CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2269

Chapter 130, Laws of 2018

65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

ADAPTIVE AUTOMOTIVE EQUIPMENT--VETERANS AND SERVICE MEMBERS--SALES AND USE TAX EXEMPTION

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 7, 2018

Passed by the House March 6, 2018 CERTIFICATE Yeas 98 Nays 0 I, Bernard Dean, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the FRANK CHOPP State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SECOND** Speaker of the House of Representatives SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2269 as passed by House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon Passed by the Senate March 8, 2018 set forth. Yeas 49 Nays 0 BERNARD DEAN CYRUS HABIB Chief Clerk President of the Senate Approved March 21, 2018 11:25 AM FILED March 23, 2018 Secretary of State JAY INSLEE State of Washington Governor of the State of Washington

SECOND SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 2269

Passed Legislature - 2018 Regular Session

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By House Finance (originally sponsored by Representatives Kilduff, Muri, Kraft, Stanford, Eslick, McBride, Sawyer, Orcutt, Haler, Senn, Reeves, Young, Ryu, and Doglio)

- 1 AN ACT Relating to tax relief for adaptive automotive equipment
- 2 for veterans and service members with disabilities; amending RCW
- 3 82.08.875 and 82.12.875; creating new sections; and providing
- 4 expiration dates.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that it is
- 7 important to recognize the service of active duty military and
- 8 veterans and to acknowledge the continued sacrifice of those veterans
- 9 who have been catastrophically injured. The legislature further finds
- 10 that:
- 11 (a) Many disabled veterans often need customized, accessible
- 12 transportation to be self-sufficient and to maintain a high quality
- 13 of life;
- 14 (b) Individuals with a severe disability are twice as likely to
- 15 be at or below the national poverty level;
- 16 (c) The federal government pays for the cost of add-on automotive
- 17 adaptive equipment for severely injured veterans; however, it does
- 18 not cover the cost of sales or use tax owed on this equipment and
- 19 that this cost is then shifted onto the veterans, who often times
- 20 cannot afford the tax due to the substantial amount of adaptive
- 21 equipment required in such customized vehicles; and

(d) This added financial burden has the unintended effect of causing some veterans to acquire their adaptive equipment in neighboring states that do not impose a sales tax, thereby negatively impacting Washington businesses providing mobility enhancing equipment and services to Washington veterans.

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- (2) It is the legislature's intent to provide specific financial relief for severely injured veterans and to ameliorate a negative consequence of Washington's tax structure by providing a sales and use tax exemption for adaptive equipment required to customize vehicles for disabled veterans.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 2. (1) This section is the tax preference performance statement for the tax preferences contained in this act.
 This performance statement is only intended to be used for subsequent evaluation of the tax preferences. It is not intended to create a private right of action by any party or be used to determine eligibility for preferential tax treatment.
 - (2) The legislature categorizes the tax preferences in this act as ones intended to provide tax relief for certain businesses or individuals, as indicated in RCW 82.32.808(2)(e).
 - (3) To measure the effectiveness of this act in achieving the specific public policy objective described in section 1 of this act, the joint legislative audit and review committee must, at minimum, review the following:
 - (a) The dollar amount of qualifying add-on automotive adaptive equipment purchases, as reported to the department of revenue; and
 - (b) The number of approved applications for add-on automotive adaptive equipment, as reported by the United States department of veterans affairs.
- (4) In addition to the data sources described under this section, the joint legislative audit and review committee may use any other data it deems necessary in performing the evaluation under this section.
- 33 (5) The joint legislative audit and review committee must review 34 the tax preferences provided in this act as part of its normal review 35 process of tax preferences.
- 36 **Sec. 3.** RCW 82.08.875 and 2013 c 211 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:

(1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.08.020 does not apply to sales to eligible purchasers of prescribed add-on automotive adaptive equipment, including charges incurred for labor and services rendered in respect to the installation and repairing of such equipment. The exemption provided in this section only applies if the eligible purchaser is reimbursed in whole or part for the purchase by the United States department of veterans affairs or other federal agency, and the reimbursement is paid directly by that federal agency to the seller.

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- (2) Sellers making tax-exempt sales under this section must:
- (a) Obtain an exemption certificate from the eligible purchaser in a form and manner prescribed by the department. The seller must retain a copy of the exemption certificate for the seller's files. In lieu of an exemption certificate, a seller may capture the relevant data elements as allowed under the streamlined sales and use tax agreement;
 - (b) File their tax return with the department electronically; and
- (c) Report their total gross sales on their return and deduct the exempt sales under subsection (1) of this section from their reported gross sales.
- 21 (3) For purposes of this section, the following definitions apply 22 unless the context clearly requires otherwise:
 - "Add-on automotive adaptive equipment" means installed in, and modifications made to, a motor vehicle that are necessary to assist physically challenged persons to enter, exit, or safely operate a motor vehicle. The term includes but is not limited to wheelchair lifts, wheelchair restraints, ramps, under vehicle lifts, power door openers, power seats, lowered floors, raised roofs, raised doors, hand controls, left foot gas pedals, chest and shoulder harnesses, parking brake extensions, dual battery systems, steering devices, reduced and zero effort steering and voice-activated controls, and digital driving systems. The term does not include motor vehicles and equipment installed in a motor vehicle by the manufacturer of the motor vehicle.
 - (b) "Eligible purchaser" means a veteran, or member of the armed forces serving on active duty, who is disabled, regardless of whether the disability is service connected as that term is defined by federal statute 38 U.S.C. Sec. 101, as amended, as of ((August)) January 1, ((2013)) 2018.

- 1 (c) "Prescribed add-on automotive adaptive equipment" means 2 add-on automotive adaptive equipment prescribed by a physician.
- 3 (4) This section expires July 1, ((2018)) 2028.

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- 4 **Sec. 4.** RCW 82.12.875 and 2013 c 211 s 3 are each amended to 5 read as follows:
 - (1) The tax imposed by RCW 82.12.020 does not apply to the use of prescribed add-on automotive adaptive equipment or to labor and services rendered in respect to the installation and repairing of such equipment. The exemption under this section only applies if the sale of the prescribed add-on automotive adaptive equipment or labor and services was exempt from sales tax under RCW 82.08.875 or would have been exempt from sales tax under RCW 82.08.875 if the equipment or labor and services had been purchased in this state.
- 14 (2) For purposes of this section, "prescribed add-on automotive 15 adaptive equipment" has the same meaning as provided in RCW 16 82.08.875.
- 17 (3) This section expires July 1, ((2018)) 2028.

Passed by the House March 6, 2018. Passed by the Senate March 8, 2018. Approved by the Governor March 21, 2018. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 23, 2018.

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