CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6029

Chapter 62, Laws of 2018

65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

STUDENT LOANS

EFFECTIVE DATE: June 7, 2018

CERTIFICATE

March 16, 2018

Secretary of State

Yeas 35 Nays 13 I, Brad Hendrickson, Secretary of Senate of the State of CYRUS HABIB Washington, do hereby certify that President of the Senate the attached is **ENGROSSED SECOND** SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6029 as passed by Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon Passed by the House March 2, 2018 set forth. Yeas 87 Nays 11 BRAD HENDRICKSON FRANK CHOPP Secretary Speaker of the House of Representatives Approved March 15, 2018 11:05 AM FILED

JAY INSLEE State of Washington

Governor of the State of Washington

Passed by the Senate February 14, 2018

ENGROSSED SECOND SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 6029

Passed Legislature - 2018 Regular Session

State of Washington 65th Legislature 2018 Regular Session

By Senate Ways & Means (originally sponsored by Senators Liias, Ranker, Fain, Frockt, Billig, Darneille, Palumbo, Rolfes, Keiser, Cleveland, Pedersen, Hunt, Wellman, Conway, Chase, Saldaña, Kuderer, Hasegawa, and Mullet; by request of Attorney General)

READ FIRST TIME 02/06/18.

- AN ACT Relating to establishing a student loan bill of rights; amending RCW 28B.10.285, 43.320.110, 31.04.027, 31.04.035, 31.04.093, 31.04.102, 31.04.145, 31.04.165, 31.04.277, and 31.04.310; reenacting and amending RCW 31.04.015; adding new sections to chapter 28B.77 RCW; adding new sections to chapter 31.04 RCW; and creating new sections.
- 7 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** A new section is added to chapter 28B.77 9 RCW to read as follows:
- (1) The council shall designate a student loan advocate within the office to provide timely assistance to any student education loan borrower with any student education loan. The student loan advocate may hire additional staff as necessary to implement this section.
- 14 (2) The student loan advocate receives and reviews complaints from student education loan borrowers. Complaints regarding student 15 16 education loan servicers licensed or subject to licensing under 17 chapter 31.04 RCW must be referred to the department of financial institutions. The department of financial institutions investigates 18 complaints received by the student loan advocate, and from the public 19 20 may also submit complaints directly to the department of financial institutions. 21

(3) The student loan advocate, in collaboration with the attorney general's office, receives, reviews, and refers to the attorney general's consumer protection division all other complaints from student education loan borrowers regarding student education loan servicers whose activities are not subject to licensure by chapter 31.04 RCW.

- (4) The student loan advocate, the department of financial institutions, and the office of the attorney general shall confer annually regarding the student education loan servicer complaints, the proper referral processes for those complaints, and the reporting requirements of the advocate under chapter 31.04 RCW and this section.
 - (5) The student loan advocate has the following duties:
- (a) Compile and analyze data on student education loan borrower complaints received and referred to the department of financial institutions and the office of the attorney general;
- (b) Assist student education loan borrowers in understanding rights and responsibilities under the terms of student education loans, including reviewing the complete student education loan history for any student education loan borrower who has provided written consent for the review;
- (c) Provide information to the public, agencies, legislators, and others regarding the problems and concerns of student education loan borrowers and make recommendations for resolving those problems and concerns;
- (d) Analyze and monitor the development and implementation of federal, state, and local laws, rules, regulations, and policies relating to student education loan borrowers and recommend any changes the student loan advocate deems necessary;
- (e) Assess the number of residents with federal student education loans who have applied for, received, or are awaiting a decision on forgiveness or discharge of a student education loan on a comparable annual basis, subject to the availability of applicable data;
- (f) Disseminate information concerning the availability of the student loan advocate to assist student education loan borrowers and potential student education loan borrowers, as well as institutions of higher education, student education loan servicers, and any other participant in student education loan lending, with any student education loan concerns;

(g) Take any action reasonably calculated or intended to assist student education loan borrowers, including providing assistance applying for forgiveness or discharge of a student education loan and communicating with a student education loan servicer to resolve a complaint received by the advocate from a student education loan borrower; and

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- (h) Take any other actions necessary to fulfill the duties of the student loan advocate as provided in chapter 31.04 RCW and this section.
- (6) By October 1, 2020, the student loan advocate shall establish 10 and maintain a student education loan borrower education course that 11 12 includes educational presentations and materials regarding issues surrounding student education loans. The course must include, but not 13 be limited to, key loan terms, documentation requirements, monthly 14 payment obligations, income-driven repayment options, 15 16 forgiveness, refund, and discharge, state-based tuition recovery, 17 disclosures, federal consumer information and warnings, regulations intended to protect federal student loan borrowers, 18 options for submitting complaints to the student loan advocate and 19 state and federal agencies, and specific benefits and options for 20 21 military service members and veterans.
 - (7) By December 31, 2020, the council shall submit a report to the appropriate committees of the legislature having jurisdiction over matters relating to financial institutions and higher education. The council shall report on: (a) The implementation of this section; (b) the overall effectiveness of the student loan advocate; (c) the types of complaints received regarding student education loan borrowing, student education loan repayments and servicing, and how these complaints are resolved; and (d) other data on outstanding student education loan issues faced by borrowers.
- 31 (8) Implementation of this section by the council is subject to 32 the availability of amounts appropriated and the balance of the 33 student loan advocate account.
- 34 **Sec. 2.** RCW 28B.10.285 and 2017 c 154 s 2 are each amended to read as follows:
- 36 (1) The definitions in this subsection apply throughout this 37 section unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
- 38 (a) "Educational institution" includes any entity that is an 39 institution of higher education as defined in RCW 28B.10.016, a

1 degree-granting institution as defined in RCW 28B.85.010, a private vocational school as defined in RCW 28C.10.020, or school as defined 2 in RCW 18.16.020. 3

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- (b) "Student education loan" means any loan solely for personal use to finance postsecondary education and costs of attendance at an educational institution.
 - (2) ((Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose,)) An educational institution must provide to an enrolled student who has applied for student financial aid a notification including the following information about the student education loans the educational institution has certified:
- 12 (a) An estimate, based on information available at the time the notification is provided, of the: 13
- 14 (i) Total amount of student education loans taken out by the 15 student;
 - (ii) Potential total payoff amount of the student education loans incurred or a range of the total payoff amount, including principal and interest;
- (iii) The monthly repayment amount that the student may incur for the amount of student education loans the student has taken out, 21 based on the federal loan repayment plan borrowers are automatically enrolled in if they do not select an alternative repayment plan; 22 23 ((and))
 - (iv) A statement that income-driven repayment plans may allow a federal student loan borrower to reduce their monthly payment according to a percentage of their income, and a brief summary of the potentially applicable plans; and
 - (v) Percentage of the aggregate federal direct loan borrowing limit applicable to the student's program of study the student has reached at the time the information is sent to the student; and
- 31 (b) Consumer information about the differences between private student loans and federal student loans, including a brief overview 32 of the availability of income-((based)) driven repayment plans and 33 loan forgiveness programs for federal loans. 34
 - The notification provided under subsection (2) of this (3) section must include a statement that the estimates and ranges provided are general in nature and not meant as a guarantee or promise of the actual projected amount. It must also include a statement that a variety of repayment plans are available for federal

student loans that may limit the monthly repayment amount based on income.

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- (4) The notification must include information about how to access resources for student education loan borrowers provided by federal or state agencies, such as a student education loan debt hotline and web site or student ((education)) loan ((embuds)) advocate, federal student loan repayment calculator, complaint portals, or other available resources. This information must include contact information for the student loan advocate established pursuant to section 1 of this act.
- 11 (5) An educational institution must provide the notification 12 required in subsection (2) of this section via email. In addition, 13 the educational institution may provide the notification in writing, 14 in an electronic format, or in person.
- 15 (6) An educational institution does not incur liability, 16 including for actions under chapter 19.86 RCW by the attorney 17 general, for any good faith representations made under subsection (2) 18 of this section.
- 19 (7) Educational institutions must begin providing the 20 notification required under subsection (2) of this section by July 1, 21 2018, each time a financial aid package that includes a new or 22 revised student education loan is offered to the student.
 - (8) Subject to the availability of amounts appropriated for this specific purpose, an organization representing the public four-year colleges and universities, an organization representing the private nonprofit institutions, the state board for community and technical colleges under chapter 28B.50 RCW, the workforce training and education coordinating board as defined in RCW 28C.18.020, and the department of licensing under chapter 46.01 RCW, must develop a form for the educational institutions to use to report compliance by July 1, 2018.
- 32 (9) Beginning December 1, 2019, and biannually thereafter until 33 December 25, 2025, the organizations under subsection (8) of this 34 section must submit a report in compliance with RCW 43.01.036 to the 35 legislature that details how the educational institutions are in 36 compliance with this section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. A new section is added to chapter 31.04 RCW to read as follows:

1 (1) The director shall establish fees by rule sufficient to cover 2 the costs of administering the department's program for student 3 education loan servicers and the student achievement council's 4 student loan advocate. These fees may include:

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- (a) An annual assessment specified in rule by the director paid by each licensee on or before the annual assessment due date;
- (b) A late fee for late payment of the annual assessment as specified in rule by the director;
- 9 (c) Hourly investigation and examination fees to cover the costs 10 of any investigation or examination of the books and records of a 11 licensee or other person subject to this chapter;
 - (d) A nonrefundable application fee to cover the costs of processing license applications made to the director under this chapter;
- 15 (e) An initial license fee to cover the period from the date of 16 licensure to the end of the calendar year in which the license is 17 initially granted; and
 - (f) A transaction fee or set of transaction fees to cover the administrative costs associated with processing changes in control, changes of address, and other administrative changes as specified in rule by the director.
 - (2) The director shall ensure that when an examination or investigation, or any part of the examination or investigation, of any licensee applicant or person subject to licensing under this chapter requires travel and services outside this state by the director or designee, the licensee applicant or person subject to licensing under this chapter that is the subject of the examination or investigation shall pay the actual travel expenses incurred by the director or designee conducting the examination or investigation.
- 30 (3) All moneys, fees, and penalties collected for the 31 department's program for student education loan servicing shall be 32 deposited into the financial services regulation fund, except as 33 provided in RCW 43.320.110.
- 34 (4) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . ., 35 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 36 **Sec. 4.** RCW 43.320.110 and 2017 3rd sp.s. c 1 s 976 are each 37 amended to read as follows:
- 38 <u>(1)</u> There is created a local fund known as the "financial services regulation fund" which shall consist of all moneys received

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- 1 by the divisions of the department of financial institutions, except for the division of securities which shall deposit thirteen percent 2 of all moneys received, except as provided in RCW 43.320.115, and 3 which shall be used for the purchase of supplies and necessary 4 equipment; the payment of salaries, wages, and utilities; the 5 б establishment of reserves; and other incidental costs required for 7 the proper regulation of individuals and entities regulation by the department. The state treasurer shall be the 8 custodian of the fund. Disbursements from the fund shall be on 9 authorization of the director of financial institutions or the 10 director's designee. In order to maintain an effective expenditure 11 12 and revenue control, the fund shall be subject in all respects to chapter 43.88 RCW, but no appropriation is required to permit 13 expenditures and payment of obligations from the fund. 14
 - (2) During the ((2015-2017)) 2017-2019 fiscal biennium, the legislature may transfer from the financial services regulation fund to the state general fund such amounts as reflect the excess fund balance of the fund. During the ((2015-2017 and)) 2017-2019 fiscal ((biennia)) biennium, moneys from the financial services regulation fund may be appropriated for the family prosperity account program at the department of commerce and for the operations of the department of revenue.

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- 23 (3)(a) Beginning in the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the state 24 treasurer shall annually transfer from the fund to the student loan 25 advocate account created in section 5 of this act, the greater of one 26 hundred seventy-five thousand dollars or twenty percent of the annual 27 assessment derived from student education loan servicing.
- 28 <u>(b) The department must provide information to the state</u>
 29 <u>treasurer regarding the amount of the annual assessment derived from</u>
 30 <u>student education loan servicing.</u>
- 31 <u>(4) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . .,</u>
 32 <u>Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.</u>
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. A new section is added to chapter 28B.77 RCW to read as follows:
- The student loan advocate account is created in the custody of the state treasurer. Expenditures from the account may be used only for the purpose of covering the costs of administering the student loan advocate program created in section 1 of this act. Only the executive director of the council or the director's designee may

- 1 authorize expenditures from the account. The account is subject to
- 2 allotment procedures under chapter 43.88 RCW, but an appropriation is
- 3 not required for expenditure.

- 4 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** A new section is added to chapter 31.04 5 RCW to read as follows:
 - (1) In addition to complying with any applicable federal program requirements, a student education loan servicer must comply with the following requirements:
 - (a) Any fee that is assessed by a servicer must be assessed within forty-five days of the date on which the fee was incurred and must be explained clearly and conspicuously in a statement mailed to the borrower at the borrower's last known address no more than thirty days after assessing the fee, or provided via email if the borrower has assented to receive electronic communications;
 - (b) All amounts received by a servicer on a student education loan at the address where the borrower has been instructed to make payments must be accepted and credited, or treated as credited, within one business day of the date received, provided that the borrower has provided sufficient information to credit the account. If a servicer uses the scheduled method of accounting, any regularly scheduled payment made prior to the scheduled due date must be credited no later than the due date. If any payment is received and not credited, or treated as credited, the borrower must be notified of the disposition of the payment within ten business days by mail at the borrower's last known address. The notification must identify the reason the payment was not credited or treated as credited to the account, as well as any actions the borrower must take to make the student education loan current;
 - (c) The servicer must make reasonable attempts to comply with a borrower's request for information about the student education loan account and to respond to any dispute initiated by the borrower about the loan account. The servicer:
 - (i) Must maintain written or electronic records of each written request for information regarding a dispute or error involving the borrower's account until the student education loan is paid in full, sold, or otherwise satisfied; and
- 37 (ii) Must provide a written statement to the borrower within 38 fifteen business days of receipt of a written request from the 39 borrower. The borrower's request must include the name and account

- number, if any, of the borrower, a statement that the account is or 1 may be in error, and sufficient detail regarding the information 2 sought by the borrower to permit the servicer to comply. At a 3 minimum, the servicer's response to the borrower's request must 4 include the following information: 5
- 6 (A) Whether the account is current or, if the account is not 7 current, an explanation of the default and the date the account went into default; 8
- 9 (B) The current balance due on the student education loan, including the principal due, the amount of funds, if any, held in a 10 11 suspense account, if any, and whether there are any shortages known 12 to the servicer;
- (C) The identity, address, and other relevant information about 13 14 the current holder, owner, or assignee of the student education loan; 15 and

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- (D) The telephone number and mailing address of a servicer representative with the information and authority to answer questions and resolve disputes;
- (d) Promptly correct any errors and refund any fees assessed to the borrower resulting from the servicer's error; and 20
 - (e) In the event that a borrower applies for or attempts to certify progress toward a discharge or refund of amounts paid on their federal student education loans with the United States department of education, the servicer must provide explanations to the borrower on any decision made with respect to their application.
 - (2) In addition, a borrower may request more detailed information from a servicer, and the servicer must provide the information within fifteen business days of receipt of a written request from the borrower. The request must include the name and account number, if any, of the borrower, a statement that the account is or may be in error, and provide sufficient detail to the servicer regarding information sought by the borrower. If requested by the borrower this statement must include:
- (a) A copy of the original note, or if unavailable, an affidavit 34 35 of lost note; and
- (b) A statement that identifies and itemizes all fees and charges 36 assessed under the loan transaction and provides a full payment 37 history identifying in a clear and conspicuous manner all of the 38 debits, credits, application of and disbursement of all payments 39 received from or for the benefit of the borrower, and other activity 40

- 1 on the student education loan including suspense account activity, if any. The period of the account history must cover at a minimum the 2 two-year period prior to the date of the receipt of the request for 3 information. If the servicer has not serviced the student education 4 loan for the entire two-year time period the servicer must provide 5 6 the information going back to the date on which the servicer began servicing the loan, and identify the previous servicer, if known. If 7 the servicer claims that any delinquent or outstanding sums are owed 8 on the loan prior to the two-year period or the period during which 9 the servicer has serviced the student education loan, the servicer 10 11 must provide an account history beginning with the month that the 12 servicer claims any outstanding sums are owed on the student education loan up to the date of the request for the information. The 13 14 borrower may request annually one statement free of charge.
- 15 (3) When acquiring servicing rights from another servicer, a 16 receiving servicer must:

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- (a) Notify the student education loan borrowers no more than sixty days and no less than forty-five days before the effective date of the transfer of the students' loans to provide them with:
- (i) The effective date of the transfer of servicing, and the date at which the receiving servicer will begin to accept payments relating to the loan, if different;
- (ii) The name, address, and toll-free telephone number for both the transferring and receiving servicers' designated points of contact at which the borrower can obtain answers to inquiries;
- (iii) A statement that the transfer of servicing does not affect any term or condition of the student education loan other than the entity servicing the loan;
- (iv) Information about how to obtain a payment history from both the transferring or receiving servicer, including a count of payments that qualify toward any forgiveness options, as applicable;
- (v) A notification indicating whether an alternative repayment plan or loan consolidation application is pending; and
- (vi) Information about how to appropriately direct and submit a complaint to the United States department of education, the student loan advocate, federal student loan ombuds, and other relevant federal agencies that collect borrower complaints, in the event of a servicing error;
- 39 (b) Continue processing loan modification requests, including 40 applications for income-driven repayment, loan forgiveness, or loan

- consolidation, received by the receiving servicer or the transferring servicer during the transfer process; and
- 3 (c) Retain records necessary to maintain the borrower's 4 uninterrupted enrollment in their existing repayment plan.

- (4) When transferring or selling the servicing of loans a transferring servicer must:
- (a) Notify the student education loan borrowers no more than sixty days and no less than forty-five days before the effective date of the transfer of the students' loans to provide them with:
- 10 (i) The effective date of the transfer of servicing, and the date 11 at which the transferring servicer will no longer accept payments 12 relating to the loan, if different;
 - (ii) The name, address, and toll-free telephone number for the transferring and receiving servicers' designated points of contact at which the borrower can obtain answers to inquiries; and
 - (iii) A statement that the transfer of servicing does not affect any term or condition of the student education loan other than the entity servicing the loan; and
- 19 (b) Inform the receiving servicer if a loan modification request 20 is pending.
 - (5) Licensees shall provide, free of charge on the licensee's web site, information or links to information regarding repayment and loan forgiveness options that may be available to borrowers, as well as the availability of the student loan advocate to provide assistance. This information or these links shall be prominently placed and provided via written correspondence or email with the borrower at least once per calendar year.
 - (6) In addition to keeping records in compliance with this chapter and section 1 of this act, licensees shall collect, maintain, and report to the department specific information about the loans in the licensee's portfolio. Such information shall include, but not be limited by: Loan volume, default, refinance and modification information, loan type (subsidized, deferred, etc.) information, and collection practices.
 - (7) The director may adopt all rules necessary to implement this section. The director may, at his or her discretion, waive applicability of the provisions of this section when the director determines it necessary to facilitate commerce and protect consumers.
- 39 (8) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . ., 40 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. A new section is added to chapter 31.04 RCW to read as follows:
- A student education loan servicer licensee must maintain liquidity, operating reserves, and a tangible net worth in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as determined by the director. The director may adopt rules to implement this section. The
- 7 director's obligations or duties under this section are subject to
- 8 section 21 of this act.

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- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** A new section is added to chapter 31.04 10 RCW to read as follows:
- 11 (1) In addition to complying with federal and state law, 12 including all requirements under chapter 18.28 RCW and this chapter, 13 any person providing third-party student education loan modification 14 services must:
- 15 (a) Not charge or receive any money or other valuable 16 consideration prior to full and complete performance of the services 17 the person has agreed to perform for the borrower;
- 18 (b) Not charge total fees in excess of usual and customary 19 charges, or total fees that are not reasonable in light of the 20 service provided; and
 - (c) Immediately inform the borrower in writing if the owner or servicer of the student education loan requires additional information or documentation from the borrower, or if it becomes apparent that a modification, refinancing, consolidation, or change in repayment plans on the student education loan is not possible.
- 26 (2) As a condition for providing third-party student education 27 loan modification services, a person providing the services shall 28 not:
- 29 (a) Require or encourage a borrower to sign a waiver of his or 30 her legal defenses, counterclaims, and other legal rights against the 31 person for future acts;
- 32 (b) Represent, expressly or by implication, that funds paid to 33 the person providing third-party student education loan modification 34 services will be applied to the borrower's student education loan 35 balance;
- 36 (c) Require or encourage a borrower to waive his or her right to 37 receive notice before the owner or servicer of the loan initiates 38 collection proceedings;

- 1 (d) Require or encourage a borrower to agree to pay charges not 2 enumerated in any agreement between the borrower and the lender, 3 servicer, or owner of the loan;
 - (e) Require or encourage a borrower to:

- (i) Cease communication with the lender, investor, loan servicer, or United States department of education; or
- (ii) Change his or her contact information to that of the thirdparty education loan servicer or any other third party;
- (f) Misrepresent, expressly or by implication, the availability, performance, cost, or characteristics of any alternative to forprofit third-party student education loan modification services through which the consumer can obtain assistance with refinancing of, consolidation of, application for discharge of or refund of amounts paid toward, or change of repayment plans for a student education loan, including communicating directly with the servicer, applying through or communicating with the United States department of education, communicating with any other government agency, or using any nonprofit agency or program;
- (g) Misrepresent, expressly or by implication, the amount of money or the percentage of the debt amount a student education loan borrower may save by engaging the person's third-party student education loan modification services;
- (h) Misrepresent, expressly or by implication, the total cost to purchase the third-party student education loan modification services;
 - (i) Misrepresent, expressly or by implication, the terms, conditions, limitations, contingencies, or requirements to reapply or recertify eligibility for any refinancing of, consolidation of, or change of repayment plans for a student education loan;
 - (j) Misrepresent, expressly or by implication, any affiliation, connection, or relationship with the United States department of education or its contracted entities;
 - (k) Misrepresent, expressly or by implication, the impact on a borrower's credit history, score, or report that will result from engaging the person's third-party student education loan modification services; or
- (1) Change a borrower's login information, personal identification number, or contact information on file with a servicer or the United States department of education, including without limitation telephone number, address, and email address.

1 (3) In any inconsistency between this chapter and chapter 18.28 2 RCW, this chapter shall control.

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- **Sec. 9.** RCW 31.04.015 and 2015 c 229 s 19 are each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- The definitions set forth in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires a different meaning.
- (1) "Add-on method" means the method of precomputing interest payable on a loan whereby the interest to be earned is added to the principal balance and the total plus any charges allowed under this chapter is stated as the loan amount, without further provision for the payment of interest except for failure to pay according to loan terms. The director may adopt by rule a more detailed explanation of the meaning and use of this method.
- 14 (2) "Affiliate" means any person who, directly or indirectly 15 through one or more intermediaries, controls, or is controlled by, or 16 is under common control with another person.
 - (3) "Applicant" means a person applying for a license under this chapter.
 - (4) "Borrower" means any person who consults with or retains a licensee or person subject to this chapter in an effort to obtain, or who seeks information about obtaining a loan, regardless of whether that person actually obtains such a loan. "Borrower" includes a person who consults with or retains a licensee or person subject to this chapter in an effort to obtain, or who seeks information about obtaining a residential mortgage loan modification, regardless of whether that person actually obtains a residential mortgage loan modification.
- 28 (5) "Department" means the state department of financial 29 institutions.
- 30 (6) "Depository institution" has the same meaning as in section 3 31 of the federal deposit insurance act on July 26, 2009, and includes 32 credit unions.
 - (7) "Director" means the director of financial institutions.
- 34 (8) "Educational institution" means any entity that is a degree-35 granting institution as defined in RCW 28B.85.010, a private 36 vocational school as defined in RCW 28C.10.020, or school as defined 37 in RCW 18.16.020.
- 38 <u>(9)</u> "Federal banking agencies" means the board of governors of 39 the federal reserve system, comptroller of the currency, director of

1 office of thrift supervision, national credit union administration, and federal deposit insurance corporation. 2

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 $((\frac{9}{}))$ (10) "Individual servicing a mortgage loan" means a 3 person on behalf of a lender or servicer licensed by this state, who collects or receives payments including payments of principal, interest, escrow amounts, and other amounts due, on existing obligations due and owing to the licensed lender or servicer for a residential mortgage loan when the borrower is in default, or in reasonably foreseeable likelihood of default, working with the borrower and the licensed lender or servicer, collects data and makes decisions necessary to modify either temporarily or permanently certain terms of those obligations, or otherwise finalizing collection through the foreclosure process.

14 $((\frac{10}{10}))$ (11) "Insurance" means life insurance, disability insurance, property insurance, involuntary unemployment insurance, 15 16 and such other insurance as may be authorized by the insurance 17 commissioner.

(((11))) (12) "License" means a single license issued under the authority of this chapter.

(((12))) (13) "Licensee" means a person to whom one or more licenses have been issued. "Licensee" also means any person, whether located within or outside of this state, who fails to obtain a license required by this chapter.

 $((\frac{13}{13}))$ <u>(14)</u> "Loan" means a sum of money lent at interest or for a fee or other charge and includes both open-end and closed-end loan transactions.

 $((\frac{14}{14}))$ (15) "Loan processor or underwriter" means an individual who performs clerical or support duties as an employee at the direction of and subject to the supervision and instruction of a person licensed, or exempt from licensing, under this chapter.

 $((\frac{15}{15}))$ (16) "Making a loan" means advancing, offering to advance, or making a commitment to advance funds to a borrower for a loan.

 $((\frac{16}{16}))$ mortgage broker means the same as defined in RCW 19.146.010, except that for purposes of this chapter, a licensee or person subject to this chapter cannot receive compensation as both a consumer loan licensee making the loan and as a consumer loan licensee acting as the mortgage broker in the same loan transaction.

 $((\frac{17}{17}))$ (18)(a) "Mortgage loan originator" means an individual 39 40 who for compensation or gain (i) takes a residential mortgage loan

- 1 application, or (ii) offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage loan. "Mortgage loan originator" also includes individuals 2 who hold themselves out to the public as able to perform any of these 3 loan originator" does not include 4 activities. "Mortgage individual who performs purely administrative or clerical tasks; and 5 6 does not include a person or entity solely involved in extensions of 7 credit relating to timeshare plans, as that term is defined in section 101(53D) of Title 11, United States Code. For the purposes of 8 this definition, administrative or clerical tasks means the receipt, 9 collection, and distribution of information common for the processing 10 11 of a loan in the mortgage industry and communication with a consumer 12 to obtain information necessary for the processing of a residential 13 mortgage loan.
 - (b) "Mortgage loan originator" also includes an individual who for direct or indirect compensation or gain performs residential mortgage loan modification services or holds himself or herself out as being able to perform residential mortgage loan modification services.

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- (c) "Mortgage loan originator" does not include a person or entity that only performs real estate brokerage activities and is licensed or registered in accordance with applicable state law, unless the person or entity is compensated by a lender, a mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator or by any agent of such a lender, mortgage broker, or other mortgage loan originator. For the purposes of chapter 120, Laws of 2009, the term "real estate brokerage activity" means any activity that involves offering or providing real estate brokerage services to the public, including:
- 28 (i) Acting as a real estate agent or real estate broker for a 29 buyer, seller, lessor, or lessee of real property;
- (ii) Bringing together parties interested in the sale, purchase,lease, rental, or exchange of real property;
 - (iii) Negotiating, on behalf of any party, any portion of a contract relating to the sale, purchase, lease, rental, or exchange of real property, other than in connection with providing financing with respect to such a transaction;
 - (iv) Engaging in any activity for which a person engaged in the activity is required to be registered or licensed as a real estate agent or real estate broker under any applicable law; and
- (v) Offering to engage in any activity, or act in any capacity, described in (c)(i) through (iv) of this subsection.

(d) This subsection does not apply to employees of a housing counseling agency approved by the United States department of housing and urban development unless the employees of a housing counseling agency are required under federal law to be individually licensed as mortgage loan originators.

- $((\frac{18}{18}))$ <u>(19)</u> "Nationwide mortgage licensing system" means a licensing system developed and maintained by the conference of state bank supervisors for licensing and registration.
- $((\frac{19}{19}))$ $\underline{(20)}$ "Officer" means an official appointed by the company for the purpose of making business decisions or corporate decisions.
 - $((\frac{20}{1}))$ (21) "Person" includes individuals, partnerships, associations, limited liability companies, limited liability partnerships, trusts, corporations, and all other legal entities.
 - $((\frac{(21)}{(21)}))$ "Principal" means any person who controls, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, alone or in concert with others, a ten percent or greater interest in a partnership; company; association or corporation; or a limited liability company, and the owner of a sole proprietorship.
 - $((\frac{(22)}{)})$ (23) "Registered mortgage loan originator" means any individual who meets the definition of mortgage loan originator and is an employee of a depository institution; a subsidiary that is owned and controlled by a depository institution and regulated by a federal banking agency; or an institution regulated by the farm credit administration and is registered with, and maintains a unique identifier through, the nationwide mortgage licensing system.
 - $((\frac{(23)}{(23)}))$ (24) "Residential mortgage loan" means any loan primarily for personal, family, or household use that is secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, or other consensual security interest on a dwelling, as defined in the truth in lending act, or residential real estate upon which is constructed or intended to be constructed a dwelling.
 - ((\(\frac{(24)}{)}\)) (25) "Residential mortgage loan modification" means a change in one or more of a residential mortgage loan's terms or conditions. Changes to a residential mortgage loan's terms or conditions include but are not limited to forbearances; repayment plans; changes in interest rates, loan terms, or loan types; capitalizations of arrearages; or principal reductions.
- $((\frac{(25)}{)})$ (26) "Residential mortgage loan modification services" includes negotiating, attempting to negotiate, arranging, attempting

- to arrange, or otherwise offering to perform a residential mortgage loan modification for compensation or gain. "Residential mortgage loan modification services" also includes the collection of data for submission to an entity performing mortgage loan modification services.
- 6 (((26))) <u>(27)</u> "S.A.F.E. act" means the secure and fair 7 enforcement for mortgage licensing act of 2008, Title V of the 8 housing and economic recovery act of 2008 ("HERA"), P.L. 110-289, 9 effective July 30, 2008.
- $((\frac{27}{1}))$ (28) "Senior officer" means an officer of a licensee at 11 the vice president level or above.

- ((\(\frac{(28)}{)}\)) (29) "Service or servicing a loan" means on behalf of the lender or investor of a residential mortgage loan: (a) Collecting or receiving payments on existing obligations due and owing to the lender or investor, including payments of principal, interest, escrow amounts, and other amounts due; (b) collecting fees due to the servicer; (c) working with the borrower and the licensed lender or servicer to collect data and make decisions necessary to modify certain terms of those obligations either temporarily or permanently; (d) otherwise finalizing collection through the foreclosure process; or (e) servicing a reverse mortgage loan.
- $((\frac{(29)}{)})$ (30) "Service or servicing a reverse mortgage loan" means, pursuant to an agreement with the owner of a reverse mortgage loan: Calculating, collecting, or receiving payments of interest or other amounts due; administering advances to the borrower; and providing account statements to the borrower or lender.
- (((30))) (31) "Simple interest method" means the method of computing interest payable on a loan by applying the annual percentage interest rate or its periodic equivalent to the unpaid balances of the principal of the loan outstanding for the time outstanding.
- (a) On a nonresidential loan each payment is applied first to any unpaid penalties, fees, or charges, then to accumulated interest, and the remainder of the payment applied to the unpaid balance of the principal until paid in full. In using such method, interest must not be payable in advance nor compounded. The prohibition on compounding interest does not apply to reverse mortgage loans made in accordance with the Washington state reverse mortgage act. The director may adopt by rule a more detailed explanation of the meaning and use of this method.

- 1 (b) On a residential mortgage loan payments are applied as 2 determined in the security instrument.
- 3 (((31))) (32) "Student education loan" means any loan solely for personal use to finance postsecondary education and costs of 4 attendance at an educational institution. A student education loan 5 6 includes a loan made to refinance a student education loan. A student 7 education loan does not include a payment plan or accounts receivable at a higher education institution as defined in RCW 28B.07.020(4) 8 only during the time of a student's enrollment in the higher 9 10 education institution, not to include a refinanced payment plan or accounts receivable, an extension of credit under an open-end 11 12 consumer credit plan, a reverse mortgage transaction, a residential mortgage transaction, or any other loan that is secured by real 13 property or a dwelling. 14
- 15 (33) "Student education loan borrower" means: (a) Any resident of
 16 this state who has received or agreed to pay a student education
 17 loan; or (b) any person who shares responsibility with such resident
 18 for repaying the student education loan.
- 19 (34) "Student education loan servicer" means any person, wherever 20 located, responsible for the servicing of any student education loan 21 to any student education loan borrower.

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- (35) "Student education loan servicing" or "service a student education loan" means: (a) Receiving any scheduled periodic payments from a student education loan borrower pursuant to the terms of a student education loan; (b) applying the payments of principal and interest and such other payments with respect to the amounts received from a student education loan borrower, as may be required pursuant to the terms of a student education loan; (c) working with the student education loan borrower to collect data, or collecting data, to make decisions to modify the loan; or (d) performing other administrative services with respect to a student education loan including collection activities. "Student education loan servicing" does not include third-party student education loan modification services.
- 35 (36) "Third-party residential mortgage loan modification 36 services" means residential mortgage loan modification services 37 offered or performed by any person other than the owner or servicer 38 of the loan.
- $((\frac{32}{32}))$ "Third-party service provider" means any person other than the licensee or a mortgage broker who provides goods or

- 1 services to the licensee or borrower in connection with the 2 preparation of the borrower's loan and includes, but is not limited
- 3 to, credit reporting agencies, real estate brokers or salespersons,
- 4 title insurance companies and agents, appraisers, structural and pest
- 5 inspectors, or escrow companies.
- 6 (((33))) <u>(38) "Third-party student education loan modification</u>
- 7 <u>services" means for compensation or other consideration by or on</u>
- 8 behalf of the borrower working with the student education loan
- 9 borrower or his or her representative to collect data or prepare or
- 10 submit documents, or collecting data and preparing or submitting
- 11 documents, to modify, refinance, or consolidate the loan, or change
- 12 <u>repayment plans.</u>
- 13 (39) "Unique identifier" means a number or other identifier
- 14 assigned by protocols established by the nationwide mortgage
- 15 licensing system.
- 16 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** A new section is added to chapter 31.04
- 17 RCW to read as follows:
- 18 (1) The following are subject to the student education loan
- 19 servicer requirements in this chapter, but are exempt from having to
- 20 obtain and maintain a license in accordance with this chapter:
- 21 (a) Trade, technical, vocational, or apprentice programs that
- 22 teach skills related to a specific job, and postsecondary schools
- 23 that service their own student education loans;
- 24 (b) Persons servicing five or fewer student education loans;
- 25 (c) Guarantors of federal student loans that do not also service
- 26 federal student loans;
- 27 (d) The United States or any department or agency thereof, to the
- 28 extent it is servicing student education loans that it originated;
- 29 and
- 30 (e) Any state, county, city, or any department or agency thereof,
- 31 but only to the extent it is servicing student education loans that
- 32 it originated.
- 33 (2) Persons providing third-party student education loan
- 34 modification services are exempt from having to obtain and maintain a
- 35 license in accordance with this chapter.
- 36 (3) The department may refer to the attorney general's consumer
- 37 protection division complaints regarding entities subject to this
- 38 section.

1 **Sec. 11.** RCW 31.04.027 and 2015 c 229 s 21 are each amended to 2 read as follows:

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- (1) It is a violation of this chapter for a licensee, its officers, directors, employees, or independent contractors, or any other person subject to this chapter to:
- 6 (((1))) <u>(a)</u> Directly or indirectly employ any scheme, device, or 7 artifice to defraud or mislead any borrower, to defraud or mislead 8 any lender, or to defraud or mislead any person;
- 9 (((2))) <u>(b)</u> Directly or indirectly engage in any unfair or 10 deceptive practice toward any person;
- 11 $((\frac{3}{3}))$ <u>(c)</u> Directly or indirectly obtain property by fraud or 12 misrepresentation;
 - ((\(\frac{(+4)}{4}\))) (d) Solicit or enter into a contract with a borrower that provides in substance that the consumer loan company may earn a fee or commission through the consumer loan company's best efforts to obtain a loan even though no loan is actually obtained for the borrower;
- 18 (((5))) <u>(e)</u> Solicit, advertise, or enter into a contract for 19 specific interest rates, points, or other financing terms unless the 20 terms are actually available at the time of soliciting, advertising, 21 or contracting;
- $((\frac{(6)}{(6)}))$ (f) Fail to make disclosures to loan applicants as required by RCW 31.04.102 and any other applicable state or federal law;
 - (((7))) <u>(g)</u> Make, in any manner, any false or deceptive statement or representation with regard to the rates, points, or other financing terms or conditions for a residential mortgage loan or engage in bait and switch advertising;
 - ((\(\frac{(\(\frac{8}{}\)\)}{\)}) (h) Negligently make any false statement or knowingly and willfully make any omission of material fact in connection with any reports filed with the department by a licensee or in connection with any investigation conducted by the department;
- $((\frac{(+9)}{(+9)}))$ (i) Make any payment, directly or indirectly, to any appraiser of a property, for the purposes of influencing the independent judgment of the appraiser with respect to the value of the property;
- (((10))) <u>(j)</u> Accept from any borrower at or near the time a loan is made and in advance of any default an execution of, or induce any borrower to execute, any instrument of conveyance, not including a mortgage or deed of trust, to the lender of any ownership interest in

- 1 the borrower's primary dwelling that is the security for the 2 borrower's loan;
- $((\frac{11}{1}))$ (k) Obtain at the time of closing a release of future damages for usury or other damages or penalties provided by law or a waiver of the provisions of this chapter;
- 6 (((12))) <u>(1)</u> Advertise any rate of interest without conspicuously 7 disclosing the annual percentage rate implied by that rate of 8 interest;
- 9 (((13))) (m) Violate any applicable state or federal law relating to the activities governed by this chapter; or
- 11 $((\frac{14}{14}))$ <u>(n)</u> Make or originate loans from any unlicensed location.
- 13 <u>(2) It is a violation of this chapter for a student education</u> 14 <u>loan servicer to:</u>
- 15 (a) Conduct licensable activity from any unlicensed location;

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- (b) Misrepresent or omit any material information in connection with the servicing of a student education loan including, but not limited to, misrepresenting the amount, nature, conditions, or terms of any fee or payment due or claimed to be due on a student education loan, the terms and conditions of the loan agreement, the availability of loan discharge or forgiveness options, the availability and terms of and process for enrolling in income-driven repayment, or the borrower's obligations under the loan;
- (c) Provide inaccurate information to a credit bureau, thereby
 harming a student education loan borrower's creditworthiness,
 including failing to report both the favorable and unfavorable
 payment history of the student education loan;
- (d) Fail to report to a consumer credit bureau at least annually
 if the student education loan servicer regularly reports information
 to a credit bureau;
- (e) Refuse to communicate with an authorized representative of the student education loan borrower who provides a written authorization signed by the student education loan borrower. However, the student education loan servicer may adopt procedures reasonably related to verifying that the representative is in fact authorized to act on behalf of the student education loan borrower;
- 37 <u>(f) Refuse to communicate with the student education loan</u>
 38 <u>borrower or an authorized representative of the student education</u>
 39 loan borrower;

- 1 (g) Apply payments made by a borrower to the outstanding balance
 2 of a student education loan, or allocate a payment across a group of
 3 student education loans, in a manner that does not conform with the
 4 borrower's stated intent. However, this subsection (2)(g) does not
 5 require application of a student education loan in a manner contrary
 6 to the express terms of the promissory note;
- 7 (h) Fail to respond within fifteen calendar days to
 8 communications from the student loan advocate, or within such
 9 shorter, reasonable time as the student loan advocate may request in
 10 his or her communication; or
- (i) Fail to provide a response within fifteen calendar days to a consumer complaint submitted to the servicer by the student loan advocate. If necessary, a licensee may request additional time up to a maximum of forty-five calendar days, provided that such request is accompanied by an explanation why such additional time is reasonable and necessary.
- 17 (3) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . .,
 18 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 19 **Sec. 12.** RCW 31.04.035 and 2013 c 29 s 4 are each amended to 20 read as follows:

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- (1) No person may make secured or unsecured loans of money or things in action, or extend credit, or service or modify the terms or conditions of residential mortgage loans, or service or modify student education loans, without first obtaining and maintaining a license in accordance with this chapter, except those exempt under RCW 31.04.025 or not subject to licensure under section 10 of this act.
- 28 (2) If a transaction violates subsection (1) of this section, 29 any:
- 30 (a) Nonthird-party fees charged in connection with the 31 origination of the residential mortgage loan must be refunded to the 32 borrower, excluding interest charges; and
- 33 (b) Fees or interest charged in the making of a nonresidential loan must be refunded to the borrower.
- 35 (3) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . ., 36 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 37 **Sec. 13.** RCW 31.04.093 and 2015 c 229 s 24 are each amended to 38 read as follows:

- (1) The director must enforce all laws and rules relating to the licensing and regulation of licensees and persons subject to this chapter. However, the director's obligation under this subsection does not arise until the rules required under section 6 of this act are adopted or until January 1, 2019, whichever is sooner.
 - (2) The director may deny applications for licenses for:

- (a) Failure of the applicant to demonstrate within its application for a license that it meets the requirements for licensing in RCW 31.04.045 and 31.04.055;
- (b) Violation of an order issued by the director under this chapter or another chapter administered by the director, including but not limited to cease and desist orders and temporary cease and desist orders;
- (c) Revocation or suspension of a license to conduct lending $((\Theta r))$, residential mortgage loan servicing, student education loan servicing, or to provide settlement services associated with lending $((\Theta r))$, residential mortgage loan servicing, or student education loan servicing, by this state, another state, or by the federal government within five years of the date of submittal of a complete application for a license; or
- (d) Filing an incomplete application when that incomplete application has been filed with the department for sixty or more days, provided that the director has given notice to the licensee that the application is incomplete, informed the applicant why the application is incomplete, and allowed at least twenty days for the applicant to complete the application.
- (3) The director may condition, suspend, or revoke a license issued under this chapter if the director finds that:
 - (a) The licensee has failed to pay any fee due the state of Washington, has failed to maintain in effect the bond or permitted substitute required under this chapter, or has failed to comply with any specific order or demand of the director lawfully made and directed to the licensee in accordance with this chapter;
- (b) The licensee, either knowingly or without the exercise of due care, has violated any provision of this chapter or any rule adopted under this chapter;
- 37 (c) A fact or condition exists that, if it had existed at the 38 time of the original application for the license, clearly would have 39 allowed the director to deny the application for the original 40 license; or

- 1 (d) The licensee failed to comply with any directive, order, or 2 subpoena issued by the director under this chapter.
- The director may condition, revoke, or suspend only the particular license with respect to which grounds for conditioning, revocation, or suspension may occur or exist or the director may condition, revoke, or suspend all of the licenses issued to the licensee.
- 7 (4) The director may impose fines of up to one hundred dollars 8 per day, per violation, upon the licensee, its employee or loan 9 originator, or other person subject to this chapter for:
 - (a) Any violation of this chapter; or

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- (b) Failure to comply with any directive, order, or subpoena issued by the director under this chapter.
- 13 (5) The director may issue an order directing the licensee, its 14 employee or loan originator, or other person subject to this chapter 15 to:
- 16 (a) Cease and desist from conducting business in a manner that is 17 injurious to the public or violates any provision of this chapter;
- 18 (b) Take such affirmative action as is necessary to comply with 19 this chapter;
- 20 (c) Make a refund or restitution to a borrower or other person 21 who is damaged as a result of a violation of this chapter;
- 22 (d) Refund all fees received through any violation of this 23 chapter.
- (6) The director may issue an order removing from office or prohibiting from participation in the affairs of any licensee, or both, any officer, principal, employee or mortgage loan originator, or any person subject to this chapter for:
 - (a) False statements or omission of material information from an application for a license that, if known, would have allowed the director to deny the original application for a license;
- 31 (b) Conviction of a gross misdemeanor involving dishonesty or 32 financial misconduct or a felony;
- (c) Suspension or revocation of a license to engage in lending ((or)), residential mortgage loan servicing, student education loan servicing, or perform a settlement service related to lending or residential mortgage loan servicing, in this state or another state;
- 37 (d) Failure to comply with any order or subpoena issued under 38 this chapter;
- 39 (e) A violation of RCW 31.04.027, 31.04.102, 31.04.155, or 40 31.04.221; or

1 (f) Failure to obtain a license for activity that requires a license.

- (7) Except to the extent prohibited by another statute, the director may engage in informal settlement of complaints or enforcement actions including, but not limited to, payment to the department for purposes of financial literacy and education programs authorized under RCW 43.320.150. If any person subject to this chapter makes a payment to the department under this section, the person may not advertise such payment.
- (8) Whenever the director determines that the public is likely to be substantially injured by delay in issuing a cease and desist order, the director may immediately issue a temporary cease and desist order. The order may direct the licensee to discontinue any violation of this chapter, to take such affirmative action as is necessary to comply with this chapter, and may include a summary suspension of the licensee's license and may order the licensee to immediately cease the conduct of business under this chapter. The order becomes effective at the time specified in the order. Every temporary cease and desist order must include a provision that a hearing will be held upon request to determine whether the order will become permanent. Such hearing must be held within fourteen days of receipt of a request for a hearing unless otherwise specified in chapter 34.05 RCW.
 - (9) A licensee may surrender a license by delivering to the director written notice of surrender, but the surrender does not affect the licensee's civil or criminal liability, if any, for acts committed before the surrender, including any administrative action initiated by the director to suspend or revoke a license, impose fines, compel the payment of restitution to borrowers or other persons, or exercise any other authority under this chapter. The statute of limitations on actions not subject to RCW 4.16.160 that are brought under this chapter by the director is five years.
 - (10) The revocation, suspension, or surrender of a license does not impair or affect the obligation of a preexisting lawful contract between the licensee and a borrower.
 - (11) Every license issued under this chapter remains in force and effect until it has been surrendered, revoked, or suspended in accordance with this chapter. However, the director may on his or her own initiative reinstate suspended licenses or issue new licenses to a licensee whose license or licenses have been revoked if the

- 1 director finds that the licensee meets all the requirements of this 2 chapter.
 - (12) A license issued under this chapter expires upon the licensee's failure to comply with the annual assessment requirements in RCW 31.04.085, and the rules. The department must provide notice of the expiration to the address of record provided by the licensee. On the 15th day after the department provides notice, if the
- 8 assessment remains unpaid, the license expires. The licensee must
- 9 receive notice prior to expiration and have the opportunity to stop
- 10 the expiration as set forth in rule.

- 11 (13) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . .,
 12 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- **Sec. 14.** RCW 31.04.102 and 2015 c 229 s 27 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- 15 (1) For all loans made by a licensee that are not secured by a 16 lien on real property, the licensee must make disclosures in 17 compliance with the truth in lending act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1601 and 18 regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. Part 1026, and all other applicable federal 19 laws and regulations.
 - (2) For all loans made by a licensee that are secured by a lien on real property, the licensee must provide to each borrower within three business days following receipt of a loan application a written disclosure containing an itemized estimation and explanation of all fees and costs that the borrower is required to pay in connection with obtaining a loan from the licensee. A good faith estimate of a fee or cost must be provided if the exact amount of the fee or cost is not available when the disclosure is provided. Disclosure in a form which complies with the requirements of the truth in lending act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1601 and regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. Part 1026, the real estate settlement procedures act and regulation X, 24 C.F.R. Part 1024, and all other applicable federal laws and regulations, as now or hereafter amended, constitutes compliance with this disclosure requirement. Each licensee must comply with all other applicable federal and state laws and regulations.
 - (3) In addition, for all loans made by the licensee that are secured by a lien on real property, the licensee must provide to the borrower an estimate of the annual percentage rate on the loan and a disclosure of whether or not the loan contains a prepayment penalty within three days of receipt of a loan application. The annual

- 1 percentage rate must be calculated in compliance with the truth in
- 2 lending act, 15 U.S.C. Sec. 1601 and regulation Z, 12 C.F.R. Part
- 3 1024. If a licensee provides the borrower with a disclosure in
- 4 compliance with the requirements of the truth in lending act within
- 5 three business days of receipt of a loan application, then the
- 6 licensee has complied with this subsection. If the director
- 7 determines that the federal government has required a disclosure that
- 8 substantially meets the objectives of this subsection, then the
- 9 director may make a determination by rule that compliance with this
- 10 federal disclosure requirement constitutes compliance with this
- 11 subsection.
- 12 (4) In addition for all consumer loans made by the licensee that
- 13 are secured by a lien on real property, the licensee must comply with
- 14 RCW 19.144.020.
- 15 <u>(5) In addition for all consumer loans made by a licensee that</u>
- 16 <u>are a refinance of a federal student education loan, the licensee</u>
- 17 <u>must provide to the borrower a clear and conspicuous disclosure that</u>
- 18 some repayment and forgiveness options available under federal
- 19 student education loan programs, including without limitation income-
- 20 <u>driven repayment plans, economic hardship deferments, or public</u>
- 21 service loan forgiveness, will no longer be available to the borrower
- 22 <u>if he or she chooses to refinance federal student education loans</u>
- 23 with one or more consumer loans.
- 24 (6) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . .,
- 25 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 26 **Sec. 15.** RCW 31.04.145 and 2015 c 229 s 29 are each amended to 27 read as follows:
- 28 (1) For the purpose of discovering violations of this chapter or
- 29 securing information lawfully required under this chapter, the
- 30 director may at any time, either personally or by designees,
- 31 investigate or examine the loans and business and, wherever located,
- 32 the books, accounts, records, papers, documents, files, and other
- 33 information used in the business of every licensee and of every
- 34 person ((who is engaged in the business making or assisting in the
- 35 making of loans at interest rates authorized by)) subject to this
- 36 chapter, whether the person acts or claims to act as principal or
- 37 agent, or under or without the authority of this chapter. The
- 38 director or designated representative:

- 1 (a) Must have free access to the employees, offices, and places 2 of business, books, accounts, papers, documents, other information, 3 records, files, safes, and vaults of all such persons during normal 4 business hours;
- 5 (b) May require the attendance of and examine under oath all persons whose testimony may be required about the loans or the 5 business or the subject matter of any investigation, examination, or 8 hearing and may require such person to produce books, accounts, 9 papers, records, files, and any other information the director or designated persons deem relevant to the inquiry;
 - (c) May require by directive, subpoena, or any other lawful means the production of original books, accounts, papers, records, files, and other information; may require that such original books, accounts, papers, records, files, and other information be copied; or may make copies of such original books, accounts, papers, records, files, or other information;

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- (d) May issue a subpoena or subpoena duces tecum requiring attendance by any person identified in this section or compelling production of any books, accounts, papers, records, files, or other documents or information identified in this section.
- 21 (2) The director must make such periodic examinations of the 22 affairs, business, office, and records of each licensee as determined 23 by rule.
 - (3) Every licensee examined or investigated by the director or the director's designee must pay to the director the cost of the examination or investigation of each licensed place of business as determined by rule by the director.
- 28 (4) In order to carry out the purposes of this section, the 29 director may:
 - (a) Retain attorneys, accountants, or other professionals and specialists as examiners, auditors, or investigators to conduct or assist in the conduct of examinations or investigations;
 - (b) Enter into agreements or relationships with other government officials or regulatory associations in order to improve efficiencies and reduce regulatory burden by sharing resources, standardized or uniform methods or procedures, and documents, records, information, or evidence obtained under this section;
- 38 (c) Use, hire, contract, or employ public or privately available 39 analytical systems, methods, or software to examine or investigate

the licensee, individual, or person subject to chapter 120, Laws of 2009;

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- (d) Accept and rely on examination or investigation reports made by other government officials, within or without this state;
- 5 (e) Accept audit reports made by an independent certified public 6 accountant for the licensee, individual, or person subject to chapter 7 120, Laws of 2009 in the course of that part of the examination 8 covering the same general subject matter as the audit and may 9 incorporate the audit report in the report of the examination, report 10 of investigation, or other writing of the director; or
- 11 (f) Assess the licensee, individual, or person subject to chapter 12 120, Laws of 2009 the cost of the services in (a) of this subsection.
- 13 <u>(5) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . .,</u>
 14 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 15 **Sec. 16.** RCW 31.04.165 and 2010 c 35 s 7 are each amended to 16 read as follows:
 - (1) The director has the power, and broad administrative discretion, to administer and interpret this chapter to facilitate the delivery of financial services to the citizens of this state by ((consumer loan companies, residential mortgage loan servicers, and mortgage loan originators)) persons subject to this chapter. The director shall adopt all rules necessary to administer this chapter and to ensure complete and full disclosure by licensees of lending transactions governed by this chapter.
 - (2) If it appears to the director that a licensee is conducting business in an injurious manner or is violating any provision of this chapter, the director may order or direct the discontinuance of any such injurious or illegal practice.
 - (3) For purposes of this section, "conducting business in an injurious manner" means conducting business in a manner that violates any provision of this chapter, or that creates the reasonable likelihood of a violation of any provision of this chapter.
 - (4) The director or designated persons, with or without prior administrative action, may bring an action in superior court to enjoin the acts or practices that constitute violations of this chapter and to enforce compliance with this chapter or any rule or order made under this chapter. Upon proper showing, injunctive relief or a temporary restraining order shall be granted. The director shall not be required to post a bond in any court proceedings.

- 1 (5) The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . .,
 2 Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 3 **Sec. 17.** RCW 31.04.277 and 2015 c 229 s 34 are each amended to 4 read as follows:
- Each consumer loan company licensee ((who makes, services, or brokers a loan secured by real property)) must submit call reports through the nationwide mortgage licensing system ((and registry)) in a form and containing the information prescribed by the director or as deemed necessary by the nationwide mortgage licensing system ((and registry)).
- The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . ., Laws of 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- 13 **Sec. 18.** RCW 31.04.310 and 2015 c 229 s 26 are each amended to 14 read as follows:
- Upon application by the director and upon a showing that the interests of borrowers or creditors so requires, the superior court may appoint a receiver to take over, operate, or liquidate any residential mortgage or student education loan servicer.
- 19 <u>The director's obligations or duties under chapter . . ., Laws of</u> 20 2018 (this act) are subject to section 21 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 19. (1) The Washington state institute for public policy shall conduct a study on student loan authorities that refinance existing federal and private undergraduate and graduate student loans from the proceeds of tax-exempt bonds. In conducting the study, the institute shall:
- 26 (a) Review guidance on the subject issued by the United States 27 treasury;
- (b) Review the structure and characteristics of state-operated loan refinance programs in other states, including borrower requirements;
- 31 (c) Review available literature on the impacts of borrower 32 requirements of similar programs;
- 33 (d) Estimate potential savings and costs to undergraduate and 34 graduate borrowers from differences in interest rates of loans 35 refinanced by the state as compared to similarly situated borrowers 36 of federal direct loans and private loans, issued one, five, and ten 37 years ago; and

- 1 (e) Consider the value of repayment and forgiveness options that 2 may be lost to a borrower of a federal student education loan who 3 chooses to refinance, including income-driven repayment options, 4 economic hardship deferments, or public service loan forgiveness.
- 5 (2) The Washington state institute for public policy shall submit 6 a report on its findings to the higher education committees of the 7 legislature by December 31, 2018.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 20.** A new section is added to chapter 31.04 9 RCW to read as follows:
- The requirements of this act do not apply to any person doing business under, and as permitted by, any law of this state or of the United States relating to banks, savings banks, trust companies, savings and loan or building and loan associations, or credit unions.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 21. The department of financial institutions and the director or director's designees do not have any enforcement, examination, or reporting obligations or duties under this act until January 1, 2019, or until the final adoption of rules pursuant to this act, whichever is sooner.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 22. If any provision of this act or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the act or the application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 23. This act may be known and cited as the Washington student education loan bill of rights.

Passed by the Senate February 14, 2018. Passed by the House March 2, 2018. Approved by the Governor March 15, 2018. Filed in Office of Secretary of State March 16, 2018.

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