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<u>2SHB 2405</u> - H AMD 1553 By Representatives Duerr, Pollet

ADOPTED 02/18/2020

1 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 2 following:

- "NEW SECTION. Sec. 1. (1) The legislature finds that the efficiency and resiliency of buildings in Washington is essential for ensuring the health and safety of residents, employees, and tenants; for using water and energy more efficiently; and for economic development of our communities. Buildings in Washington have significant needs for resiliency retrofits, including seismic improvements, stormwater management, flood mitigation, wildfire and wind resistance, and for clean energy and energy efficiency improvements, but these improvements often have high up-front capital costs.
- (2) This chapter authorizes the establishment of a commercial property assessed clean energy and resiliency ("C-PACER") program that jurisdictions can voluntarily implement to ensure that free and willing owners of agricultural, commercial, and industrial properties and of multifamily residential properties with five or more dwelling units can obtain low-cost, long-term financing for qualifying including energy efficiency, water conservation, improvements, renewable energy, and resiliency projects. These improvements are repaid without the accumulation of cost to the county and without the creation of a personal debt obligation to the property owner. The debt obligation is instead carried by the property and remains with the property until repaid, regardless of any potential transfer of property ownership. After the adoption of a C-PACER program, a county's role is limited to the recordation of C-PACER liens and administration of the C-PACER program.
 - (3) The legislature declares that the establishment and operation of a C-PACER program under this chapter serves important public health and safety interests. A qualified improvement as defined in section 2 of this act provides benefit to the public, either in the form of energy or water resource conservation, reduced public health

- 1 risk, or reduced public emergency response risk. Accordingly, the
- 2 governing body of a county is authorized to determine that it is
- 3 convenient and advantageous to adopt a program under this chapter.

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- MEW SECTION. Sec. 2. The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter unless the context clearly requires otherwise.
 - (1) "Capital provider" means any private entity that makes or funds C-PACER financing under this chapter.
- 9 (2) "C-PACER financing" means an investment from a capital 10 provider to a property owner to finance a qualified project as 11 described under this chapter.
 - (3) "C-PACER lien" means the lien recorded at the county on the eligible property which remains on the property until paid in full.
 - (4) "Eligible property" means privately owned commercial, industrial, or agricultural real property or multifamily residential real property with five or more dwelling units. Eligible property may be owned by any type of business, corporation, individual, or nonprofit organization permitted by state law.
 - (5) "Financing agreement" means the contract under which a property owner agrees to repay a capital provider for the C-PACER financing including, but not limited to, details of any finance charges, fees, debt servicing, accrual of interest and penalties, and any terms relating to treatment of prepayment and partial payment of the C-PACER financing.
- 25 (6) "Program" means a C-PACER program established under this 26 chapter.
 - (7) "Program guidebook" means a comprehensive document that illustrates the applicable region for a program and establishes any appropriate guidelines, specifications, underwriting and approval criteria, and any standard application forms consistent with the administration of a program and not detailed in this chapter.
 - (8) "Project application" means an application submitted to the department of commerce to demonstrate that a proposed project qualifies for C-PACER financing and for a C-PACER lien.
 - (9) "Qualified improvement" means a permanent improvement affixed to real property and intended to: (a) Decrease energy consumption or demand through the use of efficiency technologies, products, or activities that reduce or support the reduction of energy consumption, allow for the reduction in demand, or support the Code Rev/RB:lel

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- 1 production of clean, renewable energy, including but not limited to a product, device, or interacting group of products or devices on the 2 3 customer's side of the meter that generates electricity, provides thermal energy, or regulates temperature; (b) decrease 4 consumption or demand and address safe drinking water through the use 5 6 of efficiency technologies, products, or activities that reduce or support the reduction of water consumption, allow for the reduction 7 in demand, or reduce or eliminate lead from water which may be used 8 for drinking or cooking; or (c) increase resilience, including but 9 not limited to seismic retrofits, flood mitigation, stormwater 10 11 management, wildfire and wind resistance, energy storage, 12 microgrids.
 - (10) "Qualified project" means a project approved by the department of commerce, involving the installation or modification of a qualified improvement, including new construction or the adaptive reuse of eligible property with a qualified improvement.

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- 17 (11) "Region" means a geographical area as determined by a county 18 pursuant to section 4 of this act.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. (1) The department of commerce shall establish a voluntary statewide C-PACER program that counties may choose to participate in.
- 22 (a) The department of commerce must administer the statewide 23 program available to counties efficiently and transparently, 24 including by:
 - (i) Making any services that the department may choose to offer to property owners, such as estimating energy savings, overseeing project development, or evaluating alternative equipment installations, priced separately and open to purchase by the property owner from qualified third-party providers;
- (ii) Making any properties participating in the statewide program available to receiving impartial terms from all interested and qualifying third-party capital providers;
- 33 (iii) Allowing financial underwriting and evaluation to be 34 performed by capital providers; and
- 35 (iv) Working in a collaborative working group process with 36 capital providers and other stakeholders to develop the program 37 guidebook and any other relevant documents or forms.
- 38 (2) The department of commerce may establish uniform statewide 39 criteria for which projects qualify due to their public benefit for Code Rev/RB:lel 3 H-5014.1/20

- 1 participation in C-PACER programs administered by counties, including, but not limited to, criteria for measuring or determining 2 if investments in energy will reduce greenhouse gas emissions; be 3 cost-effective for reducing energy demand or replacing nonrenewable 4 energy with renewable energy; will be appropriate to meet seismic 5 6 risks for each region of the state and type of structure; will reduce stormwater or pollution to be significant public benefit; or, will 7 reduce the risk of wildfire, flooding, or other natural or human-8 caused disaster, including how to determine if the public benefit in 9 reduced public risk and emergency response qualifies for inclusion in 10 11 C-PACER programs.
 - (3) The department of commerce must prepare a program guidebook that counties can adopt and amend as necessary. The guidebook must include at minimum:
 - (a) A sample form bilateral or triparty contract or contracts, as appropriate, between the department of commerce, the property owner, and the capital provider which details the obligation for repayment by the property owner in accordance with the terms of:
 - (i) A C-PACER lien under the program; and

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- (ii) The C-PACER financing provided by a capital provider;
- (b) A statement that the period of the financing agreement will not exceed the useful life of the qualified project, or weighted average life if more than one qualified improvement is included in the qualified project, that is the basis for the financing agreement;
- (c) A description of the application process and eligibility requirements for participation in the program;
- (d) A statement explaining the lender consent requirement provided in section 8 of this act;
- 29 (e) A statement explaining the review requirement provided by 30 section 4 of this act;
- 31 (f) A description of marketing and participant education services 32 to be provided for the program; and
- 33 (g) A statement specifying that the county has no liability as a result of the agreement.
- 35 (4) The adopted county guidebook may include or incorporate by 36 reference criteria or findings by the department of commerce pursuant 37 to this section for determining if projects have adequate public 38 benefit to participate in the C-PACER program administered by a 39 county.

1 (5) The department of commerce must make the program guidebook 2 available for public inspection on the department of commerce's web 3 site.

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- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. (1) The department of commerce must establish a C-PACER application and review process to review and evaluate project applications for C-PACER financing. The department of commerce may prescribe the form and manner of the application. As part of the application, each applicant must provide to the department of commerce a copy of the ordinance or resolution adopted by the county approving C-PACER financing for an area within the county. The department of commerce shall grant any application that satisfies the application criteria determined by the department of commerce. At a minimum, an applicant must demonstrate:
- (a) That the project provides a benefit to the public, in the form of energy or water resource conservation, reduced public health risk, or reduced public emergency response risk.
- (b) For an existing building: (i) Where energy or water usage improvements are proposed, certification by a licensed professional engineer, or other professional listed in the program guidebook, stating that the proposed qualified improvements will either result in more efficient use or conservation of energy or water, the reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, or the addition of renewable sources of energy or water, or (ii) where resilience improvements are proposed, certification by a licensed professional engineer stating that the qualified improvements will result in improved resilience.
- (c) For new construction, certification by a licensed professional engineer stating that the proposed qualified improvements will enable the project to exceed the energy efficiency or water efficiency or renewable energy or renewable water or resilience requirements of the current building code.
- (2) The department of commerce may charge an application fee to cover the costs of establishing and conducting the application review process.
- (3) Upon the denial of an application, the department of commerce must provide an opportunity for an adjudicative proceeding subject to the applicable provisions of chapter 34.05 RCW.
- 37 (4) After an approved project is completed, an applicant must 38 provide the department of commerce written verification from one or 39 more qualified independent third parties, as defined in the program Code Rev/RB:lel 5 H-5014.1/20

- guidebook, stating that the qualified project was properly completed and is operating as intended.
- 3 (5) The department of commerce must begin accepting applications 4 and approving projects under this section on and after July 1, 2021.
- 5 (6) The department of commerce may adopt rules to implement this 6 section.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. (1) To adopt a program under this chapter, the governing body of a county must take the following actions:
 - (a) Adopt a resolution or ordinance that includes:

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- (i) A statement that financing qualified projects is in the public interest for safety, health, and other common good reasons;
- 12 (ii) A description of the region in which the program is offered, 13 which:
- 14 (A) May include the entire county, which may include both 15 unincorporated and incorporated territory; and
 - (B) Must be located wholly within the county's jurisdiction; and
 - (iii) A statement of the time and place for a public hearing on the proposed program; and
- 19 (b) Hold a public hearing at which the public may comment on the 20 proposed program.
 - (2) A county may designate more than one region. If multiple regions are designated, the regions may be separate, overlapping, or coterminous.
 - (3) Counties may amend the program guidebook prepared by the department of commerce under section 3 of this act as necessary.
 - (4) The resolution or ordinance adopted by a county under this subsection may incorporate the program guidebook or any amended versions of the program guidebook, as appropriate, by reference.
 - (5) A county adopting a C-PACER program pursuant to this act may narrow the definition of "qualified improvements" to be consistent with the county's climate goals.
- 32 (6) Any combination of counties may agree to jointly implement a 33 program under this chapter. If two or more counties implement a 34 program jointly, a single public hearing held jointly by the 35 cooperating counties is sufficient to satisfy the requirements of 36 this chapter.

- NEW SECTION. Sec. 6. (1) A county must record each C-PACER lien in the real property records of the county in which the property is located.
- 4 (2) The recording under subsection (1) of this section must 5 contain:
 - (a) The legal description of the eligible property;
- 7 (b) The name of each property owner;

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- 8 (c) The date on which the lien was created;
- 9 (d) The principal amount of the lien; and
- 10 (e) The terms and length of the lien.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. (1) The C-PACER lien amount plus any interest, penalties, and charges accrued or accruing on the C-PACER lien:
- 14 (a) Takes precedence over all other liens or encumbrances except
 15 a lien for taxes imposed by the state, a local government, or a
 16 junior taxing district on real property, which liens for taxes shall
 17 have priority over such benefit C-PACER lien, provided existing
 18 mortgage holder(s), if any, has provided written consent described in
 19 section 8 of this act; and
 - (b) Is a first and prior lien, second only to a lien for taxes imposed by the state, a local government, or a junior taxing district against the real property on which the C-PACER lien is imposed, from the date on which the notice of the C-PACER lien is recorded until the C-PACER lien, interest, penalty, and charges accrued or accruing are paid.
 - (2) The C-PACER lien runs with the land, and that portion of the C-PACER lien that has not yet become due is not accelerated or eliminated by foreclosure of a property tax lien.
- 29 (3) Delinquent installments due on a C-PACER lien incur interest 30 and penalties as specified in the financing agreement.
- 31 (4) After the C-PACER lien is recorded as provided in this 32 section, the C-PACER lien may not be contested on the basis that the 33 improvement is not a qualified improvement or that the project is not 34 a qualified project.
 - (5) Collection and enforcement of delinquent C-PACER liens or C-PACER financing installment payments, including foreclosure, shall remain the responsibility of the capital provider.
- 38 (6) After the expiration of one year from the date of delinquency, the capital provider may foreclose and enforce the lien Code Rev/RB:lel 7 H-5014.1/20

- by a civil action in the court having jurisdiction in the manner prescribed for the judicial foreclosure of a mortgage. The court shall have the power to order the sale of the property. In any action brought to foreclose a lien, the owner shall be joined as a party. The interest in the real property of any person who, prior to the commencement of the action, has a recorded interest in the property, or any part thereof, shall not be foreclosed or affected unless they are joined as a party.
 - (7) The capital provider may sell or assign, for consideration, any and all liens received from the participating county. The capital provider or their assignee shall have and possess the same powers and rights at law or in equity to enforce the C-PACER lien in the same manner as described in subsection (6) of this section.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 8. (1) Before a capital provider may enter into a financing agreement to provide C-PACER financing of a qualified project to a record owner of any eligible property, the department of commerce must receive written consent from any holder of a lien, mortgage, or security interest in the real property that the property may participate in the program and that the C-PACER lien will take precedence over all other liens except for a lien for taxes as described in section 7 of this act.
 - (2) Before a capital provider may enter into a financing agreement to provide C-PACER financing of a qualified project to the record owner of any multifamily residential real property with five or more dwelling units, the department of commerce must also receive written consent from any and all holders of affordable housing covenants, restrictions, or regulatory agreements in the real property that the property may participate in the program and that the C-PACER lien will take precedence over all other liens except for a lien for taxes as described in section 7 of this act.
 - NEW SECTION. Sec. 9. The C-PACER financing through a program established under this chapter may include:
- 33 (1) The cost of materials and labor necessary for installation or 34 modification of a qualified improvement;
 - (2) Permit fees;
- 36 (3) Inspection fees;
- 37 (4) Lender's fees;

38 (5) Program application and administrative fees;

- 1 (6) Project development and engineering fees;
- 2 (7) Third-party review fees, including verification review fees;
 - (8) Capitalized interest;
- 4 (9) Interest reserves;

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- (10) Escrow for prepaid property taxes and insurance; or
- 6 (11) Any other fees or costs that may be incurred by the property 7 owner incident to the installation, modification, or improvement on a 8 specific or pro rata basis.
- 9 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** The proposed C-PACER financing for a qualified project may authorize the property owner to:
- 11 (1) Purchase directly the related equipment and materials for the 12 installation or modification of a qualified improvement; and
- 13 (2) Contract directly, including through lease, power purchase 14 agreement, or other service contract, for the installation or 15 modification of a qualified improvement.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A county that adopts a program and designates a program region under this chapter may not:
 - (1) Make the issuance of a permit, license, or other authorization from the county to a person who owns property in the region contingent on the person entering into a written contract to repay the financing of a qualified project under this chapter; or
- (2) Otherwise compel a person who owns property in the region to enter into a written contract to repay the financing of a qualified project under this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 12. The members of the governing body of a county, employees of a county, and board members, executives, and employees under this chapter are not personally liable as a result of exercising any rights or responsibilities granted under this chapter.
- 29 Sec. 13. A county may not enforce any privately NEW SECTION. financed debt under this chapter. Neither the state nor any county 30 may use public funds to fund or repay any loan between a capital 31 provider and property owner. No section under this chapter shall be 32 interpreted to pledge, offer, or encumber the full faith and credit 33 of a local government, nor shall any local government pledge, offer, 34 or encumber its full faith and credit for any lien amount through a 35 program. 36

- 1 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 14.** Sections 1 through 13 of this act
- 2 constitute a new chapter in Title 36 RCW."
- 3 Correct the title.
 - <u>EFFECT:</u> (1) Limits counties' roles to establishing a C-PACER program and recoding liens, and removes provisions relating to counties administering the C-PACER program.
 - (2) Removes language related to the assessment process.
 - (3) Adds "project application" to the definitions section.
 - (4) Updates various definitions.
 - (5) Clarifies roles regarding program administration, including:
 - (a) Requiring the department of commerce to review and approve applications.
 - (b) Specifying that the department of commerce must determine whether each proposed qualified project meets the public benefits requirement.
 - (c) Requiring the department of commerce to establish a program guidebook.
 - (d) Permitting the department of commerce to establish rules to implement the application and review requirement.
 - (e) Removing provisions permitting the department of commerce to contract with a third party to administer the C-PACER program.
 - (f) Requiring the department of commerce to begin accepting and approving applications by July 1, 2021.
 - (6) Requires counties to establish the C-PACER program whether or not there is appropriation specifically for that purpose.
 - (7) Permits counties to amend the program guidebook prepared by the department of commerce.
 - (8) Removes provisions stating that repayment would occur through the local property tax assessment billing process.
 - (9) Specifies that interest and penalties on delinquent installment payments are incurred as specified in the financing agreement, rather than in the same manner as delinquent property taxes.
 - (10) Clarifies that tax liens with senior priority over C-PACER liens include tax liens imposed by the state and junior taxing districts.
 - (11) Requires existing lien holders on the property to consent to the C-PACER lien having priority over existing liens.
 - (12) Adds elements to the lien recording requirements.
 - (13) Specifies that local governments may not encumber the full faith and credit of the local government.
 - (14) Adds a review process for denied applications in accordance with the administrative procedure act in chapter 34.05 RCW.

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