements of 40 C.F.R. parts 264 and 265, as they exist
37 on the effective date of this section.

38 (2) If use of a hazardous waste disposal facility described in
39 subsection (1) of this section is unfeasible based on cost,

1 logistics, or other considerations, the department, in consultation
2 with the department of ecology, may grant approval for a program
3 operator to dispose of some or all collected covered drugs at a
4 permitted large municipal waste combustor facility that meets the
5 requirements of 40 C.F.R. parts 60 and 62, as they exist on the
6 effective date of this section.

7 (3) A program operator may petition the department for approval
8 to use final disposal technologies or processes that provide superior
9 environmental and human health protection than that provided by the
10 technologies described in subsections (1) and (2) of this section, or
11 equivalent protection at less cost. In reviewing a petition under
12 this subsection, the department shall take into consideration
13 regulations or guidance issued by the United States environmental
14 protection agency on the disposal of pharmaceutical waste. The
15 department, in consultation with the department of ecology, shall
16 approve a disposal petition under this section if the disposal
17 technology or processes described in the petition provides equivalent
18 or superior protection in each of the following areas:

19 (a) Monitoring of any emissions or waste;

20 (b) Worker health and safety;

21 (c) Air, water, or land emissions contributing to persistent,
22 bioaccumulative, and toxic pollution; and

23 (d) Overall impact to the environment and human health.

24 (4) If a drug take-back program encounters a safety or security
25 problem during collection, transportation, or disposal of covered
26 drugs, the program operator must notify the department as soon as
27 practicable after encountering the problem.

28 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 9.** PROGRAM FUNDING. (1) A covered
29 manufacturer or group of covered manufacturers must pay all
30 administrative and operational costs associated with establishing and
31 implementing the drug take-back program in which they participate.
32 Such administrative and operational costs include, but are not
33 limited to: Collection and transportation supplies for each
34 collection site; purchase of secure collection receptacles for each
35 collection site; ongoing maintenance or replacement of secure
36 collection receptacles when requested by authorized collectors;
37 prepaid, preaddressed mailers; compensation of authorized collectors,
38 if applicable; operation of periodic collection events, including the
39 cost of law enforcement staff time; transportation of all collected

1 covered drugs to final disposal; environmentally sound disposal of
2 all collected covered drugs in compliance with section 8 of this act;
3 and program promotion and outreach.

4 (2) A program operator, covered manufacturer, authorized
5 collector, or other person may not charge:

6 (a) A specific point-of-sale fee to consumers to recoup the costs
7 of a drug take-back program; or

8 (b) A specific point-of-collection fee at the time covered drugs
9 are collected from covered entities.

10 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 10.** ANNUAL PROGRAM REPORT. (1) By July 1st
11 after the first full year of implementation, and each July 1st
12 thereafter, a program operator must submit to the department a report
13 describing implementation of the drug take-back program during the
14 previous calendar year. The report must include:

15 (a) A list of covered manufacturers participating in the drug
16 take-back program;

17 (b) The amount, by weight, of covered drugs collected, including
18 the amount by weight from each collection method used;

19 (c) The following details regarding the program's collection
20 system: A list of collection sites with addresses; the number of
21 mailers provided; locations where mailers were provided, if
22 applicable; dates and locations of collection events held, if
23 applicable; and the transporters and disposal facility or facilities
24 used;

25 (d) Whether any safety or security problems occurred during
26 collection, transportation, or disposal of covered drugs, and if so,
27 completed and anticipated changes to policies, procedures, or
28 tracking mechanisms to address the problem and improve safety and
29 security;

30 (e) A description of the public education, outreach, and
31 evaluation activities implemented;

32 (f) A description of how collected packaging was recycled to the
33 extent feasible;

34 (g) A summary of the program's goals for collection amounts and
35 public awareness, the degree of success in meeting those goals, and
36 if any goals have not been met, what effort will be made to achieve
37 those goals the following year; and

38 (h) The program's annual expenditures, itemized by program
39 category.

1 (2) Within thirty days after each annual period of operation of
2 an approved drug take-back program, the program operator shall submit
3 an annual collection amount report to the department that provides
4 the total amount, by weight, of covered drugs collected from each
5 collection site during the prior year.

6 (3) The department shall make reports submitted under this
7 section available to the public through the internet.

8 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 11.** ENFORCEMENT AND PENALTIES. (1) The
9 department may audit or inspect the activities and records of a drug
10 take-back program to determine compliance with this chapter or
11 investigate a complaint.

12 (2)(a) The department shall send a written notice to a covered
13 manufacturer that fails to participate in a drug take-back program as
14 required by this chapter. The notice must provide a warning regarding
15 the penalties for violation of this chapter.

16 (b) A covered manufacturer that receives a notice under this
17 subsection (2) may be assessed a penalty if, sixty days after receipt
18 of the notice, the covered manufacturer continues to sell a covered
19 drug in or into the state without participating in a drug take-back
20 program approved under this chapter.

21 (3)(a) The department may send a program operator a written
22 notice warning of the penalties for noncompliance with this chapter
23 if it determines that the program operator's drug take-back program
24 is in violation of this chapter or does not conform to the proposal
25 approved by the department. The department may assess a penalty on
26 the program operator and participating covered manufacturers if the
27 program does not come into compliance by thirty days after receipt of
28 the notice.

29 (b) The department may immediately suspend operation of a drug
30 take-back program and assess a penalty if it determines that the
31 program is in violation of this chapter and the violation creates a
32 condition that, in the judgment of the department, constitutes an
33 immediate hazard to the public or the environment.

34 (4)(a) The department shall send a written notice to a drug
35 wholesaler or a retail pharmacy that fails to provide a list of drug
36 manufacturers to the department as required by section 4 of this act.
37 The notice must provide a warning regarding the penalties for
38 violation of this chapter.

1 (b) A drug wholesaler or retail pharmacy that receives a notice
2 under this subsection may be assessed a penalty if, sixty days after
3 receipt of the notice, the drug wholesaler or retail pharmacy fails
4 to provide a list of drug manufacturers.

5 (5) In enforcing the requirements of this chapter, the
6 department:

7 (a) May require an informal administrative conference;

8 (b) May require a person or entity to engage in or refrain from
9 engaging in certain activities pertaining to this chapter;

10 (c) May, in accordance with RCW 43.70.095, assess a civil fine of
11 up to two thousand dollars. Each day upon which a violation occurs or
12 is permitted to continue constitutes a separate violation. In
13 determining the appropriate amount of the fine, the department shall
14 consider the extent of harm caused by the violation, the nature and
15 persistence of the violation, the frequency of past violations, any
16 action taken to mitigate the violation, and the financial burden to
17 the entity in violation; and

18 (d) May not prohibit a covered manufacturer from selling a drug
19 in or into the state of Washington.

20 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 12.** DEPARTMENT FEE. (1)(a) By July 1, 2019,
21 the department shall: Determine its costs for the administration,
22 oversight, and enforcement of the requirements of this chapter,
23 including the survey required under section 20 of this act; pursuant
24 to RCW 43.70.250, set fees at a level sufficient to recover the costs
25 associated with administration, oversight, and enforcement; and adopt
26 rules establishing requirements for program operator proposals.

27 (b) The department shall not impose any fees in excess of its
28 actual administrative, oversight, and enforcement costs. The fees
29 collected from each program operator in calendar year 2020 and any
30 subsequent year may not exceed ten percent of the program's annual
31 expenditures as reported to the department in the annual report
32 required by section 10 of this act and determined by the department.

33 (c) Adjustments to the department's fees may be made annually and
34 shall not exceed actual administration, oversight, and enforcement
35 costs. Adjustments for inflation may not exceed the percentage change
36 in the consumer price index for all urban consumers in the United
37 States as calculated by the United States department of labor as
38 averaged by city for the twelve-month period ending with June of the
39 previous year.

1 (d) The department shall collect fees from each program operator
2 by October 1, 2019, and annually thereafter.

3 (2) All fees collected under this section must be deposited in
4 the secure drug take-back program account established in section 13
5 of this act.

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 13.** SECURE DRUG TAKE-BACK PROGRAM ACCOUNT.

7 The secure drug take-back program account is created in the state
8 treasury. All receipts received by the department under this chapter
9 must be deposited in the account. Moneys in the account may be spent
10 only after appropriation. Expenditures from the account may be used
11 by the department only for administering and enforcing this chapter.

12 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 14.** ANTITRUST IMMUNITY. The activities

13 authorized by this chapter require collaboration among covered
14 manufacturers. These activities will enable safe and secure
15 collection and disposal of covered drugs in Washington state and are
16 therefore in the best interest of the public. The benefits of
17 collaboration, together with active state supervision, outweigh
18 potential adverse impacts. Therefore, the legislature intends to
19 exempt from state antitrust laws, and provide immunity through the
20 state action doctrine from federal antitrust laws, activities that
21 are undertaken, reviewed, and approved by the department pursuant to
22 this chapter that might otherwise be constrained by such laws. The
23 legislature does not intend and does not authorize any person or
24 entity to engage in activities not provided for by this chapter, and
25 the legislature neither exempts nor provides immunity for such
26 activities.

27 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 15.** FEDERAL LAW. This chapter is void if a

28 federal law, or a combination of federal laws, takes effect that
29 establishes a national program for the collection of covered drugs
30 that substantially meets the intent of this chapter, including the
31 creation of a funding mechanism for collection, transportation, and
32 proper disposal of all covered drugs in the United States.

33 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 16.** LOCAL LAWS. (1)(a) For a period of twelve

34 months after a drug take-back program approved under section 5 of
35 this act begins operating, a county may enforce a grandfathered
36 ordinance. During that twelve-month period, if a county determines

1 that a covered manufacturer is in compliance with its grandfathered
2 ordinance, the department shall find the covered manufacturer in
3 compliance with the requirements of this chapter with respect to that
4 county.

5 (b) In any county enforcing a grandfathered ordinance as
6 described in (a) of this subsection, the program operator of an
7 approved drug take-back program must work with the county and the
8 department to incorporate the local program into the approved drug
9 take-back program on or before the end of the twelve-month period.

10 (2) After the effective date of this section, a political
11 subdivision may not enact or enforce a local ordinance that requires
12 a retail pharmacy, clinic, hospital, or local law enforcement agency
13 to provide for collection and disposal of covered drugs from covered
14 entities.

15 (3) At the end of the twelve-month period provided in subsection
16 (1) of this section, this chapter preempts all laws enacted by a
17 county, city, town, or other political subdivision of the state
18 regarding a drug take-back program for the collection,
19 transportation, and disposal of covered drugs, or promotion,
20 education, and public outreach relating to such a program.

21 (4) For purposes of this section, "grandfathered ordinance" means
22 a pharmaceutical product stewardship or drug take-back ordinance
23 that: (a) Is in effect on the effective date of this section; and (b)
24 the department determines meets or exceeds the requirements of this
25 chapter with respect to safe and secure collection and disposal of
26 unwanted medicines from residents, including the types of drugs
27 covered by the program, the convenience of the collection system for
28 residents, and required promotion of the program.

29 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 17.** PUBLIC DISCLOSURE. Proprietary
30 information submitted to the department under this chapter is exempt
31 from public disclosure under RCW 42.56.270. The department may use
32 and disclose such information in summary or aggregated form that does
33 not directly or indirectly identify financial, production, or sales
34 data of an individual covered manufacturer or drug take-back
35 organization.

36 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 18.** RULE MAKING. The department shall adopt
37 any rules necessary to implement and enforce this chapter.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 19.** REPORT TO LEGISLATURE. (1) No later than
2 thirty days after the department first approves a drug take-back
3 program under section 5 of this act, the department shall submit an
4 update to the legislature describing rules adopted under this chapter
5 and the approved drug take-back program.

6 (2) By November 15th after the first full year of operation of an
7 approved drug take-back program and biennially thereafter, the
8 department shall submit a report to the legislature. The report must:

9 (a) Describe the status of approved drug take-back programs;

10 (b) Evaluate the secure medicine collection and disposal system
11 and the program promotion, education, and public outreach
12 requirements established by this chapter;

13 (c) Evaluate, in conjunction with an academic institution that is
14 not an agency of the state and is qualified to conduct and evaluate
15 research relating to prescription and nonprescription drug use and
16 abuse and environmental impact, to the extent feasible, the impact of
17 approved drug take-back programs on: Awareness and compliance of
18 residents with safe storage of medicines in the home and secure
19 disposal of covered drugs; rates of misuse, abuse, overdoses, and
20 poisonings from prescription and nonprescription drugs; and
21 diversions of covered drugs from sewer, solid waste, and septic
22 systems. To conduct this evaluation, the department and the academic
23 institution may rely on available data sources, including the public
24 awareness surveys required under this chapter, and the prescription
25 drug monitoring program and public health surveys such as the
26 Washington state healthy youth survey. The department and the
27 academic institution may also consult with other state and local
28 agencies and interested stakeholders; and

29 (d) Provide any recommendations for legislation.

30 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 20.** (1)(a) The department shall contract with
31 the statewide program of poison and drug information services
32 identified in RCW 18.76.030 to conduct a survey of residents to
33 measure whether the secure medicine collection and disposal system
34 and the program promotion, education, and public outreach
35 requirements established in this chapter have led to statistically
36 significant changes in: (i) Resident attitudes and behavior on safe
37 storage and secure disposal of prescription and nonprescription
38 medications used in the home; and (ii) the rates of abuse or misuse
39 of or accidental exposure to prescription and nonprescription drugs.

1 (b) The survey of residents must include telephone follow-up with
2 users of the program's emergency telephone service. The survey must
3 be conducted before the secure medicine collection and disposal
4 system is implemented and again no earlier than four years after the
5 system is implemented.

6 (2) The statewide program of poison and drug information services
7 shall report the survey results to the legislature and the department
8 of health within six months of completion of the survey.

9 (3) This section expires July 1, 2026.

10 **Sec. 21.** RCW 42.56.270 and 2017 c 317 s 17 are each amended to
11 read as follows:

12 The following financial, commercial, and proprietary information
13 is exempt from disclosure under this chapter:

14 (1) Valuable formulae, designs, drawings, computer source code or
15 object code, and research data obtained by any agency within five
16 years of the request for disclosure when disclosure would produce
17 private gain and public loss;

18 (2) Financial information supplied by or on behalf of a person,
19 firm, or corporation for the purpose of qualifying to submit a bid or
20 proposal for (a) a ferry system construction or repair contract as
21 required by RCW 47.60.680 through 47.60.750 or (b) highway
22 construction or improvement as required by RCW 47.28.070;

23 (3) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by
24 private persons pertaining to export services provided under chapters
25 43.163 and 53.31 RCW, and by persons pertaining to export projects
26 under RCW 43.23.035;

27 (4) Financial and commercial information and records supplied by
28 businesses or individuals during application for loans or program
29 services provided by chapters 43.325, 43.163, 43.160, 43.330, and
30 43.168 RCW, or during application for economic development loans or
31 program services provided by any local agency;

32 (5) Financial information, business plans, examination reports,
33 and any information produced or obtained in evaluating or examining a
34 business and industrial development corporation organized or seeking
35 certification under chapter 31.24 RCW;

36 (6) Financial and commercial information supplied to the state
37 investment board by any person when the information relates to the
38 investment of public trust or retirement funds and when disclosure

1 would result in loss to such funds or in private loss to the
2 providers of this information;

3 (7) Financial and valuable trade information under RCW 51.36.120;

4 (8) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and research
5 information and data submitted to or obtained by the clean Washington
6 center in applications for, or delivery of, program services under
7 chapter 70.95H RCW;

8 (9) Financial and commercial information requested by the public
9 stadium authority from any person or organization that leases or uses
10 the stadium and exhibition center as defined in RCW 36.102.010;

11 (10)(a) Financial information, including but not limited to
12 account numbers and values, and other identification numbers supplied
13 by or on behalf of a person, firm, corporation, limited liability
14 company, partnership, or other entity related to an application for a
15 horse racing license submitted pursuant to RCW 67.16.260(1)(b),
16 marijuana producer, processor, or retailer license, liquor license,
17 gambling license, or lottery retail license;

18 (b) Internal control documents, independent auditors' reports and
19 financial statements, and supporting documents: (i) Of house-banked
20 social card game licensees required by the gambling commission
21 pursuant to rules adopted under chapter 9.46 RCW; or (ii) submitted
22 by tribes with an approved tribal/state compact for class III gaming;

23 (11) Proprietary data, trade secrets, or other information that
24 relates to: (a) A vendor's unique methods of conducting business; (b)
25 data unique to the product or services of the vendor; or (c)
26 determining prices or rates to be charged for services, submitted by
27 any vendor to the department of social and health services for
28 purposes of the development, acquisition, or implementation of state
29 purchased health care as defined in RCW 41.05.011;

30 (12)(a) When supplied to and in the records of the department of
31 commerce:

32 (i) Financial and proprietary information collected from any
33 person and provided to the department of commerce pursuant to RCW
34 43.330.050(8); and

35 (ii) Financial or proprietary information collected from any
36 person and provided to the department of commerce or the office of
37 the governor in connection with the siting, recruitment, expansion,
38 retention, or relocation of that person's business and until a siting
39 decision is made, identifying information of any person supplying

1 information under this subsection and the locations being considered
2 for siting, relocation, or expansion of a business;

3 (b) When developed by the department of commerce based on
4 information as described in (a)(i) of this subsection, any work
5 product is not exempt from disclosure;

6 (c) For the purposes of this subsection, "siting decision" means
7 the decision to acquire or not to acquire a site;

8 (d) If there is no written contact for a period of sixty days to
9 the department of commerce from a person connected with siting,
10 recruitment, expansion, retention, or relocation of that person's
11 business, information described in (a)(ii) of this subsection will be
12 available to the public under this chapter;

13 (13) Financial and proprietary information submitted to or
14 obtained by the department of ecology or the authority created under
15 chapter 70.95N RCW to implement chapter 70.95N RCW;

16 (14) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and
17 research information and data submitted to or obtained by the life
18 sciences discovery fund authority in applications for, or delivery
19 of, grants under chapter 43.350 RCW, to the extent that such
20 information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in
21 private loss to the providers of this information;

22 (15) Financial and commercial information provided as evidence to
23 the department of licensing as required by RCW 19.112.110 or
24 19.112.120, except information disclosed in aggregate form that does
25 not permit the identification of information related to individual
26 fuel licensees;

27 (16) Any production records, mineral assessments, and trade
28 secrets submitted by a permit holder, mine operator, or landowner to
29 the department of natural resources under RCW 78.44.085;

30 (17)(a) Farm plans developed by conservation districts, unless
31 permission to release the farm plan is granted by the landowner or
32 operator who requested the plan, or the farm plan is used for the
33 application or issuance of a permit;

34 (b) Farm plans developed under chapter 90.48 RCW and not under
35 the federal clean water act, 33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq., are subject
36 to RCW 42.56.610 and 90.64.190;

37 (18) Financial, commercial, operations, and technical and
38 research information and data submitted to or obtained by a health
39 sciences and services authority in applications for, or delivery of,
40 grants under RCW 35.104.010 through 35.104.060, to the extent that

1 such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to result
2 in private loss to providers of this information;

3 (19) Information gathered under chapter 19.85 RCW or RCW
4 34.05.328 that can be identified to a particular business;

5 (20) Financial and commercial information submitted to or
6 obtained by the University of Washington, other than information the
7 university is required to disclose under RCW 28B.20.150, when the
8 information relates to investments in private funds, to the extent
9 that such information, if revealed, would reasonably be expected to
10 result in loss to the University of Washington consolidated endowment
11 fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this
12 information;

13 (21) Market share data submitted by a manufacturer under RCW
14 70.95N.190(4);

15 (22) Financial information supplied to the department of
16 financial institutions or to a portal under RCW 21.20.883, when filed
17 by or on behalf of an issuer of securities for the purpose of
18 obtaining the exemption from state securities registration for small
19 securities offerings provided under RCW 21.20.880 or when filed by or
20 on behalf of an investor for the purpose of purchasing such
21 securities;

22 (23) Unaggregated or individual notices of a transfer of crude
23 oil that is financial, proprietary, or commercial information,
24 submitted to the department of ecology pursuant to RCW
25 90.56.565(1)(a), and that is in the possession of the department of
26 ecology or any entity with which the department of ecology has shared
27 the notice pursuant to RCW 90.56.565;

28 (24) Financial institution and retirement account information,
29 and building security plan information, supplied to the liquor and
30 cannabis board pursuant to RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and
31 69.50.345, when filed by or on behalf of a licensee or prospective
32 licensee for the purpose of obtaining, maintaining, or renewing a
33 license to produce, process, transport, or sell marijuana as allowed
34 under chapter 69.50 RCW;

35 (25) Marijuana transport information, vehicle and driver
36 identification data, and account numbers or unique access identifiers
37 issued to private entities for traceability system access, submitted
38 by an individual or business to the liquor and cannabis board under
39 the requirements of RCW 69.50.325, 69.50.331, 69.50.342, and
40 69.50.345 for the purpose of marijuana product traceability.

1 Disclosure to local, state, and federal officials is not considered
2 public disclosure for purposes of this section;

3 (26) Financial and commercial information submitted to or
4 obtained by the retirement board of any city that is responsible for
5 the management of an employees' retirement system pursuant to the
6 authority of chapter 35.39 RCW, when the information relates to
7 investments in private funds, to the extent that such information, if
8 revealed, would reasonably be expected to result in loss to the
9 retirement fund or to result in private loss to the providers of this
10 information except that (a) the names and commitment amounts of the
11 private funds in which retirement funds are invested and (b) the
12 aggregate quarterly performance results for a retirement fund's
13 portfolio of investments in such funds are subject to disclosure;

14 (27) Proprietary financial, commercial, operations, and technical
15 and research information and data submitted to or obtained by the
16 liquor and cannabis board in applications for marijuana research
17 licenses under RCW 69.50.372, or in reports submitted by marijuana
18 research licensees in accordance with rules adopted by the liquor and
19 cannabis board under RCW 69.50.372; (~~and~~)

20 (28) Trade secrets, technology, proprietary information, and
21 financial considerations contained in any agreements or contracts,
22 entered into by a licensed marijuana business under RCW 69.50.395,
23 which may be submitted to or obtained by the state liquor and
24 cannabis board; and

25 (29) Proprietary information filed with the department of health
26 under chapter 69.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of
27 this act).

28 **Sec. 22.** RCW 69.41.030 and 2016 c 148 s 11 are each amended to
29 read as follows:

30 (1) It shall be unlawful for any person to sell, deliver, or
31 possess any legend drug except upon the order or prescription of a
32 physician under chapter 18.71 RCW, an osteopathic physician and
33 surgeon under chapter 18.57 RCW, an optometrist licensed under
34 chapter 18.53 RCW who is certified by the optometry board under RCW
35 18.53.010, a dentist under chapter 18.32 RCW, a podiatric physician
36 and surgeon under chapter 18.22 RCW, a veterinarian under chapter
37 18.92 RCW, a commissioned medical or dental officer in the United
38 States armed forces or public health service in the discharge of his
39 or her official duties, a duly licensed physician or dentist employed

1 by the veterans administration in the discharge of his or her
2 official duties, a registered nurse or advanced registered nurse
3 practitioner under chapter 18.79 RCW when authorized by the nursing
4 care quality assurance commission, a pharmacist licensed under
5 chapter 18.64 RCW to the extent permitted by drug therapy guidelines
6 or protocols established under RCW 18.64.011 and authorized by the
7 commission and approved by a practitioner authorized to prescribe
8 drugs, an osteopathic physician assistant under chapter 18.57A RCW
9 when authorized by the board of osteopathic medicine and surgery, a
10 physician assistant under chapter 18.71A RCW when authorized by the
11 medical quality assurance commission, or any of the following
12 professionals in any province of Canada that shares a common border
13 with the state of Washington or in any state of the United States: A
14 physician licensed to practice medicine and surgery or a physician
15 licensed to practice osteopathic medicine and surgery, a dentist
16 licensed to practice dentistry, a podiatric physician and surgeon
17 licensed to practice podiatric medicine and surgery, a licensed
18 advanced registered nurse practitioner, a licensed physician
19 assistant, a licensed osteopathic physician assistant, or a
20 veterinarian licensed to practice veterinary medicine: PROVIDED,
21 HOWEVER, That the above provisions shall not apply to sale, delivery,
22 or possession by drug wholesalers or drug manufacturers, or their
23 agents or employees, or to any practitioner acting within the scope
24 of his or her license, or to a common or contract carrier or
25 warehouse operator, or any employee thereof, whose possession of any
26 legend drug is in the usual course of business or employment:
27 PROVIDED FURTHER, That nothing in this chapter or chapter 18.64 RCW
28 shall prevent a family planning clinic that is under contract with
29 the health care authority from selling, delivering, possessing, and
30 dispensing commercially prepackaged oral contraceptives prescribed by
31 authorized, licensed health care practitioners: PROVIDED FURTHER,
32 That nothing in this chapter prohibits possession or delivery of
33 legend drugs by an authorized collector or other person participating
34 in the operation of a drug take-back program authorized in chapter
35 69.--- RCW (the new chapter created in section 25 of this act).

36 (2)(a) A violation of this section involving the sale, delivery,
37 or possession with intent to sell or deliver is a class B felony
38 punishable according to chapter 9A.20 RCW.

39 (b) A violation of this section involving possession is a
40 misdemeanor.

1 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 23.** A new section is added to chapter 69.50
2 RCW to read as follows:

3 It is not a violation of this chapter to possess or deliver a
4 controlled substance in compliance with chapter 69.--- RCW (the new
5 chapter created in section 25 of this act).

6 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 24.** A new section is added to chapter 70.95
7 RCW to read as follows:

8 An authorized collector regulated under chapter 69.--- RCW (the
9 new chapter created in section 25 of this act) is not required to
10 obtain a permit under RCW 70.95.170 unless the authorized collector
11 is required to obtain a permit under RCW 70.95.170 as a consequence
12 of activities that are not directly associated with the collection
13 facility's activities under chapter 69.--- RCW (the new chapter
14 created in section 25 of this act).

15 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 25.** Sections 2 through 20 of this act
16 constitute a new chapter in Title 69 RCW.

17 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 26.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131
18 RCW to read as follows:

19 The authorization for drug take-back programs created in this act
20 shall be terminated on January 1, 2029, as provided in section 27 of
21 this act.

22 NEW SECTION. **Sec. 27.** A new section is added to chapter 43.131
23 RCW to read as follows:

24 The following acts or parts of acts, as now existing or hereafter
25 amended, are each repealed, effective January 1, 2030:

- 26 (1) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 2 (section 2 of this act);
- 27 (2) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 3 (section 3 of this act);
- 28 (3) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 4 (section 4 of this act);
- 29 (4) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 5 (section 5 of this act);
- 30 (5) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 6 (section 6 of this act);
- 31 (6) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 7 (section 7 of this act);
- 32 (7) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 8 (section 8 of this act);
- 33 (8) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 9 (section 9 of this act);
- 34 (9) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 10 (section 10 of this act);
- 35 (10) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 11 (section 11 of this act);
- 36 (11) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 12 (section 12 of this act);

- 1 (12) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 13 (section 13 of this act);
- 2 (13) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 14 (section 14 of this act);
- 3 (14) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 15 (section 15 of this act);
- 4 (15) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 16 (section 16 of this act);
- 5 (16) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 17(section 17 of this act);
- 6 (17) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 18 (section 18 of this act);
- 7 (18) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 19 (section 19 of this act);
- 8 and
- 9 (19) RCW 69.---.--- and 2018 c ... s 20 (section 20 of this act).

--- END ---